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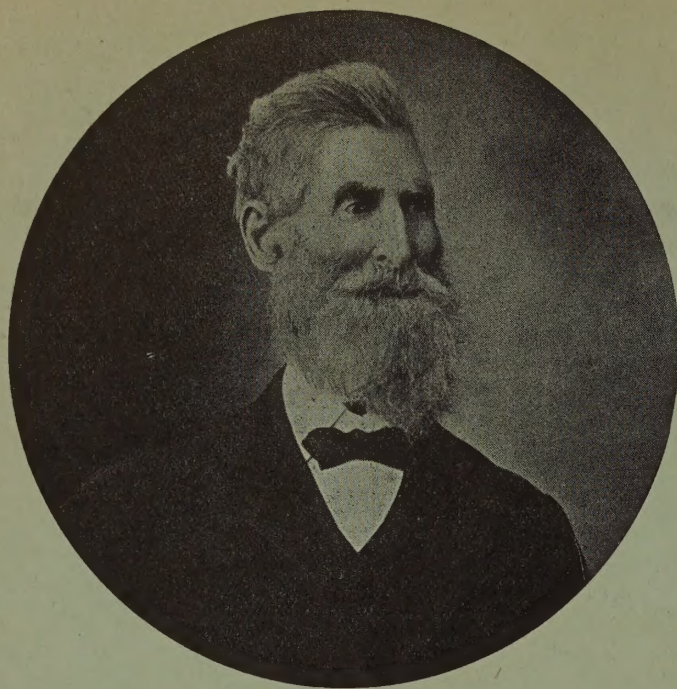
Seed Sommer & Co.
Bulb
& Plant
Catalogue

A. V. STUBEN RAUCH

139 & 141 Swanston Street,
MELBOURNE.

Telephone 729.

D. W. PATERSON & CO. PRINT. MELB.



MR. W. G. MIDDLEMISS.

Dromana, 3rd March, 1909.

MESSRS. LAW, SOMNER & CO.

Dear Sirs—I have been getting seeds from your firm for upwards of 35 years, and have always found the quality first class.

(Signed) WALTER GIBSON.

INTERESTING LETTERS—"A RECORD"

"Moona," Deniliquin, N.S.W.

MESSRS. LAW, SOMNER & CO.

Dear Sirs,—In June, 1855, I drove a horse and spring cart from Pericoota on the Murray, in N.S.W., to Melbourne, and bought 100 Fruit Trees from Law, Gordon & Co., the price was 5/- each. I have been dealing with the firm in all its changes ever since. I enclose an order for fruit trees to fill up losses.

(Signed) W. G. MIDDLEMISS.

Yours of the 25th to hand—if what I wrote is of any use, you are welcome to make use of it, but it was not the first deal. In 1853 Mr. Law had a small seed shop on the opposite side of Swanston Street to where you are now; I was at that time living a few miles out of Melbourne, and what seeds I required I got from him.

(Signed) W. G. MIDDLEMISS.

Mudgegonga P.O., via Myrtleford.
28th March, 1909.

I observe that you well uphold the reputation for excellence which you have justly gained. I have now dealt with you for over 30 years, both here, at Strathbogie, Echuca, and at Buninyong, also my father before me, and we never had any failures yet.

(Signed) WM. TAYLOR.

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KITCHEN GARDEN CALENDAR.

CALENDAR SHOWING PROPER TIME TO SOW FOR EVERY MONTH IN THE YEAR	...	Inside Back Cover.
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LOOK...

A New Handbook



AUSTRALIAN GARDENING

Containing the most Useful Information on

VEGETABLES, FLOWERS, PLANTS, TREES
and FRUIT TREES

PUBLISHED BY



LAW, SOMNER & CO.

139-141 SWANSTON STREET
MELBOURNE

Price 2/6; Posted 2/6

While we exercise greatest care to have all Seeds, Plants, and Bulbs pure and reliable, we do not give any warranty, express or implied. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these conditions, they must be returned at once, and the money that has been paid for same will be refunded.—L. S. & Co.

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All retail orders for Vegetable and Flower Seeds Catalogued by the oz. or pkt. are forwarded post free throughout the world—Peas, Beans, and Sweet Corn excepted.

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139 & 141 SWANSTON STREET,
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Postal Note ...

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KITCHEN GARDEN SEEDS, &c.

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Liberal Discount for Cash with Order.—We will allow 1/- worth of Seed in packets extra with every 5/- Cash Order, excepting Peas, Beans, and Sweet Corn.

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**ORDER FLOWER SEEDS BY NUMBER ONLY,
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All Flower Seeds in Packets Post Free. No Half-packets Supplied.

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SUNDRIES.

[illegible]

139-141 Swanston Street, Melbourne

NOVELTIES
IN

VEGETABLE SEEDS.

For 1909-10 selected from the Best English, Continental, American, and other growers of repute.

NOTE.—Descriptions herein given are those of the raisers, and we do not hold ourselves responsible for any inaccuracies in description or quality of the vegetables in any way.

THREE NEW BEANS. The Set Posted for 2/6.

New Giant Runner Bean "Count Zeppelin."

In this white seeded variety Giant Runner Bean, most of the pods are 13 inches long and more; besides they are very broad and thick flesh. When tried, 10 marketable pods of a plant, grown on the open field, had a weight of 1 lb. This novelty is very prolific, starting early with the production of pods, of which appear 2 and even 3 pairs on each stem, and cover the plant from top to bottom. Although of vigorous growth, this variety is short of foliage, so that the plants will, in spite of the heavy weight of their fruits, easily resist stormy weather. Its being almost stringless, its productiveness, tastefulness and exquisite usefulness for conserving are further prominent features of this most valuable introduction. Very recommendable. 1/- pkt.

Runner Bean, Princess (or Pearl) Prolific Cluster.



RUNNER BEAN, PRINCESS.

Resembling in height and habit the old stringless Sugar Pearl Bean, this new sort is distinguished from it by the strikingly narrow, tenderer green pods, extraordinary productiveness and the longer but thinner distinct seed. The almost straight pods are nearly six inches long, but not entirely stringless, a failing which is however amply made up for by its exceptional cropping qualities. From the ground right up to the top the plants are thickly hung with pods in bunches of 8 or 10 apiece. Such freedom of bearing is not approached by any other bean, and our new Prolific Cluster will certainly give satisfaction to all growers of Pearl Beans. Packets, 1/-

Bean — Dwarf Canadian Wonder. Improved White-seeded.

One may say without exaggeration that this mid-season Bean, a sport from Canadian Wonder, is the best of the Dwarf Flageolet class. The robust plants are covered with fleshy pods 6 to 7 inches long and $\frac{3}{4}$ inch broad. The seed is pure white, about the same size as the red variety, but thicker. Excellent sort for preserving. 6d. per packet. Read Testimonial below.

NEW GIANT RUNNER BEAN "COUNT ZEPPELIN."



Dear Sir,

Your White Canadian Wonder is a marvellous cropper, a continuous bearer. Growing on same land side by side with other French varieties, with exactly the same treatment it outclassed them all; off $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. seed sown I gathered $\frac{1}{2}$ -cwt. green beans twice a week as against $\frac{1}{2}$ -bushel sown of ordinary Canadian which only gave me the same weight. I strongly recommend this to all growers.

Alfred Road, Burwood.

26/10/08.

J. SMITH.

Beet—Brydon's Exhibition.

This is a valuable Beet for Exhibition purposes; also for private gardens. The flesh is very dark in colour. It comes to maturity very early. 1/- packet.

New Sprouting-Broccoli.

Sprouts develop very rapidly and early. The culture of *Sprouting Broccoli* ought to be tried more, as this vegetable does not require so much cultural attention as the Cauliflower, and is content with somewhat less rich soil. As its name already tells, the sprouts, i.e., the young, dark green flowerstalks, are eaten before the flowers open. A very savoury vegetable. 6d. packet.

New Swiss Chard, or "Spinach Beet," Lucullus.

See Illustration. The plants grow to a height of two to two and a half feet. The stalks are as thick and broad as those of Rhubarb, being one and a half inches broad, heavily ribbed and from ten to twelve inches long below the leaf. These stalks are *delicious* when cooked and served in the same manner as Asparagus. Lucullus is more crisply tender and of finer flavour than that of other varieties. The leafy portion of the foliage is cooked and served in the same manner as Spinach. The leaves and stalks served as separate vegetables afford two distinct dishes from the same plants. 9d. pkt.; 1/6 oz.



NEW SWISS CHARD OR "SPINACH BEET" LUCULLUS.

THREE NEW CUCUMBERS. Posted for 2/3.

"THE LEMON."

An almost round variety with yellow and green markings; very prolific; tender and of sweet flavour, resembling a lemon in appearance; fine white flesh; best of all dessert varieties; more digestible than ordinary sorts. 6d. packet.

"TRIUMPH."

New, splendid fruit of perfect form; bears abundantly throughout the season; splendid for slicing, and destined to become a great favourite both for private and market gardens. 1/- packet.

"EXCELSIOR LONG RIDGE."

We have found this Cucumber to be an excellent and wonderfully free-bearing variety. It is a considerable improvement on the popular Bismarck Cucumber, being of a permanent light green colour, white-spined, 10 to 14 inches in length, fairly early, and of astonishing productiveness. The uncommonly fleshy fruits contain little seed, and yield firm and juicy flesh of excellent flavour. Equally good for salads and for pickling; this sort can be confidently recommended both to amateurs and to market gardeners. 1/- per packet.



CUCUMBER—THE LEMON.

Danish "Roundhead" Cabbage.

Danish Roundhead has given such splendid satisfaction to growers for Winter market, the heads maturing about two weeks earlier. They are extremely hard and solid, with interior leaves blanched to the purest whiteness; sweet flavour, and crisp and tender texture. When heads were cut from the stalks to show the distinctly round form, the usual comment was—"hard as a bullet and heavy as lead." The new DANISH ROUNDHEAD has less outer foliage and is better able to resist blight than *Danish Ballhead*, being in most sections quite as vigorous in growth during the hot summer as the best American types. 1/- per packet.

New Early Cabbage, "The Leader."

The "Leader" is remarkable for its exceptionally quick growth. In our trials made in the Spring it came in for cutting 14 days before any other variety. The habit is semi-dwarf, scarcely any outer leaves, the heads stand well upon the stems, are large, crisp, tender, and of exceptionally nice flavour. We recommend it as the very best variety, whether an early crop of cabbage is required for market garden use, or for private establishments. Price, 1/- per packet.

Try the 2 New Peas,
The Pilot and
Scotsman,
See Page iv.

CUCUMBER—LONG RIDGE. CUCUMBER—TRIUMPH.

New Cauliflower—Burpee's "Dry-Weather."

It produces large, solid, pure white heads, excellent quality, sweet. It is especially adapted for growing in dry locations where other varieties fail. Make the soil quite rich and give thorough cultivation. It is superior to any other. By the use of this strain fine cauliflower can be grown in many dry districts where it has been impossible heretofore to raise this luscious vegetable. 1/6 per packet.

Chou de Burghley, or Cabbage Broccoli.

This forms medium-sized heads like a Cabbage, with a small Broccoli head in the centre. This makes an excellent vegetable, and is very sweet and tender. All lovers of vegetables should give this a place in their garden. 1/- per packet.

New Savoy, "The Premier."

Very Early. Large Heads. Good Keeper.

We have grown this new kind, and can greatly recommend it for its earliness. The plant is very dwarf, producing its heads very early, in about 40 days; they are rather light green and extremely solid. This sort is very much adapted for forcing, and especially recommended also for warmer climates, as the heads of the plant, contrary to many other varieties, stand very long and firm; besides they are of a very fine flavour. 1/- per packet.



BURPEE'S DANISH "ROUNDHEAD" CABBAGE.

The Set of 3 Packets New Lettuces,
2/6 posted.

LATE CABBAGE LETTUCE, COUNT ZEPPELIN.

As yet we possess no Cabbage Lettuce of large size which stands heat and drought at all well, but Count Zeppelin has given excellent results when tried in warm climates. In colour this lettuce is dark green with brown edge outside, and inside of a clear light yellow, and makes a large head. It can be cut about three weeks later than most varieties, standing well and keeping tender to the last. "I have also tried the Count Zeppelin as a Winter Lettuce, and only lost about a quarter of the plantation, so that I may describe it as a very valuable all round variety, both for market and for private use, and I anticipate a large demand for it." 1/- per packet.

NEW EARLY LETTUCE "THE KING."

A new and very recommendable variety, heads firm and solid, of a yellowish green colour; stands well, even the worst weather. Ten to fourteen days earlier than any other variety; unexcelled in flavour; splendid globular heads. 1/- per packet; 1/6 per oz.



LETTUCE—"THE KING."



LETTUCE—"MASTERPIECE."

THE PERFECTION OF ALL LETTUCES "MASTERPIECE."

Enormous Size.

Firm as a Stone.

Tender and Sweet.

We have the pleasure to bring forward to our customers this splendid new Lettuce, which is of an enormous size, firm as a stone; leaves and ribs very tender, and of the finest flavour; stands the heat well.

A special characteristic of this beautiful new sort is its leaf, the borders of which are fringed or serrated quite peculiarly, giving a grand appearance as a salad. 1/- per packet; 1/6 per oz.

GLOBE ONION. "INVINCIBLE."

Good keeper for Autumn and Winter use. Delights Everyone.

Phenomenal Yields.

Succeeds Everywhere.

This variety has become famous all over the world, not only for its enormous size, but for the beautifully formed and attractive Onions it produces, which frequently measure 12 to 15 inches in circumference and from three to four lbs. in weight; they are of a rich straw colour and exceedingly mild and delicate in flavour; a single Onion will make a dish for a small family, they are crisp and solid, and a good keeping variety; highly recommended. 3/- per oz.; 1/- per packet.

PARSLEY.—Lincoln Green.

The Perfection of Parsleys.

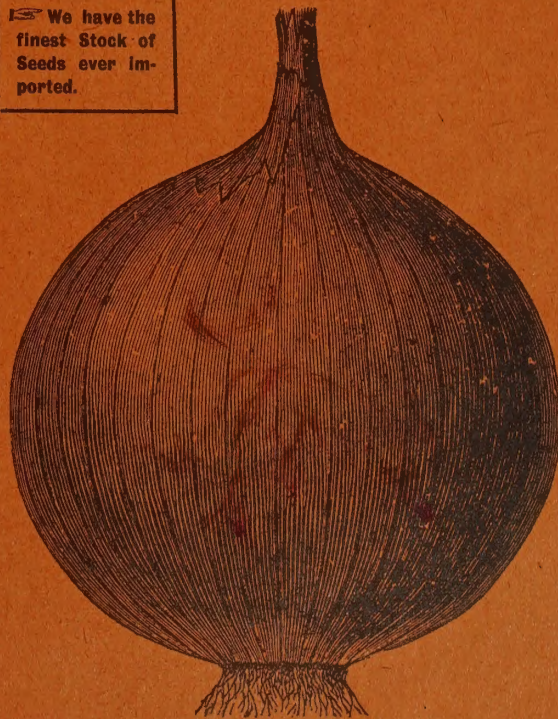
This strain of parsley is the finest that has ever come under our notice, and seed from a better selected lot of plants could not be offered, every plant seeded being fit for exhibition. 6d. per packet.

PUMPKIN. Winter Luxury.

This is an improvement of the old, well-liked Sugar Pumpkin, and is admitted by all who have grown it to be the very best pie Pumpkin on the market. Its size is uniformly about 9 to 10 inches in diameter. In colour a beautiful deep orange yellow, with a very close netting, almost as russeted as a potato. It is a good Winter keeper and unequalled as a cooking variety. 6d. per packet.

"I used your Rose Manure with great success. At our October Show I gained the prize for Champion Bloom and second for the best Six and Three Roses. I applied it once a week, but only for three or four times, and was surprised at the results. The Champion Bloom was a beautiful specimen of Belle Siebrecht."—A. B. McIVER, "Inverness," Shepparton. 27/2/09.

We have the
finest Stock of
Seeds ever im-
ported.



GLOBE ONION—"INVINCIBLE."



THE SCOTSMAN.

**Heavy Cropper.
Large Pods.**

PEA—THE PILOT. **Earliest and Hardest.**

The earliest and hardest round Pea in cultivation; heavy cropper. A round seeded Pea of the Gradus type, embodying the hardness of a round variety with the flavour and size of pod of Gradus. A grand Pea, the greatest advance in round varieties since the advent of Telegraph. Market growers cannot fail to quickly see the advantages of the Pilot as a Pea for their early work. Height, 3 to 3½ ft. 1/- pkt.; posted, 1/3.

NEW PEA—THE SCOTSMAN.

This grand new Pea is without doubt one of the finest in cultivation, with strong haulms, dark green foliage, long, crooked, dark green pods, produced in pairs, with ten to twelve Peas in a pod, of immense size and excellent flavour, heavy cropper, well suited for exhibition purposes. Height, 3½ feet.

NEW LONG STRING RADISH. **From Japan.**

This is a new sort of Japanese Radish which has never been imported before, and the peculiarity of this variety is to grow down over 3 feet long, in good deep soil, with thickness of 2 to 3 inches circumference, and most suitable variety for pickling purposes: one Radish is sufficient for a whole family. 6d. pkt.

NEW RHUBARB—STONE'S RUBY. **Roots only.**

A new variety raised by Mr. Stone, of Brighton. It is almost everbearing, being able to pull it all the year round, its main crop being May and June when fruit is scarce. It grows to a height of 2 ft. 6 in., and stalks very thick, many of the stalks weighing 2 lbs. each, and of a beautiful ruby colour; the flavour also being excellent. Price, roots 2/6 each, or 24/- dozen.

RHUBARB CYCLOPS. **Stems weigh 4 lbs.**

With good culture this fine Rhubarb produces gigantic stalks, weighing up to 4 lbs. apiece, which are yet delicate and of fine flavour. The flowering stems must be broken off as soon as they appear. 1/- pkt.

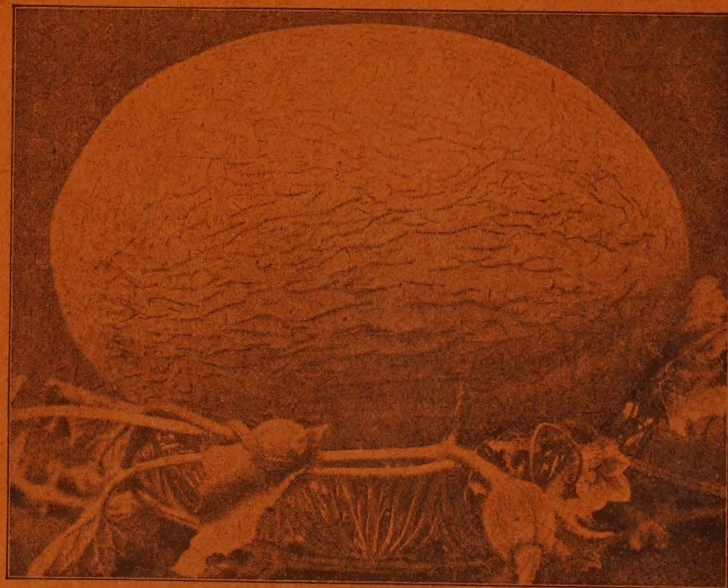
NEW ROCK MELONS.—White Climbing Melon.

The smooth oval shaped fruits on the thin skin are white in and outside, and have a fine melting and sugary pulp of a good aromatic flavour. This *White Climbing Melon* has an extraordinary strong growth, so that it is preferable to let it climb on faggots or to trail it on trellis-work. A single plant produces then about 12 fruits, each of which has a length of 1 foot and reaches a weight of 4 lbs. This new variety is not to be confounded with the *Malta Winter-Melon*, as its fruits ripen early in summer, viz., soon after the plant has become strong. 1/- per packet.

THE SET OF THREE NEW MELONS, Posted, 2/6.

DELICACY.

We have much pleasure in introducing this high-class New Rock Melon to the notice of our customers. It is of a free setting nature, round and smooth, the rind of a light yellow colour, with green spots or stripes. The flesh is snow white, very thick, juicy, and of the finest flavour, containing but few seeds. Described by the raiser as the finest Rock Melon ever offered. 1/- pkt.



WHITE CLIMBING MELON.

New Neapolitan Winter Rock Melon.

This is a splendid keeping variety, with pure white flesh; very sweet and juicy, and is largely used by our continental friends, who speak highly of it. 1/- packet.

GARDEN SWEDE—New Yellow, New White.

These two new varieties are specially recommended for growing for garden purposes, being very compact in top, with small, clean, neat, well-shaped roots, thick skins, and sweet, tender flesh. Much superior to the agricultural varieties generally used, and quite as hardy. Each 6d. packet; 1/- oz.



ROCK MELON—DELICACY.



THE WONDERBERRY.



STRAWBERRY—LARGE-FRUITED PERPETUAL SAINT-JOSEPH.



New Perennial Spinach. "CUT AND COME AGAIN."

Easiest possible culture. The plants may be propagated by dividing the root, planting them out 15 inches apart in a bed trenched to a depth of a foot and a half and well manured; or the seed may be sown in a small bed from September to November, and in the following Spring the seedlings should be planted out in showery weather as above. Next season the young shoots are cut for use as they spring up, and the bed will continue productive for many successive years. Seed, 1/- packet.

(V.)

The Wonderberry,

A luscious Berry, ripening in three months from seed. Luther Burbank's Greatest Creation.

Fruit blue-black like an enormous rich blue-berry in looks and taste. Unsurpassed for eating raw, cooked, canned, or preserved in any form. The greatest garden fruit ever introduced, and equally valuable in hot, dry, cold or wet climates. Easiest plant in the world to grow, succeeding everywhere, and yielding great masses of rich fruit all the year. The greatest boon to the family garden ever introduced. Everybody can and will grow it when known. 1/- packet.

Two Splendid Turnips. Somner's Early White Queen.

This is the earliest variety known. It is, without exception, the best sort for either table use or the market: it is of a beautiful shape, being perfectly round, of pure white colour, medium size, solid, sweet and crisp, and of remarkably quick growth. The top is small and neat, roots are very handsome, with fine tap root. 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.

Somners' Nugget, Early, Sweet, Crisp Grand Keeper.

A variety of the easiest culture, and sure to become a favourite with all; will do well to sow either broadcast or in drills, and will form good-sized bulbs in a favourable season in about seven or eight weeks from sowing. It is of a perfectly flat form, with a small tap-root, and a bright purple top. The leaves are short and narrow, growing erect from the bulb. If is a fine table variety. 6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.

Strawberry.

LARGE FRUITED, PERPETUAL (ST. JOSEPH).

This magnificent perpetual variety is a very heavy cropper, of very fine flavour, sweet and juicy. The fruit grows to a good size, dark red, very solid and firm, flesh red inside. Obtained a First-class Certificate in Paris. Seed, 1/- per packet.

New Vegetable Marrow, "PHENOMENAL."

Excellent Flavour. 1/- per packet. Wonderful Cropper. Easy Grower.

This truly wonderful novelty should be grown by all who have a garden. It may be trained as shown in illustration, or on a fence or trellis work, climbing to a height of 10 to 15 feet. The Marrows are from 4 to 5 feet long, and, when young, furnish quite an excellent dish. Cut in pieces about 3 inches long, take out the seeds, and fill up with meat chopped fine, boil, and serve up with tomato sauce. The flavour is excellent; no peeling is required, as the skin is very tender. It can be cooked various ways, stewed in tomato sauce, or fried in butter. The color is green, changing to yellow when fully ripe.



VEGETABLE MARROW—PHENOMENAL.

SOMNER'S Australian Large Red TOMATO.

Enormous Cropper. Sure Bearer. Fine Flavour.
£1200 Cash from 5½ acres netted last season.

This famous tomato is now extensively grown by Market Gardeners. One grower on the Campaspe River, Echuca, received last season £1,200 cash from 5½ acres grown exclusively with this. Other Market Gardeners, who have grown it, speak in great praise of this variety as an enormous bearer; a very bright red, almost smooth and very large fruiting; fleshy and of fine flavour. We strongly recommend it to Market Gardeners and others as the most prolific variety known, being the acme of perfection. 1/- per packet.

One grower writes as follows:—

"I have grown your Australian Large Red Tomato and I can confidently say that without doubt it is the best all-round Tomato in cultivation, both as a cropper, and its fruit quality. I may say that several market gardeners who have seen it consider it has no equal, and have decided to give you orders for many thousands of plants for the coming season."



SOMNER'S AUSTRALIAN LARGE RED. (From a Photograph.)

TOMATO—Carters' Sunrise.

First Class Certificate, R.H.S., recommended by the Committee alike for outdoor or indoor cultivation. In earliness, cropping properties, healthy growth, delicate and solid flesh, evenness of size, rich colour and flavour, it is unequalled. 1/6 per packet.

TOMATO—Early Dawn. 1/- packet.

Early Dawn is the earliest Tomato we know. In our trials this year, its heavy clusters of beautifully formed, medium-sized fruit ripened several days before those of Early Ruby; very prolific, fruit hanging in broad, handsome bunches 8 or 9 inches across. The fruit is of a good medium size; the clusters of ten or twelve tomatoes are all just about the same size. We can confidently recommend Early Dawn as the earliest Tomato for market work, for either indoor or outdoor culture, and as possessing all the good points which a tomato should have.

TOMATO—MAGNUM BONUM. Great Prize Winner.

Magnum Bonum was raised in France; its thin-skinned slightly ribbed fruits are of a brilliant scarlet colour and attain a thickness of about 2½ inches, with a diameter of 4 to 4½ inches, while the flesh is juicy and of fine flavour. None of the early varieties can compare for productiveness with this excellent variety, which is especially suitable for market garden work; it is also much sought after for preserving and has earned for its raiser many first prizes at local exhibitions. Each plant will yield up to 10 lbs. and more of saleable fruits, which weigh on the average about half a pound a piece. 1/- per packet.



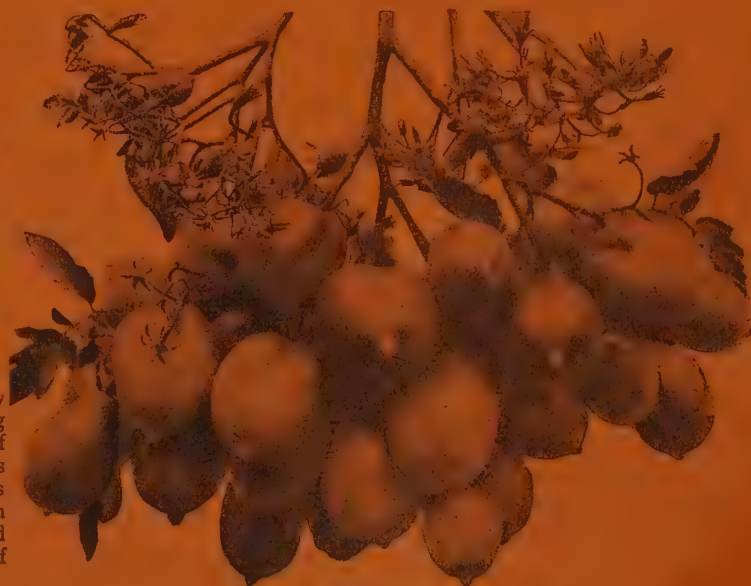
TOMATO—
EARLY
DAWN.

TOMATO—PRINCE BORGHESE.

1 cwt. picked from 1 plant.

Has a perseverance in the production of fruits known only with the very few other varieties of Tomatoes. The large scarlet, egg-plum like fruits ending in a peculiar point, are joined in big clusters, each reaching often the weight of several pounds. These fruit-grapes hang storelike on the high growing plants and it is not rare that the crop of one plant amounts to one cwt. These fruits are very firm and pulpy and therefore exceedingly valuable for the preparation of salads and sauces, as well as for preserves. The skin, being rather thick and leathery, protects them also well on long travels, assuring a safe arrival, and if hung up properly, they may be kept for months as fresh Tomatoes. 1/- pkt.

LOOK!
The Set of 5
packets of these
excellent
Tomatoes
posted 5/-



TOMATO—PRINCE BORGHESE.

FLORAL NOVELTIES FOR 1909.

Selected from the best English, Continental, American, and other growers of repute.

NOTE.—Descriptions herein given are those of the raiser, and we do not hold ourselves responsible for any inaccuracies in description or quality of the flowers in any way.

SIX SPECIAL NEW ASTERS. The Set, posted for 4/6



ASTER—ECLIPSE.

ECLIPSE. The flowers of this most beautiful and distinct Aster are of immense size, measuring six to seven inches across, pure white with fine thread-like florets, quite double without the objectionable yellow centre commonly seen in many varieties of Asters. The plants are of strong, robust habit, flowers borne on very stout stalks, and stands remarkably well when cut. As a market flower it will be a great acquisition. 1/- per packet.

HOHENZOLLERN MIXED. Excellent and robust, new class of enormous flowers of very fine shape, quite unsurpassed in any other varieties. Remarkable for both cutting and exhibition qualities. Quite an acquisition to our many varieties of Asters. 9d. packet.

HERCULES, WHITE. Enormous flowers. Of imposing aspect, the plant throws up a very strong stem, 15 to 20 inches high, which begins to branch about four inches from the ground, and bears at its summit the main central flower, while on the side shoots appear four to six secondary blooms. The latter, borne on remarkably strong stalks, are all of the purest white, of the genuine Hohenzollern form, with very long petals, and attain the enormous diameter of 6 or, with good culture, 7 inches. Splendid flowers for cutting; make fine groups in the open. 1/- packet.



ASTER—TRIUMPH OF PARIS.

SADA YAKKO. Par excellence. Imposing habit, Free blooms. Superb flowers.

This is undoubtedly the finest of all kinds. The extremely double flowers are white with a rosy hue, forming such a lovely colour that they can be used even for the most delicate bouquets. The petals are bent back towards the centre of the bloom; borne on strong and stiff stems which do not bend, and are highly valuable for cutting, all the more as they keep fresh a long time. Never has any Aster met with such a general and hearty approbation as this variety, which was introduced last year. 1/- packet.

EARLY WONDER. This is the earliest Aster in cultivation, with pure white flowers, nice shape, and stands well. It is after the style of "Giant Comet." Since this Aster was introduced last year, the raiser has received letters from all parts, praising its fine qualities—especially its earliness, and our own trials confirm same. 6d. packet.



ASTER—SADA YAKKO.

Aster Giant Comet—Triumph of Paris. 1st Class Certificate.

Of pyramidal habit, this new Aster grows from 2 to 2½ feet high, produces large flowers, 4½ to 6 inches across, with long pure white outer petals, in the centre of which the quilled disc florets form a bright golden yellow wreath. A first class certificate of the French Horticultural Society was awarded to this novelty on August 29th, 1907. It is certainly very handsome and of striking appearance, and we do not doubt that this new Aster will please a great many amateurs as well as florists as a cut flower. 9d. packet.

Antirrhinum Majus Nanum, Dwarf Snapdragon, Daphne.

Of late years some remarkably fine colours have been introduced in the semi-dwarf Antirrhinums, and among these this new variety will certainly take high rank. Its flowers are deep carmine rose, the lower lip is suffused with white, and the throat pure white. This delicate colouring produces a most fascinating effect, and in combination with the bright dark green foliage renders the plant an excellent one for groups and cutting. 1/- packet.



BELLIS PERENNIS FL. PL.—THE BRIDEGROOM.

Aquilegia. Extra Choice Long Spurred Hybrids.

We offer seed saved by ourselves from blooms selected for their exquisite shade of colour and great length of spur. The clumps of this strain growing in our grounds are a beautiful sight during early Summer, as many visitors to our establishment will agree. 6d. per packet.

Two New Daisies.

The BRIDE, Pure White, 1/- packet.

The BRIDEGROOM, Deep Rose, 1/- packet.

The Bride has found her Bridegroom! *Bellis perennis* "The Bridegroom" distinguished itself by the exceedingly large and very double flowers, borne on long, straight stalks, is equalled only by "The Bride," which has quite the same good qualities. Also with regard to precocity and profusion of the flowers, the two varieties coincide perfectly, so that they are equally apt and valuable for pot-culture, as well as for borders. They are only different in the colour from one another, whilst the flowers of the "Bride" are pure white, those of the "Bridegroom" parade in a beautiful deep rose; but also these shades harmonize very well. In short, the two may be considered as a decidedly well-matched couple. **The Two, posted for 1/9.**



THE LATEST CHABAUD-CARNATION.

Chabaud Carnations. Bloom in 5 months from seed.

A Collection of Seven distinct colours, posted 7/6.

Equal in beauty to the Perpetual Carnations and Picotees, the Chabauds surpass them in their readiness of making an early show of flowers. Five months after the seed has germinated they provide us with cut flowers. For Winter use they may be sown in April, grown to sturdy plants in the open air, potted up and treated like the "Perpetuals."

"**Marie Chabaud,**" Canary yellow. 1/- pkt.

"**MacKinley,**" bright scarlet. 1/- pkt.

"**Maria Immaculata,**" pure white. 1/- pkt.

"**Franklin,**" purple violet. 1/- pkt.

"**Black Prince,**" French purple. 1/- pkt.

"**Spitfire,**" Carmine-lilac. 1/6 pkt.

"**Giant Chabaud Pink Chamois Rose.**" 1/- pkt.

Begonia Rex Rubens.

These new ornamental-leaved Begonias are characterised by splendid warm tints of red and dark rose; while in many plants the leaves show these two colours exclusively. In these cases the effect of the beautiful red tints is heightened by contrast with the typical silvery white or green of the remaining surface. Conform in all other respects to the old Rex Begonias, undoubtedly among our best plants for apartments, which have lately been used for bedding in sunny positions; grows quickly. 2/- per lb



BEGONIA REX RUBENS.

The Set of Three New Cosmos, posted, 2/6.

NEW COMOS "LADY LENNOX." Giant Orchid Flowering Cosmea.

This gigantic Cosmos is the forerunner of an entirely new race. It is of extraordinary size and beauty—all who have seen it have been quite struck with its size and magnificent colour. Flowers are from six to seven inches in diameter, of a delightful shell pink; lasting well in water after cutting; height of plant, six to seven feet. 1/- per packet.

NEW COSMOS.—Pinnatifida "Mammoth Red Star."

A novelty of extraordinary beauty, both on account of the shape and colour of the flowers. The plant is of a very graceful habit, and the flowers have absolutely the shape of a star, with long narrow petals. The effect of the plant is really splendid. 1/- per packet.

NEW COSMOS PRÆCOX.—Finest Mixed. Earliest of all Cosmos. Blooming in four weeks from sowing.

This is a grand new class of Cosmos, coming into bloom very early; about four weeks after sowing, and continuing all through the Autumn. The flowers are borne on long stems, and are well adapted for cutting and vases. 9d. pkt.

NEW DWARF JAPANESE MORNING GLORY "PIGMY."

This new race of Morning Glories is exceedingly beautiful, splendidly marked and shaded. They are specially adapted for bedding, pot culture, window boxes, etc.; make an excellent show, and have pleased everyone who has seen them. 1/- per packet.

IPOMŒA RUBRO-COERULEA (Heavenly Blue).

Is doubtless one of the finest Morning Glories. The delicate sky-blue of the opened flower is scarcely to be found with any other plant, thus it has been called a Heavenly Blue. The buds show, besides white, a distinct red colour, so that this climber seems to bear blue and red flowers at the same time, a singularity that brought it the name *rubro-coerulea*. 6d. packet.

139-141 Swanston Street, Melbourne

THREE NEW DAHLIAS.

The Set, posted
for 2/6.

GIANT SEMI-DOUBLE.

Seedlings flowering the first year. Remarkable.
Gorgeous in colour. Enormous in size.

This really remarkable strain of large-flowered Dahlias has arrested the attention of all lovers of flowers this summer. Semi-double and single flowers are of enormous size, gorgeous in colour, and seedlings readily flower the first year. Not only do they form magnificent late-blooming groups, but the huge flowers, skilfully arranged in large vases, make a striking effect for table decoration. 1/- packet.

DAHLIA CORONATA.

The sweet-scented Dahlia.

New Dahlia, originally from Mexico, whose flowers exhale a honey-like smell. The plant grows robust, to a height of 5 feet, and produces a lot of long-stalked, brilliant red flowers, resembling in form those of the Single Dahlias. They flower in about four months from sowing. 1/- pkt.

A CHARMING NOVELTY.

DAHLIA, Double Giant Pæony Flowered, Mixed.

The flowers of this grand and distinct novelty are of enormous size, much resembling in appearance the bloom of a Double Tree Pæony. Too much praise cannot be given to this exceedingly beautiful class. 1/- pkt.



DAHLIA—GIANT PÆONY FLOWERED.

CALLIOPSIS RADIATA, "TIGER STAR."

Dark brown and golden.

The leaflets of each flower are twisted like those of the well-known Cactus Dahlia. Towards the centre they show a vivid reddish brown coloration, the outer part being golden yellow tigred. The plants reach the height of about 8 inches and form round compact bushes which, throughout the summer, are covered with flowers. Easy culture, early and continuous flowering. 1/- packet.



CALLIOPSIS RADIATA, "TIGER STAR."

CLEOME GIGANTEA.

Giant Scarlet Spider Plant of South America.

A first-class annual indigenous to South America, and the finest of the family. The plant grows 3 feet high, absolutely upright, and branches most elegantly. Its giant flowers with large sepals are of a gorgeous crimson colour, the leaves being large dark green. Its really imposing habit and magnificent flowers form the greatest attraction in every garden. The plant is of the easiest culture; sown in Autumn or Spring it will be in full bloom for four months. 1/3 packet.

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CLEOME GIGANTEA.

Cineraria Radiata Hybrida.

A Charming Novelty. New Star Flower. Distinct New Class.

This Cineraria is quite a charming novelty producing cactus or star-shaped flowers, which lends to the plant a pretty and elegant appearance. The display of new and fashionable shades and colours in this new variety is most remarkable. It is of most easy culture, and is sure to become a great favourite with gardeners and amateurs. 1/6 per packet.

Cineraria Hybrida Grandiflora "Matador."

BRILLIANT SCARLET.

"Matador" brings quite a new coloration surpassing by far all shades hitherto known with Cinerarias. Its brilliant scarlet enriches the display of colours of large-flowering Cinerarias by a shade so valuable. A most recommendable novelty in every way. 1/6 pkt.



DIMORPHOTHECA AURANTIACA.

Dimorphotheca Aurantica

NEW GOLDEN AFRICAN DAISY.

A rare and extremely showy annual from Namaqualand, South Africa, which will soon become a great favourite in all countries on account of its beautifully coloured flowers. The plants, of a very neat branching habit, grow about 12 to 15 inches high, and are exceedingly profuse in flowering. Its Marguerite-like blossoms, 2½ to 2¾ inches in diameter, show a unique glossy rich orange-gold, which brilliant colouring is rendered the more conspicuous by the dark coloured disc surrounded by a black zone. This splendid annual is well adapted for groups and borders, it produces its pretty flowers very early after being planted out in the open ground in sunny situations, and will continue to flower during the summer months. A bed in full bloom is a magni-

ficent sight on bright days. Award of merit Temple Show, London, May, 1908. 1/3 packet.

Celosia Cristata Nana Magnifica.

A magnificent new sort with croton-like leaves, producing a most splendid effect. This plant of vigorous growth will hardly exceed 10 inches in height. The Comb is fine and solid, allowing the leaves to show well their beautiful colour. The plant reproduces itself perfectly true from seed. 1/- packet.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA.

NEW CRIMSON-FLOWERING.

This strain has been produced from one plant by most rigid selection from season to season, until now the flowers are of a very clear rosy crimson, very constant, freely produced, being a wholly new production greatly admired by all who have seen it. The plants grow

about one foot high, and a foot or more across. 1/- packet.

Two New CALIFORNIAN POPPIES.

THE SET, Posted, 1/6.

Eschscholtzia Erecta Compacta "Dainty Queen."

It is almost impossible to adequately describe its soft and delicate shades of colour. The colour is a tender blush or pale coral pink, slightly deeper towards the edges, with a ground work of a delicate cream, is quite the same shade inside the flower as outside, so that the effect in colour is just the same when the flower is open as when closed, which is quite unusual in all other Eschscholtzias. 9d. per packet.



DIANTHUS SNOWDRIFT.

Dianthus Snowdrift.

Large Flowers.

Splendid for Cutting.

Extremely free and long lasting bloom render them the ornament of almost every garden, and they yield excellent material for bouquets, vases and room decoration; robust and freely branching; grow about a foot high; large flowers, three to four inches across, very double, purest white 1/- per pkt.



ESCHSCHOLTZIA—NEW CRIMSON-FLOWERING.

GERBERA JAMESONI. The Scarlet Daisy of South Africa.

1/6 per packet.

The Novelty of the year is the lovely Gerbera Jamesoni, which we are again this season offering to our patrons. This brilliant scarlet Daisy from South Africa is of easy culture, flowering continuously throughout the Summer when planted in the garden in an open sunny border. In fact it is rarely ever out of bloom, and if placed in a sunny position in the greenhouse during the Winter, where Carnations or Geraniums flower freely, it will continue to bloom all the year round. The plant forms a dense tuft of leaves, from the crown of which it sends up in constant succession stout stems 12 to 18 inches long, which are terminated with single daisy-like flowers fully three inches, and varying in colour from bright orange red to deep vermillion—a rich, glowing, and also entirely new colour in this shape of flower, it really being a scarlet Marguerite. PLANTS, 3/- to 3/6 each; packing and carriage or postage extra. Orders now booked for delivery in Spring.

LINARIA MAROCCANA, "Yellow Prince."

A fine new selection of a bright yellow colour very showy and distinct. A good addition to this popular class of Annuals. 1/- per packet.

GODETIA DWARF COMPACT.

"CRIMSON GLOW."

It forms a compact little bush about nine inches in height, completely smothered with flowers of the most dazzling intense crimson. A bed of this variety produces a vivid effect the intensity of which it is impossible to describe. 6d. per packet.

GLADIOLI—PRAECOX. The Wonderful Gladioli.

Flowers First Year of Sowing.

The seedlings of this new strain will bloom the first season, when seed is sown early. We sowed the Praecox-Gladioli seeds by the beginning of March, in a warm frame or pit. The young seedlings came up about the beginning of April, and on the 12th July three seedlings opened their flowers. From this time new seedlings commenced to bloom day by day, giving a continuance of blooms until very late in the season. 9d. per packet.

NEW GLADIOLI—"PRINCEPS." The New Amaryllis-Flowered Gladiolus.



GERBERA JAMESONI.

Award of Merit, R. H. S., London, 1901.

Diploma, American Institute, N.Y., 1901.

Gold Medal, St. Louis Exposition, 1904.

Diploma, National Society of Horticulture, France, 1908.

This "King of all Gladiolus" has become popular beyond every other variety, both in this country and throughout Europe. It has made a class for itself, and no collection is complete without it.

The individual flowers are 5½ in. to 6 in. in diameter. The colour is a brilliant scarlet-crimson, with three broad white blotches on the lower petals. The spikes produce twelve to fifteen flowers, and grow four feet high. Plant April to September.

**BULBS.—Price 2/6 each.
Ready in April.**

Raised by Dr. Van Fleet, and sold to an American Firm for 1000 dollars.

REMARKS BY THE WORLD'S BEST GROWERS:—

"PRINCEPS surpasses any Gladiolus with which we are at present acquainted."—PH. DE VILMORIN.

"The most magnificent of any Gladiolus I have ever seen."—LUTHER BURBANK.

For destroying Weeds on your Garden Paths and all kinds of Scrub, use **The Globe Weed and Scrub Killer**, sure destroyer. In tins, 2/6 and 3/6. See Page 104.



LEONTOPODIUM SIBIRICUM (FLOWER).

Diadem Pink-Count Kerchove.

The petals are **dark blood red**, each marked with **velvety black spot**. Produces large blooms in great profusion, and for a long period, will please all who try it, as in my opinion the plants will furnish exquisite flowers for cutting purposes. About three-quarters of the seedlings will produce flowers answering to the above description. 1/- packet.



DIADEM PINK—COUNT KERCHOVE.

Three New Perennial Peas.

LATHYRUS SPLENDENS. Scarlet Everlasting Pea, PRIDE OF CALIFORNIA.

One of the most magnificent climbers. Splendid hardy perennial Pea, fine foliage, and a profusion of large shaped flowers of a **deep rich velvety crimson**, in clusters of ten or more. The buds are a charming rose pink, and the contrast of buds and blossoms is most pleasing. No description can do justice to this lovely climber, described as **the handsomest climber in all California**. 1/- packet.

LATHYRUS PUBESCENS. The Blue Argentina Everlasting Pea.

A magnificent shrub perennial pea, forming a dense bush six feet high, and covered with long spikes of the most **lovely pale blue flowers**, giving a splendid mas of colour throughout the greater part of the year. When cut, keeps fresh and bright for a long time. In great demand last season. Seed scarce, 9d. packet; plants, 1/- each.

LATHYRUS. (Everlasting Peas). Grand New Hybrids.

The Set of Three Everlasting Peas, Posted, 2/6.

Containing some remarkable colours of these charming climbers. 1/- packet.

Leontopodium Sibiricum. Siberian Edelweiss.

The demand for Edelweiss to be grown in the garden has increased very much so that above new introduction will meet with approval everywhere. It distinguishes itself by an easy culture, its very large white blooms and its capability of reproduction in the low country, in comparison with the Edelweiss of the Alps. The engraving of the flower illustrates the proportion of size between the two flowers. 1/- packet.

LOBELIA HAMBURGIA.

Splendid for Hanging Baskets.

Very fine new Lobelia for hanging baskets, bearing flowers of sky blue with a white eye. The plant grows rapidly and throws out shoots 12 to 15 inches long, which hang gracefully over the receptacle in which it is placed. 9d. packet.



LOBELIA HAMBURGIA.

LOOK!

NEW HANDBOOK

Australian Gardening

PUBLISHED BY

LAW, SOMNER & CO.

USEFUL INFORMATION

ON

VEGETABLES

FLOWERS

PLANTS & TREES

and

FRUIT TREES.

352 Pages.

2/-; posted, 2/6.

CHARMING MYOSOTIS.

ALPESTRIS STRICTA GRANDIFLORA.

Tall Royal Blue.
Tall Rose.

Tall White.
Tall Pink.

Tom Thumb Sky Blue.

Each, 1/- packet, or the 5 packets for 4/-

Large-flowered, pillar shaped Forget-me-nots.

This charming class of Forget-me-not, which has become so very popular in such a short time owing to its prominent features as well as the peculiar habit of the plant, has been welcomed by all lovers of Myosotis. Well adapted for outdoor decoration, as well as for pot culture.

MYOSOTIS—Sylph. Star of Love.

A new, pretty, and very dwarf Forget-me-not. Dark green leaves, with silvery white flowers; distinct, splendid for pot culture or borders. (See illustration). 1/- packet.



MYOSOTIS ALPESTRIS—TOM THUMB.

The whole
Collection
of
9 packets
Forget-me-
nots, as
shown,
posted
for 7/6.



MYOSOTIS—SYLPH.

MYOSOTIS—RUTH FISCHER.

It is of particularly neat and compact habit, and the very lovely flowers shoot up strongly over the glossy dark green foliage. Displayed in large corymbs, they measure about half-an-inch across and are therefore larger than those of any Myosotis hitherto known. The colour is a pure Forget-me-not blue. *Ruth Fischer* can be easily forced, and not only sells well as a pot plant but is also excellent for cutting and for planting in hanging baskets. Owing to its extreme hardiness it will also become indispensable for spring bedding in the open ground. This splendid Forget-me-not created quite a sensation last year wherever exhibited, and took first prizes at the shows at Mannheim, Dresden, Ghent and Berlin. 1/6 pkt.

Myosotis Nobile or Chatham Island Lily.

New Zealand
Forget-me-not

This beautiful Forget-me-not, locally known in New Zealand as the Chatham Island Lily, is the most robust and beautiful of all the species; throws its flower stems 18 to 20 inches above the foliage. The heads of blooms are cymose in shape, and of a deep blue colour edged with white. 1/- packet.



MYOSOTIS—RUTH FISCHER.



MYOSOTIS DISSITIFLORA ELFRIEDE.

MYOSOTIS ELFRIEDE.

It is of compact habit, with large deep blue flowers, which are borne on long, strong stems. The latter quality will make this new Forget-me-not especially valuable for cutting purposes, so much the more so, as the flowers are large and look out of green foliage like the eyes of happy children. It is easy to understand that *Myosotis dissitiflora Elfriede* is excellently fit for forcing, as well as for cultivation in Winter, owing to the good example which their parents give it. It is still earlier flowering than *M. dissitiflora*. A most prominent novelty. 1/- packet.



PETUNIA PEPITA.

PETUNIA HYBRIDA

Superbissima venosa "GERMAN EMPRESS."

The assortment of Petunias is certainly a very rich one. Wonderful bluish shades are dissolved by this introduction "German Empress." Of the most striking effect is the magnificent purplish veining, which seems to spring forth out of the large, wide-open throat, and spreading over half or even over the whole flowers right up to the margin, and contrasts very smartly with the light-lilac hue. Though the flowers grow to an enormous size, the slight undulation of their margin renders them very loose and attractive, representing the Superbissima class in a very distinguished form. 2/- packet.

PETUNIA PEPITA

(hybr. grandifl. fimbriata.)

A particularly beautiful combination of colours is presented by this variety. A rich deep carmine, nearly scarlet, with the addition of a white border of varying width, contrasting most strikingly with the brilliant grand colour. Sometimes the red predominates and sometimes the white, so that a number of plants present the effect of a delightful mixture. Petals more finely fringed than any other Petunia, which lends an indescribable charm, enables the Petunia Pepita to rank with the best varieties. An excellent pot and market plant. 2/- packet.

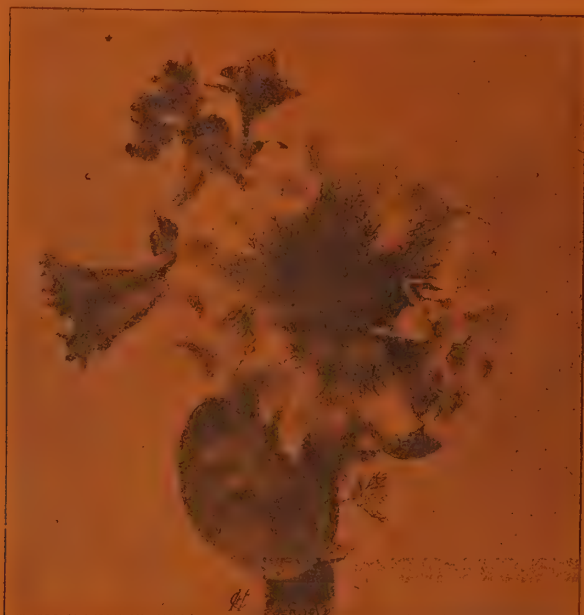
PETUNIA HYBRIDA "NORMA."

Blue with white star.

The availability of the small-flowering Petunias has increased from year to year. Everywhere, in small gardens, on large beds and groups, but especially in window boxes and on balconies, this class has justly been given the preference as the interest of the public for new combinations of colours increases with every new introduction. This novelty is of medium sized compact habit, and produces its lovely **velvety blue and white starred flowers** in great abundance throughout the Summer. 1/6 packet.



PETUNIA HYBRIDA—NORMA.



PETUNIA—GERMAN EMPRESS.

The Set of
5 Grand Petunias,
8/-, posted.

PETUNIA, CANARYBIRD. (Petunia hybrida grandiflora fimariata aurea).

The plants grow to a height of 15 inches and are of compact habit. The flowers medium in size, finely cut or fringed, bright light yellow colour, deepening off to the throat, remarkably beautiful. 2/- packet.

PETUNIA, Hybrida Snowball.

A new very dwarf variety that comes quite true from seed. Its beautiful satin white flowers are well shaped, and cover the whole plant with masses of blooms. Admirably adapted for bedding and pot culture. It stands heat and drought well. 1/- packet.

NASTURTIIUM, Queen of Tom Thumb. Rosy Scarlet.

A very bright and effective colour in our new variegated leaved class, a distinctly different shade to any existing in other Nasturtiums. A most lovely rosy scarlet showing up well above the beautiful variegated foliage. 1/- packet.

NASTURTIIUM. Tall Queen New Variegated leaved. We have much pleasure in now being able to offer

a really good mixture of this charming section of tall variegated leaved Nasturtiums. The mixture comprises seven or eight shades, all bright and very effective. The beautiful bright colours mixed with the variegated leaves have a grand effect when grown on arches or trellis work. 9d. pkt.

NASTURTIIUM. Queen of Tom Thumb, mixed. Variegated foliage. New Dwarf Nasturtium. We have much pleasure in now offering this parent to yellow and buff. Very showy, and will be found a great addition to the dwarf Nasturtium family. Very free and effective, forming a great contrast to the beautiful variegated leaves; exceedingly pretty when grown as a border plant, or in pots and window boxes. 9d. packet.

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The Set of Three Nasturtiums, posted, 2/-.



POPPY—DAINTY LADY.

New Giant Pansy "Eros."

This grand novelty produces very large flowers of a deep velvety brown colour, with a broad golden yellow margin; back of each bloom has same broad margin as front side, while the dark velvety centre is shining through, so that a bed of this lovely Pansy has a lovely appearance. This peculiarity renders Pansy Eros most valuable for groups and beddings. 1/- per packet.

Rehmannia Angulata Hybrida

Half-hardy perennial, with large flowers of a rose purple colour, which resemble those of the *Incarvillea*, and whose yellowish throat is stippled with nice red spots. It is a decorative plant in the true sense of the word, and can be used as well for borders as for pot-culture. Flowers are abundantly produced during the whole Summer; keep fresh some time; the *Rehmannia angulata* is also valuable for cutting-purposes. 2/- per packet. See illustration, page xvi

Two New Star Phlox. Posted 1/6.

The flowers of the dwarf radiata Phloxes, which we introduced recently, differ from all other classes of this valuable annual by their shape, this being a regular five or six pointed star, which imparts an uncommonly charming aspect to the plant. The latter is also quite distinct in habit forming a sturdy miniature bush, even dwarfer and more floriferous than any of the nana compacta sorts.

Phlox Drummondii Nana Compacta Radiata—New carmine, charming star-shaped. 1/- per packet.

Alba, New White—A very pretty white resembling a pure white star. 9d. per packet.

New Calla Devoniensis (RICHARDIA).

Pure White. Valuable for Cutting. Splendid Pot Plant.

Can be easily grown from seed in a comparatively short time. From sowings made in early Spring and Autumn, it is possible to obtain the following year well blooming plants. After the roots have become stronger, the plants show a willingness of flowering. The entire pure white colour of its flowers, as well as its beautiful compact growth, are further qualities which render Calla Devoniensis equally valuable for cutting purposes, as well as for valuable pot plants for decoration. 1/- per packet.

Sweet William—White Gem.

This splendid variety is colonial raised, and is without doubt one of the choicest and best for cut flowers, lasting a long time; also splendid for borders and beds, giving a grand display of pure white flowers, a group of which equals beds of Perennial Phlox. 1/- per packet.

MECONOPSIS INTEGRIFOLIA.

New Giant Yellow-flowered Poppy from Thibet.
First Class Certificate Royal Horticultural Society.

A large yellow-flowered Poppy from Thibet. The plant forms a rosette of hairy oblanceolate leaves, from the centre of which a stout stem arises which bears from six to ten large pure yellow flowers 6 to 9 inches in diameter. These are much more durable than the usual Poppy flowers, individual blooms remaining on the plant from ten days to a fortnight. 3/- per packet.

GRAND NEW POPPY—THE HAMILTON.

Gorgeous Immense Flowers. Magnificent Show.
Offered in Mixed Colours, 2/- packet; and White, separately, 2/6 packet.

These magnificent, glorious, exquisite Poppies once seen can never be forgotten. Their size is remarkable, immense single and double flowers, being like large saucers; lavender to richest purple, salmon, pink and white; growing 5 or 6 feet high, very long stems, are suitable for large decorations. Petals finely fringed, others plain; stake to protect against wind; great feeders, require good soil and plenty of water to bring to perfection; make a magnificent show; should be gathered early, dipped into hot water, or the ends of the stalks burnt to stop the sap, will then last a long time.

Poppy Dainty Lady.

A most charming shade of rosy mauve, not represented among Poppies. The effect is further heightened by the shining dark metallic blotch which occupies the base to the middle of each petal. The Dainty Lady Poppy grows two feet, clothed with broad lacinated glaucous foliage, bears flowers from 4 to 5 inches across; is of the easiest possible culture, excellent for bedding and cutting. 1/- per packet.



CALLA DEVONIENSIS,

SWEET WILLIAM—"SCARLET BEAUTY."

An immensely rich deep scarlet selection out of Pink Beauty, almost identical in colour to the Euphorbia splendens. A really grand advance. 1/- packet.

TAGETES PATULA NANA—"GOLD RING."

The colour is a dark velvety-brown, gracefully surrounded by a distinct Gold Ring. The compact, bushy plant flowers abundantly and more lasting than any other annual. The seed here offered is fully reliable and will produce none but genuine plants, true to name. 1/- pkt.



We will post this entire Collection of 60 packets valued £2/15/9 for 45/-.

New Sweet Peas 1909.

Descriptions given are those of the raisers.

AGNES ECKFORD.—This is a grand advance in pink, being a most lovely shade, soft and bright, the flower is of perfect form and giant size, usually borne three on a stem. 6d. packet.

A. J. COOK.—A clear violet mauve, the same size and shape as the noted "Gladys Unwin." It produces three and four blooms on good stout stems, and is a decided acquisition in this shade. 6d. packet.

APPLE BLOSSOM SPENCER.—Standard rosy pink, wings bluish rose, may well be described as a very large flowered Apple Blossom of Spencer form. 1/3 packet.

ASTA OHN (SPENCER).—This selection is lavender, suffused or tinted with mauve. It will undoubtedly take its place as the best lavender in the Spencer selections. It is so superior to any other lavender we have seen. It is large and wavy, and has large wavy wings also. It comes uniformly four blossoms to the stem. 1/3 packet.

AUDREY CRIER (re-selected).—Silver Medal and First Class Certificate N.S.P.S. Award of Merit R.H.S., 1906. A lovely shade of salmon pink, very large, standard and wings perfectly formed, and most beautifully waved, with a majority of four flowers to a spike. 1/3 packet.

BEACON.—The finest bicolor Sweet Pea yet introduced. A splendid variety of great substance and size, carrying three and four flowers on extra long stout stems. The colour is most charming, being bright carmine flushed with mauve on a cream ground. Wings clear primrose. 9d. packet.

BEAUTY.—Another grand new Spencer. The colour is a light bluish pink. I consider this the finest bluish Sweet Pea in cultivation. Exhibited on the Gold Medal Stand, N.S.P.S. Absolutely fixed. 1/- packet.

BLACKBIRD.—A most beautiful variety. It is the nearest approach to a black Sweet Pea, usually bearing three, or four flowers to a stem. Sure to find many admirers. Absolutely fixed. 1/- packet.

BOBBY K.—Soft apple blossom bluish, flowers large and waved. Highly recommended. 9d. per packet.

BRILLIANT BLUE.—Fine rich bright blue. One of the best. 9d. packet.

CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES (SPENCER).—The name we have adopted fully describes this variety! It is even larger than Countess Spencer, and of fully as perfect form; standard, purple; wings, bright blue. A bright striking variety, and decidedly new in Spencers. 1/3 packet.

CHRISIE UNWIN.—Bright cerise, Spencer type, fine bold waved flower; highly recommended. 1/3 packet.

CLARA CURTIS.—This grand new Spencer is acknowledged by all the leading exhibitors to be a great advance in the so-called yellow section. The colour is the nearest approach to a yellow, the standard and wings being well waved. It was one of the leading varieties on my Gold Medal Stand of new wavy varieties, N.S.P.S., 1907. 1/- packet.

CHRISTMAS or WINTER SWEET PEA (New Early Flowering).—Splendid for winter decoration. Owing to their earliness, enables us to bring them into bloom in any winter month, and which produces not only flowers of good size and shape, but also long stems as required for cut purposes. Grown in the open air, these varieties will, of course, flower much earlier than any other early variety known till now. Pure white; large flowering. Bicolor, red and white. Mixed, a mixture of beautiful colours. Each, 1/- packet, or the set of three posted for 2/6.

CONSTANCE OLIVER.—Cream suffused delicate pink, flowers large and waved, most beautiful variety. 1/3 packet.

CORAL GEM.—An American novelty for 1908. We have tested it. A lovely coral pink colour. 6d. packet.

DOMINO.—Charming, rich cream ground, spotted—not striped—with deep carmine. Very striking. 6d. packet.

EARL CROMER.—A very delightful, well expanded flower, crimson lake in colour, the back of the standard being overlaid with a pleasing red chocolate, the inside of the standard and wings being shaded with soft lilac. Quite unique. 6d. packet.

ENCHANTRESS.—A charming variety of the Countess Spencer type, three to four flowers being borne on the long stout stems; the standard and wings, which are beautifully frilled, are of a lovely shade of bright rose pink, slightly paler towards the base. 9d. packet.

ETTA DYKE.—A pure white Spencer, waved. A beautiful variety. 1/- packet.

EVELYN HEMUS (Raiser's original packets).—A beautiful deep cream or buff, distinctly edged rose, a very lovely variety, most effective and a great acquisition. 1/3 packet.

ERIC HINTON.—A magnificent pink, of Countess Spencer form, and remarkable for its free flowering, being in bloom the whole season until cut down by frost. 1/- packet.

FLORA NORTON SPENCER.—This is a bright blue with a little tint of purple, perhaps a little more than the original Flora Norton. It is much larger, however, and has the wavy standard and wings of the true Spencers. The standard is rather heavier and more sturdy than usual in Spencer, and it stands out bolder. It is a grand flower, and fitting companion to the others in this set of novelties. 1/3 packet.

GEORGE HERBERT.—No pen can describe the rich grand appearance, large size, and wavy form of this beautiful new Spencer. The flowers are generally borne four on a stem, of the largest size, both standards and wings beautifully fluted, they are of a bright, rosy carmine, and particularly fine when seen by artificial light. 9d. packet.

GIPSY QUEEN.—Of the many striped and flaked Spencers recently introduced, none we consider have the charming and pleasing effect of this new variety. The flowers are large, beautifully waved, and of true Spencer type. The ground work of the flower is a beautiful bright golden buff, delicately and uniformly flaked with delicate rosy carmine. 1/3 packet.

HANNAH DALE.—Large flowered brilliant maroon, very fine, bold and upright. 1/- packet.

HELEN PIERCE.—Finest mottled blue. Very striking and attractive. A very pretty and distinct variety. Flowers, a bright blue, mottled or marbled on white ground, after the style of a Gloxinia in colouring and markings, very striking and unique. 6d. packet.

HENRY ECKFORD.—A very distinct and handsome flower, the colour is quite unique, an intense bright shining orange self; the blooms are of large size with erect standards. Very effective in artificial light. First Class Certificate and Medal from the National Sweet Pea Society, and Award of Merit by the Royal Horticultural Society, 1905. 6d. packet.

HESTER.—White, marbled blue, large, waved; a very distinct and beautiful variety. 9d. packet.

HORACE WRIGHT.—This is a colour that stands quite alone, being an entirely new deep violet blue self, but of such substance and brightness that for garden effect it is exceedingly telling, and for show purposes is essential. 6d. packet.

KING EDWARD SPENCER.—The standard is a deep rich carmine scarlet of glossy effect. The wings are also carmine scarlet, and on the reverse side are also a deep rose carmine. 1/3 packet.

LORD NELSON.—A fine rich blue; very large flowers and a great bearer. 9d. packet.

MARBLED BLUE.—Blue on white ground; a fine variety; should be included in all collections. 6d. packet.

MENIE CHRISTIE.—A very distinct colour in Spencer form; standard, purplish carmine; wings, rosy magenta. Very effective. 9d. packet.

MISS BOSTOCK.—A deep cream flushed with pink. Charming. 6d. packet.

MISS E. F. DRAYSON.—Rich scarlet, self-wavy standard, Unwin type. One of the best. 1/3 packet.

MISS MILLIE MASLIN.—Dark red crimson self distinct standards, slightly hooded. Very pretty. 1/- packet.

MRS. A. IRELAND.—A large and exceedingly attractive flower. The standard measures usually just over two inches by one and a half inches in depth; it is of the best form, circular, smooth edged and nicely waved. The standard is very bright rose-pink with a clear creamy base; wings, large and well expanded, beautiful bluish in colour, overlaid with rose. It is one of the most pleasing ever sent out, and will take a first place. First Class Certificate, National Sweet Pea Society, 1908. First Class Certificate, Franco-British Exhibition, 1908. Seed scarce. 1/6 packet.

MRS. BIEBERSTEDT.—A beautiful deep lavender self, three or four flowers on a stem; large open form. 1/- packet.

MRS. CHARLES FOSTER.—Beautiful large lavender, wavy standard. Very effective. 9d. packet.

MRS. COLLIER.—This is a greatly improved Queen Victoria, of beautiful light primrose colour, and a flower of great substance. It may be termed a duplicate in primrose of the famous White Dorothy Eckford, robust habit, and the flowers are borne on long strong stems. 9d. packet.

MRS. HARDCASTLE SYKES.—Spencer type, delicate shade of bluish pink, very beautiful, and should be grown by all. 1/- packet.

MRS. HENRY BELL.—One of the finest Spencer varieties ever shown, this variety is a warm buff, suffused and shaded delicate pink, and was awarded a First Class Certificate at the N.S.P.S. trials at Reading this year. The blooms are very large and beautifully waved. A very free bloomer. 1/3 packet.

MRS. ROUTZAHN SPENCER.—Buff or apricot ground flushed and suffused with delicate pink, or a very soft rose, deepening towards the standard and wings, giving somewhat of a picotee edged effect. The flowers are of the largest size, thoroughly crimped and waved, of the true Spencer type. 1/3 packet.

MRS. WM. KING.—This grand variety is stated to be perfectly fixed, and a great improvement on the John Ingman generally distributed last year, having true wavy edge, orange in standard and wings more decided, also large flowers, mostly four on a stout stem. 9d. packet.

PARADISE.—It was greatly admired last year, and was pronounced the very finest, and most pleasing, light pink Sweet Pea. It is a self colour, both the standards and wings being richly and evenly suffused with the most delicate soft pink. It is a decided acquisition to the Spencer type. 6d. packet.

PARADISE IVORY.—Cream tinged buff. A very beautiful variety. 6d. packet.

PHENOMENAL.—White shaded and edged lilac, wavy standard. Charming. 9d. packet.

"PRIMROSE SPENCER."—The colour is a pronounced primrose or creamy-yellow throughout both standard and wings. Both standard and wings are thoroughly crinkled or "waved." The Primrose Spencer surpasses all others of this colour in size of flower, length of stem and vigor of growth. A decided acquisition to the Spencer type and the first of its colour to be introduced. 1/- packet.

PRINCESS VICTORIA.—Delicate bluish, with slightly deeper colourings in standards, particularly towards the edge, Spencer form, a very dainty and charming variety. A light form of Countess Spencer. Several awards. 9d. packet.

PURITY.—This extra large pure white of the waved Spencer form was another source of attraction on my Gold Medal Stand, N.S.P.S., and I have every confidence in recommending it; a flower of great refinement. 9d. packet.

REGINA.—This is a giant black Michael, a much stronger grower and larger flowers—grand for exhibition—strongly recommended. Guaranteed fixed. 1/3 packet.

ST. GEORGE.—Bright fiery scarlet standards, wings slightly deeper, the large flowers possessing the wavy form of the new well-known Spencer type. First Class Certificate, N.S.P.S. and Silver Medal. Award of Merit, R.H.S. Recognised as the finest novelty of Sweet Peas for 1908. 1/3 packet.

SUTTON'S QUEEN (Mrs. Rothera).—Buff ground, suffused pink, deepening in colour towards the edge, Spencer form, very effective and warm colouring. 1/- packet.

SHASTA WHITE.—Vigorous in growth and long season of bloom, the flowers coming in threes and frequently fours on long stiff stems. Upon first opening the flowers have a creamy tint which changes to an ivory-white, and both standard and wings are fluted or waved on the edges. 9d. packet.

QUEEN OF SPAIN.—This is a delicate soft pink, and has received great praise and commendation at every exhibition where it has been shown. Its colour may be described as a soft pink of ivory clearness, exceedingly dainty, a flower which everyone instinctively admires. 6d. packet.

QUEEN VICTORIA SPENCER.—The flowers are extremely large, of the true waved Spencer type, and have a most pleasing colour effect. The background is quite a deep primrose flushed with rose. The flowers are all of good substance, borne three and four on a stem. 1/3 packet.

"WHITE SPENCER."—This grand new variety produces in the greatest profusion flowers of enormous size that are absolutely pure white. The standard is decidedly waved, crinkled and fluted; the wavy wings are folded so as to almost hide the keel. The flowers are borne three and four to the stem. The stems are extra strong and measure from twelve to fifteen inches in length. 1/- packet.

FIVE SPLENDID STOCKS

The Set posted
for 3/6.

"Prince Bismarck" Stock. Pure White.

(Large-flowering Pyramidal Ten Week.)

This novelty is of robust pyramidal habit, has long vigorous flower stems covered with large blooms of pure white, and reaches the height of 2½ feet and more. The engraving shows a plant grown in a closely set bed; planted wider or as single plant it develops to magnificent bushes with quite gigantic flower trusses. 1/- per packet.

Early Large-flowering
Winter

Crimson King.

Is a brilliant fiery crimson, a strong and very effective shade. It produces a high percentage of doubles. Crimson King may be grown with equal success as a Summer or Winter Stock. 9d. per packet.

Early Large-flowering
Winter

Almond Blossom.

Central stem and numerous side shoots bear long trusses of large and very fragrant flowers, white shaded carmine, calling to mind an almond blossom, a most delicate and pleasing hue. This variety produces a high percentage of doubles, and comes very rapidly into bloom; may also be grown as a Summer or a Winter Stock. The blooming period is unusually long. 9d. per packet.

New Early-flowering
Winter

"Monte Carlo."

It is a delicate canary yellow, strong foliage, great willingness to flower. Owing to its vigorous and quick growth, it can not only be treated as an early flowering ten-weeks' Stock, but also as a continuous flowering early Winter variety. The long stalked flowers, when cut, last a long time fresh; of inestimable value for cut flowers. 1/- per packet.

EARLY LARGE-FLOWERING
NICE WINTER

"QUEEN ALEXANDRA."

Early Flowering variety of the Nice family, which may be treated as Ten-week Stock as well as Winter flowering, producing long spikes of very large blooms of rosy lilac, strongly scented. A very pleasing shade. 6d. per packet.

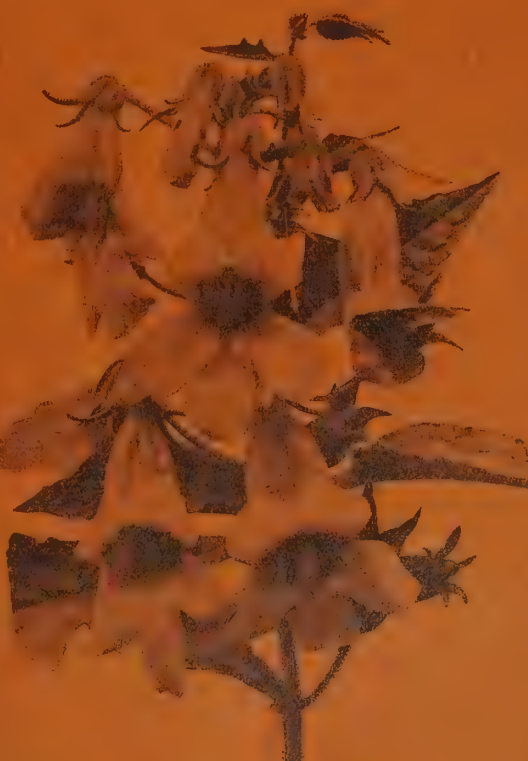
We give Extra
Value where Cash
is remitted with
Order.



"PRINCE BISMARCK" STOCK. PURE WHITE.



STOCK—"MONTE CARLO."



REHMANNIA HYBRIDA. (See Page xv.)



SCABIOUS—THE BRIDE.

NEW WHITE SALVIA. From Turkestan. White and Pink Edged.

An exceedingly new and decorative plant, producing in midsummer long and graceful panicles of white flowers intermixed with bracts of the same colour, edged light pink. It was awarded a Certificate of Merit by the National Horticultural Society of France on 12th July last. 1/- packet.

The Set of Two posted, 1/9.

Salvia Splendens Aucubaefolia Violacea.

Spotted leaves, very striking, flowers purple violet.

The green leaves of this plant are covered with golden-yellow spots, while the numerous flower spikes are of a beautiful purple-violet colour, contrasting in a very striking manner with the leaves. This novelty shows compact growth, and will surely find a good reception. 1/- pkt.

Schizanthus hybridus grandiflorus. (Miniature Orchids.)

New dwarf large-flowered Schizanthus-Hybrids.
Mixture of pink and red shades.

The most beautiful and rich display of the loveliest orchid-like colours and shades of our well-known Schizanthus-Hybrids met with unanimous approval everywhere. I am glad to be able to offer now a **Special Mixture of Pink and Red Shades** which I can warmly recommend. 1/- pkt.

TWO SPLENDID VERBENAS.

Verbena hybrida compacta.

The Set of Two Varieties, 1/3, posted.

This new class of Verbenas highly recommended and appreciated for bedding and edging purposes, giving a very pleasing effect, dazzling to the eye. These are very compact, and can be grown together with other bedding plants. They require no pegging down as do others; splendid for window boxes, pots, etc.

DEFIANCE—True; brightest scarlet; immensely rich. 9d. packet.

CROWN PRINCE—Blood red, with white eye; extra fine. 9d. packet.



SCABIOSA CAUCASICA.



SCHIZANTHUS HYBRIDUS GRANDIFLORUS.



SALVIA SPLENDENS VIOLACEA.



RICINUS BORBONIENSIS NANUS.

Ricinus borboniensis nanus.

(Dwarf Castor Oil Plant.)

This new sort with giant leaves grows quite dwarf and produces very large, long and typical seeds.

The leaves are bronze-coloured with a green hue; the stem is brown-red.

Ricinus borb. nanus produces a striking effect by its enormous leaves on a proportionally small and dwarf plant, 1/- packet.

New Sunflower, "Starlight."

In this new variety of Annual Single Sunflower we have a fine advance. The flowers are large, of very graceful appearance, and with petals beautifully twisted like a fine form of Cactus Dahlia.

The colour of the flowers is a beautiful Canary Yellow, and borne on long stems, cannot be excelled for cutting purposes.

The form of the flowers is most graceful, and lends itself admirably to decorative work, and they also have the great merit of lasting a long time in water. 1/- per packet.

Sauromatum Guttatum.

(Monarch of the East.)

Produces out of the dry Bulb, without water or soil, a beautiful coloured flower spathe 16 inches long.

Bulbs, 1/6 each. A GREAT NOVELTY. Posted, 2/-

The only treatment required is simply to place the bulb on a table or shelf in a warm room or greenhouse, very soon the bulb begins to show a head, and within a few weeks (sometimes 15 or 20 days), according to season and temperature, a curiously formed flower 16 or 18 inches long develops. The flowers are spotted dark red on yellowish orangered ground.

After flowering, this bulb should be planted in the open ground in a moist and sheltered place where it then throws up elegant, dark green, wide expanded foliage, which forms a fine subject in the garden. Stock limited.

(xix.)

Grand . . .

New Red Perennial Sunflower

Echinacea Helianthus.

A GREAT NOVELTY.

This plant attains the height of 6 feet, and is covered with beautiful red flowers, ranging in size up to 10 inches across, which are excellent for cutting. It produces its flowers on very long stems from 1½ to 2 feet in length. The seeds, if sown early under glass, will flower the first year, but its great beauty is not shown fully until the second year. One of the best novelties yet introduced.

This Hybrid differs from *Echinacea*, as it has a flat disc from which huge ray florets spring horizontally, while *Echinaceas* have more or less cone-shaped disc and drooping ray florets. Twenty to thirty blooms are produced on each plant during the second and third year, lasting for two weeks; about 60 to 70 per cent. come true from seed. 1/6 per packet.



SUNFLOWER—"STARLIGHT."

New Single Wallflower. "LINNAEUS."

Creamy yellow ; passing into pure white ; dwarf habit ; splendid for cutting.

Of uniform and upright habit, the plants of this new Wallflower grow about 16 inches high, and the strikingly graceful small dark green foliage is crowned by a profusion of large flowers opening **creamy yellow and passing into a pure white.** Like all single Wallflowers, this variety will be of great value for spring bedding, and it also yields excellent material for cutting. 1/- packet.

Winter-blooming Wallflower.

(*Cheiranthus Kewensis*).

Introduced from England, and ranks as one of the most important of recent novelties. Borne on numerous slender stalks, the black brown buds open into flowers of a delicate sulphur shade, which passes gradually to orange yellow or purple violet. Its very long blooming nature, and also the fact that it flowers five or six months after sowing, adds considerably to the value of this novelty. 1/- packet.

The above two packets posted, 1/9.

Butterfly Runner Bean.

(*Phaseolus multiflorus Papilio*).

Among the climbing plants which deck our arbours and trellises the varieties of the Scarlet Runner Bean occupy a leading place, and rightly so, as they serve a double purpose, yielding a useful dish for the kitchen and brightening the garden by their gaily hued flowers until far into the autumn. This new variety is equal to the old sorts as regards productiveness and quality of fruit, but is quite distinct and far surpasses them in the beauty of its flowers ; what chiefly distinguishes the latter is the large size of the prettily waved snowy white wings and the salmon rose of the standard, these two colours making a most agreeable and striking contrast. The vine is also extremely floriferous, its leaves of a somewhat lighter green than other runners. 9d. packet.



NEW SINGLE WALLFLOWER—LINNAEUS.



WALLFLOWER—WINTER BLOOMING.

Three New Zinnias.

The Set, posted, 2/9.

ZINNIA MEXICANA. (GIPSY GIRL.)

A new colour in this very interesting section of Zinnias ; the plants are dwarf in habit, of compact growth, and wonderfully floriferous. The flowers are bright yellow in colour, broadly blotched brownish red, showing off strikingly on the dark green foliage. Comes quite true from seed and sure to prove a valuable plant for borders and beds. 1/- packet.

ZINNIA ELEGANS HYBRIDA.

This is a striking novelty of great beauty, although the plant is only a single Zinnia. It is a cross between *Z. elegans* and *Z. Haageana hybrida*, and resembles the former as to its habit, its leaves and the size of the flowers, while the colours of the flower are those of *Z. Haageana hybrida*, only in a much greater variety. The flowers of this new kind are always of two colours of the greatest variety, partly resembling the *Gaillardia*, showing three different colours. Both as single plant or in groups, this fine new sort is of the same attractive effect. The plant produces very few seeds. 1/- packet.

ZINNIA HAAGEANA STELLATA.

This resembles a Miniature Cactus Dahlia, so truly does it render the character of the Cactus-form with its pointed petals, twisted downwards. The plants form a low, compact bush with strong green foliage, from which the numerous orange flowers detach advantageously. The *Zinnia Haageana stellata* has an extraordinary great decorative value for dry and sunny positions in parks, planted in groups, or also in borders, the more so as it flowers from the month of January up to May without interruption. This novelty will certainly be welcome everywhere. 1/- packet.



ZINNIA HAAGEANA STELLATA.



139-141 Swanston Street, Melbourne



THREE GRAND NEW SEEDLING CARNATIONS.

8/- the Set



NEW PERPETUAL
CARNATION "HIGHFIELD
GIANT"



NEW SEEDLING
CARNATION
from Lawson

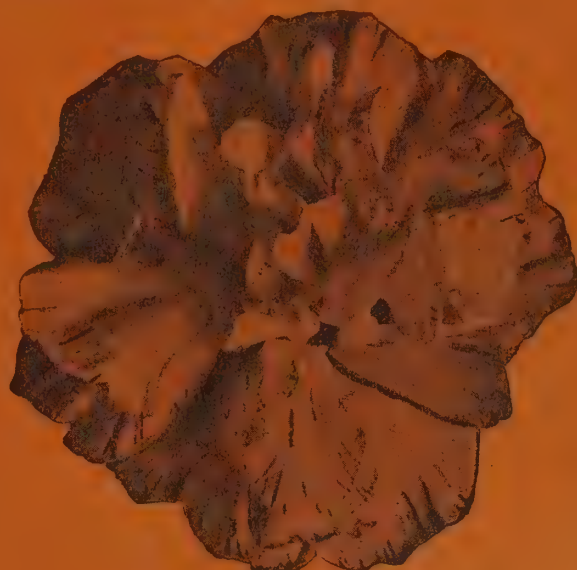
"WILLOUGHBY"

HIGHFIELD GIANT—Blooms enormous size measuring 5 in. across under ordinary culture; clear yellow ground, heavily marked with a clear cerise pink, forming a fine combination. This Carnation has petals of great substance, with smooth edges. Thoroughly perpetual, and a fine, strong grower. 3/6 each.

Descriptions given
are those
of the Raiser.

WILLOUGHBY—This Carnation is a seedling from Mrs. Thomas W. Lawson, the famous 30,000. dollar American Carnation. Blooms are large and non-bursting, of a clear, bright, cerise colour. It is at its best in Autumn and Winter. A strong grower, with all the good points of its parent, while the flowers are much larger. 2/6 each.

LINDA—A splendid show Carnation, perfect in shape and calyx, with smooth-edged petals. A strong grower, and thoroughly perpetual. The colour is a white ground, neatly picoteed and laced with a delicate shade of carmine rose. Sure to be a great favourite. 3/6 each.



NEW SEEDLING
CARNATION

"LINDA"

A SCARCE FERN. *Pteris Scaberula Crestata*.

Crested New Zealand Fern.

Fronds of a pale green colour which are finely divided, which gives the plant a very lacy-like appearance. It has creeping rhizomes which hang over the sides of the pot or basket, and add greatly to its beauty. 1/6 and 2/- each. Packed, 6d. each extra.

NEW ERICA. *Erica Webbleyia Alba*.

Pure White Heath.

A cross between Boweana and Webbleyana. Pure white, with a more compact habit than either of its parents, and blooms at intervals throughout the year. 1/6 and 2/- each. Packed, 6d. each extra.

LOBELIA, CARTERS, Double Blue.

This is a first-rate novelty, and makes a splendid pot plant as well as a very pretty border. The blooms are perfectly double and make excellent buttonholes. Plants, 9d. each; 7/6 dozen. Packing extra.

NOVELTIES ROSES

New for 1909.

... IN ...

We have again imported only the best Roses which have been sent out by the leading Rose Growers in Europe last season. Many of them have received Medals and Certificates of Merit. Descriptions are taken from the Raisers' Catalogue. **Note.**—We can supply any variety not mentioned in this Catalogue, the number of Roses being so numerous, space will not permit of us naming them all.

NEW ROSE, Star of Queensland.

The Finest Rich Dark Rose in Existence. Raised by John Williams.

STOCK LIMITED. ORDER EARLY.

3/6 each. Ready in May. We are sole agents.

Is the direct result of hybridising Etoile de France with the Earl of Dufferin, Etoile de France being the mother parent, knowing that there has been a long-felt want in Australia to procure a very dark free-flowering rose with all the free-blooming qualities of the Teas and the rich colours of our best dark Hybrid Perpetuals. With this end in view I was induced to work at raising such a rose with determined effort to achieve the object. I am more than pleased to say my labours are crowned with success, and another laurel added for Australia.

I have decided to name it as above, Star of Queensland. Habit of tree is strong and vigorous; leaves firm and of good texture, also free from mildew. It is unusually free blooming; the blooms are as large as Etoile de France, with a nice wall when fully expanded. Colour very rich deep velvety crimson, shaded with maroon, and a lovely sheen. Reverse of petals cardinal to cerise; petals of good substance, lasting well when cut. Very sweet and highly perfumed. Our best dark Tea roses do not approach it in richness of colour. I anticipate even greater admiration and demand for Star of Queensland than for my rose Penelope, which is so much admired; and I believe most assuredly that Etoile de France will go down in front of it at no distant date.

To prevent disappointment, kindly send in your orders early, as the demand will be phenomenal. Description given is that of the raiser.

Abbreviations—T., Tea Scented; H.T., Hybrid Tea; H.P., Hybrid Perpetual; H.M., Hybrid Moss.

ALBATROSS (H.T.).—Flowers extra large; colour ivory white, faintly tinted with bluish pink; handsome conical form, in the way of Frau Karl Druschki and White Lady, but fuller and a more durable blossom than either. A valuable rose for the exhibitor, also for garden decoration. 3/6.

ALTMARKER (H.T.).—Dark yellow, with cochineal; large and full, with long bud; growth vigorous; highly recommended. 3/6 each.

ANNI WELTER (H.M.).—Dark red, strong and full, and well mossed. Cross between Cristata and La France. 3/6.

ARDS RAMBLER (H.T.).—One of the most fascinating climbing or pillar roses; a grand companion to Ards Rover. The blooms are of perfect form, the petals are of huge size, very smooth and possessed of great substance; the colour is a velvety orange crimson, shading to rosy carmine at the base of the petals; deliciously and highly perfumed. 3/6.

BEATRICE (H.T.).—A variety of great depth of petal, very suitable for exhibition purposes; it is a full and substantial flower of a deep rich pink, shaded with vermilion when opening; when fully developed the outer petals are very pale flesh and the centre bright pink; the petals are beautifully reflexed, as in La France. It is of vigorous growth, the flowers being borne upon long, erect-growing stems, which give the variety considerable value for cutting purposes. 3/6.

CLIMBING LIBERTY (H.T.).—A climbing form of this well-known rose. Sure to become a favourite. 3/6.

COMTESSE ICY HARDEGG (H.T.).—Bright carmine; flowers very large and full, perfect form; bud very long and pointed; growth vigorous. A superb rose and decided acquisition. 3/6 each.

DR. O'DONEL BROWNE (H.T.).—This is a gloriously beautiful rose. In its general characteristics, though possessed of Tea parentage, we would feel inclined to class this as a Hybrid Perpetual. It is a veritable giant among Hybrid Teas. Every growth produces a bloom which develops into a flower of the largest size and most perfect form; the blooms are very full,

yet always opening well; the petals are smooth, shell-shaped, and massive; colour carmine rose. It is one of the most strongly perfumed roses, possessing in a most marked degree the true attar of roses. 3/6.

DUCHESSE MAURICE DE BROGLIE (T.).—Flesh white, the centre shaded with yellow and bright rose, the petals being reflexed with yellow; very large and full; growth moderate. 3/6.

ELAINE (H.T.).—Award of Merit, Temple Flower Show, 1908. A magnificent, high-centred, large and full flower of palest lemon white, buds being slightly tipped with flesh pink and rose; in the way of Souvenir de Madame Eugene Verdier, but the flowers are not so much shaded with yellow; the petals are reflexed, and the outer ones pointed, giving to the flower a distinct, cactus-like appearance when fully developed; the blossoms are produced in great abundance; the individual flower is well up to exhibition standard. 3/6.

ERINNERUNG AN LONI WESTERMANN (H.T.).—Greenish yellow, streaked with a light red, which lends a special charm to the flowers, which are very large, full, and of beautiful form, carried on erect stems; highly perfumed. The growth is similar to Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, with greater vigour and more branches. Excellent for all purposes. 3/6 each.

FLORENCE EDITH COULTHWAITE (H.T.).—The flowers are large, full, and of perfectly imbricated form; the petals smooth, circular, and of great substance. The colour—which varies somewhat—is deep cream, stippled with bright rose on the inside of the petals and reflected on the back, thus creating an indescribable delicate orange and peach glow, which makes it absolutely unique in colour. Its varnished-like foliage is most striking and attractive, being broad and oval in shape, with orange mid-rib and veination. It is delightfully perfumed, so that it must appeal to the taste of the most critical, whether for exhibition or decorative purposes. With age the colour becomes more pronounced. 3/6.

CLIMBING MAMAN COCHET.—Strong climbing sport from the best of all roses, Maman Cochet. It originated in N.S.W., the plants sent out this season being grown in that State. 3/6.

FRAU PHIL GEDULDIG (H.T.).—Growth very vigorous; flowers very large, full, and of good form; rose edged, salmon and shaded yellow; very beautiful. 3/6 each.

GEORGE C. WAUD (H.T.).—A remarkably distinct and beautiful variety, possessing a shade of colour hitherto unknown amongst roses, of glowing orange vermilion that does not fade. The flowers are large, full, perfectly formed, with highly pointed centre. The growth is erect, robust, flowering with great freedom. The brilliancy and distinctness of its colour alone warrants its inclusion in our novelties, as, wherever staged, it has been a centre of attraction. Highly tea-perfumed; without doubt one of the choicest and most magnificent roses we have ever sent out. Awarded Gold Medal N.R.S. 3/6.

GLOIRE DE CHEDANE GUINOISSEAU (H.P.).—Very bright vermilion, sometimes velvety; of very fine effect; of handsome cup shape, and with fine buds. 2/6.

GRACE MOLYNEUX (H.T.).—A chaste rose of rare beauty and fascination; habit of growth is perfection, every shoot producing a bloom. A veritable pearl for garden decoration, and frequently for exhibition purposes. Disbudded and grown generously the flowers attain large size, and are possessed of faultless form. The colour is creamy apricot, flesh in the centre; the outer petals, when developed, are delicate creamy white inside, with faint pink sheen on reverse. Delightfully tea-perfumed; marvelously floriferous; altogether a most decided acquisition, and a rose that will delight enthusiasts throughout the world. Many competent judges have expressed the opinion this rose was well worthy of a Gold Medal. 3/6.

HECTOR MACKENZIE (H.T.).—Deep rose, shaded with silvery carmine and crimson; very large, full, and globular. 3/6.

JEAN NOTE (H.T.).—Chrome yellow, changing to creamy yellow; large, full, and globular; very fine. 3/6.

JOHN CUFF (H.T.).—A rose of absolute distinctness and unique in colour. One of the earliest to expand its very large blooms, which are of great substance and perfect symmetry. The buds are long, highly pointed. Colour is a warm, deep, carmine pink, with distinct deep yellow zone at the base of petals, which makes it a most novel coloured rose. Perfumed delicate rose. Valuable for exhibition or garden. 3/6.

JOSEPH LOWE (H.T.).—A sport from Belle Siebrecht, with rather more substance in the flowers; colour salmon pink, in the way of Madame Abel Chatenay, but flowers and petals much larger. 3/6.

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE (H.T.).—Silvery pink, large and full, with fine erect flower stalks; very free blooming. 3/6.

LA GALISSIERE (H.T.).—Bright silvery rose, centre shaded with rosy-white, back of petals carmine rose; exceedingly free flowering; valuable for cut flowers and for massing. 3/6.

LADY URSULA (H.T.).—A truly magnificent rose, of robustly vigorous and erect growth, possessing exceedingly free and continuous blooming qualities. Foliage is large, massive, and distinctly attractive. Flowers, which are produced on every shoot, are very large, full, of great substance, perfect form, with high centre, from which the petals gracefully reflex. The petals are unusually large, smooth, circular and of great thickness. Colour is a delightful shade of flesh pink, thoroughly distinct. Delicately and charmingly Tea-rose perfumed. A superb rose for exhibition purposes and garden decoration. Owing to its perfect habit of growth, free blooming qualities, this variety has won unstinted admiration from all who have seen it growing in our rose gardens. 3/6.

LADY CHELMSFORD (H.T.).—A deep crimson rose, raised in Queensland by Mr. H. Wood, and said to be the best ever-blooming red rose raised in Australia. 3/6.

MADAME ALICE KOPKE-DEMOY (H.T.).—Rosy white, tinted clear yellow; blooms magnificent in form, very large and full, always opening well; bud long and elegant, very beautiful; growth vigorous. 3/6 each.

MADAME BORY D'ARNEX (H.T.).—Outer petals coral red, centre clear rose; very distinct and beautiful; flowers large, perfectly formed, and of good substance; growth vigorous and bushy. 3/6 each.

MADAME EDWARD VICARS.—Bright carmine, shaded pale rose; reverse of petals white, tinted reddish carmine; bud long and flowers large, full, pretty form, opening well; growth vigorous. 3/6 each.

MADAME L. BAILLY (H.T.).—Cherry red to bright crimson; reverse of petals carmine red; medium size, produced on rigid stems; full, of globular form; fragrant, and excellent for massing. 3/6 each.

MADAME LEON CONSTANTIN (T.).—Satiny rose, shaded salmon, beautiful long buds; flower very large, always opening well. 3/6 each.

MADAME MARIE - GEORGES MARTIN (H.T.).—Bright rosy red; large and full; buds freely produced; growth robust. 3/6 each.

MADAME PAULINE BERTNAY (T.).—Nasturtium red, shaded orange yellow; reverse of petals rosy yellow; very pretty colours; flower medium size and full; very floriferous; very beautiful. 2/6 each.

MADAME P. EULER (H.T.).—Vermilion silvery pink; very large flower on a long stem; very full, and possessing great lasting properties and perfect form; fragrant; growth vigorous. Awarded First Prize and Gold Medal at Clermont. 3/6.

MADAME SEGOND WEBER (H.T.).—Rosy salmon; very novel; the blooms are enormous, petals large and firm; form absolutely perfect; the finest of the section, possessing splendid habit of growth. This novelty possesses the highest merit, and will be as distinguished and sensational as Madame Constant Souppert is amongst Teas. 3/6.

MARIANNE RASCOL (T.).—Salmon yellow, tinted salmon rose, darker centre, passing to creamy yellow; very beautiful; flower large, very full, imbricated in form; very floriferous. A great acquisition. 3/6 each.

NEW ROSES FOR 1909—Continued.

MOLLY SHARMAN-CRAWFORD (T.).—A rose of remarkable distinctness and entrancing beauty, possessing very sturdy growth and vigorous branching habit, flowering profusely and continuously. The blooms, which are very large and full, are perfectly formed, with a high pointed centre, from which the petals gracefully reflex. The colour is delicate eau-de-nil white, which, as the flower fully expands, becomes dazzling white. Delicately but delightfully perfumed. We cannot write too eulogistically of this truly superb creation, which is alike valuable for exhibition purposes and garden decoration. When well known, and its merits can be appreciated, this must rank amongst the best of our production, which at once stamps it with the "hall mark" of sterling superiority. 3/6.

MRS. DAVID JARDINE (H.T.).—A glorious and most charming rose. It possesses vigorous and erect growth, and a free flowering habit. The blooms are of very large size and perfect form. The colour is a delightful shade of bright rosy pink, shading in the outer petals to salmon pink; quite distinct from any existing variety. 3/6.

MRS. SOPHIA NEATE.—Petals dark pink, changing with age to delicate pink; particularly fine in autumn; a good garden and exhibition rose; very floriferous and quite distinct. Awarded Silver Banksian Medal, R.H.S., Holland Park Show, 1907. 3/6.

NOVA ZEMBLA.—This is a sport from Conrad F. Meyer. Flower is very pure white and beautiful form, scented and hardy; a strong grower and a great acquisition. 3/6.

RHEA REID (H.T.).—As double as Bridesmaid; as fragrant as La France; as continuous as Bride; as red as Richmond. Has perfect constitution, which resists both mildew and black spot. This rose has been well exhibited during the past winter in the United States of America, and has received numerous awards. It is said to be a great advance upon both Liberty and Richmond. We have received splendid reports regarding this rose. 3/6.

New Roses on Half Standards.

These are the very best of this season's importations. As they have all bloomed here, we can recommend them with confidence. Price, 3/6 each.

COMTESSE ICY HARDEGG.
DR. O'DONEL BROWNE.
FLORENCE EDITH COULTHWAITE.
GEORGE C. WAUD.
GRACE MOLYNEUX.
JOHN CUFF.
JOSEPH LOWE.
LADY URSULA.
MOLLY CHARMAN-CRAWFORD.
MRS. DAVID JARDIN.
RHEA REID.

A GREAT NOVELTY—

Half Standards in Two Colours.

We can this season offer Half Standards with **Two Colours on one plant**, and have worked them with a view of showing a contrast. We have only grown those we have proved suitable for the purpose. Full description of each variety can be seen in the general list. Price, 3/6 each.

BEAUTE INCONSTANTE.—Coppery red.
DEVONIENSIS.—Light pink and cream.
SOUVENIR DE PIERRE NOTTING.—Apricot yellow.
CORALLINA.—Crimson.
RICHMOND.—Scarlet.
NIPHETOS.—White.
BELLE SIEBRECHT.—Pink.
FRANCOIS DUBRIEUL.—Crimson.
SOUVENIR DE MARIE DE LAYAS.—Carmine.
MRS. DAVID MCKEE.—Cream.
MADAME VERMOREL.—Coppery yellow.
LADY ASHTOWN.—Pink.
VANITY.—Yellow.
MARIE D'ORLEANS.—Rose.
PRINCESS DE SAGAN.—Crimson.
SOUV. DE CATHARINE GUILLOT.—Copper.
FLORENCE PEMBERTON.—Light pink.
PAPA GONTIER.—Crimson.
WHITE MAMAN COCHET.—White.
MARK TWAIN.—Pink.
DEAN HOLE.—Carmine pink.
SOUVENIR DE PIERRE NOTTING.—Yellow.

NEW ROSES OF 1908.

Offered this Season at Reduced Prices.

Abbreviations—T., Tea Scented; H.T., Hybrid Tea; H.P., Hybrid Perpetual.

AVOCA (H.T.).—Crimson scarlet; buds long and pointed; large and sweetly perfumed; best of its colour in this section. Gold Medal N.R.S.E. 2/.

BARBAROSSA.—Growth vigorous and floriferous; flowers large and full; colour pure carmine red, said to be a red Frau Karl Druschi, 2/- each.

CHARLOTTE KLEMM (Chinese Hybrid).—A seedling, with fiery-red flowers, shaded with cinnabar and blood red; medium size, freely and continuously produced. 2/-.

COLONEL R. S. WILLIAMSON (H.T.).—A truly superb rose. The blooms are large, full, perfectly formed, with high-pointed centre; petals round, smooth, possessed of great substance; colour satiny white, with deep blush centre. The flowers, which are produced in great profusion, are carried upon erect and rigid footstalks. Magnificent. 2/-.

DOROTHY PAGE ROBERTS (H.T.).—A most beautiful and novel variety, of robust, erect growth, and marvellously free, continuous blooming character. The combination of colours is very novel, being a lovely shade of coppery pink, suffused with apricot yellow at the base of the petals, which are large, massive, and of immense substance. A very unique rose. Awarded the National Rose Society's Gold Medal at the Autumn Show. 2/-.

ECARLATE (H.T.).—Growth robust and free, blooms full; medium size; colour extremely brilliant scarlet; a superb and distinct novelty; freer flowering and higher in colour than Liberty and Richmond. 2/-.

ELIZABETH BARNES (H.T.).—Dr. Huey, the eminent American authority on roses, when visiting our Nurseries in 1906, expressed the opinion that this was the most beautiful, charming, and his ideal of the highest type of rose beauty. The shades of colour are most distinct, novel, and wondrously beautiful, and may be described as satiny salmon rose, with a fawn centre, suffused with yellow; outside of petals deep rosy red, shaded with copper and yellow. The flowers are large, full, with pointed centre, and possessing a delightful fragrance. A truly grand rose. 2/-.

FRAU ALFRED MAUTHNER (H.T.).—Growth vigorous; very floriferous; blooms large, full, most regular form, with high-pointed centre; delicately perfumed; very fine. 1/6 each.

FRAU BERGERMEISTER KIRSCHSTEIN (H.T.).—Growth vigorous, erect and bushy, with massive foliage; blooms large, full; bud very long; colour bright carmine red, shaded salmon. A fine exhibition and decorative rose, and especially good for button-holes. 2/ each.

H. ARMYTAGE MOORE (H.T.).—Rosy pink on the outside of the petals, the inside of petals being a delicate silvery pink; the flower is large, with great shell petals, which are reflexed at the edges. 2/-.

HARRY KIRK (H.T.).—Absolutely unique. A splendid rose of robust growth, with free branching habit, flowering freely and continuously. The blooms are large, full, with smooth petals of great substance; the form is perfect; buds long and elegant; colour, deep sulphur yellow, passing to a lighter shade at edges of petals. A splendid rose. 2/-.

HERZOG FRIEDRICH II. VON ANHALT (H.T.).—Growth erect and vigorous; very free and continuous flowering; the flowers are large, full, and perfectly formed, sweetly scented; colour salmon carmine, centre cinnamon and coppery red; very beautiful. 2/-.

HUGO ROLLER.—Rich lemon yellow, petals edged and suffused crimson; flowers medium size, of good shape, and freely produced. 2/-.

JEANNE BARIOZ (H.T.).—Salmon-white, centre petals bright salmon, with yellow base, sometimes pale yellow; large, full, vigorous. 2/-.

KATHLEEN (Climber).—Large, pyramidal trusses of single flowers; rich, soft carmine rose, with a white eye; very attractive. 2/-.

LADY FAIRE (H.T.).—A sport from Belle Siebrecht, which it resembles, but the flowers are larger and the colour approaches that of Madame Abel Chatenay. 2/-.

LADY HELEN VINCENT (H.T.).—Superb and distinct variety, of robust growth, wonderfully free flowering. Blooms are large, full, of exquisite form; the buds are long and pointed; colour shell pink, reflex of petals blush, base of petals veined and suffused peach, with a yellow zone. Delightfully fragrant and beautiful. 2/6.

LADY MERIEL BATHURST (T.).—Golden yellow, changing paler and suffused with delicate pink; flowers small; growth vigorous. 1/6.
LAURENT CARLE (H.T.).—Brilliant velvety carmine; very large, of perfect form, always opening freely; growth vigorous. 2/-.

LYON ROSE (H.T.).—Shrimp pink at end of petals; centre coral red or salmon, shaded with chrome yellow; flowers large, full, and perfectly formed; petals of great substance, broad, and very smooth; very fragrant. An ideal variety for exhibition or garden purposes. 2/6.

MADAME J. W. BUDDE (H.T.).—Growth very vigorous; flowers large, full, perfect form; colour brilliant carmine; absolutely distinct. 2/-.

MADAME LEONIE MOISSY (H.T.).—Growth vigorous, most floriferous; flowers large, globular, always opening well; colour pale rosy salmon, with deeper centre; very beautiful. 2/-.

MADAME MAURICE DE LUZE (H.T.).—Growth vigorous, erect branching; superb buds; large flowers with broad petals, cupped form; colour deep rose pink, with cochineal carmine centre; reverse of petals paler in colour. 2/-.

MADAME MELAINE SOUPERT (H.T.).—Salmon-yellow, suffused carmine, striking colour; large globular blooms with fine petals. 2/-.

MADAME PAUL VARIN-BERNIER (T.).—Buds and centre of flower deep yellow, edges of petals pale silvery yellow; large, moderately full, especially beautiful in bud; growth vigorous. 2/-.

MARICHU ZAYAS (H.T.).—A vigorous grower of excellent habit, flowering freely and continuously; the flowers, which are produced on long, erect stems, are very large, full, and of perfectly imbricated form; very sweetly scented; colour soft strawberry and cream, shaded brilliant rose; a grand rose. 2/-.

MRS. AARON WARD (H.T.).—Indian yellow, occasionally washed with salmon-rose; large and full, with finely shaped buds; vigorous. 2/-.

MRS. DUDLEY CROSS (T.).—Pale chamois leather, beautifully illuminated in autumn with rainbow tints of rose and crimson, in the way of Marie Van Houtte, but the flowers are larger, fuller, and of better habit. 2/-.

MRS. HAROLD BROCKLEBANK (H.T.).—The growth is very robust, of free-branching habit, flowering freely and continuously; blooms are produced on erect footstalks, large, full, of perfect formation, sweetly perfumed; colour creamy white, centre buff, base of petals soft golden yellow, outer petals frequently tinted with salmon rose, buds with a flush of salmon pink. A superb rose. 2/-.

MRS. ISABELLE MILNER (H.T.).—Ivory white, suffused with pink, delicately margined with mauve, in the way of Mildred Grant, but of perfect circular form; petals are reflexed at the edges; buds prettily tipped rich pink; growth vigorous. A fine variety. 2/-.

MRS. STEWART CLARK (H.T.).—Colour varying bright cerise pink to brilliant rose or cherry pink, with a distinct zone of white at the base of each petal; flowers very large, of splendid form, with pointed centre; deliciously fragrant. Awarded Gold Medal N.R.S. 2/-.

QUEEN OF SPAIN (H.T.).—Growth very robust; flowers very large, full, globular; colour pale flesh, darker in the centre; an ideal exhibition rose of undoubted merit. Gold Medal N.R.S. 2/6.

NELLIE JOHNSTONE.—Pure pink, often shot with light pale violet on the outside; double and good form, on erect stalks; robust; remarkable for brightness of colour; free bloomer in autumn; deliciously fragrant, both for exhibition and garden purposes. 2/-.

SARAH BERNHARDT (H.T.).—Bright scarlet-crimson, shaded with scarlet; very large, full, with large, incurved petals; does not burn; very sweet; growth semi-climbing. 2/-.

SOUVENIR DE FREDERICK VERCELLONE (H.T.).—Carmine-rose, slightly coppery, shaded with rosy-white and tinted with bright carmine; growth vigorous. 2/-.

SOUVENIR OF STELLA GRAY (T.).—Most beautiful, distinct and charming addition to this class for some years past. The flowers are of medium size, full, perfectly formed, and most freely produced. The shades of colour are hitherto unknown; the predominating tone is deep orange, with splashes of yellow, apricot, salmon and crimson; the growth is very free and branching. 2/-.

E. LIPPIATT (H.T.).—This is a most welcome addition, supplying a colour much required—namely, brilliant velvety crimson, shaded maroon; most distinct. The blooms are large, full, with high centre, strongly perfumed; quite first-rate. 2/-.

TRIUMPH (H.T.).—Growth strong, upright, of free branching habit; flowers borne singly on firm stems; large, full, and of good form; colour deep crimson, shaded scarlet. Will probably prove the best of all dark-coloured Hybrid Teas. 2/-.

NEW DAHLIAS FOR 1909-10.

Special Note.—In December a further list of New Varieties may be available at slightly advanced rates. Raisers' Descriptions.

Doz., 15/-; or purchaser's selection at Catalogue Rates.

Where 12 or more are purchased, a liberal reduction is made. Dry bulbs obtainable from August to December in certain varieties. Green plants in pots from December which we advise, as better results are obtained than in dry bulbs, which sometimes fail to shoot.

BRUTUS (3ft. 6in.).—The petals are straight, very narrow and star-shaped; deep crimson, very striking. 2/-.

C. E. WILKINS.—Very fine. This variety won the President's Silver Medal for best Dahlia in the Professional Class at the N.D.S. Colour bright clear salmon-pink, overlaying yellow. 2/-.

CLARA.—Soft mauve, the extreme tips being white with faint edgings of mauve. 2/-.

DR. G. G. GRAY.—An advanced and graceful type of bloom; narrow, needle-pointed petals; a fiery crimson scarlet. 2/-.

DOROTHY (4ft. 6in.).—Lovely silvery-pink color effectively brightened by the showing of the tiny white tips of the reverse of the petals. 2/-.

DOROTHY STAPLES (3ft.).—Mauve pink flowers of good shape; medium size; stiff stems. 1/6.

E. CADMAN (3ft.).—A large, beautiful variety, very constant and free; colour Indian red; florets long and rather straight; reliable. 1/6.

ETRURIA.—Fine exhibition bloom; colour difficult to describe; has been given as a reddish, russety apricot, which brightens considerably towards the centre; flowers of great length and first-class. 2/-.

GOLDEN FLEECE.—Creamy yellow, shading to sulphur at ends of florets; blooms extremely large. 2/6.

HELIUM.—Bright yellow in centre, deepening to reddish orange; extremely long, narrow flowers, all of which incurve; fine show flower. 2/-.

HAROLD PEARMAN.—A fine, deep, pure yellow; very free and reliable; very strongly recommended, as we feel sure it will prove to be one of the finest exhibition blooms yet raised. 2/-.

IVERNIA.—Of immense size and beautiful in form; colour an art shade of bright salmon-fawn, with slightly lighter centre; first-class. 2/-.

KOSCIUSKO (Kenlake).—Pure white, very finely quilled; blooms large and full, retaining its centre. 1/6.

LADY DUDLEY.—A deep, lustrous carmine rose; florets extremely long and gracefully curved towards the centre, forming an imposing bloom of immense size. 2/6.

LADY FAIR.—Primrose, tinted with pink; soft colouring and very pretty. 1/6.

LUSTRE.—Scarlet vermilion to dusky crimson, madder in centre; large and good habit. 1/6.

LOVELINESS.—The basal half of the petals are white, passing to a pleasing shade of heliotrope, forming a beautiful spidery bloom. 1/6.

MRS. ED. EVANS.—Large, full, spidery flower of rich, glowing scarlet, with the tips of the petals shaded cardinal. 2/6.

MRS. JOHN POPE.—Flowers of immense size, great depth, and perfect form; the ground colour is amber, overlaid with rich old gold; extra good. 2/6.

MERCURY (2ft. 6in.).—The plant is dwarf, but flowers first-class; deep yellow at base to lighter yellow at tips, the whole thickly speckled and striped with crimson. 2/-.

MRS. BAXTER.—The colour is similar to Nelson, only darker, large, and of fine quality. 1/6.

MRS. J. EMBERSON.—Large; pale lemon, splashed with rosy pink; a strong, erect grower. 1/6.

REV. ARTHUR BRIDGE.—Another grand exhibition flower. The colouring is exceedingly beautiful, being a bright clear yellow, heavily tipped and suffused with bright yet clear rose pink. 2/-.

ROSA STARR.—Blooms large, full and most constant, and stand well after being cut; bright lilac pink; florets long and incurving. 2/-.

SATURN.—White at base, deepening to pink at tips, the whole striped, speckled and splashed with vermilion scarlet; florets narrow, incurving and pointed; of good habit. 2/-.

NEW CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

Imported Varieties, 1/6 each. Raisers' Descriptions.

HENRY PERKINS.—Reddish crimson on deep yellow ground; a brilliantly coloured bloom of handsome form, with long drooping florets; splendid for exhibition.

LADY CONYERS.—Rose pink, with silvery reverse; a fine, massive flower, of grand style and form; all that can be desired.

MRS. BUCH.—Richest golden yellow; a splendid incurved Japanese, of beautiful form, with great depth and substance; a grand flower.

MRS. C. BECKETT.—Purest white; a beautiful well-formed Japanese; with long florets fluted at the tips; a bold, heavy flower, distinct from all other whites; extra fine.

MRS. F. W. VALLIS.—Crimson shaded apricot; florets drooping and curling, forming a distinctive and handsome bloom of good size; a fine exhibition variety.

W. A. ETHERINGTON.—Bright silvery mauve; a large, bold, handsome bloom of grand form and substance; an easy doer, and first-class for exhibition.

New Single

ZONALE PELARGONIUMS.

Price, 1/6 each. Raisers' Descriptions.

CYCLOPS.—Vivid crimson, large white eye, fine large circular flowers and fine truss.

CERISE.—Clear cerise red, attractive and distinct shade. The blooms are large, of good substance, and freely produced; robust and good habit.

MADAME CORALIE BAZAC.—Grand trusses; centre of each flower white, gradually attaining to a soft violet, deepening to a bright carmine at edges of the petals.

MARY SETON.—Bright vermilion scarlet, large white blotch suffused with lake; neat dwarf habit; free flowering, enormous trusses, and grand during the winter.

MRS. WATSON.—White ground, with a distinct stripe, spotting and markings of bright lake, and also of a neat picotee edge of a more intense colour; enormous sized trusses produced in abundance. One of the most interesting and striking novelties we have yet seen.

MRS. WILDSMITH.—Soft, rose-coloured pink; large truss and immense pips.

OLIVE CARR.—Fine branching habit; free bloomer, carrying enormous trusses of a deep rose pink; first-class for bedding purposes.

New Semi-Double

ZONALE PELARGONIUMS.

Price, 1/6 each. Raisers' Descriptions.

COMMANDANT MARCHAND.—Enormous flowers, crimson-tinted purple, distinct white centre.

FIANCEE.—Fine, beautiful, pure white, free and effective, large, well-opened flowers; large truss and good habit.

GRANDVILLE.—Handsome, well-formed flowers of a rosy crimson, large distinct white blotch in centre; very striking and effective.

LE COLOSSE.—Clear red, gigantic flowers and trusses; fine. An acquisition to this section.

LE HONNEUR.—Brilliant crimson margin, with large, clearly defined white centre; trusses and pips very large; a strikingly handsome variety; grand habit.

MADAME EVARISTE DUPONT.—A combination of magenta and crimson, with light centre; fine large flowers, enormous trusses; a bold, telling variety, and one of the best.

ROI DES NEGRES.—Blackish maroon-crimson colour, very rich and fine; habit dwarf and free.

TWO HANGING BASKET PLANTS.

CAMPANULA ISOPHYLLA MAYII. Blue, 2/-; White, 2/-, or 3/9 the two.

The finest hanging plant ever introduced. The plant is literally covered with pretty bell shaped flowers, in two separate colours, Lavender Blue and White. It produces a lovely effect when grown as a basket plant, and it will also climb. It lasts a long time in bloom, and does best in airy situation, on a verandah, or in a shade house. Packing, 6d. each extra.

BEGONIA

Gloire

de Lorraine.

Winter-flowering Begonia of rare beauty. The flowers are of a charming rose pink, borne on wiry stems in clusters, and hang gracefully. Foliage of rich green, has a velvety appearance; most attractive. Blooms almost the year round, and is one of the finest novelties ever sent out. Price, 2/- and 2/6 each, or packed, 6d. each extra.



BEGONIA GLOIRE DE LORRAINE.

CAMPANULA MAYII.

139-141 Swanston Street, Melbourne

British and Colonial Seed Warehouse

139-141 SWANSTON ST., MELBOURNE

Established 1850

Cable Address: "SOMNER," Melbourne

Telephone 729

A B C CODE 5TH EDITION

Terms of Business, etc.

REMITTANCES.—For ordinary payments our Customers may remit by Bank Draft, Cheque, or Post Office Order, and for amounts under ten shillings we would suggest that Postal Notes or Stamps be remitted. It is also very desirable that **Small Orders** should be accompanied by a **Remittance**, as the extra postage incurred in rendering accounts and acknowledging small amounts is a serious and unnecessary charge, and in no way provided for in this increasing branch. **In no case must Coin be enclosed in letters, unless registered.**

TERMS.—Our Credit Terms are:—**THREE MONTHS without discount**, except for Special Parcels, when we draw from Date of Invoice, or Discount at the rate of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. if payment is **made within one Month from date of Invoice**. Manures and Cereals, **NETT CASH**, without any deduction whatever. **Special quotations, subject to agreement.**

CHEQUES.—For amounts under twenty shillings, exchange must be added, viz., 6d. for Victoria, 1s. other States.

NEW CUSTOMERS.—From unknown correspondents we expect a remittance with order, or a satisfactory reference to some Melbourne House. Attention to this remark will prevent much disappointment and loss of time in correspondence.

DESPATCH OF GOODS.—Care should be taken that each Order is accompanied by the **NAME and ADDRESS** of the sender in **FULL**, and the **ROUTE** by which the goods are to be sent should be distinctly stated. In case these directions are not sufficiently explicit, we shall choose the most advantageous and convenient means of despatch, but **entirely at the risk of the Customer**, we declining all responsibility.

PREPAID RAILWAY STATIONS.—Freight must be added to remittances.

ENCLOSURES.—When small parcels are ordered with a bulk line, we invariably enclose one with the other: for instance, if we have an order for Grass Seeds, Peas or Beans, etc., with small Seeds, we pack the small Seeds in the sack, thus making one parcel and saving carriage.

CARRIAGE.—We deliver all Goods **FREE** at the Railway Stations, the various Carriers' Offices in the City, and at the River Wharves. Retail orders (except heavy Goods, such as Peas or Beans), **POST FREE** to any part of the World.

PACKING.—We shall at all times see that Goods are well and securely packed, but after despatching such Goods, signed for "**IN GOOD ORDER**," **our responsibility for any loss, damage, or miscarriage ceases.**

RETURNED EMPTIES.—All Sacks, Bags, Cases, etc., will be charged at the Lowest Rate, and if returned immediately and in **Good Condition, two-thirds of the full prices will be allowed.**

SUBSTITUTION.—Should we be unable to supply all varieties of Seeds or Plants ordered, Customers will kindly state (with their orders) whether to substitute the next best sort.

GOOD SEED is a commanding feature of our business, and in order to guard against a possibility of disappointment in this respect, we ascertain, by a perfect system of **testing**, the percentage of growth in the open ground, and only those samples giving satisfactory evidence of vitality are sent out.

PURITY OF STOCK.—We are large growers of every variety of seed which can be successfully raised in the Colony, and which we produce from the very **purest strains** only, specially selected for the purpose. There are, however, many varieties which cannot be successfully grown in the State of Victoria; these we import direct from the growers and reputed English, American, and Continental Houses.

NON-WARRANTY.—Almost all who have had even the smallest experience in raising seeds are aware that failures do occur from a variety of causes, and for which it would be infinitely unreasonable to attach the slightest blame to your seed merchant. It must therefore be clearly understood that, while taking every precaution possible to prevent disappointment, we do not accept the slightest responsibility, nor will we be held liable for any loss or damage resulting from failures.

Telephone 729

LAW, SOMNER & CO.

Established 1850

Fruit Trees are our Special Line

The Best and Largest Collection Grown

Our "TIP TOP" Collections in VEGETABLE SEEDS Are GREAT VALUE

We do not specify varieties, but select sorts suitable for the districts or climates from whence the orders come. They contain only the best, and are exceptional value.

A Remittance sufficient to cover the full amount of each Collection, must be forwarded with order.

COLLECTION No. 1.—Price 2s. 6d. Nett. Post Free.

1 packet Carrot	1 packet Cress	1 packet Onion	1 packet Radish
1 " Cabbage	1 " Red Beet	1 " Parsley	1 " Spinach
1 " Cauliflower	1 " Lettuce	1 " Parsnip	1 " Turnip

COLLECTION No. 2.—Price 5s. Nett, Post Free.

1 packet Beet, Blood Red	1 packet Celery	1 packet Melon, Rock	1 packet Radish
1 " Cabbage	1 " Cucumber	1 " " Water	1 " Spinach
1 " Carrot	1 " Leek	1 " Onion	1 " Tomato
1 " Cauliflower	1 " Lettuce	1 " Parsley	1 " Turnip
1 " Cress, Curled	1 " Mustard	1 " Parsnip	1 " Vegetable Marrow

COLLECTION No. 3.—Price 10s. Nett, Post Free.

1 oz. Beet, Blood Red	1½ ozs. Cress, Curled	1 packet Melon, Water	1½ oz. Radish
1 " Silver	1 packet Celery	1 oz. Mustard	1 packet Squash
1 packet Broccoli	1 " Cucumber	2 packets Onions, 2 sorts	1½ oz. Spinach
1 " Brussels Sprouts	1 " Leek	1 oz. Parsley, Curled	1 packet Tomato
1 oz. Carrot	1 " Lettuce	1 " Parsnip	1½ oz. Turnip
2 packets Cabbage, 2 sorts	1 " Melon, Rock	1 packet Pumpkin	1 packet Vegetable Marrow
1 packet Cauliflower			

COLLECTION No. 4.—Price £1 Nett.

Securely packed and forwarded (carriage paid), to any Railway Station in Victoria, sufficient for the successive cropping of a garden of half-an-acre.

WILL CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING:—

2 lbs. Beans, French or Kidney, 2 sorts	3 packets Cabbage, 3 sorts	2 oz. Mustard	1 packet Salsify
1 lb. Beans, Broad	2 " Cauliflower, 2 sorts	1 packet Okra or Gombo	1 " Savoy
1 oz. Beet, Blood Red	2 oz. Cress, Curled	3 packets Onion, 3 sorts	3 oz. Spinach, Round and Prickly
1 " Silver	1 packet Celery	1 oz. Parsley, Curled	1 packet Squash
1 packet Borecole or Kale	1 " Cucumber	1 oz. Parsnip	2 packets Tomato, 2 sorts
1½ oz. Broccoli	1 " Kohl Rabi	3 lbs. Peas, Early and Late	3 oz. Turnip, White and Yellow
1½ oz. Brussels Sprouts	1 " Leek	1 packet Pepper or Capsicum	1 packet Thyme
2 oz. Carrot, 2 sorts	2 " Lettuce, 2 sorts	1 " Pumpkin	1 " Vegetable Marrow
1 packet Cape Gooseberry	1 " Melon, Rock	3 oz. Radish, Long and Round	
	1 " " Water	1 packet Sage	

PARCELS POST—RATES OF POSTAGE.

Limit Size of Parcel, 3 ft. 6 in., or 6 ft. in girth and length.

Limit of Parcels, 11 lbs., but where carried on horseback, 3 lbs.

Destination.	Rates of Postage—On a Parcel not exceeding—										
	1-lb.	2-lb.	3-lb.	4-lb.	5-lb.	6-lb.	7-lb.	8-lb.	9-lb.	10-lb.	11-lb.
Victoria.. 	s. d. 0 6	s. d. 0 9	s. d. 1 0	s. d. 1 3	s. d. 1 6	s. d. 1 9	s. d. 2 0	s. d. 2 3	s. d. 2 6	s. d. 2 9	s. d. 3 0
Inter-State 	0 8	1 2	1 8	2 2	2 8	3 2	3 8	4 2	4 8	5 2	5 8

PASSENGER TRAIN RATES.

Miles	3-lb.	7-lb.	14-lb.	28-lb.	42-lb.	56-lb.	84-lb.	112-lb.	28-lb. extra	Miles	3-lb.	7-lb.	14-lb.	28-lb.	42-lb.	56-lb.	84-lb.	112-lb.	28-lb. extra
25	0 3	0 3	0 3	0 6	0 9	1 0	1 3	1 6	0 3	250	1 0	1 2	1 9	2 9	4 3	5 6	7 0	8 3	2 0
50	0 4	0 6	0 6	0 10	1 3	1 9	2 3	2 6	0 6	300	1 2	1 4	2 0	3 3	4 9	6 0	7 6	9 0	2 0
75	0 5	0 6	0 9	1 2	1 9	2 3	3 0	3 6	0 9	350	1 4	1 6	2 3	3 6	5 0	6 6	8 3	9 9	2 3
101	0 6	0 8	0 9	1 6	2 3	3 0	3 9	4 6	1 0	400	1 6	1 8	2 6	3 9	5 6	7 0	8 9	10 6	2 6
125	0 7	0 9	1 0	1 9	2 6	3 6	4 6	5 3	1 3	450	1 8	1 10	2 9	4 3	5 9	7 6	9 3	11 3	2 6
150	0 8	0 10	1 0	2 0	3 0	4 0	5 0	6 0	1 3										
175	0 9	1 0	1 3	2 3	3 6	4 6	5 9	6 9	1 6										
200	0 10	1 0	1 6	2 6	3 9	5 0	6 3	7 6	1 9										
									over 450		1 10	2 0	3 0	4 6	6 3	8 0	10 0	12 0	2 9

MELBOURNE TO SYDNEY.—3-lb., 2/-; 7-lb., 3/-; 14-lb., 4/6; 28-lb., 6/-; 56-lb., 10/-; 84-lb., 12/-; 112-lb., 14/6; 28-lb. extra, 2/6.

MELBOURNE TO BRISBANE.—3-lb., 4/-; 7-lb., 6/-; 14-lb., 8/6; 28-lb., 12/-; 56-lb., 20/-; 84-lb., 25/-; 112-lb., 30/-; 28-lb. extra, 5/8.

MELBOURNE TO ADELAIDE.—7-lb., 1/6; 14-lb., 2/6; 28-lb., 4/6; 56-lb., 8/6; 84-lb., 11/-; 112-lb., 12/-; 28-lb. extra, 2/-.

All Vegetable Seeds, by the Ounce or Packet, Post Free, (Peas, Beans, and Sweet Corn excepted).

139-141 Swanston Street, Melbourne

LAW, SOMNER & CO'S



Liberal Discount for Cash with Order.

We will allow 1s. worth of seed in packets extra with every 5s. Order, excepting Peas, Beans, and Sweet Corn.

No Half-Packets will be supplied.

ALL RETAIL ORDERS for Vegetable and Flower Seeds catalogued by the ounce or packet are forwarded Post Free throughout the World (Peas, Beans and Sweet Corn excepted).

Retail orders for £1 and upwards, including heavy goods such as Peas and Beans, we undertake to forward Rail Free within the State. (Agricultural Seeds Excepted).

NOTE—In the absence of previous business transactions, we respectfully remind NEW CUSTOMERS, in order to enjoy these advantages, that CASH should be remitted with each order.

ASPARAGUS.

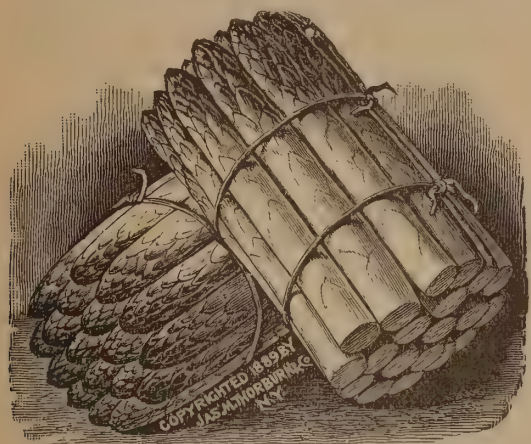
Columbia Mammoth White.—An entirely new and magnificent variety of Asparagus, which is sure to be in great demand, because it furnishes white shoots which stay white as long as fit for use without earthing up or any other artificial blanching, and because it can be absolutely depended on to give 80 to 90 per cent. white plants from seed. There is no question but this is the greatest advance of the last quarter-century in Asparagus improvement, and no grower can afford to be without it. 1s. per oz. 6d. per packet.

Special Prices to Market Gardeners and others for Large Quantities see Special Page.

Connover's Colossal.—A mammoth sort, frequently sending up 15 to 30 sprouts from 1½ inch in diameter from a single plant, and spreading less than most sorts. Colour, deep green, and of good quality. (See Illustration). 6d. per oz.

Palmetto.—Beyond question the largest and finest Asparagus ever sent out. Stalks frequently measure 2 inches in diameter, and, even when 12 inches long are perfectly tender when cooked. Its tenderness is ensured by its remarkably rapid growth, and remaining in good condition several days after being ready for cutting. 6d. per packet, 1/- per oz.

Argenteuil Purple.—It retains the head close until the stalks are quite long, is of uniform colour, while for tenderness, quality, and size, it is unparalleled. 6d. per oz.



CONNOVER'S COLOSSAL ASPARAGUS.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

(obtainable from May to September)

2-year-old plants 5s. per 100, 3-year-old plants 7s. 6d. per 100.

Special quotations for large quantities.

CULTIVATION.—This excellent vegetable is easily cultivated from seed. Sow on a bed that has been deeply trenched and heavily manured during the previous season. If sown where they are intended to remain, the plants should be thinned out to 18 inches apart, and 2 feet between the rows. Treated in this way, the plants will produce a fair crop of "grass" during the second season. The best English Growers, however, transplant the seedlings, when two years old, into a deeply-dug and well-manured patch, spreading out the rootlets about 6 inches from the surface. This method ensures heavy crops of "grass" and greater permanency of plantation. Seed should be sown from July to October. An occasional dressing of salt during the winter is very beneficial. Quantity of seed required—1 oz. will sow a bed of 15 square yards to remain, or 1 oz. will sow 3 square yards to transplant at one or two years old.



Use our "Original" SNAIL & SLUG DESTROYER—sure death to all pests—6d. & 1s. packet; postage extra.

ARTICHOKE.



GLOBE ARTICHOKE.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in beds of light soil in Autumn or Spring (March or September), and transplant the Autumn or Spring following in rows, 4 to 6 feet by 6 to 8 feet apart. The soil need not be highly manured. The Jerusalem Artichoke, although of the same natural order as the common species, is altogether a different plant. Instead of seed, it is propagated by tubers, which should be planted in Spring, in rows 4 or 5 feet apart, and 12 to 18 inches apart in the rows.

Large Green Globe.—Large globular heads of excellent flavour; best for ordinary use. 6d. per packet.

Large Purple.—Bears large purple heads; favourite French variety. 6d. per packet.
Jerusalem.—This variety is not produced from seed. Price of Tubers only, Common. 3d. lb.; Mammoth White, 4d. lb.

BROAD BEANS. Postage, 9d. per lb. extra.

CULTIVATION.—A strong loamy soil is most favourable for this crop, and, if the land has been prepared previously with a good dressing of decayed manure so much the better. Plant in double rows 3 feet apart, leaving about 9 inches between each bean; to some of the stronger varieties a still greater space should be allowed. When the beans are in full bloom, pinch out the tops so as to encourage them to set their pods. Sow from March to July.

Goliath, New Broad Windsor.—The largest and most prolific Broad Bean in cultivation; finest market sort. The pods, which are produced in great profusion, are long, and of the most mellow and delicious flavour. 1/- per lb.

and often contain as many as 4 to 6 large beans, which are of the most mellow and delicious flavour. 1/- per lb.

Taylor's Broad Windsor.—Suitable for main crop, containing two or three beans of excellent flavour, 6d. per lb.

Harlington Windsor.—Suitable for main crop, bearing short broad flat pods. 6d. per lb.

Carter's Leviathan Long Pod is exceedingly prolific, bearing very long pods, each containing from 8 to 10 well-flavoured beans; suitable for either early, late, or main crops, being hardy, and will adapt itself to any season; grows 3 to 5 feet high, and should be planted in rows 3 to 4 feet apart. 6d. per lb.

BEANS—Dwarf French or Kidney.

8d. per lb. except where priced, postage 9d. per lb. extra.

CULTIVATION.—These general favourites are, fortunately, easily grown. With generous treatment they continue to yield abundantly throughout the greater portion of the year, and are therefore a most useful vegetable to grow. The Beans are planted in drills in double or single rows. For Dwarfs about 2 feet apart, for the taller kinds 4 feet apart will be close enough. Choose the warmest aspect and the best tilled ground for the early sowing of French Beans, which are sensitive to frost, and must not be sown until late in September. Successional crops may be sown once a month until January. If the weather becomes dry, the ground should be mulched and water be frequently given.

Somner's Advance, the best Dwarf Bean in cultivation.—A very prolific Dwarf variety, sure to become a great favourite. It is very early, strong-growing, hardy, bushy in habit, with long green pods. 6d. per packet, per post, 9d.; 1/- per lb., per post, 1/9.

Canadian Wonder.—One of the finest varieties in cultivation, prolific, very large pods, excellent flavour. With careful cultivation this variety will provide an almost inexhaustible supply of pods, varying from 8 to 12 inches in length.

Negro Long-Podded.—Distinct from, and decidedly superior to the ordinary Negro Bean, the pods being larger, more fleshy, handsomer, and produced in greater abundance.

St. John's Day.—A truly dwarf variety, remarkable for its earliness and great productiveness. This variety is one of those from which the first green pods (*Haricots Verts*) may be gathered, and the seeds themselves, being very floury and of excellent quality, may be eaten either fresh as flageolets or dried. Its great earliness, combined with productiveness, renders this variety especially adaptable for use in private gardens. 1/- per packet.

Early Pale Dun.—One of the earliest and most productive varieties; the pods are straight, 5 or 6 inches in length, tender and succulent.

New White Canadian Wonder.—(See coloured pages).



SOMNER'S ADVANCE.

Butter Beans or Waxpod.

Dwarf Butter—"Startler" Waxpod.—A very prolific variety coming in early. Pods 6 to 8 inches long, yielding an abundant supply all through the Summer. 6d. per packet; 1/- per lb.

Dwarf Golden Butter Wax (Black Seeded).—The plant is extremely dwarf and bushy in habit of growth. It is enormously prolific, yielding an abundant supply of pods 4 inches long, of a lovely delicate wax-like appearance, which are tender, fleshy, quite stringless, almost transparent, and of excellent flavour. They can be cooked whole. (See Illustration.) 6d. per packet; 1/- lb.

Dwarf Valentine Wax.—This is, without any exception, the earliest Wax Bean in use. The pods are very meaty, and with so very little string that they may justly be called stringless. Combined with these valuable features of extreme earliness and excellence of quality is its enormous productiveness. The pods are well held up from the ground. 6d. per packet, per post, 9d.; 1/6 per lb., per post 2/3.

Mont d'Or, or Golden Butter Wax (Runner) is one of the most prolific of the wax varieties, of excellent flavour, matures early, easily staked, and possesses the valuable qualifications of being perfectly stringless and of a delicate lemon colour. 6d. per packet; 9d. per lb.

Our Seeds always grow and produce Vegetables of the finest quality.



DWARF GOLDEN BUTTER WAX BEAN.



SNAKE OR YARD-LONG BEANS.

narrow pods, 2 to 3 feet in length ; it yields immense crops, and the beans are produced in bunches. The pods are stringless, and of very delicate flavour. They are easily prepared for table, being simply cut in required lengths. This bean will be found very suitable for growing in the very hot parts of the colony, and is a useful acquisition to gardens on stations in the interior. It is a tall variety, and requires sticking. (See Illustration). 6d. per packet ; per post, 8d.

Scarlet Runner.—This variety is valuable as an ornamental climber, also very useful as a vegetable. It is very prolific, and a continuous bearer. 1s. per lb.

White Dutch Runner.—This variety, which is also known as the Case-knife, is amongst the best of the climbing section, being hardy, robust, and prolific. The pods are long and flattened, and require to be gathered for use when quite young. The rows require to be about 5 feet apart. 8d. per lb.

Three Grand New French Beans—

GIANT RUNNER COUNT ZEPPELIN GIANT RUNNER PRINCESS
and **DWARF WHITE CANADIAN WONDER.**

(See Coloured Pages).

TONGAN OR MADAGASCAR RUNNER BEAN.

A real acquisition to our Culinary Vegetables. It is a very strong, evergreen perennial climber, and produces prodigious quantities of large flat beans of excellent quality ; used like French beans. It is estimated that in a warm situation and good soil two plants of this bean will supply a small family with this delicious and wholesome vegetable for nine months in the year. The plant is also very ornamental, and may be utilised for covering unsightly objects. 6d. per packet.

LIMA BEANS.

CULTIVATION.—These should not be planted until warm weather has fairly set in (say, end of October). The tall variety requires stakes or poles about 5 feet high. They are shelled and cooked, and served with butter, like Broad Beans, which they somewhat resemble in flavour, but are far more nutritious. In America they are very largely grown and highly esteemed.

Henderson's Bush Lima.—A dwarf variety growing about 18 inches high ; very productive, and requiring no support. (See Illustration). 6d. per packet, 9d. per post ; 1s. per lb., per post, 1s. 9d.

Challenger, Tall.—The best of all the tall growing varieties of Lima Beans. The pods are larger and better filled than any other variety we have grown, and the quality is all that can be desired. The plants are of strong growth, and show little disposition to rust, and they produce an enormous crop of pods into the winter. 6d. per packet, per post, 9d. ; per lb., 1s. 6d., per post, 2s. 3d.



HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA BEAN.

Colac, 7/9/09.

Dear Sir,—I have always found all your seeds reliable,
E. W. WILLIAMS.

Trafalgar, W.A.

Dear Sir,—All the seeds that I purchased from you, when
over your side, were very satisfactory,—F. P. RIVERS.

TRY OUR COLLECTIONS OF VEGETABLE SEEDS, THEY ARE THE BEST OFFERED.

FRENCH BEANS, CLIMBING.

Postage, 9d. per lb. extra.

CULTIVATION.—See Dwarf Varieties.

Veitch's Climbing French.—It combines the best features of the two types—Dwarf French and Scarlet Runner. It comes earlier than the Runner Beans, and has all the delicate flavour and quality of the dwarfs. The pods are very long, narrow, pulpy, and brittle, and very fine in the grain. They are borne freely from a foot high up to the top of the haulm, which has the habit of a Runner Bean, and grows up to 6 or 7 feet. The abundance of handsome pods on the plant strikes everyone who sees them. It is an undoubted acquisition. 1s. per pkt. ; per post, 1s. 5d.

Mammoth White Runner, The Czar—is an enormous podded white runner bean, the pods of which run from 12 to 16 inches in length, are very thick, fleshy, and almost stringless, often 2 inches in diameter, and produced in clusters, and no other bean approximates this for size, quality, and productiveness. 6d. per pkt. ; per post, 8d. ; 2s. per lb. ; per post, 2s. 9d.

Zebra, Napoleon or Mohawk.—This is an excellent variety, known under the three names given above, possessing a hardy, vigorous habit, and will stand our Australian climate better than most kinds. It is a free bearer and lasts for a considerable time, but, like all varieties of the climbing families, the pods require to be gathered when young. The rows should be 5 feet apart. 8d. per lb.

Snake, or French Yard-long.—This variety bears long,



VEITCH'S CLIMBING.

BEET.

CULTIVATION.—A strong, loamy soil is most suitable for Beet, though a fair crop can be obtained from ordinary good soil. Seed may be sown at any time of the year in this part of the world, but the most favourable period in mild districts is in the Autumn, about March or April, as, when sown then, the plants will be able to make a strong growth before the advent of the hot season. In localities where frosts are severe, sowings must be left till Spring. The seed should be sown in drills 18 inches apart, covering it to the depth of an inch; and if the ground is dry, it will be an advantage to water the drills before sowing the seed. Thin out to about 6 to 8 inches apart.

Somner's Best of all—This is the finest Salad Beet ever introduced. It is not adapted for flower garden decoration, but the roots are perfect in shape, a moderate size, free from coarseness, the flesh being of a uniform deep red colour, without any rings of a lighter tint, and the rich flavour surpasses everything in cultivation. As a kitchen garden Beet, we unhesitatingly say this is the "Best of All." 1s. per packet; 1s. 6d. per oz.

Somner's Melbourne Market—An extra early turnip-rooted variety. This new variety is remarkable for perfect symmetry of shape, freedom from side or fibrous roots, and fine quality; flesh deepest blood red, fine grain, very sweet and tender. It is a good market sort, not growing over-large and coarse, as do many of the turnip-rooted kinds. Suitable for shallow soils. (See illustration). 1s. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Champion Blood Red—One of the best varieties for market gardeners and private use. Of delicate flavour, bright, rich in colour, fine grain, very sweet, and retaining its deep colour when cooked, 6d. per packet 1s. per oz.

Extra Early Eclipse—The Eclipse is fully as early as the Egyptian, and of better quality. The roots grow perfectly smooth, of round shape, intense blood-red skin and flesh, fine grained, and sweet. Its small top, extreme earliness, and heavy cropping qualities recommend it to market gardeners. 6d. per oz.

Egyptian, Turnip-rooted—One of the earliest Beet in cultivation; deep crimson, excellent quality. 6d. per oz.

Covent Garden Blood Red—One of the finest table varieties in cultivation. 6d. per oz.

Silver or Sea Kale—A most useful vegetable in the States; throws a fine crop of spinach-like leaves during our driest summers, and should be in every garden. 6d. per oz.

Silver or Sea Kale, English Perpetual—A valuable variety of the above, robust grower, and very profitable; can be cut all the year round. 9d. per oz. 6d. per packet.

TWO NEW BEETS—New Swiss Chard Beet, Lucullus—(see coloured pages).

Red Beet, Brydon's Exhibition—(see coloured pages)



IMPROVED SIBERIAN KALE.

Borecole or Kale

3d. & 6d. pkt.,
9d. oz.

CULTIVATION.—Deeply worked, strong rich soil is most suitable for this vegetable. Sow on a bed that is well sheltered; when the plants are vigorous and fit to handle, transplant into rows; let the plants stand 18 inches from each other, and the rows at least three feet apart. Sow seed from December to end of February.

Improved Siberian—This is comparatively a new variety; spoken of very highly; extensively grown for winter greens; sown in the early Autumn, in rows one foot apart, and treated in every way the same as Spinach, will produce a very excellent winter vegetable. (See illustration)

Dwarf Green Curled—Dwarf variety; leaves of a bright green beautifully curled.

Abergeldie—A dwarf curled Kale, of extreme beauty, good colour, delicate mellow flavour, and as doubled as a fine curled parsley. This is a valuable winter green, and will be found a very useful and extremely handsome garnish.

Ragged Jack—Extremely hardy. One of the best, being very tender and of fine flavour when cooked.

Carter's Improved Garnishing—This will produce more than twenty varieties, some of which are worthy of a place in the green house, being quite equal in colour to the new Coleus; the colours vary from rich crimson to white, laced and fringed.

Kale Plants, 1/- per 100, (in bundles of 50).

Brussels Sprouts.

Our Vegetable Manure is worth its weight in gold. Try it. 7lb. Bag, 2s. 6d.

Cultivation.—Our directions for the management of Borecole will apply also to this crop. Be careful that plants have plenty of space between the rows, and when removing the first crop of Sprouts do so with a knife, so as to leave as small a wound as possible. Seeds should be sown from November to January.

Somner's Colossal—A remarkably fine, distinct, and early variety; the plants are of vigorous growth, perfectly hardy, and very productive, the stems being entirely covered from top to bottom with fine large sprouts, which are very firm and solid, remarkably tender and of delicate flavour, remaining a long time fit for use. This grand variety is unequalled for exhibition purposes, and is the best for general use where large and solid sprouts are a desideratum. 1s. per packet.

Veitch's Exhibition—This is a remarkably fine and early variety. The plants are vigorous and very productive. Sprouts large, tender, and solid. 6d. per packet.

Scrymger's Giant—From a choice selected stock; stems covered with firm, compact, globular sprouts. 1s. per oz.; 3d. and 6d. per packet.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS PLANTS, 1s. per 100 (in bundles of 50.)



BEET—SOMNER'S MELBOURNE MARKET.

Dell's Blood Red Black Leaf Extra Selected—A great improvement on the old variety, the foliage is compact and a very glossy black and somewhat curled, making it better for ornamental purposes, for which no better variety exists. The flesh is a deep red, well flavored, retaining its fine colour when boiled, and quality unsurpassed. 6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.





BROCCOLI—MONARCH.

sink in. The young plants, when fit to handle, may be planted out where they are to remain.

Monarch.—It produces large heads, compact and pure white; its leaves envelope the head very closely, similar to an Autumn protecting Cauliflower, and keep in a young state until late in the season. Even in the hottest summer, it has withstood the natural tendency to throw out its seed-stalks; it has also resisted the late cold winter in England, when placed in the most exposed situations. No matter what the winter or what the summer is, this Broccoli will prove itself as the surest-heading late Broccoli yet offered, and a decided acquisition to growers. (See Illustration). 2s. per packet.

Veitch's Self-protecting Autumn.—Valuable variety for Autumn and early Winter use; beautiful white heads, firm, compact, and well protected. 1s. per packet.

Walcheren.—This is an excellent and useful kind, and can always be depended upon. It is hardy, bears large white compact heads. May be sown from January to August. 2s. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Adam's Early White.—An excellent type of the early white Broccoli, with compact heads. Sow January to March. 1/6 per oz.; 6d. per pkt.
Wilcove's Superb Late White.—An excellent and much esteemed very late variety, with large compact pure white heads, very similar to the Cauliflower. May be sown from January to August. 1s. 6d. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Southampton Improved.—This is a late variety, producing heads of the purest white, large in size, and well flavoured. Sow February to July. 1s. 6d. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Knight's Protecting.—Pure white, very large head; strongly recommended. 1s. 6d. per oz.; 6d. per packet. Sow January to August.

Broccoli Plants, 1s. per 100 (in bundles of 50).



VEITCH'S SELF-PROTECTING AUTUMN BROCCOLI.

Cape Gooseberry.

(*Physalis Edulis*). Tall. 6d. per packet.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in a seed-pan or warm border, and prick out the plants when fit to handle, so that they will stand about three feet apart. Keep weeds down, and stir the soil occasionally. Sow seed in September. The fruit is fit for dessert, and also makes a delicious jam or jelly.

Giant Japanese Cape Gooseberry (*Physalis Francheti*).—A new giant variety from Japan of this popular fruit, which is twice the size of the ordinary kind. It grows from one and a half to two feet high, is of erect habit, and covered with beautiful foliage, which shows off its brilliant seed pods to great advantage. The latter, the striking feature of the plant, are almost globular, over two inches in diameter, of a shining orange red tint, and enclose a cherry-like fruit of the same colour. Very valuable for all sorts of decorative work, and it produces a most striking effect in the garden. Any soil will suit it. 6d. per packet.

Caper of Commerce. 6d. per packet.

CULTIVATION.—This plant may be sown in any spare corner of the garden, is perfectly hardy, and does well in any ordinary good soil. The flower buds are the parts used, forming the Caper of commerce. Can be grown from cuttings, and raised from seed in September. When strong enough plant out. Cut them back every third or fourth year.



CAPE GOOSEBERRY.



CAPER.

CRESS.

CULTIVATION.—Sow the curled variety very thickly in a rich border, where there is abundant moisture, selecting a shady corner; if this is not to be had, cover over with boughs, so as to draw the plants and make them crisp. Watercress can be easily raised from seed sown on the bank of a creek or waterhole, where there is plenty of moisture; if among weeds, so much the better; the salad will be fit to gather in about two months. Sow Garden Varieties every two or three months throughout the year.

Tripled Curled.—A useful and distinct variety, excellent for salad and garnishing, 4d. per oz.

Water (*Sisymbrium nasturtium*).—May be easily grown in any moist situation. 6d. per packet.

American or Land.—A hardy variety, resembling the Watercress in leaf and flavour. 6d. per oz.

Australian or Golden Yellow.—A splendid golden broad-leaf variety, very fine flavour. 6d. per oz.

Indian or Nasturtium.—6d. per oz.

TRY THE WHITE CANADIAN WONDER BEANS,
Marvellous Cropper.—(See Coloured Pages.)

CABBAGE. 3d. & 6d. pkt.; 9d. oz. (except where priced).

Special Price per lb. to Market Gardeners. See page 31.

CULTIVATION.—This deservedly esteemed and useful vegetable can be cultivated during the whole year, and on every description of soil; ample feeding is, however, necessary, and this can be supplied either by well-rotted stable manure, bonedust or other manures; if bonedust is employed, we recommend its being dug in. Sow in a seed-bed, and when the plants are in the second leaf, plant into rows 3 feet apart. The most useful Cabbage to resist the aphid in Summer is St. John's Day, and the following are esteemed by market gardeners as being the best Winter varieties:—East Ham, London, and Enfield Market. To keep up a constant supply of Cabbage, seed should be sown at intervals, say two months apart, throughout the year.



CABBAGE—SOMNER'S ELEPHANT.

SOMNER'S ELEPHANT.—The flavour is exquisite, of the main crop class, and does not readily run to seed; will withstand our driest summers—a feature that should not be overlooked by growers. The heads are large and firm, with few outside leaves, and is invaluable both for market gardeners and private growers; for exhibition it is a sure prize winner. (See Illustration). 1/6 per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Early Battersea or Fulham.—A fine large variety, with large, well-set, compact heads, suitable for market garden purposes.

London Market. } Very useful for winter and summer use, good
Enfield Market. } quality, attains a large size without any tendency to coarseness. We would recommend sowing in the latter part of the Summer and Autumn only.

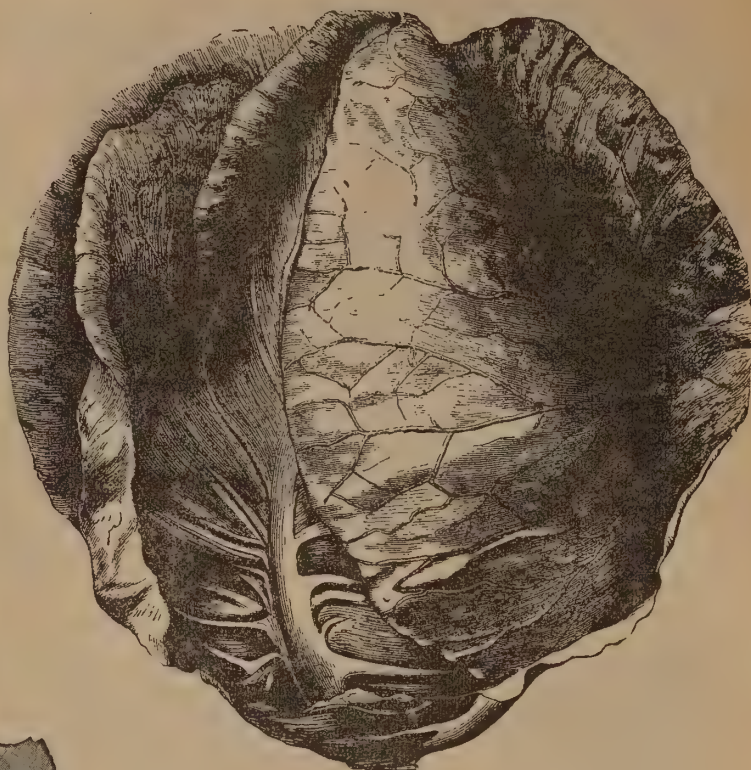
Schweinfurt.—This is about the largest of the garden varieties, being early, compact and forming large solid heads. It is also sown largely for field culture.

Drumhead (Common).—A large variety, suitable for cattle.

East Ham.—A very old and well known variety, which has been cultivated for the last 100 years. It grows large, is hardy, with good firm heads; adapted for Winter and Spring use, but does not stand the Summer well.

Danish Ballhead.—This excellent variety is very hardy, solid, and a splendid keeper; head very uniform, grows to a large size, of fine flavour and colour. 6d. packet; 1/6 per oz.

Two New Cabbages—The Leader, Danish Round Head. See coloured pages. . . CABBAGE PLANTS, 1/- 100; (in bundles of 50).



CABBAGE—SOMNER'S GIANT EARLY MARROW.

Somner's Giant Early Marrow. The Finest in the World.

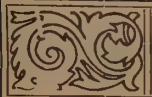
We highly recommend this magnificent Cabbage, which we claim to be the finest in the world. It is remarkably early, short-legged and compact, and grows to a great size at the same time retaining all the tenderness and delicacy of flavour of the smaller varieties. First class for the private grower or market gardener. The seed we offer, which is our own true stock, has been carefully grown from the stalks of fully developed and first-class cabbages only, and will be found of an unequalled and thoroughly reliable quality. 1/- per packet; 3/- per oz.

St. John's Day, Early.—Quite distinct from the large St. John's Day; one of the earliest cabbages grown, firm hearting, and one of the best to grow in hot districts.

Melbourne St. John's Day, Large Late.—One of the best for summer use, highly recommended for growing during the hot Summer season, as it withstands both the heat and the cabbage aphid.



MELBOURNE ST. JOHN'S, LARGE LATE.



CABBAGE—*Continued.*

Somner's Federation.

The reports received from our customers respecting this Cabbage fully maintain the high reputation under which it was first introduced by us in 1897; viz., the earliest, of large size and excellent quality. The seed now offered has been reselected and specially grown under conditions which make it most reliable. (See Illustration). 2/- per oz.; 1/- per packet.

Succession.—This is undoubtedly one of the most valuable additions to our list of cabbages during recent years. We can recommend it for the market gardener or private grower, as it is a perfect Cabbage in every respect, being of the largest size, handsome in colour, and of the finest quality. In addition to this, it has no tendency whatever to run to seed, and is equally good for early main crop or winter use. 1/- per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Surehead.—This variety is one of the finest Cabbages ever raised, produces large, round flattened heads, which are very uniform, very hard, and of fine texture, and weigh from ten to twenty pounds. For flavour it is unsurpassed, and its keeping qualities are all that can be desired. We can with confidence recommend it to cabbage growers. 1/- per oz.; 6d. per packet.

All Seasons.—This variety may be sown early or late; it forms hard, round, flat heads, growing to a large size quickly and surely. 1/6 per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Extra Early Etampes.—A fine variety of French introduction, which has attracted a great deal of attention, not only on account of its extreme earliness, but also from its peculiarly-shaped head.



CABBAGE—SOMNER'S FEDERATION.

Early Dwarf York.—A very valuable early variety. Heads small, rather heart-shaped, firm and tender, of very dwarf growth, and may be planted from 15 to 18 inches apart.

Large York.—Similar in shape to Early York, though much larger. An excellent Cabbage, suitable for Winter and Spring use.

Wheeler's Imperial. } Excellent early varieties; the best for small
Little Pixie. } gardens.

Meins, No. 1.—A valuable variety, either for Spring or Autumn sowing. Medium-sized, compact, and distinct.

Early Sugar-loaf.—An early variety, with conical-shaped heads of medium size.

Flat Parisian.—A splendid early Cabbage, flat, solid heads and uniform. It is of delicate flavour. 6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.

Red—Niggerhead.—The darkest Red Cabbage, red to the heart, and one of the best of all the Red Cabbages. The head is solid and heavy. The Red Cabbage, when boiled in the ordinary way, is far superior in flavour to the white.



SUREHEAD.

Large Red Drumhead.—This is decidedly the best variety in cultivation for this part of the world; it has large round, firm heads; is generally well coloured and hardy; this may be planted at various times, but does best when put in late in the Summer or in the Autumn; requires to be planted 2 feet 6 inches apart.

Burpee's Early Allhead is the earliest of all large Cabbage, and fully one-third larger than any other early Summer Cabbage. The deep, flat heads are remarkably solid, and the most uniform in colour, shape and size of any variety. As tenderness is the result of rapid growth, it surpasses all others in this respect. The heads grow so compactly and free from spreading leaves, that fully one thousand more heads can be obtained to the acre. It is wonderfully adaptable—really an all-the-year-round Cabbage. It is the most thoroughbred of all cabbages. 1/6 per oz.; 6d. per packet.

CABBAGE PLANTS, 1/- 100 (in bundles of 50.)





SAVOY—DRUMHEAD, SELECTED STOCK.

CABBAGES—Continued.

Savoy or Winter Cabbage.

9d. per doz.; 3d. and 6d. per packet.

A hardy variety of Cabbage, suitable for Winter growth. The seed here offered has been grown by us from specially-selected stock

CULTIVATION.—The general cultivation of Savoy is very similar to that of the Cabbage. Savoys are generally preferred for winter use, being of better flavour, and not so rank when grown large. The best time to sow the seed is from December to March.

Dwarf Green Curled—Early compact variety, with dark-green curled leaves, firm white heart; an excellent variety for general use.

Drumhead—Selected Stock—The largest variety, with fine, large, and flat heart; good for market purposes (See Illustration)

Early Dwarf Ulm—This is a small-growing variety, with round, solid heads, which comes to maturity much quicker than the Drumhead.

Little Pixie—Excellent small variety, good flavour, and suitable for small gardens.

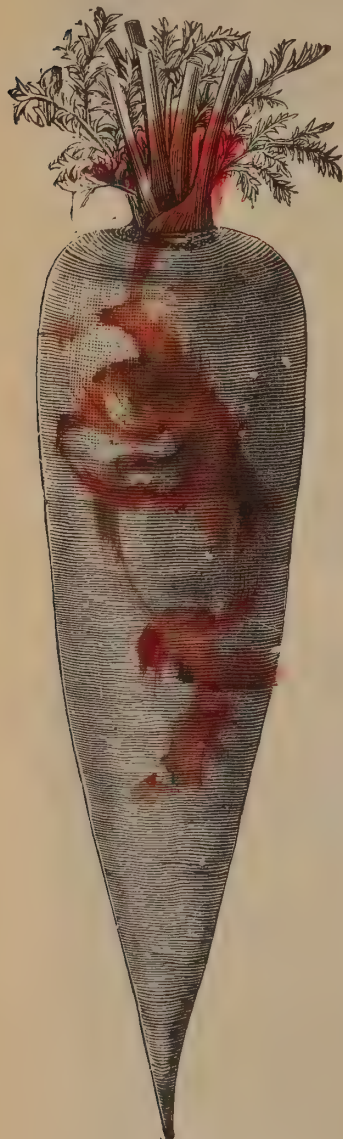
Savoy Plants, 1/- per 100 (in bundles of 50).

New Savoy—The Premier. (See Coloured Pages).

SOMNER'S EARLY
MARKET is the Best
of all Carrots.

CARROT.

3d. packet.
6d. per oz.



CARROT—JAMES' IMPROVED
INTERMEDIATE.

CULTIVATION—Drill in on land that has been deeply dug or trenched, and that had a heavy dressing for a previous crop; avoid fresh manure, for it will encourage the roots to fork. Sow in drills from 12 to 18 inches apart, and thin out as soon as possible to the necessary distance. Keep the soil stirred to prevent caking. Keep weeds well down. The main crop of Carrots should be sown between March and September, and, to keep up a constant supply, about three sowings should be made during that period—the first in March or April, the second about the middle of June, and the last in August or September.

Somner's Early Market—The best of all Carrots. An excellent early variety of very fine quality, with very small core, very rich in colour. Unsurpassed for market and private gardens. It is without doubt one of the finest in cultivation. 6d. per packet; 1/- per ounce.

Chantenay—Is of vigorous, rapid growth, and remarkably early. The roots, which are about 6 inches long, are of a bright glossy scarlet colour; flesh sweet and fine flavoured, and by its remarkable combination of good qualities deserves to be largely grown.

The Gem—A new variety, roots 4 to 5 inches in length, and about 3 inches in diameter, though they have been grown to nearly double these dimensions. Quality first rate, being very tender, with almost entire absence of core.

James' Improved Intermediate—Clear, bright-red skin, flesh very close in texture with little core; invaluable for bunching. (See Illustration.)

Guerande, or Oxheart—A French variety of recent introduction, and is a decided acquisition. It is intermediate between James' Scarlet and the Horn varieties, and is perfectly distinct. The shape is nearly oval, and the colour and quality all that can be desired.

French Horn—Very sweet, small, and almost round; comes quickly to maturity, valuable for early crop.

Early Scarlet Short Horn—Deep-red skin and flesh, fine grained, crisp, and well flavoured, matures early.

Sinclair's Champion
Large Altringham
White Belgian Yellow Belgian
(See Field Varieties.)



SOMNER'S EARLY
MARKET.

CAULIFLOWER.



CAULIFLOWER—DEAN'S EARLY SNOWBALL.

Dean's Early Snowball.—True imported English. Splendid variety, matures in four months from time of sowing. (See Illustration). 1s. 6d. per packet.

Carter's Dwarf Mammoth.—This is an excellent variety, of compact dwarf habit, with very large, firm white heads. It is very hardy, stands drought better than most others, and may be had in succession throughout the Autumn and Winter. 3s. per oz.; 6d. per packet.



CAULIFLOWER—GILT-EDGE.

CULTIVATION—Many gardeners make a sowing about Christmas with a chance of a crop only, as there is no vegetable so dependent on the season. If the weather is unfavorable the plants will run to leaf, and result only in disappointment. We recommend sowing about the end of January, in a sheltered corner, and pricking out when in the second leaf into well-enriched soil, giving space between the rows. Care must be taken that the plants do not remain too long in the seed-bed, so as to become stunted, or good heads cannot be obtained.



CAULIFLOWER—MELBOURNE LATE ECLIPSE.

Melbourne Late Eclipse.—(The Perfection in Cauliflowers). A splendid variety for all purposes, both for private and market gardens, producing heads of a very large size; very solid; of a remarkably pure white. It is the best late variety yet grown, and a great favourite with growers, brings the highest prices in our market; very hardy; stands dry weather well. 6d. packet; 3s. oz. (See Illustration).

Woodmason's Early.—A splendid variety; largely grown by market gardeners; it is much larger than Early London, and comes to maturity a little later than that variety. 2s. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Erfurt Giant.—An excellent variety, producing fine white heads which remain a long time in perfection. 4s. per oz.; 1s. per packet.

Early Eclipse.—This new and perfectly distinct variety comes into use about the time of Veitch's Autumn, but is more self-protecting, the heads larger and pure white. It stands dry, hot weather better than any other Cauliflower. 2s. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Early London.—Early variety; good for general crop. 1s. 6d. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Walcheren.—Invaluable for general use. 1s. 6d. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Large Asiatic.—Very fine large white variety; a good second early. 1s. 6d. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Veitch's Autumn Giant.—Distinct and of great merit; the heads are large, beautiful, firm and compact. 2s. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

GILT-EDGE—Matures early, producing large uniformly-shaped snow-white heads, which are well protected by the leaves. It is particularly hardy; grows to a great size; stands a long time; and without doubt the heaviest, surest, and best of all sorts yet produced. (See Illustration). 1s. 6d. per packet.

Dry Weather Cauliflower.—(See coloured pages).

Cauliflower Plants, 1s. 100 (in bundles of 50).

Capsicum, or Pepper.

6d. per packet; Collection of six varieties for 2s.

CULTIVATION. Sow in a small bed on a warm border, and transplant when the plants are sufficiently advanced to remove. Plant in rich soil, in rows about 2 feet apart, and at least 18 inches in the row. The Sweet Spanish will require 6 inches extra space each way. The small sorts are best adapted for *saucers*, the large ones for *stews* and *pickles*. The best months for sowing are September and October.

Ruby King.—Ordinarily they grow 4½ to 6 inches long by 3½ to 4 inches thick. When ripe they are a beautiful bright, ruby-red colour.

Elephant's Trunk.—Very fleshy scarlet fruits, 10 to 12 inches long and 3 to 4 inches broad; of very mild flavour. Resembling in shape the trunk of an elephant.

Golden Dawn.—Fruit particularly mild, colour golden yellow; twelve to twenty-four on a single plant; very ornamental. (See Illustration).

Large Bell, Sweet Spanish, or Bull Nose.—An early variety, of mild flavour, fruit large, slightly tapering.

Long Red Cayenne.—Fruit brilliant coral red, conical, from 3 or 4 inches in length; very productive.

Celestial.—A very ornamental and useful Pepper; creamy white, changing to vivid scarlet.

Small Italian.—For frying, very sweet and mild. 6d. per packet.

We can also supply the following well-known varieties:—

Small Chili, Long Yellow Cayenne, Prince of Wales, Red Cherry.



CAPSICUM—GOLDEN DAWN.

CELERY.

3d. and 6d. per packet, 9d. per oz.; except where priced.



CELERY—SOMNER'S GOLDEN HEART.

stalks average 2 inches wide, and nearly that in diameter, and are always very Crisp and brittle. It is a vigorous grower, and blanches very easily, requiring only five to six days' earthing up, when the outer stalks present a beautiful clear white appearance. It is an excellent keeper, does not rust or rot, and retains its crisp, brittle qualities. 1s. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Turner's Incomparable White—Very dwarf; keeps a long time before running.

Wright's Grove White—A fine variety of unequalled crispness.

Cole's Crystal White—Well known variety, large and crisp.

Celeriac, or Turnip-Rooted—Used for flavouring soups.

RED CELERY SEED.

For Medicinal Purposes. In great demand for Rheumatism, Siatica, etc. One teaspoonful to a quart of cold water. Boil, then simmer for three or four hours, strain and bottle. Do not cork until cold. 6d. per oz.; 3s. 6d. per lb.

CULTIVATION—Few vegetables exhibit more prominently the features which result from good culture than does Celery. If it receives any check during its entire growth, the invariable result is that the produce becomes either stringy or bolts; and indeed, not infrequently, both; and the latter sometimes happens at a very early date in the Autumn. Too early sowing also causes the latter to happen sometimes, following very arid summers; hence it is not advisable to sow but sufficient for a few first rows when the early sowing has to be made. As regards the date of sowing, the grower must determine this according to the date when the earlier supply is in demand. In some establishments it is required by the beginning of April or before; though generally consumers like it to remain until cold nights and a little frost have given it less of that strong natural taste which it invariably has at such times as the leaves are young, active, and in full growth. The best time to sow seed for the main crop is November or December; successional sowings may also be made in February and March. The seeds may be sown in the open ground, or in a pot or box filled with rich soil. Sow moderately thin, so that the young plants will not be too much crowded in the early stages, and must be covered very lightly with soil; water freely and keep shaded. When the plants are fit to handle, prick out into trenches that have been dug 2 ft. deep, in the bottom place 3 inches of fine rich old manure, adding an equal depth of soil, mix well together, and on this compost place the young plants, supplying them with ample moisture. As the plants progress earth up with the soil thrown out in making the trenches, so as to secure fine, crisp, well-blanching Celery. Take care not to press the soil too firmly around the hearts, and avoid letting crumbs of soil fall into the hearts of the plants beside, as if carelessness be permitted in either case there will be great danger that the "sticks" will grow crooked, or become "seated," as it is commonly called. All successive crops must be earthed up in rotation, and at studied intervals apart, but each should, at the advent of Winter, have sufficient soil placed around them to protect from frost.

Somner's Golden Heart—A distinct variety, of sturdy dwarf habit. It is entirely solid, an excellent keeper, and of fine nutty flavour. When blanched, the heart, which is large and full, is of pure golden yellow, making this an exceedingly showy and desirable variety for both market and private use. (See illustration.) 1s. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Brydon's Prize White—Fine variety for exhibition, very large, solid and crisp, with a splendid nutty flavour. A great favourite in England, and a variety that has come to stay. 1/- per packet.

Giant Pascal—The stalks are wonderfully large, thick, solid, and entirely stringless. When fully grown, the outer

Henderson's White Plume—A crisp, solid, and fine-flavoured variety, requiring but little earthing up to blanch. 1s. 6d. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Laing's Mammoth Red—This is one of the most robust sorts, attaining a large size, and running to seed late; the stalks are bright red, very solid, and well flavoured.

Soup Celery—For flavouring. 3d. per oz.; 2s. 6d. per lb. Posted 3s. 3d. per lb.



BRYDON'S PRIZE WHITE.

CELERY PLANTS, 2/- per 100 (in Bundles of 25).



SWEET CORN.

Sweet Corn or Table Maize.

6d. per cob; 1/- per lb.

For Postage Rates, see Page 2.

Darling's Sugar.
Country Gentleman.

Pop.

Stowell's Evergreen.
Mammoth.

And numerous other varieties.

The garden varieties of Maize are largely used in the United States as table vegetables; they are used both in the ripe and unripe state. Plant from September to January, in rows 4 feet apart, and 1 foot in the rows. (See Illustration.)

CORN SALAD.

A very useful Salad. Cultivation same as Lettuce.

Large Round Leaved—Very hardy. 6d. per packet; 1s. per oz.

Order our Collections of Vegetable Seeds; they are the Best offered.

Try our "Tip Top" Plant Food
6d. per pkt., 1/- and 1/6 per tin.

CUCUMBER.

6d. packet, except where priced. Collection of 6 Varieties, 2/-

CULTIVATION—The Cucumber is not particular as to soil; so that it be light, rich and loamy, it may be nearly all sand, if only manure be added; but hard, impervious soil should not be used. Cucumbers for the open ground may be raised in pots, placed under a warm wall in August, or in a frame, or sown in a warm border, under a hand glass. In September, October, and November they may be sown in the open ground. Most gardeners open holes where Cucumbers are to be planted, and fill them with well-rotted dung, covering the top of it with a few inches of soil, in which the seed is sown. Others prefer manuring the ground all over, merely adding a little rich soil where the seed is sown; and not a few who have made considerable sums of money by raising them, open out trenches 3 feet wide and 18 inches deep, placing 1 foot of manure in the trench, mixing it with layers of soil, and treading the whole down firmly. The lands when finished are level, but as the manure sinks the ground again shows the trenches. The spaces between the trenches should be utilised by other crops. The Cucumber likes plenty of moisture, and, if the season be dry, water must be given, and occasionally liquid manure. Heat, moisture, and the manure are, indeed, the essentials of good Cucumber-growing. In the warmer districts Cucumbers may be sown up to Christmas, but for the latest sowing choose early varieties. Stop the vines if inclined to run too freely.

Japanese Climbing (Early)—Is very early and exceedingly productive. The fruit is excellent either for table use or pickling, being of a medium size, netted, dark green, very tender, and fine flavoured. Admirably adapted for outdoor cultivation (see illustration).

Yokohama Climbing (Late)—A most beautiful late sort; the foliage never suffers from disease. The fruits are cylindrical, bright green and very slightly spined or prickly. Later, if ripe, they turn brighter, almost into wax colour. Flesh, white solid. Bears most abundantly. 1/- packet (growing similar to illustration).

Long Prickly—Very hardy and prolific.

Stockwood (Improved long ridge)—Well-known variety; good flavour.

Long Green Smooth Athens—A splendid variety, very hardy.

Early White Spine—One of the most popular varieties, both for marketing and table use. Vines vigorous, fruiting early and abundantly.

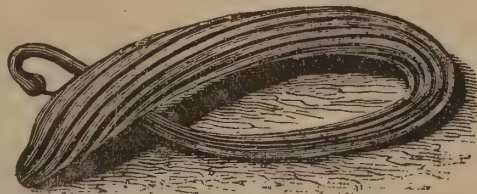
New Cucumber, THE LEMON

Very prolific digestible variety. 1/- per packet. (See Coloured Pages.)



EARLY WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER.

Snake or Serpent
—Remarkable and very interesting curiosity. . . The Cucumbers grow curled up like a snake with the head protruding, and sometimes are six feet in length (see illustration). 6d. per packet.



Snake Cucumber.

EGG PLANT

Improved New York Purple. Long White.
Long Purple. Round White.

Exceedingly effective for conservatory decoration and garnishing.
6d. per packet.

CULTIVATION—We recommend the Egg Plant to be raised in pots or seed-pans, placed in a cool frame. When the plants are thoroughly established, plant out in rich soil where they are to fruit. Shelter, and allow plenty of space between each. When well grown this is a very ornamental plant. The fruit, which can be used either before or after it is ripe, is prepared for table in a variety of ways. A common method is to cut the fruit in slices half-an-inch thick, and soak them over night in salt and water to remove any bitter taste. They are then squeezed, parboiled, and fried with oil or butter, with grated crumbs, seasoning according to taste with pepper, salt, and chopped herbs. They are also boiled in the same way as Vegetable Marrow, to which, when prepared, they bear a great resemblance in flavour. Sow September to November.

ENDIVE

CULTIVATION—This vegetable is a suitable substitution for Lettuce during Winter, and the treatment is similar. To secure delicate white heads, tie them up closely, so that they may become blanched. Rich soil is indispensable if a fine and delicate quality be desired. Sow in February and March, and plant out when fit in rows 2 feet apart. 6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.

Batavian—Broad-leaved, very hardy and desirable for Winter cultivation; tie up for blanching.

Triple Curled Moss—Very compact and ornamental.

Green Curled—Beautifully curled, dark green leaves; an excellent salad.

Our Seeds are always the best and give every satisfaction.



JAPANESE CLIMBING CUCUMBER.

PICKLING VARIETIES.

Short Prickly—We consider this a most valuable variety, being useful and desirable for all purposes alike.

West Indian Gherkin—Free bearing, small-fruited variety; the fruit should be used when 2 or 3 inches long.

Commercial Pickle—It is very uniform in shape and size, tender and crisp when used for slicing; very productive. It retains its dark green colour after pickling.

Everbearing—A beautiful, small-sized, very early, enormously productive, and valuable pickling variety; described as a perfect wonder. The young Cucumbers begin to form when the plants are about a foot long, and continue fruiting abundantly well into the Autumn.

ENGLISH IMPORTED FRAME VARIETIES.

Put up in Packets of from 8 to 20 seeds each.

Model—This Cucumber is the handsomest grown, and of fine flavour. This variety has become popular, both for exhibition and table purposes. It has been awarded over fifty first prizes in the leading competitions of the season in the United Kingdom. 1/- per packet.

Lockie's Perfection—Is now recognised as the choicest Cucumber in cultivation; its handsome shape, short neck, uniform size, beautiful colour and bloom, texture of its flesh, solidity, crispness, and superior flavour, render it invaluable for table purposes. 1/- per packet.

Duke of Edinburgh (Daniel's)—One of the finest white-spined varieties in cultivation, growing rapidly to a length of 30 to 36 inches; very prolific and rich green colour. 1/- per packet.

Rollinson's Telegraph—This is one of the finest and most reliable in cultivation, producing fruit averaging about 18 inches long, of a lively green colour, smooth and symmetrical in shape, and a very free cropper. 1/- per packet.

The following well-known varieties can also be supplied—Covent Garden Favourite, Carter's Champion, Cuthill's Black Spine, Tender and True. THREE NEW CUCUMBERS (see coloured pages).



NEW YORK PURPLE IMPROVED EGG PLANT.

GOURDS, ORNAMENTAL,

Have a very ornamental foliage, and a most singular description of fruit, both as regards shape and markings. Whether on trellis work or trained on walls, they never fail to excite admiration. **6d. per packet.**

Nest Egg.—Grows almost uniformly to the size, colour, and shape of a hen's egg, although some vary in size from a pigeon's egg up to a goose egg, and so exactly like an egg do they appear as to almost deceive anyone. The shells are hard and durable, and make the very best nest-eggs, as they do not crack. The Nest Egg Gourd is a rapid and desirable climber, quickly covering old sheds or any unsightly object with a mass of green foliage, thickly dotted with beautiful white eggs.

Dish-cloth.—This remarkable Japanese Gourd will not only be found extremely useful in covering fences, etc., with its rapid growing foliage, but the matured fruit, with its peculiar lining, will furnish you with a natural dish-cloth, sponge-like and porous, such as are sold in our prominent drug stores. Ladies prefer this dish-cloth to any prepared by art. As a substitute for sponges in the bath, and for many other toilet purposes, they have no equal, and can be used for a long time, their soft and pliable texture enduring long and rough usage.

Ringed. Pear-shaped. Lemon. Orange. Bottle.
Turk's Turban, mixed. Angora. Siphon or Dipper.



GOURD—NEST EGG.

6d. per Packet. HERBS—Sweet, Pot, and Medicinal.

12 Packets for 4s.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in a box or frame; or, where practicable, sow in a seed-bed under the shadow of boughs.

Anise (*Pimpinella anisum*).—The seeds are much used for medicinal purposes; the leaves for garnishing or seasoning.

Balm (*Melissa officinalis*).—For making Balm Tea, which is invaluable in cases of fever; makes also a fine flavoured wine.

Basil, Bush (*Ocimum minimum*).—Used principally for flavouring.

Basil, Sweet (*Ocimum basilicum*).—Used principally for flavouring.

Borage (*Borago officinalis*).—The young leaves are used as a salad or pot herb. A splendid plant for Bees.

Caraway (*Carum carui*).—Chiefly cultivated for the seed, which is used in large quantities in confectionery, medicinally, and also for flavouring.

Chervil (*Cherophyllum bulbiferum*).—Used in salads and for flavouring soups.

Coriander (*Coriandrum sativum*).—Cultivated for garnishing, but more frequently for its seeds, which are used by confectioners.

Dill (*Anethum graveolens*).—The leaves are used in soups, sauces, and pickles.

Fennel (*Anethum feniculum*).—Used in sauces for fish, and for garnishing.

Hyssop (*Hyssopus officinale*).—The leaves and flowers, when dried, are used for making Hyssop Tea.

Lavender (*Lavandula spica*).—Esteemed for its aromatic flowers.

Majoram, Sweet (*Origanum majorana*).—Aromatic and sweet flavour, used in soups and stuffings.

Rosemary (*Rosmarinus officinalis*).—A favourite garden border plant; a decoction of the leaves is good for relieving headaches.

Rue (*Ruta graveolens*).—The leaves are used for garnishing; the plant is now extensively cultivated in poultry yards, having proved an effectual preventive against the many diseases to which poultry are subject, more especially the disease known as roup. It is easy of

cultivation, and poultry are particularly fond of it. Plants can also be supplied—6d. each.

Rocket (*Brassica eruca, eruca sativa*).—Much esteemed on the Continent.

Sage (*Salvia officinalis*).—The leaves are much used for stuffings and sauces.

Savory, Summer (*Satureja hortensis*).

Savory, Winter (*Satureja montana*).

The two preceding are much used in salads and soups; they greatly improve the flavour if boiled with peas or beans.

Tansy (*Tanacetum vulgare*).—Generally used in bitters.

Tarragon, Russian (*Artemisia dracuncululus*).—1s. per packet.

Thyme (*Thymus vulgaris*).—Used in stuffings, soups, and sauces.

Wormwood (*Artemisia absinthium*).

Lemon Thyme, Tarragon, Mint, Peppermint, and Pennyroyal can only be supplied in plants. See page 30.



KOHL RABI, Or Turnip-rooted Cabbage.

9d. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in rows 3 feet apart, and thin out to the same distance as is necessary for Swede Turnips; land in good heart will require no additional dressing. When the bulbs are about 3 inches in diameter they are fit for use; at this stage they will be found a useful vegetable, possessing an agreeable flavour. As a field crop, also, Kohl Rabi ranks high, giving a good weight per acre of fodder, quite equal to any green crop in milk-producing properties. The best months to sow seed are from January to March.

Large Green.—Grown as a substitute for turnip; very hardy.

Large Purple.—Similar to the Green, except in colour.

Use a
Vegetable Manure.
It will pay you.
Gives splendid results.
1/6 and 2/6 bags.

LOOK! Sweet Lavender Dried Flowers

Highly Perfumed. :: Splendid for Perfuming Wearing Apparel placed in Wardrobes, etc. :: Keeps away Moths. **6d. oz.**

LETTUCE.



CONTINUITY LETTUCE.

CULTIVATION—This favourite salad is always in demand, and with a little management can be had all the year round, the period of real difficulty being a long Summer drought. Whenever there is moisture enough, Lettuce will grow. For a Winter crop, choose a dry-lying warm border, and enrich it with the best manure available; for Lettuce unless rankly grown is not crisp and sweet. The plants for Autumn and Spring crops may be raised in beds, and transplanted, but during August and the Summer months the seeds should be sown in drills upon the permanent beds, and the plants, as soon as large enough, should be thinned out to standing distance; this, of course, will vary with the sort. For the summer crops a low, moist situation is required, the ground rich and deeply worked. The large kinds, such as Drumhead, Neapolitan, Paris White Cos, Carter's Giant White, etc., may have 18 inches from row to row, and the plants 1 foot. The White Cos, if sown in Autumn, is the finest of all during the early Spring months, but the Cabbage kinds are in general demand at all seasons. The whole of the sorts named in our catalogue have proved well adapted for colonial cultivation. The Cabbage kinds require no manipulation beyond what comes under the head of good cultivation. The "Cos" section are loose-growing, and to get them in edible condition the hearts are bleached by tying up the leaves so that the outer exclude light from the inner ones.

OHIO—This is an excellent addition to our list of Lettuces, and one that can be strongly recommended; it is a white-seeded variety, with large firm heads, crisp and tender, one of the best for Summer or Winter use.



ICEBERG.

The following is an extract from a letter from MR. W. H. ROOM, "Pardoe," Tasmania, in connection with the Seeds supplied for experimental plots. "The Seed supplied for experimental work will be especially mentioned in the report to the Council; the seed was undoubtedly the primest and cleanest that I have yet seen."

I have much pleasure in thanking you for the Tomato plants you sent me to Croydon Railway Station, they arrived in first-class condition; you deserve great credit for the manner in which you send your stuff away. I have no hesitation in recommending you to my friends.
WALTER W. WYLIE, Kilsyth P.O.,
Via Croydon.

Cabbage Varieties.

3d. and 6d. per packet; 9d. per oz. except where priced.
(We give extra value if Cash is sent with Order)

CONTINUITY or PERPETUAL (The True Variety.)

The finest ever raised.

We have imported direct from the raiser a stock of this most excellent Lettuce, which has been so highly spoken of in the leading horticultural papers in England.

This fine Cabbage Lettuce is remarkable from the fact that not even in the hottest and driest season does it ever run to seed, the heads remaining firm and crisp long after all others have bolted or decayed. A bed sown or planted in Spring will keep up a supply of salad throughout the Summer. One sowing is equal to three or four of any other variety.

6d. per packet; 1s. 6d. per oz.

Bairnsdale, 13/11/09

Your "Continuity" Lettuce is the best Lettuce we have ever grown.

E. SWINDELLS.

LETTUCE PLANTS, 1/- 100 (in Bundles of 50).



SOMNER'S GOLDEN SUMMER.

SOMNER'S GOLDEN SUMMER—This new Cabbage Lettuce will be found invaluable for Summer use, and for withstanding dry seasons, as it will remain longer than any other known kind without running to seed or going to decay. Colour bright yellow; leaves uniform, nearly all turn into the head, which is well-formed, good size, close and a little flattened; tender, and of excellent flavour. 1s. 6d. per oz.; 6d. per packet. (See Illustration.)

McHattie's Giant—One of the finest in cultivation, grows to an immense size; early, very solid, colour light green; invaluable for market gardeners, and not so prone to run to seed as other varieties; equally good for either Winter or Spring sowing. 1s. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Improved Drumhead—A very celebrated variety, forming fine large solid heads, both crisp and of fine flavour.

Iceberg—A quick grower, with hard handsome heads, of exquisite flavour. A variety that we can highly recommend. A decided advance on the old sorts. 1s. per oz.; 6d. per packet. (See Illustration.)

Neapolitan—This variety keeps the head better, perhaps, than any other kind of Lettuce; grows to an immense size, very distinct, dark green curled leaves, hearts freely, and not liable to run to seed during hot weather.

Tender and True, Tom Thumb or Tennis Ball, Buttercup, Dickson's All the Year Round—Distinct and valuable varieties, hardy, crisp, and compact. If sown at intervals will produce Lettuce all through the Year

Special Prices to Market Gardeners and other Large Buyers. (See page 31.)

Four New Lettuces. (See coloured pages.)

I have had splendid results from all your seeds this year.
J. BROUGH,
"Bungeywar," Club Terrace.

Glad to say the seeds I got from you when in Melbourne are doing splendidly.
A. E. GENT. Rainbow.



JUMBO LETTUCE.

LETTUCE. COS, or Upright Growing Varieties.

JUMBO.—A distinct Summer Lettuce of enormous size raised by a French Lettuce grower. During the hottest period of 1893, "Jumbo" stood as firm as a rock, growing within 50 miles of Paris, and many when fit to eat weighed from 5 to 6 lbs. each. It is a shy seeder, and does not bolt with the hot weather. 1/6 per oz.; 6d. per packet. (See Illustration).

Paris White and Carter's Giant White.—Superb varieties, of strong and compact habit of growth; standing a long time fit for cutting before running to seed; heads very solid and crisp.

Black-seeded Bath.—An upright-growing variety, similar in shape to a rosette, spreading rather broadly on the ground; it produces quickly and matures early.

LETTUCE ASPARAGUS.—A very quick-growing variety, producing long slender leaves. Mid-rib, which is very tender and succulent, is much like Asparagus when cooked. 6d. pkt.

Champion Self-folding Cos.—This is the finest of all the Cos or upright growing varieties, resisting the warm weather and standing a long time before running to seed. Long, narrow leaves, which form solid heads, bleach and become snowy white. The leaves, when bleached, are stiff, like celery stalks, very crisp, and of excellent flavour. Price, 6d. per packet; 1/6 per oz.

ALL SEASONS COS. The Best for both Summer and Winter. Intermediate between the White and the Red Winter Cos Lettuces, quite distinct, forming well-shaped firm heads, closing remarkably well. The outer leaves are long, broad, slightly crimped, rounded and tinged with red at the edges. A disease-resisting variety, which stands both drought and cold, and therefore equally well adapted for growing during Summer or as a Winter Cos Lettuce. Undoubtedly one of the best all round Lettuces yet sent out. 1/6 per packet.

LEEK.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in a seed-bed, being careful that the soil is of good quality, and finely tilled. Thin out to four inches apart, and when the plants are as thick as the finger, plant out in deep heavily-manured soil, giving ample

room between the rows. By earthing up judiciously, and giving copious supplies of liquid manure, Leeks may be had of 3 lbs. weight, with over a foot length of beautifully blanched stem. Sow in May, June, and July.

HOLBORN MODEL.—The best for exhibition and table. It is the largest variety we know of; the stems, as shown in the illustration, are remarkably thick, of the clearest white colour, whilst the flavour is exceedingly delicate. Unquestionably the finest leek in cultivation. (See Illustration). 1/- per packet.

Lyon.—Matures early, and grows to great size and weight without coarseness; the white part, when bleached, often exceeds 16 ins. in length and 9 ins. in circumference. The Lyon Leek has taken the leading prizes throughout Scotland and the North of England, and, when properly grown, it cannot be beaten in competition. 1/- per oz.; 6d. per packet.

London Flag.—A long variety with broad stem, often reaching 10 inches in length by 2 inches in diameter; early and very productive. 9d. per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Musselburgh.—Extra broad-leaved variety, branches to a large size; flavour mild, highly esteemed for soups. 1/- per oz.; 6d. per packet.

ROCK, or MUSK MELON.

Collection of Six Choice Varieties of Rock Melons, our own selection, 2/- post free; 6d. packet, except where priced.

CULTIVATION.—Rock Melons can be grown successfully in any ordinary good garden soil, but they do best in a light rich loam. They are strong feeders, and plenty of well-rotted manure may be used in preparing the ground for them. The soil should be worked deeply, and good drainage must be secured to grow them to perfection. The plants are then placed in rows 4 to 6 feet apart, leaving a space of about 2 feet between them in the lines. As soon as they commence to run, the branches should be spread over the ground, pegging them down to keep them secure in their places. The main shoots should be stopped at the fourth or fifth joint above a fruit to promote the growth of lateral branches. Plenty of sun and air is necessary to bring the fruit to perfection, but during very hot scorching weather it will not do to expose the fruit to the full rays of the sun. The seed should be sown September to November.

Early Hackensack.—It possesses the qualifications of extreme earliness, grows to a large size, round in shape, slightly flattened at the ends, skin green, thickly netted, and of excellent flavour.

Large Yellow Cantaloupe.—Of good size, netted and slightly ribbed; flesh salmon coloured, thick and musk flavoured.

Long Island Beauty.—It is of very superior quality, with green flesh, and densely netted. In shape it resembles the Hackensack, but is slightly more ribbed, and is decidedly the most attractive-looking Melon we have ever seen. Besides being the most beautiful, it is also the earliest of all.



LEEK—HOLBORN MODEL.

Emerald Gem.—This Melon is extra early, very prolific, entirely distinct, and decidedly the most delicious in flavour of all Rock Melons. It is not large, but is of superb quality. The flesh is of a rich salmon colour, and so very juicy and rich that it almost drops to pieces when dipped out with a spoon. It is one of the finest flavoured Melons ever tasted.

Large Persian.—This is now a popular variety amongst market gardeners, and indeed private growers; it is large in size, oval in shape, luscious in flavour, very delicate, thin rind.

Dickson's Exquisite.—A variety with green flesh, firm, juicy, and of a delicious flavour; owing to the extremely thin rind when matured, almost the whole fruit becomes edible; it is a robust grower, and sets very freely. 1/- per packet (12 seeds).

Pineapple.—A medium-sized early variety, of an oval shape; delicious flavour, and highly perfumed with the fragrance of pineapple.

Skillman's Netted.—Form, roundish oval; flesh deep green; sweet, early, and of delicious flavour.

Best Mixed Varieties, 6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.

Two New Rock Melons—**White Climbing, Delicacy.** (See coloured pages.)





WATER MELONS.

WATER MELON.

1/- per oz.; 6d. per packet.

CULTIVATION—Select a rich piece of land, and, without any additional dressing, plant the seeds in hills some 4 or 5 feet apart; same time sow among the hills a few grains of maize, either broadcast or in rows, which will shade the vines and increase the crop, and will make the fruit cool when ready to cut. Should the vines incline to run very long, stop by pinching them; this should be avoided if possible. The best time for sowing is September and October.

Kolb's Gem—This variety is pronounced by many of our largest melon growers the most successful market melon ever introduced. The rind, though quite thin, is very tough. The flesh is bright red, and of excellent flavour. All who have grown it agree in pronouncing it one of the largest, most productive, and best-keeping Melons ever grown.

Ice Cream—Dark green, with a thin rind; very sweet, delicious flavour.

Black Spanish—Flesh scarlet, seeds black; sweet and delicious.

Cuban Queen—Flesh bright red, remarkably solid; peculiarly luscious, crisp and sugary; enormously productive. (See Illustration.)

Rattlesnake—Fruit large, oblong shape; flesh red, delicious flavour; excellent variety for market.

Dixie—In this we have a Water Melon of excellent merits, and one we can recommend to our customers. It is of a very fine appearance, dark, and beautifully striped; it is extremely hardy, while its eating quality is unequalled, being sweet, juicy, and tender.

The Boss—Oblong in shape; skin very dark green; flesh deep scarlet and of unusually rich flavour.

Sweet Heart—A good variety for shipping, very attractive in appearance, and sells readily in market. Of large size, a little longer than thick, but nearly globular in shape. Skin very bright, beautifully mottled green. Flesh bright red, firm and heavy, but crisp, melting, and exceedingly sweet; a good keeper, improving in quality for a long time after becoming ripe.

Hungarian Honey—This superb variety ripens early. The flesh is a very brilliant red colour, and of a very rich honey flavour; colour of skin medium dark green; uniform medium size.

Melvor Sugar Melon—Oblong in shape; the size is uniformly large. Of handsome appearance, the skin shows broad bands of white, shading into narrower bands of dark green. The quality is very superior; the flesh is of a soft pale pink, crisp, free from any stringiness, and juicy. The Melons have a solid heart, free from cracks, while the seed rows are close to the rim, thus leaving the largest possible quantity of solid flesh in centre of the Melon.

Kleckley's Sweet—A splendid variety for export, oblong shape, with dark-green skin, and flesh of the brightest red; very juicy and delicious flavour.

Pride of Georgia—Is a dark-green mottled colour, nearly oval, ridged like an orange; grows partly on its end; is firm, will keep well, attains a large size, and is very sweet and crisp.

"Sugar-Stick"—The vines are of strong vigorous growth, setting large melons in good numbers, measuring from 20 inches to 2 feet in length, with an average weight of 30 pounds. The rind is thin and tough, and the skin a light grayish green with narrow darker green lines, giving a mottled effect of small half-inch squares. The flesh is a deep rich red, with broad solid heart, melting, crisp, and sugary. The luscious red flesh is entirely free from any coarse stringiness, while the rows of dark black seeds are placed near the rind. 6d. per packet; 1/6 per oz.

Florida Favourite—The best of all. A very large oblong Melon with dark green skin, faintly striped, with a beautiful deep red flesh; rich sugary flavour, very luscious; a great cropper, and said to be the best. 6d. per packet; 1/6 per oz.

Very Early Russian Green—Earliest and sweetest. A splendid red flesh, very early variety; grown largely for the Parisian market, coming in before all other varieties. Very sweet and luscious flavour, and a great cropper. 6d. per packet; 1/6 per oz.

Blue Gem—The Melons are uniformly large, of thick oval form, slightly depressed at the blossom end. The colour is a rich dark green with faint stripings of a lighter shade, but the whole fruit is much darker and richer in colouring than the Kolb Gem. The rind is exceptionally strong, making it an excellent shipper. The flesh is entirely free from stringiness, and of sweet sugary flavour. Seed black, plump, and quite hardy, admitting of early planting.

Preserving or Pie—A good keeper; made into pies it is a good substitute for Apples.

Citron (for preserves)—Grows round and smooth, striped and marbled with light green.

Best Mixed Varieties—6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.

New Water Melon (see Coloured Pages).



CUBAN QUEEN.

Splendid for
Cooking.

Mango Melon or Vegetable Peach.

Makes Excellent
Preserves.

This is one of the most valuable and unique novelties offered to the public for many years. They grow on vines same as Melons; are of a beautiful golden yellow, almost exactly resembling Oranges in colour, shape, and size. The flesh is snow-white, and makes most excellent preserves. Fried as Egg Plant when green they are delicious; as a substitute for Mangoes, they are so perfectly adapted we know of nothing better; and boiled or baked they are exquisite, resembling Vegetable Marrows. They will keep in good condition two months after being picked from the vines. Very prolific, early and hardy. Directions given for the culture of Rock Melon will answer for these. Sow September and October. 6d. per packet.

MUSHROOM SPAWN.

Imported Fresh every Season direct from the Manufacturers.

CULTIVATION.—The open ground culture of Mushrooms is the simplest of gardening operations; it is only necessary to prepare the bed and spawn it, and the Mushrooms will come at the proper season. In some soils Mushrooms are produced without artificial spawn, but as they cannot be relied upon to do so, we shall not recommend any one to risk a disappointment.

Soil.—The moist season of Autumn is the time when Mushrooms are produced naturally. A few also may some years be gathered in the Spring, but the Autumn is the principal Mushroom season, and the beds should be prepared just long enough before that period of the year to ensure a full growth at that most favourable time. During the month of February a quantity of fresh horse droppings should be collected. They should not be thrown into a large heap, but kept thinly spread out under cover of a shed until the quantity required has been obtained. Then throw out a trench, four feet wide and one foot deep, and into this put the horse droppings, to a depth of nine inches, treading them firmly together. By this process of treading, the air will, in a great measure, be excluded, and this will prevent the heat rising too high. When the heat is about 60 degrees Fahrenheit, break up spawn into pieces the size of a walnut, and insert them, a foot apart, just level with the surface. Then water slightly if necessary, and a day or two afterwards put three inches of fine soil over the bed. If the weather proves moderately moist, and yet mild, there will be plenty of Mushrooms in about a month: but as cold, heavy, soaking rains kill the spawn, it will be expedient to protect the bed by an awning of some kind. The great heats of Summer are highly prejudicial, and should, therefore, be guarded against. Mushrooms may be grown all the year through in cellars, by fixing boxes or baskets with horse droppings rammed tightly in, and spawned as above directed.

Best English Mill-track, in Bricks, 1/- ea.; Post 1/9; other States, 2/3.

French Mushroom Spawn.—In 2-lb boxes, containing a book giving full directions, 3/6 each; per post, 5/-.

Treatise on Mushroom Culture, by an experienced grower, 6d.; posted, 7d.



MILL-TRACK MUSHROOMS.

MUSTARD.

CULTIVATION.—Is used as a Salad, usually with Cress or Lettuce, and the seed for Pickles. It may be had throughout the entire season by sowing seed at intervals, in rows, thick; cut when two inches high. It may also be grown in pots or boxes in the dwelling-house very successfully.

Finest White. Apungent salad; used frequently with Cress, 4d. per oz.

Chinese.—Leaves twice the size of the ordinary White Mustard, stems more succulent; of a deeper green; flavour pleasantly sweet and pungent 6d. per oz.

White Mustard for Pickling.— $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., 4d.; posted, 7d. $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., 6d.; posted, 11d. 1-lb., 1/-; posted, 1/9; other States, 2/3.

SOMNER'S TRIUMPH,

The Earliest Onion Grown.

In recommending this new Onion to our friends, we have every confidence we are introducing a candidate for popular favour which will leap immediately to the front. For earliness, combined with mild flavour and excellent keeping qualities, Somner's Triumph is without doubt the finest ever raised. It is a great cropper, of uniform globe shape, yellowish skin, and grows to a fair size, and is one of the most desirable onions either for the market gardener or private grower. (See illustration). 3/- per oz.; 1/- per packet. Special price per lb. to market gardeners. (See page 31.)



SOMNER'S TRIUMPH ONION.

OKRA, or GOMBO.

Improved Dwarf and Long Green, 6d. per packet.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in drills 2 inches deep, and from 18 to 24 inches apart in the rows for the dwarf sort; for the tall, nearly double that width. Its pods, when young, are used in soups, stews, etc., and are believed to be very nutritious. It is of easy culture and grows freely, bearing abundantly in an ordinary garden soil. Sow early in Spring if the weather is warm. This vegetable is not yet extensively grown in Victoria, being more largely cultivated in the warmer climates.

ONION.

3d. and 6d. per packet; 9d. per oz. (except where priced.)

This is one of the most important crops grown, both in the market and family gardens, and there is no other vegetable where the quality of the seed exerts a greater influence upon the crop than in onions. Good seed is of the most importance, and, fully realising this, we have for years made a speciality of Onion seed, and have all our crops raised under special contract, subject to careful supervision.

We can supply Onion Seed in any quantity. Prices see page 31.

CULTIVATION.—The soil best adapted for Onions is of a heavy, loamy character, in good condition, and possessing plenty of well-rotted manure in its composition. They are strong-feeding plants, and will require plenty of nourishment in the shape of manure, which should be buried about five inches below the surface. Sow in drills, and thin out to about six inches apart; the surplus plants can be transplanted; should the weather permit, they will produce fine bulbs. As the crop begins to ripen bend down the tops (it will mature the bulbs earlier), and supply water in limited quantity only, in order to prevent a second growth and stop the bulbs from running to seed. Though the Autumn is the most favourable in the milder climates of the States for ensuring good crop, yet the seed may be sown any time from March to September; sometimes the later sown crops turn out well. If Onions are required specially for pickling purposes, a different system should be adopted with them than otherwise, as small strong flavoured bulbs are then wanted, and not large ones. When grown for this purpose seed of the Silverskin varieties should be sown in August, in poor shallow soil, with little or no manure. When grown as a salad, seed may be sown at any time of the year.

Onion Plants, 1/- per 100 (in bundles of 50).

ONION SETS.—Garlic—per lb.; Tree Onions, 1/- per lb.; Potato Onions, 6d. per lb.; Shallots, 6d. per lb.; Chives, 6d. and 1/- clump.

NEW ONION INVINCIBLE. (See coloured pages.)

ONION—Continued. 3d. and 6d. per pkt., 9d. per oz. except where priced.



RECORD.

ONION RECORD, Largest ever introduced.

Awarded Numerous First Prizes.

Mild and juicy.

This is without doubt the largest Onion ever introduced, specimens weighing $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. Against strong competition it has been awarded numerous First Prizes. It is a Madeira variety of Onion, raised by an eminent grower, and we have received many bulbs from our customers from 3 lbs. and over in weight (See Illustration). 1/- per packet; 3/- per oz.

New Onion—INVINCIBLE—See coloured pages.



MAMMOTH SILVER KING.

Mammoth Silver King, or *King of the Mammoths*—We have imported seed of this truly mammoth variety. Single onions have weighed from 3 to 4 lbs. It matures early, and is a good keeper. It is a beautifully white-skinned and white-fleshed variety, in shape somewhat flat, and of an exceedingly mild and delicate flavour. So sweet and tender is the flesh that it can be eaten raw like an apple (See Illustration). 1/- per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Brown Spanish—This is an early and exceedingly productive variety, and keeps to perfection. It is the kind most commonly grown by market gardeners.

Brown Globe—Like the preceding, this possesses all the good qualities contained in that variety, the difference consisting in shape only.

Danver's Yellow Globe—Somewhat above medium size; skin, a yellowish brown; it is very productive, has a mild flavour, and is a good keeper.

Giant Rocca—A splendid variety, of delicate flavour, large globular shape, and light brown skin; weight, 2 to 3 lbs.; it is very productive, and keeps well.

White Spanish—The true old English standard variety; should be more largely cultivated. The most perfect type of Onion in cultivation; grows to a large size; skin, pale straw colour, very even and of good flavour, mild and sweet.

Silverskin—Beautiful silvery white; one of the earliest; the best for pickling. 1/- per oz.; 6d. per packet.

Extra Early Golden Globe—One of the earliest varieties yet introduced; fine globular shape, golden yellow skin, mild flavour, and a splendid keeper.

The Queen—A very handsome variety of the Silverskin type, with large mild-flavoured bulbs that mature early in the season; one of the best for an early Summer crop. 1/- per oz.; 6d. per packet.

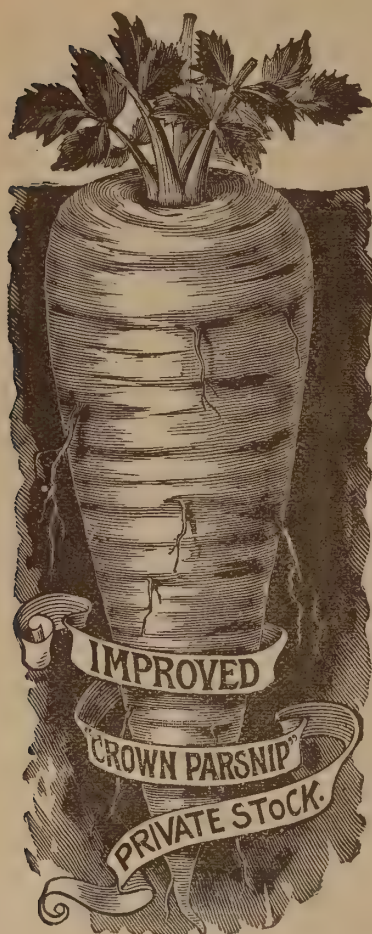
Ailsa Craig—This handsome Onion grows to a very large size; for exhibition purposes it is invaluable; has secured for the raiser many first prizes. Skin, pale straw colour, and flesh beautifully white and large, grand keeper, and of superior flavour (See Illustration). 6d. per packet; 1/6 per oz.

ONION GROWERS PLEASE NOTE!

We are the Leading House for Prime Onion Seed, grown from picked bulbs under our own supervision.



AILSAL CRAIG.



PARSNIP.

SPECIAL PRICES to Market Gardeners and others for large quantities. See page 31.

CULTIVATION.—Parsnips may be sown with success at various times of the year, but the main crop must be got in between the months of March and September. To keep up a regular supply, about three sowings should be made—one in March, another about the middle of June, and the third in the latter end of August or September. Sow the seed in rows 18 inches apart; thin out the young plants, when sufficiently advanced, to 8 or 9 inches in the rows. As recommended for Carrots, all fresh manure must be avoided; the soil should be deeply worked so as to provide fine long roots.

Mammoth Improved Crown.—This is without doubt the best strain of Parsnip ever offered, and one we are confident will eventually supersede all others. We have seen handsome specimens weighing 7 lbs., measuring 20 inches in circumference, and over 3 feet in length. The roots are very clean growing, distinct, and of excellent quality, retaining that same sweetness appertaining to those of smaller growth. We recommend it as being the best for table use or exhibition purposes. (See Illustration). 6d. per packet: 1/6 per oz.

Hollow Crown.—An old standard and popular variety; roots from 15 to 18 inches long. 6d. per oz.

Student.—A more modern variety; roots, medium size, of excellent quality and flavour. 6d. per oz.

Turnip-rooted.—Distinct and excellent; recommended for shallow soils. 6d. per oz.

PARSLEY.

3d. per packet.
6d. per oz.

New Parsley,
LINCOLN GREEN
(see Coloured Pages.)

CULTIVATION.—Parsley should be sown twice a year, during Spring and Autumn; it will succeed on any soil of ordinary quality, and is improved by transplanting. The seed takes a long time to vegetate, and often remains in the ground six weeks before it germinates. As a culinary herb it is more used than any other, being in request all the year round for garnishing, mixing with salads, and flavouring broths and stews. It is often mixed with salads when onions are used to prevent unpleasantness to the breath. Sheep are also fond of Parsley, and will eat it greedily. It is an excellent thing for them, assisting in keeping them healthy, and is a preventive of lung and liver disease. 3d. per packet; 6d. per oz.

Beauty of the Parterre.—Very handsome new variety, equally useful as a condiment and for garnishing; also pretty border plant.

Fern-leaved.—A very beautiful variety being more like a crested fern or moss than Parsley. Very valuable for table decoration, and the flower border.

Myatt's Garnishing.—A useful variety for general purposes.

Triple Curled.—A well-known variety, fine curled, good quality.

Hamburg Turnip-rooted.—Also called German Parsley. The root, resembling a small Parsnip, is the edible part of this variety. Extensively used by the Germans for flavouring soups.

PEAS.

For rates of Postage
see page 2.

Six Pounds Peas—Early Medium, Late, in six varieties.
Our own Selection for 2/6. Carriage extra.

CULTIVATION.—The Pea is one of our most important crops, and, to be successfully grown, must be liberally treated. The ground for Peas should not be very highly enriched with manure, as when such is the case there is a tendency in the plant to make an over-luxuriant growth of haulm. Soil that has been previously manured for other crops suits Peas admirably. The distance apart at which Peas may be sown with advantage depends upon the sorts, as well as the character and condition of the land. Market gardeners usually plant from 3 to 4 feet apart for such sorts as Yorkshire Hero; dwarf kinds from 1½ to 2 feet. In private gardens the better plan is to plant the rows 12 feet apart, using the intervening space for other vegetables. As soon as the Peas are well up, the earth may be drawn to them with the hoe, and as long as there is room to work it, keep the hoe going to loosen the ground and destroy weeds. The drills should be from 2 to 3 inches deep, but, if anything, a little deeper for Summer sowings than those made at other seasons of the year. Peas of all kinds, whether dwarf or tall-growing, require support to prevent the branches from resting on the ground; dwarf sorts are, however, generally left to take their chance without support, but though they do not require it so much as the taller varieties, yet they will thrive much better if stuck. Staking is generally done with branches of trees, or shrubs that have lost their leaves, but if these are not procurable, stakes 9 or 10 feet apart can be fixed in the ground to support wires or string. Staking operations should be performed when the plants are about 6 inches high. In this part of the world Peas may be sown at almost any time of the year, but the most favourable period is between the months of April and February. During April or May sowings should be made in warm and dry situations. In June full sowings are made, and from this on till February are continued at intervals of a month or so.

New Peas—The Pilot, The Scotsman. See coloured pages.

New Tomato—SUNRISE. See coloured pages.



If I live through the Winter, it is my intention to purchase all my seed, oats, barley and maize from you, as I find the oats you supplied me with a magnificent sample, and they are growing at present much to my satisfaction. J. B. COOMBS, Taggerty.

PEAS, Earliest Varieties.



PEA—CHELSEA GEM.

highly recommend this new extra-early wrinkled Pea to Market Gardeners; its abundant bearing and its large full pods will make it a profitable variety. 9d. per packet; 2/- per lb. (See Illustration.)

Chelsea Gem—An extra-early dwarf variety of great merit; growing about 15 inches in height, and of compact, short-jointed habit; it is as early as American Wonder, and gives a much larger crop, bearing an abundance of handsome pods, which are half as long again as those of any other first early dwarf kind. The pods, which are produced in pairs, are remarkably well filled, and contain 8 to 10 good-sized peas of first-rate quality. (See Illustration.) First Class Certificate Royal Horticultural Society. 6d. packet; 1/- per lb.

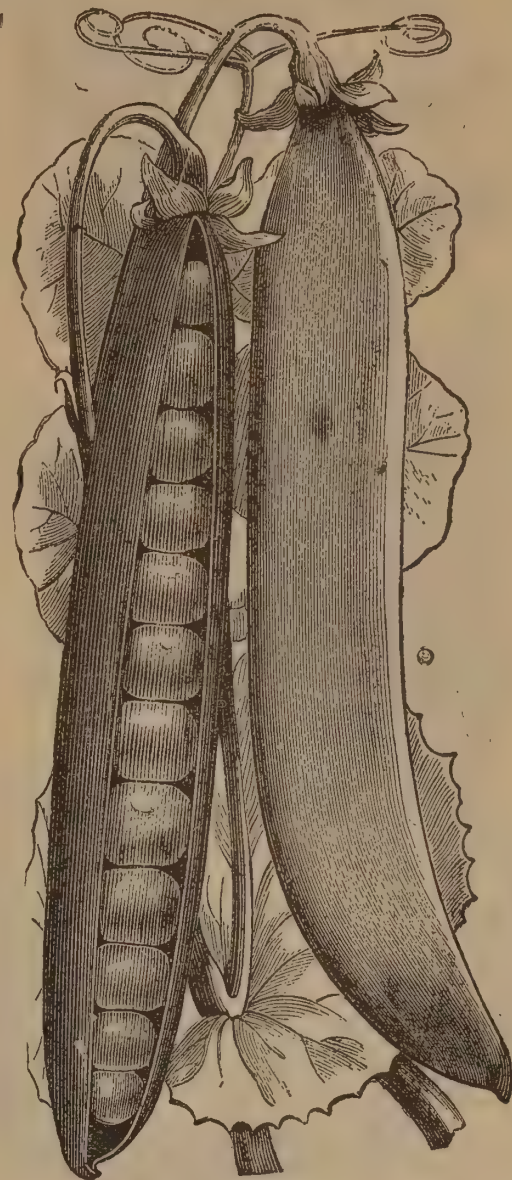
William Hurst—An early blue wrinkled variety, similar to American Wonder. An abundant bearer; of first-class quality; as an early Pea it should be grown in every garden. Height, 1 foot. 6d. per lb.

American Wonder—One of the very earliest wrinkled sorts in cultivation, of the finest quality and flavour; wonderfully productive. Its most distinct feature is its compact habit of growth. Height, 1 foot. 8d. per lb.

McLean's Little Gem—A very dwarf kind, 12 to 16 inches high, vigorous growing, and usually very branching. The pods are rather small, but broad, straight, and well filled. 6d. per lb.

Prima Donna—Is of the true Marrowfat type, as early as Chelsea Gem or William the First, and the haulm does not grow more than about 12 or 15 inches in height. It is exceedingly prolific. The numerous handsome pods are of large size, 4 to 5 inches in length, and well filled with large peas of good colour and excellent marrow flavour. This is undoubtedly the longest and largest-podded and finest quality of any Dwarf Peas of similar height; and, in consideration of its earliness, size, and superior quality, will prove of great value as an exhibition variety. 6d. per packet; 1/6 per lb. (See Illustration, page 20.)

EARLY CHALLENGE—Large-podded first early wrinkled Marrow. The greatest advance yet achieved in early Peas. This most excellent new Pea must be recognised as the largest extra-early wrinkled variety in existence. It is not a dwarf-growing sort, but a full-sized Pea in both pod and vine, a great bearer, with the tenderness and flavour of the best wrinkled types, and with almost the same quick-maturing ability as the earliest smooth Peas. The robust vine grows to a height of about 3 to 3½ feet, giving ample productive space, and the pods are very large and full, carrying 8 to 12 enormous peas to the pod. On account of its quality, its earliness, and its productiveness, this Pea cannot fail to take a prominent place in all gardening operations. Its special merit of course lies in the fact that it is the earliest large wrinkled Pea grown. The large wrinkled Peas, of the so-called Marrow type, are so superior in table quality to the smooth or hard-shelled Peas that this extra early variety will at once attract general attention, and we predict that it will become a standard sort. We can



EARLY CHALLENGE.

Lightning—It is particularly level and neat in habit of growth, considerably bardier and more robust in haulm than any other first early Pea, and a prodigious cropper, the pods being very long, usually hanging in pairs, and exceedingly well filled; distinct both in growth and seed. Height, about 2½ feet, the plant being literally studded with pods, containing peas of fine colour and size, and of good flavour. 6d. per packet; 1/- lb.

Day's Early Sunrise—A large white wrinkled marrow, bearing in pairs large well-filled pods containing 7 to 10 peas each. Height, 2½ feet. Of excellent flavour, very prolific, and extremely hardy; a splendid first early variety, either for market or private gardens. A variety much sought after. 6d. per lb.



LIGHTNING.

... NEW PEAS ...

THE PILOT :: THE SCOTSMAN

See Coloured Pages.

PEAS (Continued.)

Second Early Varieties.

Daisy (Selected Stock).—The Daisy Pea is a dwarf wrinkled marrow, coming in after the first early varieties. The haulm in an average season grows to a length of twelve to fifteen inches, and is practically covered with handsome pods, five inches in length, containing eight to ten deep-colored peas. It is a cross between Culverwell's Giant Marrow and Stratagem, and possesses the most exquisite flavour we have ever met with. Has been awarded two First-class Certificates by the Royal Horticultural Society, England. 6d. per pkt. 8d. per lb.

Sharpe's Triumph—It is a blue wrinkled marrow pea, of exquisite flavour; the pods are large, very much curved, and are well filled with large peas, closely packed in the pod. The habit is good, being dense and bushy, attaining a height of 2 to 3 feet. 6d. pkt.; 8d. per lb.

The Stanley—This is a cross between American Wonder and Telephone, inheriting from both parents their great delicacy of flavour. As seen in a growing state, it is conspicuous for its large foliage, its strong, stocky growth, and the abundance of large handsome pods. In rich soil it grows about eighteen inches high, and requires no sticking. The pods are large and well filled, often measuring four inches in length by two inches in circumference. Eight green pods weighed a quarter of a pound. They mature very evenly, so that almost the entire crop can be taken at one picking. 1s. per lb.; 6d. per packet.

Bliss' Abundance—A strong growing and enormously productive second early dwarf variety (distinct), the pods being large, well-formed, three and a half to four inches long, and containing from six to eight large wrinkled peas, of excellent quality. The variety, though termed a second early, might justly be placed amongst the earliest kinds, and is, as its name denotes, an immense bearer. Height, 1½ feet. 6d. per packet; 8d. per lb.

Duke of Albany (Selected Stock)—An excellent cropper, and invaluable for exhibition, the pods being of immense size, fully six inches in length, and filled with fine peas of excellent flavour. Height, 5 feet. 6d. per packet; 8d. per lb.



THE "STANLEY."

Late or Main Crop Varieties.

MODEL—This is one of the most celebrated varieties ever introduced, and is at the head of the list of all the late green wrinkled varieties of Peas. It is the most desirable acquisition made for many years. In this variety we are confident in placing before the public a pea which will be everywhere recognised as an excellent sort. The vine grows to a height of two feet, very branching in habit, foliage dark-green; wonderfully prolific, being covered with quite a profusion of well-filled, rich green pods, containing eight to ten large peas in each, of the most delicious flavour. After repeated pickings the vines continue to be covered with blossoms, and buds developing to maturity make it practically a perpetual bearer. As an Exhibition Pea it should find a place in every garden. 6d. pkt.; 1/6 lb. (See illustration).

Pride of the Market—Is a strong growing Pea, attaining a height of from eighteen to twenty-four inches, and is wonderfully productive; not only is it unusually productive, but the pods are very large in size, and very handsome in appearance, and the peas when cooked are of such splendid quality that he who finds fault must indeed be hard to please. Height, 2 feet. 6d. per lb.

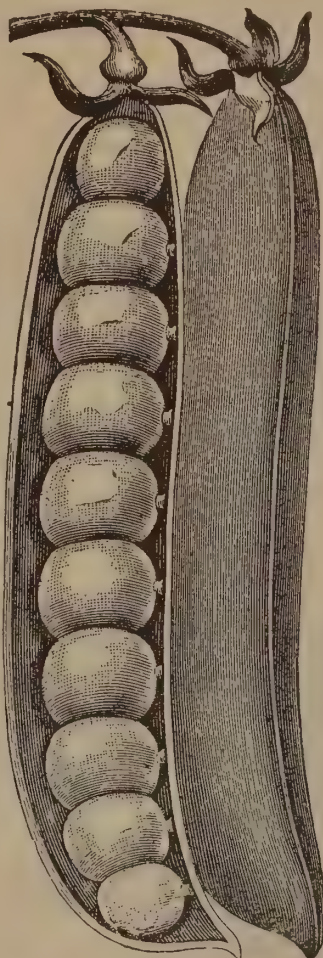
Stratagem—By many this variety is considered the best of the numerous English Peas introduced of late years. It is a dwarf, wrinkled blue marrow, a very heavy cropper, and produces remarkably well-filled pods of excellent flavour. Height, 2½ ft.; 6d. lb.

Yorkshire Hero—Similar in appearance to Veitch's Perfection, but dwarfer and earlier; good flavour; abundant bearer. Height, 2½ ft.; 6d. lb.

The Pilot—See Novelties for 1909.

The Scotsman—See coloured pages.

New Marrow Phenomenal—See coloured pages.



PEA—MODEL.



THE "DAISY."

Telephone—Immensely productive, of the finest quality and excellent flavour; vines very strong, averaging eighteen to twenty pods per stalk; the pods are of large size, and closely packed with large delicious peas; good for general crop. Height, 4 ft.; 6d. per lb.

"GOWRIE HOUSE, Warburton, 12th February, 1909.
Messrs. Law, Somner & Co.

DEAR SIRS.—Will you please to send me 1 lb. of DWARF PEAS called the 'DAISY,' as the last I had from you were excellent, turning out large pods, containing as many as nine peas; in fact, I can always depend on the Seeds I get from you being first-class.

JOHN CROOM."

PEAS (Late or Main Crop Varieties)—Continued.

SHARPE'S QUEEN.—In habit, cropping qualities, colour and flavour is the perfection of a Pea for every purpose, and by successive sowings so continuous a crop can be obtained that it will be almost unnecessary to cultivate any other variety. The Queen is a blue, wrinkled Marrow Pea, about 2 to 2½ feet in height, of a sturdy branching habit; it requires to be sown thinly, as the pods are produced from the very bottom of the plant to the top. The pods are large, green, slightly curved, and so filled with Peas that, when opened, it would appear impossible they could be contained in the pod. The Peas are large, oval, deep green, and of a delicious flavour when cooked. We feel we cannot say too much in its praise, and are confident our customers will agree with us that it is one the best Peas ever sent out. (See Illustration.) 8d. per lb.; 6d. per packet.

Bliss' Everbearing.—This pea is a cross between the Little Gem and the Champion of England; height of vine, 18 inches to 2 feet; foliage large, firm, and bright green; pods 3 to 4 inches long, each pod producing from six to eight wrinkled peas; peas very large, half an inch or over in diameter; unsurpassed in sweetness and flavour. Its habit of growth is of a peculiar branching character, forming as many as ten stalks from one root stalk. One hundred pods have been counted on a single vine. The great value of this variety is found in its long continued bearing. 6d. per packet; 1s. per lb.

Veitch's Perfection.—A popular variety; prolific, and of fine flavour. Height, 3 feet. 6d. per lb.

Six Pounds Peas—Early, Medium, Late,
in six varieties.
Our own Selection 2s. 6d., Carriage extra.

TWO GRAND NEW PEAS.
(See Coloured Pages.)

Edible-Podded or Sugar Peas.

These can be cooked in the young state in the same manner as Kidney Beans, and make a delicious vegetable. Are very much used on the continent. They can either be cooked whole, or cut into slices, and are of a very delicate flavour and do not require shelling. Grown and cultivated like the ordinary garden Pea. No garden should be without a row or two of this much esteemed vegetable.

Tall.—Fine variety, large podded, 6d. per packet; 1s. per lb.

Dwarf Early.—Very prolific. 6d. per packet; 1s. per lb.

Mammoth Luscious.—A new grey seeded variety, with immense pods, very tender, delicious flavour, and perfectly stringless. A very heavy cropper, and the best of all Tall Sugar Peas. 6d. per packet; 1s. 6d. per lb.

Asparagus Pea,

Or Scarlet Winged Pea.

This produces an abundance of crimson Pea shaped flowers producing pods of very fine flavour, which can be cooked like French Beans, and has a very fine flavour like Asparagus. The pods are borne in pairs, very abundantly, as many as 200 on a single plant. Very easy to grow; does best when sown in Autumn. Grows about 1 foot in height, with a spreading habit; should be planted 1½ to 2 feet each way. 6d. per packet; 9d. oz.

Pumpkin.

6d. per packet; 9d. per oz.

CULTIVATION.—Plant in hills 3 feet apart each way, in good strong rich soil; it will be found to be an advantage to the



SHARPE'S QUEEN.

young plants if a few grains of maize are sown with them, as recommended for Water Melon. We notice the Iron Bark and Turk's Cap are good dry table varieties, and free bearers. Sow in September and October.

Mammoth Yellow.—This variety is very distinct, and remarkable in its colour and enormous size of the fruit, which sometimes weighs 112 lbs.

Turk's Cap.—Flesh, orange yellow; thick, fine-grained and well-flavoured; an excellent variety for table use.

Iron Bark.—A well-known variety of medium size and excellent flavour.

Mammoth Tours.—A French variety, grows to an enormous size, 100 to 150 lbs. each; one of the best for feeding stock.

Japanese Pie.—This new Pumpkin, originally from Japan, is said to surpass every other variety in flavour, flesh being unusually fine-grained, and when cooked almost as dry and mealy as a sweet potato. It is especially desirable for making pies, custards, &c., They grow to a medium size, are very productive, ripen very early, and are excellent keepers.

Gramma.—The sweetest and best for feeding. It is a wonderful cropper. Relished by all kinds of stock. Ranks first as a feed for milch cows.

Trombone (Jonathan).—A crook neck variety; very prolific. The flesh is fine, clear, and sweet; excellent for pies and other table uses. Highly recommended.

Button.—A well-known good table variety.

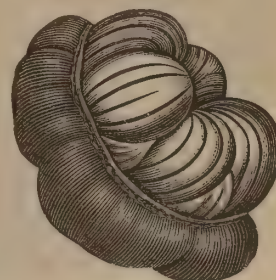
Crown.—A well-known favourite variety.

Mammoth Etampes.—An excellent variety, of a brilliant red colour, growing to a large size. The skin is thin and the flesh solid.

WINTER LUXURY.—(See Coloured Pages.)



PUMPKIN—MAMMOTH YELLOW.



PUMPKIN—TURK'S CAP.

We have always had success with your Flower and Vegetable Seeds.—S. J. VIDLER, North Sydney. 7/11/07.

I was very pleased with the last lot of seeds I received from you, about a couple of months ago, for which I thank you.—W. C. STIEBEL, 44 Garfield St., Launceston. 2/8/07.

I am exceedingly well pleased with the Rhubarb Seeds I received from you. They have given good results.—MRS. OSBORNE, Mt. McIntyre, S.A. 21/7/07.

We are well pleased with the quality of the Seed you sent us and enclose a further order, which please forward.—MCFADYEN & ROBERTS, Torrumbarry. 30/9/07.



"TIP TOP" SEED POTATOES

OUR
SPECIAL LINE

CULTIVATION—The Potato requires a rich sandy loam, with very liberal and clean culture; thoroughly decomposed manure is the best, and when that is not obtainable, add bonedust or guano. The crop will pay the cost and leave the soil in splendid order. Ground should never be ploughed while wet or heavy; it injures the soil and does more harm than good. This crop, if the ground is rich, requires but little manure, and that should be old and well rotted. In the choice of seed a great diversity of opinion exists, some cultivators preferring a medium sized whole Potato, while others choose sets cut from large ones. Both plans are successful, and in the case of round Potatoes it is of less moment which is adopted. The earliest crop may be planted during July, successional crops being planted until early in December. Much, however, depends upon locality, the nature of the soil and the season. Towards Autumn, or as soon after Christmas as suitable weather occurs, the earliest sorts are again planted until March, after which month the chances of a crop will not warrant planting to any considerable extent. Plant in rows 2 to 3 feet apart, and the sets at intervals of 1 foot.

We can supply PRIME SEED of the following varieties, when in season, NETT CASH—Carriage extra—From 1/6 to 2/6 per stone.

Earliest Varieties.	Second Early and Late Varieties.		
EARLY ROSE	DUKE OF ALBANY	CARMEN, No. 2	PINK EYES
EARLY VERMONT	BROWNELL'S BEAUTY	WHITE ELEPHANT	ELDORADO—A mid-season variety (new). Said to be the heaviest-cropping and most disease-resisting potato ever raised. 6d. per lb.; postage extra.
BEAUTY OF HEBRON	BISMARCK	SUTTON FLOURBALL	VICAR OF LALEHAM—Red-skinned, medium early, heavy cropper, good cooker and keeper. 2/6 stone.
VANGUARD	UP-TO-DATE	MAGNUM BONUM	
EARLY KIDNEY	SNOWFLAKE	COOK'S FAVOURITE	
	CARMEN, No. 1	BROWN'S RIVER	

Three Grand Varieties. Superior to any Imported.

NOTE!  **SOMNER'S VICTORY**  **SOMNER'S CORONATION**

headed the list at the Government Trials held at Bunyip in 1905, for the HEAVIEST AND BEST CROPPERS, and

 **SOMNER'S SOUTHERN CROSS**

AS THE EARLIEST. They have stood the test and have come to stay. No kitchen garden is complete without a few rows of these, and growers for market will find in these three colonial raised potatoes all they desire, as they are, without doubt, the **best and heaviest croppers, best cookers, best disease resisting, and best keepers** of any that have yet been introduced in Australia.

Somner's Southern Cross

This grand new variety, which we offered for the first time to the public in 1905, is a Potato of exceptional merit, being early, and an enormous cropper, the tubers growing close round the stem; it is oblong in shape, of a smooth white skin, and a fine Potato for casing, also an excellent table variety. Price, 6d. per lb.; 7 lbs., 3/-; 14 lb., 5/- Stock limited. Postage or carriage extra.



POTATO—SOUTHERN CROSS.



POTATO—SOMNER'S CORONATION.

Somner's Victory—This splendid new Potato is of medium size, pinkish tinged, and oval shape, and is a very heavy cropper. It is a great disease resister, and a sure cropper in a dry season; medium early. Ten lbs. were dug from 1/2-lb. seed with no artificial or other manure; most of the Potatoes were large and very few small. Price, 14 lbs., 2/6; 56 lbs., 8/-; 15/- cwt. Carriage extra. (See Illustration) 

Write for SPECIAL POTATO LIST, ready in JUNE.

EXCHANGE ON ALL CHEQUES FOR POTATOES MUST BE ADDED.

(24)

Somner's Coronation

Price—14 lbs., 2/-; 56 lbs., 7/-; 12/6 per cwt.

A Potato of great value; heavy cropping; red variety. We have great pleasure in introducing to the notice of our customers this splendid new Potato from a Gippsland grower. It is a clean, shapely, red skinned main crop season variety; very heavy cropper and splendid cooker; free from attacks of disease, and firm enough to carry round the world. We are receiving daily glowing reports of this splendid variety as to its cooking and cropping qualities.

The raiser, after careful tests with other varieties, says:—"Planted with Brown's River and Pink Eyes, the rows will yield fully double, especially in dry seasons, and can be planted with advantage until December in late districts."

CAUTION—Customers are cautioned against unscrupulous dealers in passing off other Red Skinned varieties as Coronation, which are much inferior, and cheaper. We are the original introducers of this splendid variety, and all seed should be procured from us or through our Agents.

"Croydon," Camperdown,
19th February, 1907
The Victory and Coronation I got
from you turned out exceedingly
well.
H. L. WILLIS.

Somner's Victory



POTATO—SOMNER'S VICTORY.

Bags 3d. extra on small lots.

RADISH. 3d. per packet; 6d. per oz. (except where priced).



RADISH—KNICKERBOCKER.

strong flavour which is peculiar to the Black Spanish, and keeps equally as well; it should be sown during the Winter.

Knickerbocker—Grows to a very large size, frequently to a length of eight inches, and an inch in thickness, whilst the quality is superb, the flesh crisp, melting and juicy. For exhibition purposes it is invaluable. (See Illustration).

Chartier—It is of a very attractive appearance, being scarlet at top, shading to pink in the middle to pure white at tip. It resembles Long Scarlet in shape, but will grow to about twice the size. It continues growing for a long time without getting pithy or running to seed. Very valuable for market gardeners as well as private growers.

Delicacy—Early semi-long, snow white, smooth and tender; one of the best Radishes in cultivation.

Brightest Scarlet—Radishes are probably more used in France than in any other country, and the long varieties have always been more popular there than any others. Brightest Scarlet is a French variety that all should try. It is entirely distinct, being a vivid scarlet colour, tipped with snow white. The skin is very thin, and the flesh crisp and brittle, and of a delightful pungent quality. A dish of them will enhance the beauty of any table.

Golden Dresden—An extra early variety, perfectly round and smooth, with light golden brown skin. The flesh is juicy and of the finest flavour. One of the best of recent introductions.

Mammoth Chinese (True)—A giant white Radish often attaining a weight of 3 lbs. Grown largely by the Chinese, and imported from China. The many enquiries for seeds of this enormous Radish induce us to place it upon the market. In order to have it pure and true, we have imported the seed direct. It is pure white, of a mild flavour; tender and crisp.

New Rocket Radishes (Mixed)—These new varieties are the earliest grown, maturing so quickly that they do not take the strong rank flavour that is applicable to the latter sorts. They present a most attractive appearance when prepared for the table. The flesh is crisp, very mild, and of good flavour. 6d. per oz.

New Radish—**Long String**. See coloured pages.



RADISH—TURNIP VARIETIES.

CULTIVATION—A light, rich soil that has been previously well manured produces the best Radish, though any ordinary soil will produce roots of fair quality. This crop is nearly always cultivated in beds, and sown broadcast; but a far better method is to sow in drills 9 inches apart, and, when the plants are fit, thin out to a distance of 2 inches apart. by this means a much more even crop will be obtained. Sow every month.

Crimson Giant Forcing Round—This new Radish is an entirely new type. It develops roots of 6 to 7 inches in circumference, and over an ounce in weight, their pure white flesh remaining firm and crisp and of the mildest flavour, but notwithstanding the size and weight of its bulbs, it is second to none as a forcing variety.

Iceberg Long White—This grand Radish is very crisp and tender in Summer; of very rapid growth; both skin and flesh are of the purest white, and the flavour is unsurpassed.

French Breakfast—Good for all seasons; should be eaten when very young; a beautiful olived-shaped variety, and very mild flavour.

Black Spanish—Very hardy, useful variety; skin, deep purple black; flesh, solid, crisp and pungent.

Chinese Rose (Winter)—This variety has become very popular with our market gardeners; it is of a half-long shape, pink colour, and flesh as solid as an apple; it has not that



LONG SCARLET RADISH.

HORSE RADISH ROOTS,

3/- per dozen.

Supplied from April to October.

RED TURNIP, WHITE TURNIP, TURNIP—MIXED, LONG SCARLET,

4d. per oz.; 3d. per packet.

RHUBARB. 6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.

this depends the vigorous growth of the stem, which is a point of excellence. When the young plants are large enough to handle, transplant into rows 3 feet apart; should flower stems appear, they should be immediately removed. It is a very exhausting plant, and to keep it in vigour it will require a dressing of well-rotted manure every year; this should be given during the Winter season. Sow the seed from July to September.

Myatt's Linnæus—An excellent thin-skinned early variety, crisp, tender, well flavoured and prolific.

Myatt's Victoria—One of the most productive kinds.

Mitchell's Albert—A large, prolific, early, deep red-skinned variety.

Topp's Winter—A valuable Winter variety of fine flavour; long, deep crimson stalks. 6d. per packet; 1/6 per oz.

RHUBARB ROOTS. Supplied from April until September.

Early Albert—A fine early medium-size rhubarb. 9/- per doz.

Hogan's Shillelah—Very hardy and prolific, large, and of good quality, 9/- dozen; 1/- each.

Johnston's St. Martin's—A fine large variety, of good flavour, 9/- per dozen; 1/- each.

Myatt's Linnæus—Very early and prolific, flavour all that can be desired: a valuable variety for general use. 9/- doz.; 1/- each.

Stott's Monarch—This is the largest rhubarb grown; the leaves and stems are of enormous size, 18/- per dozen, 2/- each.

Topp's Winter—This is a most valuable variety, as it furnishes a large quantity of stem of very fine flavour and colour all through the Winter months, when fruit is scarce, 9/- per dozen; 1/- each.

Topp's Winter Improved—Similar to the above, but a more erect grower. 9/- per dozen; 1/- each.

Wilson's Winter—This variety differs from other Winter varieties; it has stouter and shorter stalks, which are of a bright scarlet their entire length; of good flavour. 9/- per dozen; 1/- each.

New Rhubarb—**Cyclops**, and **Stones Ruby**. See coloured pages.



SQUASH—PERFECT GEM.

Perfect Gem—It is a strong grower, and a large yielder; as many as twenty-four Squashes have been produced from a single vine, and are from four to six inches in diameter, of a creamy white, with thin smooth shell, slightly ribbed. The flesh when cooked is dry, sweet, and rich in flavour, and a capital keeper. (See Illustration.)

Marblehead—Flesh rather lighter colour than the Hubbard, while its combination of sweetness, dryness, and delicious flavour is really remarkable.

White Pineapple—A perfectly hardy late variety of peculiar shape, white skin and flesh solid, heavy and of delicious flavour, an excellent keeper, and cannot fail to please all connoisseurs of this delicate vegetable. (See Illustration.)

SPINACH. 3d. packet: 6d. oz., except where priced.

CULTIVATION—The ground for Spinach should be worked deep, and as quick growth is necessary the soil cannot be too rich. Guano, lime and salt are excellent for this crop. Sow the seed in rows about one foot apart, and an inch deep in the drills. When the young plant has made four or six leaves, they should be thinned out to about 9 inches apart. While growing plenty of water is required to bring the crop to perfection, and the ground must be kept free from weeds. Sow the Prickly from March to May, and the Round in August and September.



SQUASH—WHITE PINEAPPLE.

Salsify or Oyster Plant. 1/- per oz.; 9d. pckt.

CULTIVATION—Very generally known as the Oyster Plant; the roots are boiled like carrots or parsnips, or half-boiled and grated fine; made into small fat balls, dipped in a batter, and fried like oysters, of which their flavour greatly partakes. Sow the seed in drills eight inches apart, and when up, thin them out to three inches apart in a row; those for Winter use should be taken up before severe frost and stored the same as carrots and parsnips.

Long White Mammoth Sandwich Island—An extra large variety, growing to nearly double the size of the ordinary kinds; is of superior flavour. 6d. packet; 1/6 oz.

Scorzonera or Black Salsify 1/- per oz.; 6d. per packet.

CULTIVATION—The same as recommended for Salsify. Similar in many respects to Salsify, and is called by some the Black Oyster Plant. It is cultivated exclusively for the roots, which may be boiled and served plain like parsnips. Before cooking, the outer coarse rind should be scraped off, and the roots soaked in cold water for a few hours to extract their bitter flavour.

Sea Kale 6d. packet 1/- ounce **CULTIVATION**—In making beds for this vegetable, the ground must be deeply trenched and manured, and as a dressing for Autumn, a sprinkling of salt is very desirable (seaweed forked in will answer the same purpose). The plants should stand three feet apart in the beds, and early in the second season of their growth, should be covered over with earthenware pots or wooden boxes; this will cause them to blanch, as it is only in this state they can be used. As soon as the full cutting has been made, clear away the covering to allow the plants to make their natural growth, and recover themselves for another season. Sow August and September, 6/- doz; supplied April to September,

SQUASH 6d. per packet. Collection of **Three** varieties, 1/-.

CULTIVATION—Squashes are of luxuriant and vigorous growth, and although they will grow readily on almost any soil, they will repay generous treatment. The hints we have already given regarding pumpkin will apply equally to this crop; less space, however, will be necessary between the plants for the bush varieties, as they do not incline to run.

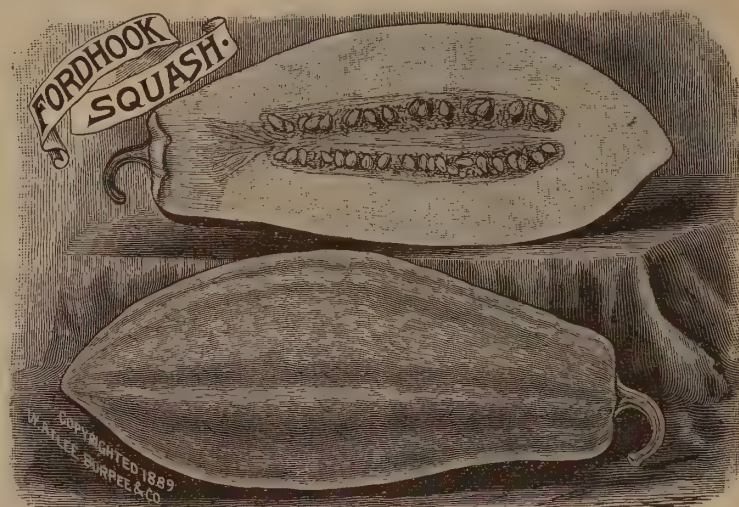
Fordhook—The size is most convenient for family use, and the appearance is extremely handsome, of a bright yellow outside and a straw yellow within. Flesh is dry and sweet, making it the best quality of all winter squashes. It seems incapable of rotting, and placed in a dry cool room, keeps in perfect condition throughout the Winter and Spring.

Hubbard is one of the best Winter squashes grown; flesh bright yellow; very sweet and dry; rich flavour; colour green when ripe; should be planted six feet apart each way.

Early White Bush or Custard Marrow—Earlier than any other variety of dwarf habit, very productive; grows in a bush form, and occupies less room on the ground than other sorts.

Boston Marrow—A much esteemed variety, coming in about ten days later than the Bush sorts; a good keeper and of unsurpassed flavour.

Mammoth Chili—Grows to an immense size, often weighing over 200 lbs.; excellent for all purposes.



Victoria—An improved round seeded variety; more robust and larger than the ordinary round variety, and remaining fit for use longer; it is also finer and hardier than the prickly kind, and stands better. Being a vigorous grower, it requires more room in the drills, and should be well thinned; suitable for summer use.

Round or Summer—A good old standard variety for Summer use. 4d. per oz; 3d. per packet; 1/- per 1/4-lb.

New Zealand (*Tetragonia expansa*)—A most valuable variety, standing the dry weather well, remaining a long time in the ground fit for use. It produces a great abundance of leaves during the Summer month.

Prickly or Winter—A good old standard variety, best for Winter use. 4d. per oz.; 3d. per packet; 1/- per 1/4-lb. (See Illustration.)

Orach, or Mountain Spinach—A splendid vegetable, should be more largely grown. 6d. per packet.

New Perennial Spinach—"Cut and come again." See coloured pages.



SPINACH—PRICKLY.

TOMATO.

6d. per packet, except where priced separately.

CULTIVATION—To have these early in season, it is necessary to raise them in a slight hot-bed in June; they may also be sown on chance in the open ground, but this is not usually considered safe until August when those raised in hot-beds may be planted out. The best place for Tomatoes is against a fence, or where they can obtain substantial support, for if left to trail upon the ground the greater part of the fruit, especially the early ones, will be damaged. Abundance of room and some good deep soil are almost all that is needed to grow this prolific vegetable in perfection. The shoots should be occasionally thinned to admit air and light to blossoms and fruit. The plants should be set out singly, in which manner they do far better than when planted together. During the progress of growth the soil must be kept moist; drought will injure and disfigure the foliage. After a time they commence to flower and fruit; the shoots then require to be stopped, the stronger ones perhaps cutting back considerably, and always close to and in front of a joint.

SOMNER'S EXHIBIT—This new variety is a most valuable acquisition both for market and kitchen garden culture. The plant is vigorous of growth, short-jointed, and branching. It is wonderfully prolific, a free setter, and a continuous bearer. The fruit is of a large size, very deep, solid, and heavy. It will, we are confident, win a name for itself as one of the earliest and best shaped, smooth, red Tomatoes grown, either for table use or exhibition (See Illustration). 1/- per packet.

EARLIANA—The most productive and earliest large smooth red Tomato in existence. Is many days in advance of the other so-called early varieties, of large handsome shape, a very bright red colour; enormous bearer, very solid, and of finest flavour; contains very few seeds. 6d. per packet.



SOMNER'S EXHIBIT TOMATO.

Dwarf Champion—

Dwarf and compact in habit, the plant growing stiff and upright, with very thick and short-jointed stems. Can be planted as close as three feet; as a cropper it is unsurpassed, and will, owing to the small amount of space required between the plants, yield more to the acre.

Key's Early Prolific—One of the earliest of our dwarf Tomatoes, hardy, very dwarf and bushy in habit of growth, yielding a heavy crop of fruit; suitable for small gardens.

President Garfield—An excellent variety of extraordinary size, bearing fruit from two to three pounds each; very luxuriant and prolific.

Dedham Favourite—It will, we think, be difficult to find a Tomato that has a more taking appearance, or which is more prolific than the Dedham Favourite. It is a truly handsome variety, of glossy vermilion colour; fruit smooth, large and of superior flavour. 1/- per packet. See Illustration.

Ponderosa—Is one of the largest Tomatoes ever introduced. The fruit is handsome, smooth and very solid; it is a free setter, and will be found an excellent variety for exhibition purposes. See Illustration.



TOMATO—DWARF CHAMPION.

Somner's Marvel.

1/- per packet.

A very prolific variety of a splendid smooth, red skin; of very delicious flavour. Grows to a good size. Will be found an excellent variety both for the private grower or market gardener.

Frogmore Selected—The fruit is of good medium size, and a deep bright red colour, smooth, and almost round, very firm and solid, with flesh of an unusual depth, having a very minute seed space, while the flavour is delicious. It is very free setting, and a most prolific and continuous cropper, the plant being literally covered with large clusters of fruit. For early forcing this variety is unequalled, and it is also one of the best for exhibition. 1/6 per packet.

Hathaway's Excelsior—The fruit is handsome, of perfect globular form, very smooth in outline, of large size when well grown, and great cropper.

Mikado—Very early, purplish red, usually smooth, of immense size, flesh very solid, and of unsurpassed quality.

Trophy—This, when well grown, is without doubt one of the best tomatoes; it is unsurpassed in flavour, productiveness, and in every other table quality. Our seed is carefully grown for us, and is saved only from perfect specimens, the finest fruits being selected each year for seed.

Carter's Green Gage—This variety is particularly early and prolific, and the deliciously piquant flavour, described as a beautiful blending of the Apple and Tomato, has secured for it the most universal admiration; fruit is of a bright citron colour, and is frequently mistaken for Plums.



TOMATO—SOMNER'S MARVEL.



EVERBEARING.

Tomato, "Everbearing"

Grows in Clusters. Solid, Finest Flavour.

This grand new Tomato is enormously prolific, bearing large clusters of scarlet plum shaded fruits (often fifty to one cluster), beginning to bear in October when planted early, and continuing right up to the winter months; they are rather small but solid, and of the finest flavour. 1/- per packet.

The Best Tomatoes are obtained by using our "Tip-Top" Vegetable Manure. 1/6 and 2/6 Bags.

Law, Somner & Co. "Tip Top" Seeds

TOMATO.—Continued.

PLENTIFUL.

Early, Fleshy, Solid, Delicate Flavour, Enormously Prolific.

This new tomato is the **earliest of all**, of regular shape, smoothness and beautiful scarlet red colour, its fleshy and solid fruits are of a delicate flavour; they are of medium size, although they reach four to five inches in diameter. Can be grown with great success in the colder country. Described by the raiser as the finest tomato ever sent out. 1s. per packet.

New Perennial Tree Tomato.

A very ornamental tree; grows about twenty feet high, with immensely large light green leaves, of an attractive appearance. This novelty has been grown around Sydney with great success the last few years. The fruit is somewhat like a large plum in appearance, and ripens throughout the year. For dessert it is unsurpassed by any Tomato; for cooking, salads, etc., it is a splendid substitute for the Tomato, especially seeing that it can be had at any time of the year. This plant fruits the first year. (See Illustration). 6d. per packet; plants 1s. each.

TOMATO—SOMNER'S Australian Large Red

Produced £1200 nett
from 5½ acres in 1908.
Enormous cropper.
See Coloured Pages.



TOMATO PLENTIFUL.



PERENNIAL TREE TOMATO.

Collections of Tomatoes.

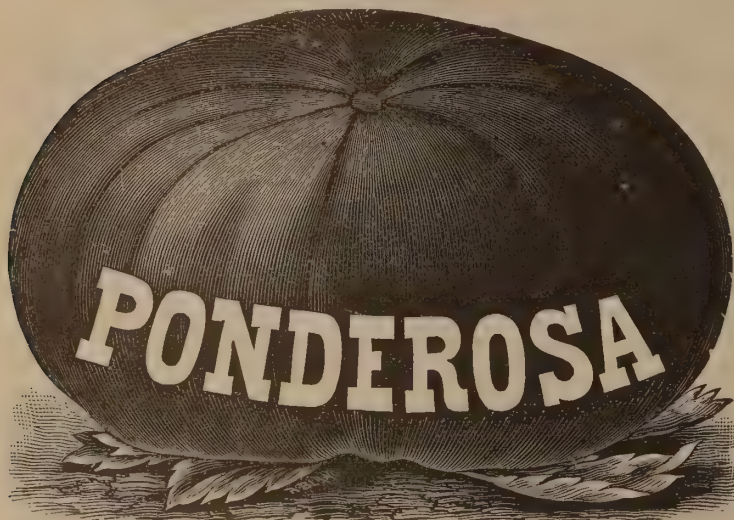
Six Large Red Varieties ... 2s. Posted.
Six Dessert Varieties ... 2s. „

☞ We can supply PLANTS of several varieties of TOMATO, from August to December, 1s. per dozen.

We can also supply the following well-known varieties at 6d. per packet :—

King Humbert	Yellow Plum	Optimus
Red Currant	Yellow Cherry	Large Red
Pear-shaped	Red Cherry	Large Yellow
Conqueror	Golden Queen	Acme
Vick's Criterion	The Peach	

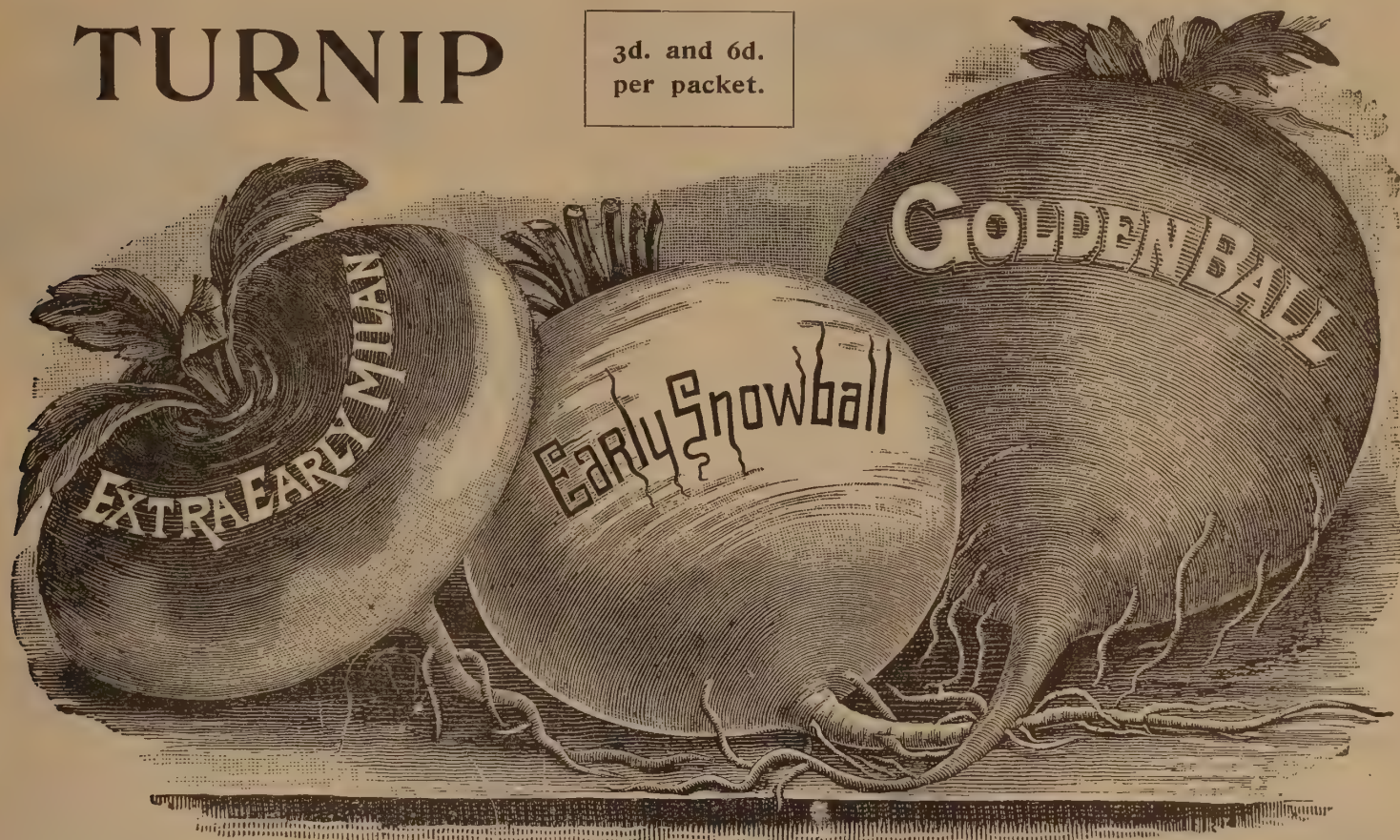
NEW TOMATOES.—(See Coloured Pages).



Somner's Southern Cross Potato is the earliest grown.

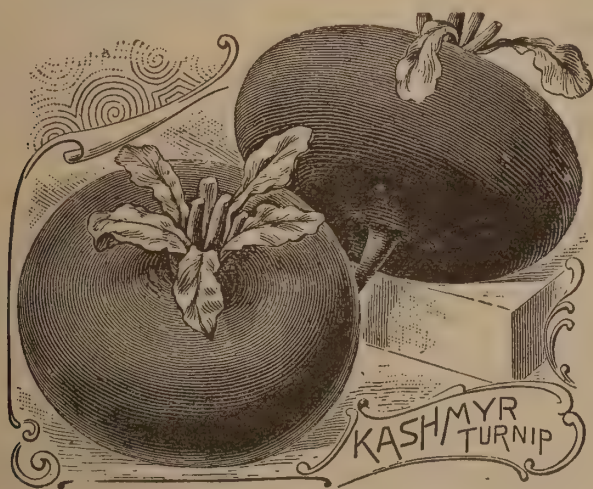
TURNIP

3d. and 6d.
per packet.



CULTIVATION—A good deep, rich, but light soil should be selected for Turnips; but heavy manuring is not advisable, as it inclines the roots to coarseness, and the tops to a rank growth. Sow in drills 18 inches apart, and thin the young plants to about 9 inches from plant to plant; keep the weeds down by frequent hoeings. The first crop may be sown early in Autumn, or whenever rain in sufficient quantities has fallen; full sowing may be continued up to May, after which only just as many should be sown as can be used quickly, for during August and September the plants will run to seed.

Extra Early Milan—An early and distinct strap-leaved variety, coming into use before any other sort, being a week or ten days earlier than the ordinary early sorts, and remaining a long time fit for use. The bulbs are white, with a purple top, round, flattened, and solid, with a very slender tap-root; flesh pure white, sweet, crisp, and of excellent quality; the leaves are strap-leaved, rather short, and the growth is very compact. (See Illustration.) 6d. per oz.



Dobbie's Model White—This is remarkable for its fine form, earliness, and quality, and cannot be too strongly recommended. It is the greatest advance in white varieties that we have seen. 6d. per oz.

Purple-top Munich—A distinct and handsome variety, which must be classed amongst our earliest sorts, producing fine, well-shaped bulbs, with only a small growth of foliage. It can therefore be left much closer than most of the other kinds. First Class Certificate R.H.S. 6d. per oz.

Early White Stone—One of the most popular garden varieties, with large, somewhat flattened bulb; skin and flesh white. 4d. per oz.

Green-top Stone—A good hardy variety, of fine flavour. 4d. per oz.

Snowball—Favourite early variety, with round, very smooth regular-shaped bulb; skin and flesh white, fine grained, and of excellent flavour. (See illustration.) 4d. per oz.

London Market Stone—A great improvement on the old White Stone variety. 4d. per oz.

Non-Seeding White—This variety is well worthy of the name bestowed upon it. It will stand longer than any other Turnip without running to seed, and may be sown at a time when other kinds would fail. It is handsome in shape, and very early; in fact just the Turnip for Market Gardeners. 6d. per oz.

White Strapleaf—Rapid grower; suitable for early sowing; medium size, with a small top. 4d. per oz.

Orange Jelly, or Golden Ball—Rapid grower, excellent flavour; globe shaped, and of a beautiful bright yellow colour; a good keeper, and has no superior for the table use. (See Illustration.) 4d. per oz.

Red American Stone—One of the best red-topped varieties for main crop. 4d. per oz.

Laing's Garden Swede—A very handsome variety; best for table use. 4d. per oz.

Scarlet Kashmyr—A good keeper, and with its scarlet colour, early maturity, and fine quality, it is entitled to a place among our garden favourites, and will please everyone who gives it a trial. (See Illustration.) 6d. per oz.

Jersey Lily—The earliest white Turnip grown; perfect in shape, and of clean growth. 6d. per oz.

For Field Varieties, see Farm Seeds.

SOMNER'S NUGGET and SOMNER'S WHITE QUEEN
(see Coloured Pages).

Our Seeds always grow, and produce Vegetables of the Finest Quality.

Vegetable Marrow.

3d. and 6d. per packet. 3 packets for 1/- 1/- per oz.

CULTIVATION—Treat similar to Squash, allowing more space between the plants on account of their strong growth; stop the vines if necessary.

Fine Early White Runner—This is a fine popular variety; and has gained very great favour in this country, now being largely grown; an abundant and certain bearer, resisting the very dry weather better, perhaps, than most of the other varieties. If carefully cultivated and pegged down, to encourage fresh roots, a succession of crops may be obtained.

Early Long Green Runner—Similar to above.

Long White Bush—Excellent quality, prolific sort, and very early; requiring less space as the plants do not run; plants should stand 3 feet apart each way.

Long Green Bush—Very distinct; skin smooth, dark green, marbled yellow, or paler green. In Italy it is eaten when quite young.

Custard Bush—A good early Summer Marrow, taking but little room and bearing abundantly. Plant in hills 3 feet apart.

Pen-y-byd (*The best in the World*)—This distinct variety is enormously prolific, and a continuous bearer. The vine is extremely short-jointed, setting a fruit at every joint. The fruit is of a handsome appearance, almost globular in form, sometimes very slightly ribbed, averaging about 6 inches in diameter, and is of a delicate creamy white colour, with thick firm flesh, which, when cooked, is of finest quality and delicate flavour. (See Illustration).

MOORE'S CREAM—Very early and prolific, oblong, of fine flavour and good keeper; highly recommended.



PEN-Y-BYD VEGETABLE MARROW.

Fruit Seeds.

Japanese Wineberry—A very hardy plant, belonging to the Raspberry family, producing fruit of a sherry wine colour, sweet and juicy. It is excellent for preserving, pies, jam, wine, etc. 6d. per packet; plants, 6d. each.

The Wonderberry—See coloured pages.

Apple Pips—1/- per oz.

Pear Pips—1/- per oz.

Quince Pips—1/- per oz.

White Mulberry Seed—The leaves of this variety are used for feeding silkworms. 6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.

Hedge Seeds. 6d. per Packet.

Acacia Ornithophora (*Kangaroo Acacia*)—6d. per oz.; 4/- per lb.
Pittosporum Eugenioides—The most popular variety for hedge purposes. 1/- per oz.

Pittosporum Nigrescens—1/- per oz.

Pittosporum Undulatum—A much stronger growing variety than the other two. It is a very floriferous shrub, bearing an abundance of sweet-scented white flowers. 1/- per oz.

Pittosporum Tobira—A splendid Japanese variety.

African Box Thorn—The seed should be sown during the months of September, October and November. 1/- per oz; 8/- per lb.

Cape Broom—6d. per oz.; 5/- per lb.

Osage Orange—Previous to sowing the seed it should be soaked in water for about two or three days, and then placed in damp sand until it commences to germinate (care should be taken to prevent fermentation, when it should be sown in drills. 1/- per oz.

Sugar Gum (*Eucalyptus Corynocalyx*)—Absolutely the best tree that can be grown as a breakwind, quick-growing, also useful as fodder. 2/6 per oz.

Tree Lucerne (*Tagosaste*)—Very valuable for hot, dry, and sandy districts. 6d. per oz.; 3/- per lb.; posted 3/9.

Medicago Arborea—Yellow-flowered Tree Lucerne.

Saltbush—A valuable evergreen easily raised from seed.

MISCELLANEOUS Roots and Plants.

Artichoke, Jerusalem—3d. per lb.; cheaper in quantity.

Artichoke, Globe—9d. each; 6/- per dozen.

Asparagus—6/- to 7/6 per 100.

Hops—6/- per dozen.

Horseradish—3/- per dozen.

Sea Kale—6/- per dozen.

Sweet & Pot Herb Plants.

Horehound—6/- per dozen.

Hyssop—6/- per dozen,

Lavender—6d. each.

Marjoram—6d. each.

Mint—3/- per dozen.

Rosemary—6d. each.

Rue—6d. each.

Sage—6d. each; 4/- per doz.

Savory—Summer, 6d. each; 4/- per dozen.

Tansy—6d. each.

Tarragon—1/- each.

Thyme—Common, 1/6 doz.

„ Silver variegated, 6d. ea.

„ Lemon, 6d. ea.; 2/6 doz.

Wormwood—6d. each.

Peas, Beans, and Lentils, for Cooking.

Special Quotations for Large Quantities.

HARICOT BEANS, 4d. per lb.

Cheaper in quantity.

The following directions for cooking are taken from *Cassell's Cookery Book*:—"Put the Beans into water to soak over night, and put a piece of soda as big as a pea in the water. Then place them in cold water without any salt, or still better, in some greasy stock, and boil till tender—about two hours or even more. If boiled in water, a little piece of butter should be mixed with them after they are boiled."

FRENCH FASHION.—"Proceed as above. Boil the beans in water; strain them off. Then rub the bottom of the saucepan with a bead of garlic. Put back the beans, and mix in a piece of butter, a teaspoonful of chopped parsley, and the juice of half a lemon."

BLUE BOILING PEAS.

Soak in cold water over night before cooking.

3d. per lb.; 5 lb., 1/-; 8 lb., 1/6; 30 lb., 4/6.

LENTILS. German, 4d. to 6d. per lb. Egyptian, 4d. per lb.; 8 lb., 2/6; 12 lb., 3/6.

Put a breakfast cupful of German Lentils to soak in plenty of water over night. Drain the Lentils, and boil them in about three times their bulk of water. In about half an hour they will be tender without being broken at all. Drain them and return them to the saucepan, with a slice of fresh butter, a little pepper and salt, and a tablespoonful of vinegar. Shake them over the fire until quite hot, and serve immediately. To make them very good, melt an ounce of butter in a clean stewpan and throw in a small onion finely chopped. Stir in a teaspoonful of flour, and pepper and salt to taste, sufficient stock and vinegar mixed to make a thick sauce. Put in the Lentils and simmer for ten or fifteen minutes. Some persons prefer lemon juice to vinegar.

Lentil Flour—For children and invalids. Strongly recommended by the medical profession, 9d. per lb.

LENTIL FLOUR is marvellously nutritious; splendid for children and invalids.

Special Prices to MARKET GARDENERS and other large Growers.

Subject to Fluctuations and being unsold.

We do not hold ourselves bound to supply at these prices, but will do our best to adhere to them all through the Season.

Beet —Somner's Melbourne Market ..	1/6 1/4 lb.	5/- lb.
Eclipse Turnip-rooted ..	1/3	3/-
Somner's Champion Long Blood Red ..	1/6	5/-
Covent Garden Long Blood Red ..	1/3	3/6
Silver or Seakale ..	1/3	3/-
Borecole or Kale —Green Curled ..	2/- 1/4 lb.	6/6 lb.
Broccoli —Adams' Early White ..	5/- 1/4 lb.	
Late White ..	5/-	
Knight's Protecting ..	5/-	
Brussels Sprouts —Giant ..	2/- 1/4 lb.	7/- lb.
Cabbage —Somner's Elephant ..	4/- 1/4 lb.	12/- lb.
" Federation ..	5/6	
" Giant Early Marrow ..	6/-	20/-
St. John's Day Early, 3 Months ..	2/-	6/-
" Melbourne Late, 4 Months ..	2/-	6/-
Enfield Market ..	2/-	5/6
London Market ..	2/-	5/6
East Ham ..	2/-	6/-
Burpee's Early Allhead (American Seed) ..	3/6	12/6
Schweinfurt ..	2/-	6/-
Surehead (American Seed) ..	3/6	12/6
Succession (American Seed) ..	3/6	12/6
Red Pickling ..	2/-	6/6
Drumhead ..	1/6	5/-
Savoy —Drumhead ..	2/- 1/4 lb.	5/- lb.
Green Curled ..	2/-	5/6
Carrot —Somner's Early Market ..	1/6 1/4 lb.	5/- lb.
James' Improved Intermediate ..	1/-	3/-
Early Scarlet Horn ..	1/-	3/-
Chantenay ..	1/3	4/-
Guerande ..	1/3	4/-
Cauliflower —Veitch's Autumn Giant, 6 Mths. ..	4/-	12/6
Early London, 3 Months ..	4/6	12/6
Eclipse, early ..	5/-	15/-
" Melbourne, late ..	6/-	20/-
Large Asiatic, 6 Months ..	4/6	15/-
Celery —Cole's Crystal White ..	2/- 1/4 lb.	6/6 lb.
White Pascal ..	2/-	7/-
White Plume ..	2/6	8/-
Giant Red Solid ..	2/-	6/6
Cress —Triple Curled ..	6d. 1/4 lb.	1/6 lb.
Cucumber —Long Prickly ..	1/- oz., 3/- 1/4 lb.	8/- lb.
Short Prickly ..	1/-	3/-
Kohi Rabi —Large Green ..	2/- 1/4 lb.	6/6 lb.
Large Purple ..	2/-	6/6
Leek —London Flag ..	2/- 1/4 lb.	6/-
Musselburgh ..	2/6	8/-
Lyon ..	2/6	8/-
Lettuce —Somner's Golden Summer ..	4/- 1/4 lb.	10/- lb.
Continuity or Perpetual ..	4/-	12/6
Drumhead ..	2/-	6/-
Neapolitan ..	2/-	6/-
Iceberg ..	2/6	7/6
Giant White Cos ..	2/-	6/-
Somner's Champion Cos ..	3/-	10/-
Melon, Water —Sweetheart ..	2/- 1/4 lb.	7/- lb.
Cuban Queen ..	2/-	6/-
Kolb's Gem ..	2/-	6/-
Dixie ..	2/-	6/-
Ice Cream ..	2/-	6/-
M'Iver's Wonderful Sugar ..	2/-	6/6
Black Spanish ..	2/-	6/-
Rattlesnake ..	2/-	6/-
Kleckley's Sweet ..	2/6	8/-
Melon, Rock —Large Persian ..	2/- 1/4 lb.	7/- lb.
Large Yellow Canteloupe ..	2/-	7/-
Skillman's Netted ..	2/6	8/-
Early Hackensack ..	2/6	8/-
Emerald Gem ..	2/6	8/-
Long Island Beauty ..	3/-	10/-
Melon, Preserving —Green Seed ..	2/- 1/4 lb.	6/- lb.
Citron, Red Seed ..	2/-	6/-
Mustard —Fine White ..	6d. 1/4 lb.	1/6 lb.
Onion —Somner's Triumph ..	4/- 1/4 lb.	12/6 lb.
Brown Spanish ..	2/-	6/-
" Globe ..	2/-	6/-
Extra Early Golden Globe ..	2/6	7/6
Silver Skin ..	2/6	6/-
The Queen ..	2/6	6/-

Parsley —Triple Curled ..	1/3 1/4 lb.	3/- lb.
Parsnip —Mammoth Crown ..	1/6 1/4 lb.	5/- lb.
Hollow Crown ..	1/-	2/6
Pepper or Capsicum —Most Varieties ..	2/- oz.	
Pumpkin —Ironbark ..	2/- 1/4 lb.	5/- lb.
Gramma ..	2/6	8/-
Turk's Cap ..	2/-	6/-
Jonathan or Trombone ..	2/6	8/-
Mammoth Yellow ..	3/-	10/-
Mammoth Tours ..	2/-	5/-
Japanese Pie ..	2/6	8/-
Radish —Long Scarlet ..	6d. 1/4 lb.	1/6
Red and White Turnip ..	6d.	1/6
French Breakfast ..	1/-	2/6
China Rose ..	1/3	3/-
Mammoth Chinese White ..	1/3	3/6
Rhubarb —Most Varieties ..	2/6 1/4 lb.	8/- lb.
Spinach —Round ..	6d. 1/4 lb.	1/6 lb.
Prickly ..	6d.	1/6
Victoria ..	1/-	3/-
Squash —Early White Custard Bush ..	2/6 1/4 lb.	
Hubbard ..	3/-	
Boston ..	2/6	
Marblehead ..	3/-	
Mammoth Chili ..	3/-	
Early White Pineapple ..	3/-	
Tomato —Large Red Smooth ..	1/- oz.	3/- 1/4 lb.
Trophy ..	1/6	
Mikado ..	1/6	
Dwarf Champion ..	1/6	
Ponderosa ..	2/6	
Golden Queen ..	1/6	
Key's Early Prolific ..	2/6	
Conqueror ..	1/6	
Large Red ..	1/-	3/- 1/4 lb.
Earliana ..	2/-	
Turnip —Somner's Early White Queen ..	1/6 1/4 lb.	5/- lb.
Somner's Nugget ..	1/6	5/-
White Stone ..	9d.	2/-
White Strapleaved ..	9d.	2/-
Red American Stone ..	9d.	2/6
Extra Early Milan ..	1/3	4/-
London Market ..	1/-	2/6
Non-seeding, White ..	1/-	3/-
Orange Jelly or Golden Ball ..	9d.	2/6
Scarlet Kashmyr ..	1/3	4/-
Laing's Garden Swede ..	9d.	2/-
Skirving's Purple Top Swede ..	8d.	2/-
Vegetable Marrow —		
Early Long White Runner ..	9d. oz., 2/- 1/4 lb.	7/- lb.
Moore's Cream ..	9d.	7/-
Early Long Green Runner ..	9d.	8/-
Custard Bush ..	1/-	8/-
Long White Bush ..	1/-	7/-
Long Green Bush ..	1/-	7/-
Pen-y-byd ..	1/- oz.	
Peas —Yorkshire Hero, Prime ..	2/6 to 3/- 1/4 bush., 7/6 to 9/- bush	
Veitch's Perfection ..	3/6 1/4 bush.	12/6
Little Gem ..	5/-	18/-
Wm. Hurst ..	5/-	18/-
American Wonder ..	5/-	18/-
Day's Early Sunrise ..	3/6 to 4/6	12/6 to 15/-
Stratagem ..	4/6	16/6
The Daisy ..	5/-	18/-
Sharpe's Queen ..	5/6	20/-
Beans —Broad Windsor ..	4/- 1/4 bush.	14/- bush.
Carter's Leviathan Long Pod ..	4/-	14/-
Early Long Pod ..	4/-	13/6
Dwarf French Canadian Wonder ..	4/6 to 5/6	15/- to 20/-
" Early Pale Dun ..	4/6 to 5/6	15/- to 20/-
" Negro Long Pod ..	5/-	17/6 to 20/-
Somner's Advance, very prolific ..	6/-	20/-
Butter Wax Dwarf (B. Seed) ..	8/-	30/-
" Tall Mont d'Or ..	7/-	25/-
White Dutch Runners ..	7/6	20/- to 25/-
Scarlet Runners ..	8/6	30/-
Zebra ..	7/6	25/-

I received great satisfaction out of the last lot of Succession and Surehead Cabbage seed I had from you.—W. H. McCARTNEY, Gainsboro' St., Castlemaine.

SELECT LIST OF "TIP TOP"



Any Variety
not mentioned
in this List
can be
supplied at
Current Rates.

All
Cash Orders
for Bulbs, 10/-
or upwards.
Post or
Carriage Free.

BRUNDRETT'S SPECIAL STRAIN OF St. Brigid Anemones.

Finest and Most Select in Australia.

Brilliant Colours. Large Blooms.
Very Hardy.
Splendid for Cut Flowers, Winter and Spring,
remaining fresh for a considerable time.
Very Useful for Decorations.

Certificate of Merit Brighton Show, 1905.
Special Certificate R.H.S. Daffodil Show, 1905.

Dry Bulbs Ready from January to June.

PLANT for early blooms in the middle of February, and from then on to June for succession of flowers. They continue to bloom abundantly from July until Christmas. Double and semi-double of all shades; 60 to 70 blooms can be picked from one plant during its flowering period.

Plant the Bulbs four to six inches apart in beds or clumps; this is most important. Full cultural directions with each packet.

PRICES.—Packets, each containing one dozen bulbs, in mixed colours, with full cultural directions, 2/-; 50 bulbs, 7/6; 100 bulbs, 14/-; post free.



ANEMONES.

Single and Double.

THE Anemone is of easy culture; any good garden soil will suit them. The ground must be well drained. Plant the tubers four inches deep, and if the soil is stiff, a little sharp sand should be put in with the roots. For a succession of blooms, plant in March, April and May, and not later than 1st June.

Single, mixed, 1/6 dozen.

" separate colours, 3d. each; 2/- dozen.

" twelve distinct named varieties, 4d. each; 3/6 dozen.

Double, mixed, 1/6 dozen.

" separate colours, 3d. each; 2/- dozen.

" twelve distinct varieties, 4d. each; 3/6 dozen.

Double Chrysanthemum (Flowered)—Superb mixed, 3d. each; 2/6 dozen.

This new race of Anemones, which is little known, can be highly recommended for the brilliant colours of the flowers, which resemble our most beautiful Chrysanthemum.

MISCELLANEOUS SPECIES.

The Bride—Pure white, large flowers; splendid for cutting purposes, 3d. each; 2/- dozen.

Fulgens (The Scarlet Windflower)—Brilliant Scarlet, 2/6 dozen.

Fulgens flora plena—Double form of the above, 2/6 dozen.

Japonica—Autumn flowering herbaceous variety; flowers deep pink, 1/- each.

Japonica alba—White large flowers, produced freely. Very fine for cutting, 1/- each.

AGAPANTHUS.

(African Lily.)

THE Agapanthus are very hardy, free flowering plants, remaining a long time in bloom. The flowers are produced in large umbels on long footstalks.

Umbellatus—Blue, very hardy and highly ornamental, 1/- each; 9/- dozen.

Umbellatus albo lilacinus—White, edged with lilac. pretty, 1/3 each.

Umbellatus albiflorus—White variety of above, extremely beautiful. The single flowers are useful for bouquets, 1/- each; 9/- dozen.

Umbellatus flora plena—Double-flowering Agapanthus; flowers very full, of a dark-blue color. Useful for bouquets, 1/- each.

Arum, "Monarch of the East" grows (32) without water or earth. 1/6 each.



ANEMONE, SINGLE.

AMARYLLIS.

PLANTED in rich, well prepared ground, and liberally supplied with water in dry weather, they make a fine display during the spring and summer months. The season for planting is from April to August.

Belladonna (Belladonna Lily)—Delicate pink, 9d. each; 6/- dozen.

Belladonna minor—Very light pink, almost white, 1/- each.

Belladonna rubra—Very fine deep pink, large flowers, 2/- each.

Formosissima (*Sprekelia*)—Deep crimson, 1/- each; 9/- dozen.

Glaucia (*Sprekelia*)—Bright orange-scarlet, 2/- each.

Purpurea (*Vallota Purpurea*)—Bright orange-scarlet, 1/6 each.

Sarniensis (*Nerine Sarniensis*) Guernsey Lily—1/- each.

Choice hybrids, from 1/6 each, obtainable April to September.

BABIANAS.

THESE are handsome bright-coloured bulbs, suitable for planting near the edge of borders; colours—blue, red, purple, white and blue, blue and red. Named varieties, 2/6 dozen; mixed, 1/6 dozen. Obtainable March to April.

CONVALLARIA.

(Lily of the Valley.)

Majalis—Beautiful small white bell-shaped flower; delicious perfume. Single roots, 6d. each; 4/- dozen; in pots, 1/- each.

Majalis rosea—Rose coloured. Single roots, 9d. each; 5/- dozen; in pots, 1/- each.

Polygonatum (Solomon's Seal)—A favourite. Cream colored flowers, tipped with green, 1/- each; 9/- dozen.

CROCUS.

THESE thrive best in cool situations. They flower early and are very pretty. Named separate colours, 4d. each; 3/- dozen, choicest mixed, 3d. each; 2/6 dozen. White, blue, yellow and striped.

HYACINTHS.

FOR delicate perfume, rich colouring, and neat compact habit, the Hyacinth has no parallel. Being perfectly hardy, it thrives well in the open ground, and planted in masses they are very effective. To cultivate them successfully they should be planted in March, and early in April, in rich, deep soil, with an addition of sharp sand if the ground is heavy. Finest mixed, 4d. each, 3/- dozen; choicest mixed, 6d. each, 5/- dozen. Separate colours, in pink, white and blue, 6d. each, 5/- dozen.

IXIAS.

SCARCELY any species of bulbous plants exhibits such a variety of brilliant colours as the Ixia. They are most useful for the decoration of the borders during spring and early summer; they grow freely in any good, light garden soil. They should be planted four or five inches deep, and a little sharp sand used where the soil is stiff.

Green Ixia—4d. each; 3/- dozen.

Choice Mixed—3d. each; 1/6 dozen.



IRIS.

ONE of the most lovely family of bulbous plants in cultivation, rivaling in beauty some of the grandest orchids. They are all hardy, and with few exceptions free flowering, thriving in any ordinary garden soil with very little care. For shrubbery borders, margins of water, rock-work, etc., they are admirably adapted; in fact it is hard to find a place where some of the varieties will not succeed.

Kaempferi (Japanese Iris)—Choicest mixed, 1/6 each; 12/- dozen.

Germanica (German Iris)—Choice mixed, 1/- each; 12/- dozen.

English—Choicest mixed, 6d. each; 5/- doz.

Spanish—Choicest mixed, 3d. each; 2/6 doz.

Pavonia (Peacock Iris)—3d. each; 2/6 dozen.

Tuberosa (Snake Head Iris)—1/- each.

Stylosa—Very beautiful, flowering in winter; pale blue, sweet scented, 6d. each.

Lilacina—An improved variety of the well-known winter flowering Iris Stylosa, 1/- each.

Speciosa—This is another improved variety, which begins to flower in April, and lasts in bloom during greater part of winter, 1/- each.

Alba—White, handsome winter flowering, 1/- each. Other named varieties—1/- to 2/- each.

(See also Flower Seeds.)

FREESIAS.

VERY free flowering and highly scented. Yellow, 1/3 dozen; white, 1/- dozen; mixed, 1/- dozen.

THE

New Pink Freesia. THE RAREST NOVELTY.

Offered for the First Time.
6d. each 5/- dozen, posted.

Freesia Armstrongii—Discovered by Mr. William Armstrong while hunting in Africa; and pronounced at Kew Gardens, England, to be a true "pink" Freesia, where it is very highly prized.

Extract from Letter of Discoverer.

"These Freesias grow on a hard, dry limestone kopje, so don't kill them with kindness. I do not think they require as much care as either the white or yellow varieties. I told my men to collect all they could, as price was no object, and I hope you will have luck with them, and get them to establish themselves in Australia; you may rely on it they will never become common here, as they are very rare.

"Faithfully yours,

"WILLIAM ARMSTRONG."

Extract from "The Australasian."

"A charming novelty, is 'PINK FREESIA' The white and primrose flowered varieties, now in bloom in our gardens, are extremely popular Cape bulbs, and this new variety will make a fine addition to our borders; the colour is a lovely pink, with a stain of yellow at the base. Freesias, hybridised and raised from seed, produce varieties of light shades of colour, and the one now under notice will probably be the parents of many other useful colours and forms. The pink freesia is not mentioned in any work we have access to, and will no doubt prove new to the horticultural world."



FREESIA REFRACTA.

New Arum, Monarch of the East, produce flowers without earth and water.
See Catalogue, 1/6 each.

Robinson's Special Strain of Gladioli.

THE FINEST COLLECTION IN AUSTRALIA.

Wonderful Blooms. Choicest Colours. Largest Flowers. No Garden should be without them.

PRICE—1/6 each (except where priced), posted extra; or 15/- to 24/- dozen, our own selection.

And many other Splendid Varieties, ranging from 1/6 to 7/6, too numerous to Catalogue.

When comparing blooms with the Catalogue, it is almost impossible to correctly describe them. The rich markings and combinations of colours must be seen, as they cannot be described in a Catalogue.

To get good gladioli blooms the ground should be well turned over, not less than seven or eight inches in depth; manured with well decayed cow manure; but this should not be allowed to touch the bulbs. The bulbs being autumn-grown, are usually not ripe for lifting till July or August. They should then be dug up, the stalks tied together, and placed away in a dry, airy shed or room. The bulbs should be given a rest for three or four months at least, and planted again during December, January, and February, so that the plants may come into bloom after the scorching hot weather is over.

ADA.—A large, soft, rosy colour, with a round scarlet and white powdered throat.
AFRICA.—Dark amaranth, shaded black, large green-tinted white centre, very distinct.
A. H. GOLDSMITH.—A large flower, pink and dark crimson, mottled, white throat.
ALICE.—A very pale pink-tinted white flower.
ALBERTON.—Rosy red, with rich carmine blotches.
ANDROMEDA.—A pretty pink tint, dark magenta throat.
AMIE LANGFORD.—Large, ruby pink tint, white blotch on apron, cream and maroon powdered throat.
ALICE WOOD.—Pale primrose yellow, bright orange centre. 5/- each.
BARCALDY.—Large pale orange or salmon, the two lower petals a darker shade; a fine, large, open bloom.
BAYLEY.—Long spike of white blooms, with pale crimson marking on outer edge of petals; very neat.
BLANCHE.—Very large, pure snow white, with faint violet stripes in throat.
BOSTON.—Bright orange scarlet, with a large, white throat. 2/- each.
BOWDOIN.—Large light orange scarlet, with a large cream white throat.
BORON.—Pale pink puce, large white lower petals, dark violet throat.
BURGOMASTER.—Large puce, open bloom, dark magenta blotch in throat. 3/- each.
BUFFALO.—A fine mottling of different shades of red.
BURLINGTON.—Bright pink, carmine and white throat.
BRILLIANT.—Bright deep red, with a small, finely-powdered throat; superior to all other scarlets.
CHICAGO.—Dark red, dark striped and powdered throat, with blotch on lower petal.
CHELMSFORD.—A nice rich puce, yellow on lip, magenta stained throat.
CIS.—Pale puce on a white ground, yellow lip, magenta blotch in throat. 3/- each.
COUNTESS.—A large dark pink, with a rich dark mottled throat. 2/- each.
DAISY LELAND.—One of the largest flowers grown; bright rosy pink. 3/- each.
DR. PARKHURST.—Large long spike, bright red, with a large white mottled throat. 2/- each.
DEBORAH.—Dark red, tinged with amaranth, large white throat, and white band through petals. 2/- each.
DORY FRENCH.—Light pink, outer edge mottled white, lower petals pure white, maroon throat. 3/- each.
DUCHESS.—A large rosy pink, with darker mottled bands and mottled throat. 2/- each.
DR. SELLEW.—A very large, open crimson flower, with darker stripes towards outer edge, inner portion a light shade.
DR. FISHER.—Dark red, with darker stripes, three white narrow lines on lower petals and into throat.
EDITH.—A nice rich pink, with a pink powdered throat.
EVA.—Large, salmon red, with darker red stripes on outer edge, throat lighter shade.
ELEANOR.—Orange red, with short darker red bands, darker orange red and maroon throat. 3/- each.

EVALINE.—Large, pale pink, faint darker stripes, lower petal dark red.
ETHEL.—Large rose, darker apron, white powdered throat. 2/- each.
ETNA.—Dark orange red, smoky-blue shading on edge, dark orange apron. 2/- each.
FANTASTIC.—Large bright scarlet, with darker shading in throat.
GOVERNOR M'CORMACK.—Rose-mottled silvery gray, violet and white mottled throat. 2/- each.
GERTIE.—Large pale buff, pink stripes, maroon line in throat. 3/- each.
HARLEQUIN.—Dark crimson, suffused red striped and mottled.
ILLESENE.—Cream white ground, red stain on outer edge. 2/- each.
IRENE.—A large light orange shade, with faint darker stripes.
IMPERIAL PINK.—Bright deep pink, a fine flower. 2/- each.
ISABEL.—Rich bright ruby pink and yellow throat.
JEAN LEBADY.—A rich yellow, with a pale green tint, cardinal blotch on throat. 2/- each.
JUAN.—A large pale pink, with nearly all one pink shade throughout.
LIMERICK.—Large pale pink, with a darker crimson throat. 2/- each.
LIZZIE.—Pale heliotrope or white, with darker heliotrope stripes in throat.
LORENZO.—Dark red, large open bloom, with inner white throat, the colours well defined.
MARVIN.—Round, flesh pink, pale orange tint on lower petal, dark maroon and yellow throat. 6d. each.
MARSHALL KING.—A bright flesh tint, cream apron, white throat. 2/- each.
MAY.—A lovely pure white bloom, more or less flaked with pale crimson, fine long spike.
MARMION.—Bright rose pink, lower petals, white blotch throat, striped pink.
MAUD VERNON.—Salmon rose, lower petal violet, striped violet markings in throat.
MARVIN.—Round, flesh pink, pale orange tint on lower petal, dark maroon and yellow throat.
MARY ANNE.—Rich rose, magenta striped on white apron. 2/- each.
MELING.—Large salmon rose, good upright blooms, with darker red stripes on outer edge of petals.
MRS. BEECHER.—Bright crimson red, with throat largely powdered, maroon and white.
MRS. FISHER.—Light red, dark maroon throat, long white stripe into throat.
MRS. E. VERNON.—Very large puce-tinted, with darker violet stripes in throat.
MRS. CARRIE COLE.—A fine puce pink tint, large pale yellow throat. 2/- each.
MISS MILLIS.—A rich bright ruby, with white line and darker throat. 2/- each.
MOHAWK.—A large deep dark pink, spotted throat, maroon and orange.
MOOLTAN.—A nice pink tint, with a dark red throat.
MOONLIGHT.—Cream, all one shade, sometimes with faint darker stripes. 3/6 each.
"NARRALIVE."—Pink, with a white tint, and yellow apron. 2/- each.
NELLY.—Dark red, with darker stripes, throat large, open into centre.
ORANGE.—Very large, bright orange red, outer edge paler, throat darker.
ORIOLE.—Pink and gray mottling, with beautiful yellow banded throat.
PEARL.—A pretty pale pink, darker pink stripes, large pale pink throat. 2/- each.
PEACH BLOSSOM.—A rich full bloom, of a reddish pink shade, like peach blossom. 3/- each.
PEORIA.—Dark red lilac, white and red markings in throat, good early flower.
PINK DAISY.—Large pink, all one pink shade, free from markings.
PINKERTON.—Large rich pink, with a white powdered throat.
PURPLE QUEEN.—A bright purple, with lighter lines. 2/- each.
PRIMROSE YELLOW.—A nice cream sulphur yellow, close set blooms. 2/- each.
PROMONTEUS.—A fine white, with purple stained throat. 3/6 each.
RANGI.—Pale orange, maroon stripes in a white throat. 2/- each.

RUBY QUEEN.—A nice ruby red, with a maroon blotch in throat.
RUBY.—Clear ruby, dark maroon and red throat.
SANTON.—Ruby, pink tint, with darker pink stripes, large open flowers.
SANDUSKY.—Deep, rich pink, with heavy dark stripes towards outer edge of petals, a fine long spike.
SACRAMENTO.—Bright scarlet, with white mottlings.
SERGEANT.—Dark red, with pale yellow stripes on the three lower petals. 2/- each.
STRIPED BEAUTY.—Pale rose pink, cream throat, with long, magenta lines on lower petals. 2/- each.
SUNRISE.—Dark orange red, throat maroon, and white powdered. 2/- each.
SUNSET.—Dark smoky blue shade, orange red stain in throat.
TORONTO.—Pure white, with distinct violet crimson stripe in throat.
TRIOMPHE DES FLORES.—A close set bouquet of white blooms. 2/- each.
YELLOW BELL.—A rich sulphur yellow, with dark maroon blotch in throat. 2/- each.
VARIABLES.—One of the largest growing Gladioli, flowers of various shades, of deep pink to a blue black colour. 2/- each.

LEMOINE, or Butterfly Colored.
ADELE.—White, with faint lavender tint, very dark maroon blotch on a sulphur apron. 2/- each.
AURORA.—Large, bright salmon red, darker red stripes on cream and yellow ground. 2/- each.
CICILY.—Pale pink tint, greenish-yellow lip, magenta blotch on throat. 2/- each.
CHLOE.—Rich orange red, darker velvety red blotch in throat on a pale yellow ground. 2/- each.
CORA.—Light purple, large white apron, dark maroon throat. 2/- each.
DAMIO.—Large pale orange pink, with large pale carmine stain. 2/- each.
DOLORES.—Salmon rose, dark cardinal blotch on a white apron, white powdered throat. 2/- each.
DOLLY VARDEN.—Pretty puce, with yellow apron.
ENDORA.—White, faint purple tint, rich magenta throat, fine yellow lines. 3/- each.
EMPRESS REGINAE.—Dark red, two lower petals darker red, ruby red throat. 2/- each.
F. BERGMANN.—Large, well opened flower, orange pink, with large crimson red throat.
INEZ.—Clear white, with faint pink stripes, throat large, rich velvety dark red, shading off paler. 2/- each.
JOYCE.—Cream, yellow throat, very pretty.
LILA.—Dark lavender, with darker blue shade on lower petal. 2/- each.
LOUISE.—Pale pink, yellow lip, dark maroon throat.
MARCELLA.—Pale heliotrope, with small pink bands, maroon blotch on a cream yellow ground.
MARIE LEMOINE.—Pale cream, throat beautifully marked, dark violet and yellow; one of the best. 2/- each.
MALVAS.—White, with faint pink stripes, large magenta throat.
MAJOR TREVENA.—Very pretty puce and rose shaded, on lower petals dark red, with 3 yellow lines. 2/- each.
MIDNIGHT.—Dark red ruby, darker red throat. 2/- each.
MINA.—Purple puce, with darker stripes, lower petal darker puce.
MURILLO.—Bright claret red, with velvet crimson throat.
NAOMI.—Very large, purple, lighter coloured throat.
PHILARETE.—Pale purple, white tint, lips rich crimson, dark maroon, blotch and powdered throat; very neat.
PHYLLIS.—White, two large magenta lines running into throat.
PAINTED LADY.—Large pale puce, large pale yellow apron.
RITA.—Bright pale blue on upper petals, lower petals darker shade.
TREVENA.—Flesh pink throat, yellow and maroon shaded.
W. E. GUMBLETON.—Purple rose, rich carmine blotch, large open flower.

New Gladiola "Princeps." (See Novelties.)

Try our Collections of Sweet Peas, 2/-, 3/6, 6/-, 7/-, upwards. Exceptional Value.

LILIUM (Lilies).

THIS is indeed a grand genus of plants, noble in their appearance, and producing elegant flowers. We think it may be safely affirmed, that, for intrinsic beauty, the varieties of *Lilium speciosum* (lancifolium) and *auratum* are unequalled by any other flower. The ground for lilies should be trenched to a depth of two feet, and well manured; plant the bulb six inches deep, and water freely during the growing season. The best months to plant are May, June and July.

Auratum (Golden Rayed Lily of Japan) —2/- each.

Bulbiferum (Orange Lily). 1/- each.

Candidum (St. Joseph or Madonna Lily). Pure white, 1/- each.

Longiflorum Harrisii (Bermuda Lily). Pure white, enormous flowers, 1/- each.

Longiflorum Exemium (Christmas Lily).

Speciosum (Lancifolium) **album**. Pure white, 1/- each.

Speciosum (Lancifolium) **roseum**. White spotted with light crimson, 1/- each.

Speciosum (Lancifolium) **rubrum** (True). White, spotted with crimson, 1/- each.

Tigrinum (Tiger Lily)—1/- each.

Tigrinum, fl. pl. (Double Tiger Lily)—1/6 each.

MONTBRETIAS.

A most beautiful and attractive group, exceedingly useful for cutting and decorative purposes. They are all extremely hardy, growing freely in almost any soil, and when thoroughly established are marvellously handsome, the flower spikes attaining a height of 2½ or 3 feet, and are gracefully arched. 6d. each; 5/- per doz., obtainable May to August.

NARCISSI OR DAFFODILS.

GROUP I.

MAGNI-CORONATÆ.

THIS group contains the largest Trumpet Daffodils.

Albicans—Perianth white, trumpet primrose passing to white, 6d. each.

Ard Righ (Yellow King)—Perianth full yellow, trumpet handsome deep yellow, very early, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Bicolor (of Haworth)—Perianth white, trumpet primrose, late, 1/- each.

Blondin—Deep yellow, 9d. each.

Cernuus—Pure white, very fine, 9d. each.

Countess of Annesley—Perianth sulphur yellow, deep rich yellow trumpet, early, 9d. e.

Dean Herbert—Primrose perianth, rich yellow trumpet, 1/- each.

Emperor—Perianth deep primrose, trumpet rich yellow. A large flower and good for cutting, 4d. each; 3/6 per dozen.

Empress—Perianth white, good substance; trumpet rich yellow. A good flower for cutting, 4d. each; 3/6 per dozen.

Grandis—Perianth pure white, massive long straight yellow trumpet. Very late flower, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Golden Spur—Deep soft yellow, early, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Henry Irving—Broad spreading yellow perianth, large yellow trumpet. Extra fine, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Horsfieldi—Perianth white, trumpet rich yellow. Very early, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

King Umberto—Perianth light yellow, with deeper stripe; trumpet large, 6d. each; 5/- doz.

Maximus—Rich deep golden yellow, perianth deeply twisted. One of the best, 9d. each.

Major—Deep yellow trumpet, 3d. ea.; 2/6 doz.

M. J. Berkeley—Perianth and trumpet clear yellow; trumpet expanded and reflexed at brim. A very handsome early flower, 9d. ea.

Mrs. Walter Ware—Perianth white, trumpet golden, expanded at brim and frilled. One of the finest bicolors, 1/6 each.

Princeps—Perianth sulphur, large yellow trumpet. Very early, 3d. each; 1/6 dozen.

Propinquus—Large yellow trumpet, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Spurius—All yellow; broad perianth, large trumpet, 4d. each; 3/6 dozen.

Victoria—Perianth creamy white, broad and good quality; trumpet clear rich yellow; flowers bold and erect, 2/- each.

Wm. Goldring (the Swan's Neck Daffodil)—Long, snow-white, tapering and twisted perianth, gracefully drooping over the primrose trumpet. A very distinct and elegant daffodil, 1/6 each.



NARCISSUS JONQUILLA PLENUS, ODOROTUS.

GROUP II.

MEDII CORONATI or CHALICE CUPPED DAFFODILS.

(NARCISSUS INCOMPARABILIS).

Autocrat—Broad yellow perianth, expanded yellow cup, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Aurantius—Yellow perianth, cup orange-red. Good flower for cutting, 3d. each; 2/- dozen.

Cynosure—Large primrose perianth, changing to white; cup stained orange-scarlet, 4d. each, 3/- dozen.

Figaro—Perianth yellow, cup large and spreading, stained orange-scarlet, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Frank Miles—Soft, clear yellow flower, large and handsome, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Gwyther—Broad yellow perianth, large orange cup; showy flower and good grower, 3d. each; 2/6 dozen.

Glow—Perianth yellow; cup scarlet. Early, 3d. each; 2/6 dozen.

Lorenzo—Perianth soft primrose, changing to white; clear yellow cup, 6d. each.

Princess Mary—Broad creamy white perianth, large and expanded cup, suffused with orange, 1/3 each.

Semipartitus—Pale primrose perianth, cup deeply lobed. A very distinct flower, 6d. ea.

Sir Watkin (The Giant Chalice Cupped Daffodil)—Handsome bold flower; perianth sulphur, cup yellow, slightly tinged with orange. Good cutting flower, 4d. ea.; 3/6 doz.

Stella—White perianth, yellow cup. Showy flower. Good for cutting, 3d. each; 2/6 doz.

Wega—Primrose perianth; cup stained red, 4d. each; 3/6 dozen.

Backhousei Wm. Wilks—Perianth primrose, closely imbricated and spreading, trumpet orange-yellow, frilled at the brim, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

NARCISSUS BARRI.

Beatrice Murray—Free flowering. Distinct and good for cutting, 3d. each.

Conspicuous—A flower of great beauty and refinement, broad spreading perianth, short cup edged with bright orange-scarlet. Free bloomer; lasts a long time in water, 4d. each.

Flora Wilson—Pure white perianth; cup deeply stained orange-scarlet. Beautiful flower, 9d. each.

Golden Mary—Bright golden yellow. Late flowering, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Orphee—Primrose perianth, bright scarlet edged cup, 6d. each.

Siddington—Handsome and free flowering, often producing two blooms on a stem, 6d. ea.

NARCISSUS LEEDSII.

Amabilis—Perianth white, large and spreading; cup long and conspicuous, passing from lemon to white, 4d. each; 3/6 dozen.

Duchess de Brabant—Perianth white, cup canary. Early and free flowering, 3d. each; 2/6 per dozen.

Leedsii—Silvery-white starry flower, sweet scented, 3d. each.

Madge Matthew—Large white perianth, white cup. Bold and beautiful, 9d. each.

Mrs. Langtry—Perianth white and broad; large white cup, opens primrose, passing off white. Free bloomer, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

NARCISSUS NELSONI.

Nelsoni Major—Perianth white, with large bright yellow cup. Very fine, 1/ each.

Wm. Backhouse—Broad white perianth, yellow cup, 9d. each.

GROUP III.

PARVI CORONATI (Dolly Cup or Small Crowned Daffodil).

NARCISSUS BURBIDGEI.

Burbidgei—Perianth clear white, cup margined with cinnabar red. Very early, 4d. each; 2/6 dozen.

Constance—Perianth sulphur; expanded cup, edged orange-scarlet, 4d. each; 3/6 dozen.

Little Dirk—Cowslip yellow perianth, cup edged bright orange-red. A dainty flower, 4d. each, 3/6 dozen.

Mary—White perianth, cup suffused orange, 4d. each; 3/6 dozen.

Vanessa—Clear yellow, small flat cup. Free bloomer, 4d. each; 3/6 dozen.

Poeticus (Pheasant's Eye)—Perianth pure white, cup citron, 3d. each; 1/6 dozen.

Poeticus ornatus—Perianth pure white, broad and well formed, cup margined scarlet, Very early, 4d. each; 2/6 dozen.

Poeticus plenus (Gardenia Flowered)—Double pure white, highly fragrant, 4d. each; 3/6 dozen.

DOUBLE-FLOWERING NARCISSI.

Orange Phoenix (Eggs and Bacon)—Beautiful large double white flowers, with rich orange-scarlet segments in the centre. Splendid, 3d. each; 2/- dozen.

Golden Phoenix (Butter and Eggs)—Yellow with orange nectary, 3d. each; 2/- dozen.

Sulphur Phoenix (Codlins and Cream)—Double white rose shaped flowers. Very beautiful, 4d. each; 3/6 dozen.

Telemonius plenus (Double Daffodil)—Deep yellow flowers, large and very double, 3d. each; 1/6 dozen.

Double Jonquil's (see Jonquils).

Double Poeticus (see above).

Double Roman (see Polyanthus).

SINGLE and DOUBLE JONQUILS.

Odorus (Campernelle Jonquil)—Perianth and cup rich golden yellow, several flowers on a stem, 1/6 dozen.

Jonquilla (Single Jonquil)—Deep yellow, 3d. each; 2/- dozen.

Jonquilla Odorus Plenus (Double Jonquil)—Small full yellow flowers, very pretty, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Tenuior (The Silver Jonquil)—Sulphur white, yellow cup, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS.

Tazetta or Bunch-Flowered Section.

Dubius or Paper White—Pure white; a good early variety for cut flowers, and valuable for scent making, 3d. each; 2/- dozen.

Double Roman—White, with orange centre, 3d. each; 2/- dozen.

Grand Monarque—White, clear yellow cup, very large spikes, late, 3d. each; 2/6 dozen.

Grand Primo—White, yellow cup, late, 4d. each, 3/6 dozen.

Grand Soliel d'Or—Yellow, orange cup, 3d. each; 2/- dozen.

Hermoine—Pale straw colour, very early and useful for cutting, 3d. each; 2/- dozen.

Queen of the Netherlands—White, orange cup, 4d. each; 3/- dozen.

White Pearl—Pale straw colour, changing to white; large spikes, late, very fine, 3d. each; 2/- dozen.

In addition to this list, we can supply numerous other named varieties of Narcissi.

RANUNCULUS.



RANUNCULUS TURBAN.

Persian—Named, twelve distinct varieties, 2/- dozen; mixed, 1/6 dozen.

French—Named, twelve distinct varieties, 2/- dozen; mixed, 1/6 dozen.

Turban—Named, ten distinct varieties, 2/- dozen; mixed, 1/6 dozen, Obtainable February to May.

SPARAXIS.

THESE are handsome dwarf-growing Cape bulbs, flowering freely. Make a fine display during the blooming season. Require the same treatment as Ixias. 3d. each; 2/- doz.

PULCHERRIMA (Fairy Bells).

Diaramma, or Ixia Pendula—A remarkable plant, with a dense, elegant grassy foliage, from which rise graceful wiry flower stems, three to five feet high, arching over in a broad graceful curve, from which hang beautiful bell-shaped rosy purple flowers; quite hardy, clumps, 1/- each; 9/- dozen.

SNOWFLAKES (Leucojum).

THESE are excellent substitutes for the old English Snowdrop, being very similar in colour. They succeed well in any soil or situation.

L. aestivum—White, tipped with green, 1/- dozen.

L. pulchellum majus—similar to the above, but with larger blooms, and flowering later, 3d. each; 2/6 dozen.

TIGRIDIA (Mexican Tiger Lily).

Grandiflora alba—Very fine ivory-white flowers, with a large brown-red blotch on yellow ground in the centre, 1/-.

Pavonia—Scarlet and yellow; very gorgeous and showy, 6d. each; 4/6 dozen.

TRITOMA (Torch Lily).

HANDSOME flowering plants, and very hardy. Plants ready from May to August.

Uvaria (The Fiery Poker Flower)—Flowers orange and scarlet, on very tall stems, 1/- ea.

Media—Splendid; hybrid form, between T. Grandiflora and T. MacOwani, 1/- each.

TRITONIAS.

THESE are handsome dwarf-growing bulbs, of very hardy constitution, and producing brilliant coloured flowers; very useful for planting in clumps in the front rows of flower beds. They require the same treatment as Ixias.

Tritonias—Named, 2/6 dozen; mixed, 2/- dozen. Obtainable February to May.

TUBEROSE.

Tuberosa—Single, sweet-scented Tuberosa, white, very fine, 6d. each - 5/- dozen; in pots 1/- each.

Tuberosa flora plena (The Pearl)—Double Tuberosa, rich and powerful perfume, 6d. each; 5/- dozen; in pots 1/-.

Dry Bulbs obtainable May to July.

TULIPS.

OF all the early Spring flowering bulbs these rank foremost for brilliancy of colour and beauty of form. When planted in beds or in groups in the flower borders, their gorgeous appearance is not to be excelled by any other flowers in cultivation, and as they succeed well in any ordinary soil they can be strongly recommended. They should be planted about three inches below the surface of the soil, not later than the end of May,

We have a very fine collection of healthy flowering bulbs to offer.

Early Single—Mixed, 2/- dozen.

Early Double—Mixed, 3/- dozen.

Parrot—Finest colors; mixed, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Darwini—Single, mixed, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Gesneriana—Brilliant scarlet, 6d. each.

WATSONIA.

FLOWERING in early Summer, these hardy bulbs are deserving more extended cultivation. They succeed well in the open border in a light rich soil. Mixed, 4d. each; 3/- dozen.

Alba O'Brieni—A lovely plant, with pure white flowers. Tall and handsome, 6d. each.

Fulgens—Pretty pink, 9d. each.

Rosea—4d. each; 3/- dozen.

Miscellaneous Bulbs, Tubers, Etc.

THIS section contains many interesting and beautiful plants.

Allium Neapolitanum—Pure white, 2/- doz.

Allium Molly—Bright yellow, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Arum Cornutum (Monarch of the East)—

Produces flowers without earth or water; 1/6 each. See Catalogue.

Astilbe Japonica (Generally known as the Spiraea Japonica)—A very handsome herbaceous plant, with dark-green much-divided leaves, and pure white feather-like flowers, 1/- each.

Brodiaea grandiflora—Dwarf blue. A very pretty blue-flowering bulb, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Calla (Richardia)—1/- each.

Calla Ethiopica (Lily of the Nile)—1/- each; 9/- dozen.

Calla Elliotina—Yellow spotted leaved, with rich deep yellow flowers, 2/- each.

Chionodoxa Luciliae (Glory of the Snow)—One of the most beautiful Spring flowering plants in cultivation. It produces an abundance of brilliant sky-blue, white-centred flowers, which are rather larger than those of Scilla Siberica, 1/- each.

Dielytra spectabilis (Bleeding Heart)—One of the most beautiful of the Spring-flowering plants; flowers rose-colored and white, hanging like rose-coloured ear-rings, 1/6 each.

Hyacinthus Candicans—A Cape bulb, distinct from the common Hyacinth, tall stem, pendulous flowers, pure white, of great value for bouquets. Very beautiful, 1/- each.

Lachenalia—Mixed, 4d. each; 3/6 dozen.

Lycorus aurea (The Golden Lily)—Beautiful golden flower, from China, 1/- each.

Muscari (Grape Hyacinth)—Mixed, 3d. each; 2/6 dozen.

Nerine—(See Amaryllis).

Scilla Campanulata (Wood Hyacinth)—Blue, 3d. each; 2/- dozen; white and pink, 4d. each, 3/- dozen.

Ornithogalum Arabicum (Star of Bethlehem)—Large white flowers, with black centre, very attractive, 3d. each; 2/6 dozen.

Triteleia uniflora—White, shaded with porcelain, 3d. each; 1/6 dozen.

Vallota purpurea—(See Amaryllis).

Zephranthes candida—Pure white, 3d. ea.

Zephranthes carinata rosea—Shaded rose. Very fine, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Collection of Bulbs.

WE would specially recommend our customers to order Bulbs in collections, as by so doing we are prepared to allow far better value than by supplying varieties separately. Our stock in many lines being very large, we are enabled to be most liberal in this respect, and we feel confident that we shall give every satisfaction when orders are given in this way.

Collection No. 1, valued 2/6—Including Anemone, Ranunculus, Narcissus, Freesia, etc., per post, 2/9.

Collection No. 2, value 5/-—Including Anemone, Babianas, Freesias, Ixia, Hyacinths, Muscari, Narcissus, Ranunculus, Sparaxis, Ornithogalum and Tulips.

Collection No. 3, value 7/6—Same as No. 2, but greater quantity and more variety.

Collection No. 4, value 10/-—Including the same species as No. 2, but greater quantity and more variety.

Collection No. 5, value 20/-—Including Anemone, Babiana, Hyacinth, Iris, Muscari, Narcissus, Ranunculus, Scilla, Sparaxis, Tritonia, Tulip, Ixia, Freesia, Ornithogalum, Snowflakes, Crocus and Lachenalia.

Postage or carriage extra on all orders for Bulbs, except on cash orders for 10/- upwards.

FLOWER SEEDS.

Cultural Hints for Amateurs.

THE close personal attention given by us for so many years to the growth and improvement of our splendid strains of choice Florists' and other Flower Seeds, has secured for us not only a large and increasing business in this department, but what is now probably the most extensive retail flower seed trade in the States. We would mention, as evidence of the appreciation by the public of our efforts to supply really first-class flower seeds, that our sales of these are rapidly increasing, a sure indication of the very high reputation we enjoy in this respect. We have been exceedingly gratified during the past season by the large number of unsolicited testimonials we have been almost daily receiving in reference to the superior excellence of our flower seeds, and we take this opportunity to assure our customers that they may rely upon the seeds we now offer as being of the same high-class quality as in former years. We would specially draw the attention of Amateurs and others to our very fine strains of Asters, Stocks, Pansies, Phloxes, Balsams, Carnations, Calceolarias, Cinerarias, Primulas, Zinnias, etc., and which we can recommend as being highly superior and unrivalled for exhibition or decorative purposes. We also offer some very fine Novelties, which we feel sure will become highly popular, and for which we anticipate a great demand amongst our customers.

The climate and soil of Victoria being so remarkably well suited to the growth of Flowers, it is comparatively a simple matter with anyone possessing a taste for floral decoration to gratify to the utmost their desire. Amateurs, however, are sometimes at a loss as to the method of dealing with plants which will ensure the best possible results; and to such amateurs the following remarks are addressed, with the hope that they will prove useful. Of course, it is impossible to give in small compass anything approaching perfect directions for the cultivation of any particular variety, but we have endeavoured to give such simple practical rules as are generally applicable, and such as will put growers in a fair way to success.

SOIL.—In the first place the **nature of the soil** claims attention. For the larger class of seeds, such as Nasturtium, Sweet Peas, etc., ordinary garden mould is suitable; but to sow the finer seeds it is necessary to have the soil of fine consistency, freely mixed with sand, and, if possible, leaf-mould or well-rotted turf. The surface should be raked very smooth, and, if dry, watered gently about an hour before sowing the seed.

SOWING.—When considerable breadth is required, it is desirable to sow all **hardy** seeds where they are intended to flower; but in the case of **tender** sorts, and when only a small number of plants are wanted, it is always best to sow in specially prepared beds or boxes, and then transplant. When the seeds are sown, it is advisable to press the soil lightly down, so as to hold them in position, while the radicle, or first root, is pushed down into the ground. We would impress on amateurs the benefit of **sowing thinly**; thick sowing causes the young seedlings to become "drawn," and has the effect of making "leggy" and unhealthy plants.

For the cultivation of the finer strains of seeds, such as Primulas, Calceolarias, Cinerarias, etc., some slight extra care is

necessary; the trouble will be amply repaid, however, by the quality of the produce. They should be sown in seed pans or pretty large pots, great attention being paid to the drainage. The soil must be made very fine on the top, and the seed thinly scattered. Do not cover the seeds with earth; but lay a piece of obscured glass, or, better still, a sheet of brown paper, over the pot; place in a cool green house, near the glass, and when the plants appear attend very carefully to watering; pot out the young plants into "thumb" pots when strong enough to handle, and give a moderately cool, even temperature, protecting them thoroughly from cold winds and sudden changes.

DEPTH TO SOW.—As to the proper **depth to sow** seeds there can be no hard-and-fast line drawn, but it may be laid down as a rule that no flower seeds should be put more than **one-half inch** below the surface; indeed most varieties will be sufficiently covered at a depth of **one-quarter inch**, only the very large sorts requiring more.

Fine seed, such as Lobelia, Mimulus, etc., require no covering beyond what is given by pressing the soil down after sowing.

TIME TO SOW.—**Hardy Annuals** are those which may be sown in the open borders during Autumn or Spring, requiring no protection, such as Bartonia, Candytuft, Calliopsis, Centaurea, Chrysanthemum, Dianthus, Gaillardia, Larkspur, Lobelia, Marigold, Mignonette, Nasturtium, Phlox, Stock, and a large collection of others, both tall and dwarf, of almost every shade and colour.

Half-hardy and Tender Annuals are those which, if sown during Autumn or early Spring, require the aid of artificial heat, frame, or bell glass; and also require protection until they are sufficiently strong to bear transplanting into the open border. They may also be sown in the open ground late in Spring, when the weather is sufficiently warm to be suitable to their constitution. We will name a few of the most admired—Aster, Balsam, Celosia, Mina Lobata, Portulaca, Zinnia, etc.

Half-hardy Biennials and Perennials.—These are best sown during the months of September to December.

Hardy Biennials and Perennials.—May be sown either Autumn or Spring.

TRANSPLANTING may be done in most cases when the young plants have made the second pair of leaves, but with half-hardy and tender varieties it is advisable to **prick them out** at this stage into "thumb" pots—three to five plants in a pot—and keep them well sheltered and gently watered until thoroughly established before finally transplanting them.

WATERING.—Careful and judicious watering is a great point in the cultivation of flowers. Of course no rule can be laid down, but it is necessary to keep the surface always moist, especially before the seeds have vegetated. The neglect of half-an-hour may ensure a complete failure in the case of nearly all the small seeds. Always use a **fine rose watering can**, so as to prevent beating down or washing away the young plants. When the plants are flowering they will require frequent watering if the weather be dry. An occasional watering with weak **liquid manure** will tend to prolong their flowering, and increase the size and brilliancy of the flowers; where the soil is poor, liquid manure watering is indispensable.

prepared mixture for the destruction of these pests, and packet: 1/- per lb.; Postage or Carriage Extra.



**All Lovers of BEAUTIFUL FLOWERS should
raise their SEED from these Selected**



COLLECTIONS OF CHOICE GERMAN FLOWER SEEDS

As they will more than repay the extra money spent.

(Imported from the best German Firms and sold in their original sealed packets as received.)

ANNUALS—				s. d.	EVERLASTING FLOWERS—				s. d.	PHLOX—				s. d.					
For Bees	..	12 varieties	2	0	12 varieties				2	0	Drummondi	...	12 varieties	2	6				
White Flowered, for cutting	12	..	2	0							"	...	6	"	1	6			
ASTER—					FRUIT—						Grandiflora ... 18 .. 4 6								
Bouquet Dwarf	...	12	..	2	6	Ornamental varieties				...	12	..	2	6	"	3	6		
Comet	...	6	..	2	0	GRASSES—Ornamental				...	12	..	2	0	"	6	"	2	0
Chrysanthemum Dwarf	...	12	..	2	6	GAILLARDIA—				...	6	..	1	6	POPPY—				
German Quilled	...	12	..	2	0	GODETIA—				...	6	..	1	6	Dwarf Double ... 6 .. 1 6				
Globe-flowered	...	12	..	2	0	HOLLYHOCK—				PORTULACA—									
Ostrich Plume	...	10	..	2	6	Double				...	12	..	2	6	Double ... 8 .. 2 0				
Pæony-flowered, Truffaut's	12	..	2	6	" "				...	6	..	1	6	Single ... 8 .. 1 6					
Victoria	...	10	..	2	0	Chater's Superb				...	6	..	2	0	SALPIGLOSSIS—				
" " " "	...	6	..	1	6	Hanging Basket Plants				...	6	..	2	0	Large-flowered ... 10 .. 2 0				
ANTIRRHINUM					LARKSPUR—					STOCK—									
Tall	...	12	..	2	6	Dwarf Rocket				...	12	..	2	0	Dwarf German, 10 week 12 .. 2 6				
Dwarf	...	12	..	2	6	Tall Rocket				...	12	..	2	0	" " " " " " 6 .. 1 6				
BALSAM—					Giant Hyacinth fld.				...	6	..	1	0	Large-flowered 10 week, German ... 12 .. 2 6					
Imp. Camellia-flowered	...	8	..	2	6	LOBELIA—				...	6	..	1	6	Giant Perfection New, 10 week ... 12 .. 2 6				
" " " "	...	6	..	2	0	MARIGOLD				STOCK—									
Double Rose-flowered	...	10	..	2	6	African				...	8	..	1	6	Giant Perfection New, 10 week ... 12 .. 2 6				
CALLIOPSIS—					French				...	8	..	1	6	Giant Perfection New, 10 week ... 6 .. 1 6					
Assorted	...	12	..	2	0	MIGNONETTE—				...	6	..	2	0	Brompton Giant ... 12 .. 3 0				
CARNATION—					NASTURTIUM—				SWEET PEAS—										
Perpetual or Tree	...	6	..	1	6	Dwarf				...	12	..	2	0	Selected large-flowered varieties ... 12 .. 2 0				
CORNFLOWER—					Tall				...	12	..	2	0	WALLFLOWER—					
(Centaurea)	...	6	..	1	0	NEMOPHILA—				...	12	..	2	0	Double Selected ... 12 .. 3 6				
CLIMBING PLANTS—					PANSY—				STOCK—										
COLEUS—					Extra Select				...	18	..	4	6	" " " " " " ... 6 .. 2 0					
Foliage beautiful	...	6	..	2	0	PETUNIA—				...	12	..	3	6	Single Best ... 10 .. 2 6				
COCKSCOMB—					Large-flowered Single				...	12	..	3	6	" " " " " " ... 6 .. 1 6					
Dwarf	...	10	..	2	6	" " " " " "				...	6	..	2	6	ZINNIA—				
" " " " " "	...	6	..	1	6	Double fringed				...	12	..	4	6	Double-flowering, tall ... 12 .. 2 6				
CONVOLULUS MAJOR—					" " " " " "				...	6	..	2	6	" " " " " " ... 6 .. 1 6					
Climber	...	10	..	2	0	PICOTEE—				...	8	..	2	0	Dwarf Double ... 8 .. 2 0				
CHRYSANTHEMUM—					Selected				...	8	..	2	0						
Annual	...	12	..	2	0														
DIANTHUS—																			
Heddiwigi and Chinensis	12	..	2	0															
Heddiwigi and Laciniatus	6	..	1	0															

COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER SEEDS

**SELECTED
BY OURSELVES.**

- COLLECTION No. 1.** Price, 1s. ; per post, 1s. 1d.
An assortment of 12 Hardy Annuals for Autumn and Spring sowing.
24 varieties, 2s. ; per post, 2s. 1d. Strictly our own selection.
- COLLECTION No. 2.** Price, 2s. 6d. ; post free.
An Assortment of 12 Choice Hardy Annuals for Autumn sowing.
- COLLECTION No. 3.** Price, 2s. 6d. ; post free.
An Assortment of 12 Choice Annuals for Spring sowing.
- COLLECTION No. 4.** Price, 2s. 6d. ; post free.
An Assortment of 12 Choice Hardy Perennials.
- COLLECTION No. 5.** Price, 2s. 6d. ; post free.
An Assortment of 12 Beautiful White Varieties for bouquets, etc.

- COLLECTION No. 6.** Price, 3s. ; post free.
An Assortment of 12 Choice Perennial Climbers.
- COLLECTION No. 7.** Price, 5s. ; post free.
An Assortment of 25 Hardy Annuals and Perennials.
- COLLECTION No. 8.** Price, 7s. 6d. ; post free.
An Assortment of 38 Hardy and Half-hardy Annuals, Biennials, and Perennials.
- COLLECTION No. 9.** Price, 15s. ; post free.
An Assortment of 30 extra choice varieties, including Carnation, Calceolaria, Cineraria, and Primula.
- COLLECTION No. 10.** Price, 21s. ; post free.
An Assortment of 48 extra varieties, including Pansy, Primula, Calceolaria, Carnation, Cineraria, and Begonia.

Messrs. Law, Somner and Co.,

Dear Sirs.—I am greatly pleased with your Lucerne, it is the finest Lucerne I have ever cut, it being entirely free from dodder, and clear of all other weeds.

Bacchus Marsh, 26/5/05.

JOHN SHINE.

Our Fruit Trees are the best grown—clean and healthy. Write for Catalogue, Posted Free.



ASTER—CHRISTMAS TREE.

No HALF
PACKETS can
be supplied.

ASTER.

Our "Tip Top"
Collection of
ASTERS,
6 varieties, 2/6
posted.

We are justly celebrated for our magnificent strains of Asters, which form an important branch of our Flower Seed business, and would mention that our Seeds of these have been obtained from the most reliable sources, and may be relied on as the very finest procurable. When well grown, nothing can exceed the chaste loveliness and exquisite colour blendings of a nicely arranged bed of choice Asters, and certainly no plant can be more easily raised and grown to perfection. As a rule Asters should not be sown before September, and to ensure a succession of fine blooms further sowings may be made up to January. These latter, although they will not probably produce such fine blooms as those sown earlier, will be found exceedingly useful. Asters will thrive and flower in almost any good garden soil, but, if really fine blooms be required for exhibition, it is advisable to have the ground well broken up, and a good quantity of thoroughly decayed manure worked in. The healthy growth of the plants, and the development of fine blooms are greatly assisted by occasional application of liquid manure up to the time of the plants showing flower, when it should be discontinued.

1. Somner's Tip Top Mixture.

We claim that this is a very superior Mixture, comprising the latest varieties in cultivation, and for brilliancy of colours, size of flowers, we unhesitatingly say it is unequalled. 1/- per packet.

2. **Dwarf Chrysanthemum-flowered.**—Mixed colours. Fine dwarf habit of growth; admirably suited for beds, edgings, pots, etc., height, 1 foot. 6d. per packet.
3. **Comet**—Finest mixed. Extremely beautiful class, closely resembling Japanese Chrysanthemums, the petals being long and somewhat twisted or curled; height, 12 to 15 inches. 6d. per packet.
4. **Comet Empress Frederick, White.**—A beautiful variety of the above. 6d. per packet.
5. **Christmas Tree.**—Finest mixed. The plants attain a height of 20 inches, and measure 24 inches at the base. These flowers are of medium size, very rich, perfectly double, carrying 70 to 100 on each plant. 6d. per packet.
6. **Dwarf Bouquet.**—Mixed colours; very floriferous; produces as many as 100 flowers on each plant; height, $\frac{1}{2}$ foot. 3d. per packet.
7. **Pæony-flowered Perfection.**—Mixed colours; of the greatest perfection, producing noble flowers of the most perfect Pæony form; height $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet. 6d. per packet.
8. **Victoria Dwarf, Finest Mixed.** } General favourites with all lovers
9. " " " **White.** } of Asters; their large and handsome flowers and rich colours elevate them to the front rank amongst bedding plants; height, 1 foot. 6d. per packet.
10. **Mignon.**—Choicest mixed. A very beautiful variety, somewhat resembling the Victoria, splendid for cutting; height, $\frac{3}{4}$ foot. 6d. per packet.
11. **Sunlight.**—A new Yellow, very useful both for bedding and bouquets. Excellent and beautiful. 6d. per packet.
12. **Ostrich Feather.**—Finest mixed. Extra early. A great advance in Asters. Long, graceful petals. 6d. per packet.
13. **Noble.**—Pure white quilled and twisted petals like a Cactus Dahlia; very pretty and distinct, late variety of the Comet class. 6d. per packet.
14. **Lady in White.**—From 40 to 70 buds, successfully developing and borne on slender stems, being produced by one plant; pure white; height, 1 foot. 6d. per packet.
15. **Ray, Giant-Mixed.**—A very attractive variety, excellent for cutting, Bearing very large flowers on long, strong stalks from 4 to 5 inches in diameter, consisting of long, slender-quilled florets producing a charming effect. 6d. per packet.
16. **Perennial, single large-flowering.**—Finest mixed. An excellent variety for cutting; very ornamental for vases, etc., standing a long time in water. A great favourite with Continental flower growers. 9d. per packet.
17. **Surprise**—A very beautiful pink, flushed with red, producing an excellent effect, and should find favour with all. 6d. per packet.
18. **German Quilled Mixed.** } Well-known varieties, ex-
19. **China, or Globe-flowered Mixed.** } cellent for planting in borders; height, $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet. 3d. per packet.



ASTER—OSTRICH FEATHER.

NEW ASTERS.—(See coloured pages).



BALSAM, CAMELLIA-FLOWERED (Plant).

BEGONIA.

THIS magnificent class of handsome flowering plants has been highly improved of late years, and being so admirably suited for greenhouse or conservatory decoration, and for planting out in sheltered positions, should be grown by everyone having accommodation for them. The seed may be sown from August to November, on the surface of well-drained pots or pans of rich sandy loam and finely sifted leaf mould, and placed in a heat of about 65 degrees. When sowing make the soil tolerably firm, level and sprinkle the surface with tepid water, after which sow the seed; no covering of soil is necessary, a piece of glass placed over the pot to retain the surface moisture is all that is required. As the seed of Begonias does not germinate very quickly or evenly, and a long interval will often occur between the first and last plants coming up, the young seedlings should be carefully lifted as soon as large enough to handle, and pricked into pots or pans to grow on, as this will make room for the succeeding young plants. The tubers rest through the Winter months, and during that period no water must be given.

- 20. **Laing's Gold Medal Hybrids**—Single. 2/- per packet.
- 21. —Double. 2/- per packet.
- 22. **Benary's "International" Prize**—Single. 1/6 per packet.

NEW
BEGONIAS,
See Novelties.

BALSAM.

(Imported collections, see page 38).—Our Balsams are noted for their large size, perfect doubleness and symmetry of form, with the most brilliantly striking and exquisitely delicate and beautiful colouring. The seed we now offer has been carefully selected, and we have no hesitation in saying will be found of an unsurpassably fine quality. A first sowing should not be made until the middle or end of October, and further sowings can, if required, be made up to February. The plants should stand at least one foot apart, and water must be freely supplied in dry weather. If the surface soil should be mulched to a depth of two inches, it will keep the ground moist, and also afford nourishment to the plant. Balsams also make beautiful pot plants, and form striking objects for the decoration of the conservatory or greenhouse.

- 23. **Camellia-flowered**—Finest double mixed. 6d. per packet.
- 24. **Camellia-flowered**—Benary's Prize. Saved from finest double sorts. 9d.
- 25. **Rose-flowered**—Choice double mixed. 6d. packet.
- 26. **Finest Double Mixed**—All sorts. 6d. packet.
- 27. **Double Mixed**—3d. per packet.

CALCEOLARIA.

We have much pleasure in offering these splendid strains of Calceolarias, which we have obtained from the most noted growers in England and on the Continent. The flowers will be found of large size, beautiful form, and tigered and spotted with the most exquisite and brilliant markings. We recommend November and December as the best time for sowing the seed, but later sowings may be made up till March. Sow the seed in well-drained seed pans or shallow boxes filled with light sifted mould and sand; water with fine rose water-can, after which put in the seed, placing a piece of glass over the top to retain the moisture, no covering of the soil being required. Remove the glass as soon as the plants are up, and, when large enough to handle, prick off singly into small pots, using rich loam and well-rotted manure in equal proportions, mixing plenty of sand with the compost to keep it open. Shift into larger pots if required. The plants are at all stages of growth liable to attacks of green fly, and when this pest makes its appearance they must be at once fumigated with tobacco smoke, after which they should be syringed with clear water.

- 28. **James' Prize Strain Mixed Varieties**—Saved from a collection unsurpassed for richness and variety of colour, perfection of form, and elegance of habit. 3/- packet.
- 29. **Hybrida Grandiflora**—A splendid strain, very large flowers, robust and floriferous. 2/6 packet.
- 30. **Benary's Tigered and Self-coloured Varieties**—A magnificent strain, flowers large, beautifully striped and spotted. 2/6 packet.
- 31. **Pumila Compacta (Benary)**—A beautiful strain, growing only about ten inches high, and bearing a profusion of large brilliantly marked and spotted flowers. 1/6 packet.
- 32. **Rugosa or Shrubby**—The true bedding varieties, with innumerable small flowers. 1/6 packet.



CALCEOLARIA.

CYCLAMEN.

THE Cyclamen is one of our most beautiful Winter and Spring flowering plants. For the conservatory, greenhouse, or window culture it is indispensable, flowering profusely at a time of the year when other flowers are scarce. The seed may be sown from March to August, in well-drained pots or pans, filled with light, rich, sandy soil, covering it to the depth of a quarter of an inch. The pots should then be placed in a frame, which ought to be kept rather close until the young plants make their appearance. Plenty of air must then be given, and when the young plants are large enough to handle, they should be transplanted into small pots, shifting into larger as these fill with roots.

- 33. **Persicum**—Mixed; an excellent strain. 6d. packet.
- 34. **Persicum Giganteum**—Mixed. For size and substance of bloom and general excellence, this magnificent strain is unsurpassed. 2/6 packet.
- 35. **Persicum Giganteum Album**—Pure white; a splendid strain. 2/6 pkt.
- 36. **Bush Hill Pioneer**—Mixed. New feathered Cyclamen of great substance, with a strikingly distinct crest or feather of the same colour upon the face of each petal. 2/6 packet.
- 37. **"Papillo," New Fimbriated Butterfly Cyclamen**—Awarded many gold and other medals. Every lover of the Cyclamen should try this novelty. This variety has the special peculiarity that the edges of the petal are prettily fimbriated and curled, which lends to the plant a particularly attractive appearance. Highly recommended; mixed colours. 2/- packet.
- 38. **Persicum Grandiflorum Odoratum** (Sweet Scented)—Erect in habit, of large size, broad regularly shaped petals, and emits a delicate and most agreeable perfume, somewhat resembling Jasmine or Balm. 2/6 packet.
- 39. **Fimbriatum (Triumph of Lyons)**—THIS new race is noted for the elegant crisped form of its flowers and agreeable colouring of the edge of its petals. The selection has been pursued in order to obtain very large flowers



CYCLAMEN HYB. FIMBRIATUM—(Triumph of Lyons). opening well (which is often wanting in the C. Papilio), and carried colouring, and very ornamental leaves. 2/- packet. (See Illustration).

Carnations and Picotees.

Our superb strain of these popular flowers is unsurpassable in beauty and variety of colouring, and calculated to produce at least 80 per cent. of fine double flowers. Carnations make excellent plants for miscellaneous borders, but they show to the best advantage when growing in beds by themselves. The seed should be sown in pots or boxes filled with good garden loam, covering the seed lightly, and shade from the strong rays of the sun. When the young plants are two or three inches high, they may be pricked out into small beds, shading and watering them until established. The following Autumn they must be planted out into well-prepared beds, 12 to 18 inches apart. Before the hot weather sets in, the ground should be mulched about 2 inches deep with stable manure. This will not only help to retain the moisture in the ground, but also supply nutriment to the plants. The seed may be sown any time between March and September, but we prefer the earlier plants.



40. **SOMNER'S "TIP TOP" STRAINS**—A mixture of all the finest strains from noted English, Continental, American, and Australian growers, of unsurpassed quality, which should please the most critical growers. 2/6 and 5/- packet.
41. **Margaret, Giants of California**—Very fine, large-flowered strain. Splendid mixture. 9d. per packet.
42. **Margaret, mixed**
43. **„ white**

This new class has justified the highest expectations. Seedlings begin blooming the fourth month from time of coming up, and supply the florist or gardener with large and very sweet-scented flowers when other Carnations are over. 6d. per packet.
44. **Grenadin**—Charming double scarlet flowers; habit dwarf and compact; very early; most useful for borders and masses. 6d. per packet.
45. **Germania**—Very large double flowers of a deep, rich canary yellow colour. Decidedly the finest yellow self ever produced. 1/6 per packet.
46. **Benary's Prize Mixture**—Of unrivalled quality, and will give the greatest satisfaction to the most critical growers. 1/6 per packet.
47. **Perpetual or Tree**—Saved from M. Alegatiere's celebrated collection. An excellent strain of this section; will produce a high percentage of doubles. 1/6 per packet.
48. **Picotee**—Splendid mixed. Saved from stage flowers only. 1/6 per packet.
49. **Giant Double Perpetual (New)**—An improved class of Carnations; very large flowers of excellent shape, in splendid mixture. It blooms in about seven months after being sown, and continues to flower in the greatest profusion indefinitely. 2/6 per packet.
50. **Extra Choice Double Mixed**—Having been saved from flowers of very finest quality only, this seed will give highly favourable results. 1/- per packet.

Celosia, Cockscomb.

When well grown these singularly-formed and magnificently-coloured oddities have a very rich and fine appearance, and are well worth the trouble of cultivation. Sow the seeds in August or September in pots or pans of light rich soil, and plunge in a good heat: the object being to keep the plants in free growth without a check; the young plants should be carefully pricked out into small pots as soon as they can be handled, and as these fill with roots they should be shifted into larger pots. Those of 8 inches in diameter are large enough to finish with, but the plants must be kept in heat till the combs are formed, which will take place when the plants become pot-bound. The seeds may be sown in the open ground the latter end of October.

51. **Dwarf Finest Mixed**—6d. per packet.
52. **Empress**—Bright crimson combs, dark foliage. 6d. per packet.
53. **Glasgow Prize**—Very rich crimson combs. 1/- per packet. (See Illustration.)
54. **Pyramidalis Plumosa**—Beautiful long plumes. 3d. per packet.
55. **Japonica**—Japanese Cockscomb. Very pretty branching variety; crimson. 3d. pkt.
56. **Triumph of the Exposition**—The plants are of a handsome pyramidal form, about two feet high, of regular travelling habit, every stem crowned with a magnificent feathery plume of intense scarlet, foliage being bronze colour. 6d. pkt.
57. **Magnifica**—Charming crimson variety of the feathered tribe, branching and producing numbers of sideshoots, while making a lovely contrast when grown in beds or borders. 6d. per packet.
58. **Spicata**—Another charming variety; flowers of a bright rose tint, changing after to silvery white; stands unfavourable weather well; a splendid plant for bouquets; seed requires to be raised in heat to start it. 6d. per packet.

NEW CELOSIA (see Coloured Pages).

For Perfection in Flower use our noted Plant Food. 6d. packet; 1/- and 1/6 tin.



COCKSCOMB, GLASGOW PRIZE.

CINERARIA. OUR SEEDS CROW.

As a showy greenhouse or window plant the Cineraria has few equals, bearing, as it does, hundreds of large showy flowers of various colours. If kept in a moderately cool temperature after they come into bloom, the flowers will last in perfection for several weeks, and being easily grown, Cinerarias are specially valuable as amateurs' plants. The seed which we offer has been procured from the best English and Continental houses, and which we have every confidence in recommending as unsurpassable. The colours will be found varied and brilliant, combined with a faultless habit of plant and form of flower. For a succession of plants it will be necessary to make several sowings, commencing in November and continuing to March. Sow in well-drained seed pans or shallow pots of light rich soil, giving the seed but a very slight covering; place a piece of glass over the pot to retain surface moisture. When the plants have made their first pair of leaves they should be potted off into small pots, and as these become filled with roots the plants must be shifted into larger ones, and so on until the flower buds make their appearance, when the practice must be discontinued.

59. **Hybrida**—Choicest mixed. A fine compact growing class, with large handsome flowers, exceedingly floriferous. 1/6 packet.
60. **Hybrida Grandiflora**—Benary's large-flowered prize varieties. Unsurpassed for diversity and richness of colour, as well as size and perfection of form. 2/6 packet.
61. **James' Splendid Strain**—These embrace the richest and brightest colour of self, as also the most varied, showy, and attractive varieties, with clearly defined and elegant margins, and rings of various shades. 2/6 packet.
62. **New Double**—This seed has been saved from a splendid collection, will produce almost exclusively beautiful double-flowering plants. 2/6 packet. (New Cinerarias see coloured pages.)

We Carefully Test
All Seeds.

COLEUS.

Only those of strong
growth sent out.

CAREFULLY saved from the newest and finest varieties. These beautiful ornamental-foliaged plants are easily raised in the way recommended for tuberous-rooted Begonias, and, being of rapid growth, soon form nice plants for the greenhouse or drawing room, their exquisite and varied markings and variegations making them highly interesting.

63. **Finest Mixed**—Saved from the finest and showiest hybrids. 2/- pkt.
64. **New Large Leaved**—A grand strain of large-leaved and brilliantly coloured varieties. The seed offered has been carefully hybridised, and will produce a splendid variety of beautiful foliage. 2/6 packet.

CINERARIA HYBRIDA GRANDIFLORA.



New Street, Elsternwick, March 31st, 1905.

"The Coleus seed supplied by you was really first-class, and a splendid strain. They were all grown in the open air."

JAS. SMIBERT.

Imported Collections. see page 38.

"I got 230 plants out of two packets of your Coleus No. 64. It is the best collection I have ever seen."

HUGH McLEOD, Nth. Brighton.

DELPHINIUMS. NO BETTER OBTAINABLE.

BEAUTIFUL hardy border perennials, with noble spikes of handsome flowers; exceedingly useful for cut flowers, etc.

65. **Somner's "Tip Top" Mixture**—For brilliancy of colour, of all shades, varying from the finest yellow to the richest blues, purple and scarlet. A bed makes a grand show, with their large spikes of handsome flowers, which continue in bloom for a long period. 2/- packet.
66. **Cardinale**—Scarlet, fine. 1/- packet.
67. **Cashmerianum**—Very fine, dark blue. 6d packet.
68. **Formosum**—Rich dark blue, beautiful. 3d. packet.
69. **Formosum Cælestinum**—Beautiful light blue. 6d. packet.
70. **Brunonianum**—Blue, musk scented, quite distinct. 1/6 packet.
71. **Zalil (Sulphureum)**—Long spikes of yellow flowers, very beautiful. 6d. packet.
72. **Chinese**—Fine mixed, splendid. 3d. packet.
73. **Double**—Finest mixed. This mixture is of unsurpassed quality. Raised by one of our best Colonial growers, producing very long spikes. 6d. packet.
74. **Elatum**—Very early blue. Of fine form and habit, making a grand show, coming into bloom early, and remaining a long time in flower. 1/6 packet.
75. **Grandiflorum**—Reddish Lilac. A very striking colour, and will be found useful for bedding, etc., when grown by itself or in conjunction with other varieties. 1/6 packet.
76. **Elatum Hybridum Nanum**—Semi-dwarf Perennial Larkspur. The plants never reach over three to three and a half feet in height, and develop a splendid and long-continued show of bloom. They are of candelabra habit, making a grand show, and produce extra large flowers in all shades of blue, from the lightest celestial to the deepest indigo, and will flower the first season if sown early. 1/3 packet.



DELPHINIUM ELATUM HYBRIDUM NANUM.

Order Flower Seeds by Number only, giving Date of Catalogue, 1909.



SINGLE DAHLIA.

DAHLIA.

Sow in early Spring, in pots or pans, lightly covering the seeds with fine soil. When the young plants are two or three inches high they should be planted out at once, giving them a slight protection for a few nights if the weather is cold. They commence blooming in February, and continue with a profusion of lovely flowers for a long time. The seeds here offered have been saved from a very choice collection.

- 77. **Single**—Finest mixed, 6d. packet.
- 78. **Double** (Variabilis)—Finest mixed, 6d. packet.
- 79. **Cactus, Single**—Finest mixed, 6d. packet.
- 80. " **Double**— " " 1/- packet.
- 81. **Collarette**—The flower possesses around its disc a series of florets, producing a highly ornamental effect, hence the name, "Collarette." 1/- packet.

For New Dahlias see Coloured Pages.

DIANTHUS.

6 Varieties, 1 packet each
Posted 1/9. Our Selection.

If sown during March or April, they will commence flowering early in Summer and continue until late in the Autumn. When the plants run to seed they may be cut down to within two or three inches of the ground; by this means they will bloom again the following year. Seed may also be sown in the following Spring.

- 82. **Somner's "Tip Top" Mixture**—A most excellent mixture, comprising all the best double and single varieties, which give a range of colour so effective that they are the admiration of every one who has seen this splendid strain. 1/- packet.
- 83. **Chinensis** (Indian Pink)—Double mixed, 3d. packet.
- 84. **Heddewigi**—Finest selected single-flowered, mixed; undoubtedly one of the finest annuals. 3d. packet.
- 85. **Hybridus, fl. pl.**—Very large flowering double, choicest mixed, extra. 6d. packet.
- 86. **Diadematus, fl. pl.** (Diadem Pink)—Splendid. 3d. pkt.
- 87. **Laciniatus**—Single, mixed, extra. 3d. packet.
- 88. **Laciniatus**—Double, mixed, very choice. 6d. packet.
- 89. **Imperialis, fl. pl.** (Double Imperial Pink)—Extra fine mixture of these charming varieties. 3d. packet.
- 90. **Mourning Cloak (Double)**—A charming variety of a very rich purple colour, the finest double form. 6d. packet.
- 91. **Eastern Queen (Single)**—Immense single flowers, beautifully fringed, marbled and suffused with carmine, rose, mauve and lilac. 6d. packet.
- 92. **Crimson Belle (Single)**—Magnificent large single-fringed flowers, of lustrous velvety crimson. 6d. packet.
- 93. **Laciniatus Mirabilis**—Quite distinct new class of Indian Pinks of Japanese origin. The range of colour is great. Very ornamental in bouquets. 6d. packet.
- 94. **Hed. fl. pl. Fire Ball** (Double)—The flowers are of brilliant scarlet, this being a colour never before obtained in the flowering section of Indian Pinks. 6d. packet.
- 95. **LACINIATUS PUNCTATUS "PRINCESS PINKS"**
—The single flowers of this novelty show a most charming display of extremely peculiar markings, being spotted, blotched, dotted and lined. 6d. packet.
- 96. **Laciniatus Vesuvius**
—Fine Annual Dianthus, grows ten to twelve inches high, and bears finely fringed flowers of a glowing orange scarlet. 6d. packet.

For New Dianthus

"SNOWDRIFT,"

SEE COLOURED PAGES.



DIANTHUS LACINIATUS PUNCTATUS.
"PRINCESS PINKS."



COLLARETTE DAHLIA.

GAILLARDIA.

The very large and beautiful flowers are almost unique in their charming blendings of the many rich shades of brown; maroon, and golden yellow, and being of good substance, are first-class to cut for indoor decoration. Sow Autumn or Spring. Hardy Annuals.

97. **Picta** (Drummondii)—Red and yellow. Single, 3d. per packet.
98. **Lorenziana**—Double, finest mixed. Excellent for bedding and cutting; richest mixture. 3d. per packet.
99. **Single-flowered**—Mixed. 3d. per packet.
100. **Grandiflora**—(Perennial Hybrids).—Charming mixed Hybrids, the best for all purposes, very showy. 6d. per packet.



GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA SEMI-PLENA.

101. **Grandiflora Semi-plena**—These long, semi-double Hybrids grow two feet high, on long stalks crowned with giant flowers, which measure up to nearly four inches across. 6d. per packet.



GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA.

Order ...
FLOWER SEEDS
by Number only
giving Date of
Catalogue, 1909.

GLOXINIA.

For Perfection in Flowers use our noted Plant Food. 6d. packet; 1/-, 1/6 tin.

We have much pleasure in offering our fine strain of seed which will be found to produce blooms of immense size, and of the most brilliant, varied, and beautiful colours and markings. Seed may be sown at almost any time throughout the year, but the best time is very early in the Spring, so that they will have time to make a good growth during the season. Fill up the pots to within an inch of the rim with fine rich soil, mixing plenty of sand with it, and water gently through a fine rose. The seed, which is very fine, should be sown thinly, covering it slightly with the sand, and placing a piece of glass over the top of the pot to prevent evaporation. Pot off singly into small pots as soon as the young plants can be handled, and shift into larger as required. Gloxinias can be grown in an ordinary frame, and both flowers and foliage will be far more durable than those grown in the stove-house.

102. **Splendid Mixture of Erect and Drooping Varieties**—The blooms will be found of immense size, and of the most brilliant, varied, and beautiful colours and markings. The leaves, which are large and of great substance, have a rich velvety appearance, and being finely reflexed; the plants are exceedingly handsome. 1s. 6d. per packet.

SLUGS, SNAILS & GRUBS.—We have a specially prepared mixture for the destruction of these pests, and the protection of seed beds generally. 6d. packet; 1s. lb.; Postage or Carriage extra.



GLOXINIA.

We carefully Test all Seeds, and only those of Strong Growth are sent out.

103. **Delavayi**—One of the most beautiful and interesting plants that has recently been introduced, and one that deserves to be more widely known. The flowers, which resemble a Gloxinia in shape, are produced on stout stalks about three feet high, and are of a rosy carmine colour, spotted with yellow; the throat is brown. It is of easy culture, and although it should properly be treated as a perennial, it will bloom during the first year if the seed be sown early in the Spring. 1s. per packet.

MIMULUS.

We give Extra Value when Cash is remitted with Order.

These will well repay the small amount of trouble required in rearing and growing them. The individual blooms of some of the varieties attain an immense size, and are possessed of all the rich and varied colours and markings of the finest Calceolarias. All are easily raised from seed.

104. **Moschatus** (Musk).—Old favourite, beautifully scented. 6d. per packet.
105. **Clapham's Superb Strain**—Splendid large-flowered varieties, highly recommended. 1s. per packet.
106. **Cardinalis**—Finest mixed. 6d. per packet.
107. **Tigrinus**—Finest mixed, spotted. 6d. per packet.
108. **Duplex, Hose in Hose**—6d. per packet.
109. **Queen's Prize**—Very large and handsome flowers. 1s. per packet.



INCARVILLEA DELAVAYI.

WRITE FOR OUR FRUIT TREE CATALOGUE AND ORDER EARLY.

LOBELIA.

Imported Collections,
see page 38.

For New Variety, see Coloured Pages.

The finest variety of plants we have for ribbon borders, being of a beautifully compact growth, with intensely bright flowers. The varieties Crystal Palace Compacta, White Gem, Golden Queen, and Royal Purple, sown in rows side by side, form together such a magnificent mass of colour as to make them the perfection of border plants.

110. **Queen Victoria**—Beautiful perennial variety, growing about two feet high, with rich metallic foliage and brilliant scarlet flowers. 1s. per packet.
111. **Crystal Palace Compacta**—A very fine dark blue compact-growing variety; splendid for edgings and carpet bedding. 6d. per packet.
112. **Emperor William**—Light blue, compact, very fine. 6d. per packet.
113. **White Gem**—Pure white; very beautiful. 3d. per packet.
114. **Royal Purple**—Dark stalks, flowers deep blue, with distinct white eyes, extra. 3d. per packet.
115. **Golden Queen**—Yellow foliage; very pretty and distinct. 1s. per packet.
116. **Barnard's Perpetual**—Deep Blue, with white eye; very fine. 6d. per packet.
117. **"Victoria" Rose**—A charming novelty. The plant is of compact, strong growth, the luxuriant foliage dark green, flowers very large of light rose-red colour. 1s. packet.
118. **Speciosa**—Dark blue. 3d. per packet.



LOBELIA ERINUS COMPACTA—VICTORIA ROSE.

MIGNONETTE

Imported Collections see page 38.

Well-known deliciously fragrant hardy annuals. The following list includes the finest varieties for pot and garden culture.

119. **SOMNER'S TIP-TOP MIXTURE**—Very pleasing; to suit all lovers of this delightfully scented annual we can highly recommend this mixture as it comprises only the very best strains and the largest spikes. 1s. per packet. 2s. 6d. per oz.
120. **Crimson Giant**—Red flowered. 3d. per packet.
121. **Large Flowering**—Green and crimson. 3d. per packet.
122. **Machet**—Excellent for pots, thick spikes of reddish flowers, carefully selected strain. 6d. per packet.
123. **Machet, Golden**—Large spikes of yellow flowers, excellent. 6d. per packet.
124. **MACHET, WHITE PEARL**—
This new pure white variety forms a very effective contrast to the other forms of Mignonette Machet. 6d. per packet.
125. **Giant Pyramidal**—Crimson. 3d. per packet.
126. **Gabriele**—Robust large spikes, red flowers, very fine. 6d. per packet.
127. **Bismarck**—Large spikes of deep red flowers, splendid variety. 9d. per packet.

"The seeds I received from you last season were very satisfactory indeed."—W. SAYER, 18 Queen St., Sandy Bay, Hobart. 10/7/08.

"I have always been successful with seeds bought from you."—MRS. C. O'VERY, Cootamundra, 25/8/08.

"I have been using your seeds for some years past, and am well satisfied."—JAMES BLACKNEY, Avoca, 27/1/08.

"I received the Fruit Trees, Pepper Trees, and Seed Potatoes, and am very pleased to say that they were first-class."—WALTER E. TEASDALE, Broadford. 9/9/08.

"Those Cootamundra Wattles I got from you last August are now higher than myself. All the Carnations I got some weeks back are thriving and making vigorous growth."—DR. SUTTON, Myrtleford. 4/8/08.

"The roses are doing splendidly, and some have already flowered. I am very much pleased with them and hope the bulbs will be as successful."—T. F. CAHILL, Queenscliff. 5/6/07.

"I received the plants, etc., you sent to me, via. McDonnell Bay, was very pleased with them and the way they were packed."—G. A. PRITCHARD, "Myora," Mount Gambier. 21/7/07.

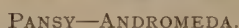
"I would be grateful if you would send me a catalogue of flower seeds. I got some from you a few years ago and they were very successful, and I wish to get some more."—FRANK DUNNAGE, "The Vicarage," Methven, Canterbury, N.Z. 9/8/07.

Order Flower Seed by Number only,
giving Date of Catalogue.



MIGNONETTE—MACHET.

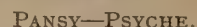
SLUGS, SNAILS, & GRUBS.—We have a specially prepared mixture for the destruction of these pests, and the protection of seed beds generally. 6d. per packet; 1s. per lb. Postage or Carriage Extra.



- 133. New Giant, "Madame Perrett"** (*Wine Pansy*).—Direct from raiser. This strain is distinct; the flowers, which measure from $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter, pass through all the shades of red from light rose to pink, lively red striped to the darkest red, and are very effective. 1/- per packet.
- 134. Masterpiece** (*New Giant Ruffled Pansy*).—A remarkable new type, the border of every petal being conspicuously curled and waved; the flowers are remarkably large, having a more globular appearance than other varieties. 1/- per packet.
- 135. Parisian Large Flowered, stained, mixed.** } These charming varieties are old
 striped, } favourites with Continental growers,
finding a ready sale with florists at the market, making a very fine show. 1/- per packet.
- 136. Cassier's Splendid Strain.**—Very large blotched varieties, excellent. 1/6 per packet.
- 137. Ne Plus Ultra** (*Florists' Mixture*).—A splendid variety for florists; excellent strain. 1/- per packet.
- 138. Scotch or Fancy.**—A magnificent strain, seeds saved from prize flowers only. Must not be confounded with the cheap stuff offered as Scotch. 1/- per packet.
- 139. Odier, or Blotched.**—Superb and particularly recommendable strain of three and five Blotched Show Pansies, unsurpassed for shape, markings, and richness of colour. 1/- per packet.
- 140. Finest English Show.**—Extra fine, and very showy strain; plants compact; flowers consistent. 1/- per packet.
- 141. French.**—Large flowered, stained and spotted. An extra fine strain. 1/- per packet.
- 142. Belgian, or Fancy.**—Striped and mottled; carefully selected strain, large flowered, splendid. 6d. per packet.
- 143. Peacock.**—This charming variety is exceedingly attractive. 6d. per packet.
- 144. Giant Trimardeau, finest mixed.**—The flowers being very large size, some have measured four inches in diameter. 6d. per packet.
- 145. Orchid Flowered.**—New. An excellent flower somewhat resembling the lovely Orchid. Of a very fascinating and pleasing colour and shape. Will please the most critical of Pansy growers. 1/6 per packet.
- 146. Triumph of the Giants** (Awarded the first prize, Exhibition in 1904).—The imposing five spotted flowers are of enormous size, perfectly round form. With most of the flowers the border of every petal is conspicuously undulated and curled, the beauty, also very rare and new tones of red and brown are met with in these flowers. We declared they had never seen a pansy of such perfection. 1/- per packet.
- 147. Psyche.**—Few of the many Pansy varieties have such a winning appearance as Psyche. The plant is perfect in habit and very floriferous. Each flower is elegantly curled. The characteristic five velvety violet blotches are surrounded by a broad white edge. 1/- pkt.
- 148. New Orange.**—A new and distinct colour in Pansies, of a pleasing orange, and a bed planted of this new variety has a very charming effect. 1/- per packet.
- 149. Andromeda, New Giant Curled.**—All Pansy Novelties of former years are far surpassed by this new introduction. Its colour is a delicate apple-blossom generally showing a soft lavender blue or rosy lilac hue, rendered still more effective by a somewhat darker veining, 1/- pkt.
- 150. Finest Mixed.**—Remarkably showy and rich in colour. 6d. packet.
- PANSY PLANTS.**—Choice Seedlings, 1/- per dozen; per post, 1/3.
 Extra strong, 2/6 per dozen; carriage extra.
- NAMED GIGANTIC**
following
(Faust).—
Yellow.—
field.—Pu
white edgi
Mahogany
Cardinal.—
blotch. F
Giant Mixture
for grower
NEW PANSY
PANSY PLAN

**Picked Strains from
Reputed Growers.**

132. **Roemer's Superb Giant Five-spotted.**—The perfection of all the spotted varieties. The flowers are very large, well-formed, and of good substance. 2/- per packet.



NAMED GIANT PANSIES, 6d. per Packet. One Packet each of the following 12 Beautiful Sorts, 4/-, post free. **King of the Blacks (Faust).**—Darkest, true, extra fine strain. **Snowflake.**—Pure white. **Yellow.**—Showy. **Emperor William.**—Ultra blue. **Lord Beaconsfield.**—Purple violet shaded white hue. **Silver-edged.**—Dark purple, white edging; charming. **Purplish-violet.**—**Mahogany-coloured.**—Splendid. **Gold-margined.**—Splendid. **Cardinal.**—New brilliant red. **President Carnot.**—White, purple blotch. **Fire King.**—Crimson and gold.

Giant Mixture.—A mixture of the large flowered varieties, very useful for growers and florists. 6d. per packet.

NEW PANSY.—See coloured pages.

PANSY PLANTS.—Choicest Seedlings from the best strains. 5/- doz.

” ” Named Varieties, 7/6 to 9/- dozen. All latest named sorts.



PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA.

Primula Sinensis Fimbriata (CHINESE PRIMROSE)

It is with very much pleasure that we offer the grand strains of Primulas named below, and which cannot fail to give the highest satisfaction. The flowers will be found of great size and perfect form, combined with the most brilliant and charming colours, and a habit of plant which leaves nothing to be desired. A first sowing may be made in September; and for successive plants further sowings can be made up to January. Great care must be taken to have a well-drained pot or seed-pan filled to within half an inch of the top with finely-sifted loam, leaving the surface rather rough, and sprinkle the seeds thinly upon it, covering them very lightly. Put off into small pots when the young plants are about half an inch high, and place near the glass in a frame or greenhouse, giving plenty of fresh air.

- 151. **SOMNER'S PRIZE EXHIBITION CHOICEST MIXED**—A mixture of unsurpassed quality, of both single and double flowers; the blooms are of perfect shape and very large, and contain many shades of colour. 2/6 per packet.
- 152. **Single Fringed**—Choice mixed. This superb mixture will give the greatest satisfaction. 1/6 per packet.
- 153. **Double Fringed**—Superb mixed; beautifully fringed and remarkably handsome double flowers. 2/6 per packet.
- 154. **Chiswick Red**—Brilliant, crimson scarlet; very robust in habit, finely-cut foliage. 2/- per packet.
- 155. **Alba Magnifica**—Beautifully-fringed pure white flowers, with citron-yellow eye. 1/6 per packet.
- 156. **Village Maid**—White, striped with carmine, beautiful. 1/6 packet.
- 157. **Marginata**—Lilac, with white border; distinct and elegant. 1/6 per packet.
- 158. **Blue Fringed**—Carefully saved from beautifully-fringed flowers of perfect form, and of the deepest shade of blue. 3/- per packet.

PETUNIAS.

We always give Extra Value
If Cash is sent with Order.

Petunias, in their many beautiful varieties, form a highly interesting and desirable class of free-flowering plants for garden culture, those of the Grandiflora section, both single and double flowered, being specially valuable. The blooms of these are of immense size, beautifully formed, and of the most charming and delicate colours; some of the flowers are exquisitely veined or pencilled, others blotched or striped. The "Fringed" varieties, both double and single, produce some charming flowers, the edges of the petals being elegantly cut or fringed, whilst the colours are most varied and beautiful. The seed we offer has been carefully saved from fecundated flowers of the finest varieties, and will be found well worth growing. The Petunia is well adapted for pot cultivation, and, on account of its hardiness and free-blooming qualities, makes an excellent window or verandah plant. A soil composed of equal parts of loam and thoroughly decayed cow-dung, with plenty of sharp sand added, forms an excellent compost for these; but the seeds, being very small, require special care in sowing. Fill your pots or seed-pans to near the rim, and press the soil down firmly and evenly; sow thinly, and cover the seeds very slightly with fine soil, and keep it moist. As soon as the young plants are fit to handle they may be planted into the places where they are to remain, taking care to shade and water them till they are thoroughly established; or they may be put into small pots and planted out when larger. Petunias may be sown Autumn and Spring.

- 159. **SOMNER'S PRIZE EXHIBITION STRAIN** } Grand advance, containing
Choice Single Mixed. 2/6 pkt. } great variety of colours—yellow-throated, veined, blotched, and selfs. Immense flowers of great substance. Most exquisite strains, which have taken many prizes.
- 160. **SOMNER'S PRIZE EXHIBITION STRAIN** }
- Choice Double Mixed. 2/6 pkt. }
- 161. **Single Fringed** } Superb mixed; large beautifully-fringed flowers of
- 162. **Double Fringed** } the most charming colours. 2/6 per packet.
- 163. **Grandiflora Superbissima** — Mixed; magnificent variety; produces enormous flowers, with handsome tigered throat. 2/- per packet.
- 164. **Giants of California**—Exquisitely fringed, and of enormous dimensions, often measuring 5 inches across. Their great merit, however, lies in the marvellous variations in colour, some of the flowers having deep throats of yellow, white, black-green, and maroon, running off into intricate veins of exquisitely-pencilled combinations quite new in Petunias. The flowers are of great substance. 1/6 pkt.
- 165. **Prince of Wurttemberg**—Superb variety of dark crimson flowers; very fine. 2/- packet.
- 166. **Princess of Wurttemberg** — A most beautiful rose colour, superb variety, with large tigered throat. 2/- per packet.
- 167. **King Alphonso**—This fine new Petunia of the Grandiflora Superbissima class bears very large dark crimson flowers. This new hybrid is of strikingly handsome appearance. 2/- packet.
- 168. **Choicest Mixture** — Beautiful large-flowered strain; striped and blotched. 6d. packet.
- 169. **Fine Mixed**—Superb strain; very rich mixture. 3d. per packet.

NEW PETUNIAS (see Coloured Pages).

Daylesford, 20th March, 1908.

Dear Sir,—Please send 1 packet Petunia—Giants of California; the last lot turned out very well indeed.

W. S. COOPER.

(47)



PETUNIA, SOMNER'S EXHIBITION STRAIN.



PHLOX DRUMMONDI.

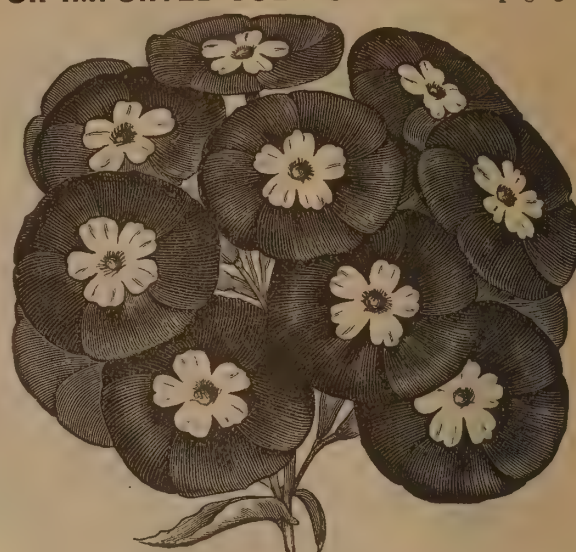
FOR NEW PHLOX

FOR IMPORTED COLLECTIONS See page 38.

SEE COLOURED PAGES.

All the varieties of this beautiful class of annuals are worthy of extensive cultivation, especially those of the *grandiflora* class, which produce such a charming profusion and diversity of their large, beautifully formed and brilliantly coloured flowers. Those of the *compacta* section, growing only about 4 to 6 inches in height, are also highly desirable, being splendid for massing in beds, or for edgings, producing an effect that can probably be obtained by no other plant. All the sorts continue in bloom for a long season, and, apart from their great usefulness for bedding, are valuable for pot culture or window boxes, where they will give a beautiful display. The seeds may be sown in Autumn or Spring, in light, rich soil. Plant the dwarf kinds about 8 inches apart; the others at least 1 foot apart.

170. **GRANDIFLORA: SOMNER'S TIP TOP STRAIN.**—A superb collection of all the finest colours and large-flowered varieties in existence. Strongly recommended. 1/- packet. 5/- oz.
 171. **Cecily Grandiflora, Nana Compacta.**—This novelty will take the first place in the collection of Dwarf Phloxes, especially by its robust and compact growth. The flowers of our new "Cecily Phlox" are very large and of a most noble style, white and dark centred, selfs, and also striped colours. 9d. per packet.
 172. **Grandiflora.**—Splendid mixed. A magnificent class; the plants are robust in habit, and the flowers, which are of various rich and beautiful colours, have in many of the varieties large, conspicuous white eyes; the individual blooms are of fine substance; height, 1½ foot. 6d. per packet.
 173. **Grandiflora Alba.**—Pure white, splendid; height, 1½ foot. 6d. pkt.
 174. **" Splendens.**—Scarlet, " " " " "
 175. **" Blue.**—Blue, " " " " "
- These three colours, when sown separately in borders or beds, make a very fine display, and were in great demand last season. 6d. per packet, or set of 3 for 1/3.
176. **Cuspidata (Star Phloxes).**—Finest mixed. Charming class for bouquets; height, 1½ foot. 3d. per packet.
 177. **Nana Compacta.**—Finest mixed. A beautiful compact-growing class, many of the varieties only 4 or 6 inches high. Splendid for bedding, and first-class for pots or edgings of flower beds. 6d. pkt.
 178. **Heynholdi.**—Mixed. Very free-flowering, and of great beauty. Suitable for pot culture; height, ½ foot. 1/- per packet.



PHLOX DRUMMONDI—CECILY PHLOX.

179. **Graf Gero.**—Superb mixture. A very dwarf variety, growing only 8 to 10 inches high, suitable for borders, and the best for pot culture and window boxes. Gives an abundance of flowers of all shades and colours. 6d. per packet.
180. **Fine Mixed.**—Very showy and free-flowering; height, 1 foot. 3d. per packet.
181. **PERENNIAL PHLOXES (Phlox Decussata).**—The many beautiful varieties of this splendid class of hardy perennials are too well-known to need any description of ours. The seed we offer has been carefully saved from a fine collection of choice named flowers, and may be expected to produce some really fine varieties. 6d. per packet.

POPPY (Papaver).

These magnificent, showy annuals are among the most brilliant our flower garden can produce, and all are especially valuable as cut flowers, and if cut and placed in water as the flowers are just opening, they will remain in full beauty for a long time.

182. **SOMNER'S "TIP TOP" MIXTURE**—A mixture of all the best and selected strains of singles and doubles. The great variety of colour and size of flower render this mixture superior to any other. 1/- packet.
183. **The Admiral**—This single pæony-flowered Poppy is of surprising beauty. It is characterised by large, round, smooth-edged flowers of glistening pure white, with broad band of brilliant scarlet around the top, occupying a full quarter of the corolla. These two colours form an extremely telling contrast. 9d. packet.
184. **Poppy (The Mikado)**—Double, crimson and white, 2 feet. 3d. packet.
185. **The Shirley**—Semi-double.
186. **SHIRLEY—Rev. Wilks' re-selected.** } These varieties are exceedingly pretty colours of all shades, and great favourites. 2 ft. 3d. pkt. Rev. Wilks is a magnificent strain. 6d. packet.
187. **Pæony-Flowered**—Double. Pæony shaped flowers. 2 ft. 3d. packet.
188. **Snowdrift**—A pure white double variety. 2 ft. 3d. packet.
189. **Danebrog**—Single, scarlet and white; very fine. 1½ ft. 3d.
190. **Umbrosum**—Single, vermilion; very fine. 1½ ft. 3d. pkt.
191. **Tulip**—Single. Produces flowers of such glowing richness as to perfectly dazzle the eye. 2 ft. 3d. packet.
192. **Peacock**—Single, scarlet and black. 2 ft. 3d. packet.
193. **Ranunculus, Flowered**—Double, many colours of double flowers. 2 ft. 3d. packet.
194. **Oriental (Oriental Poppy)** } Splendid hardy perennials, producing
195. **Oriental**—Mixed hybrids } numerous rich scarlet flowers, with a black spot on each petal. The mixed hybrids are very showy, producing large flowers ranging in colour from orange scarlet to crimson scarlet; makes splendid plants for pot and borders.



ADMIRAL POPPY.

196. **Iceland**—White
 197. **Iceland**—Yellow
 198. **Iceland**—Orange
 199. **Iceland**—Finest Mixed
- } For massing, for borders, the rockery, or for cutting purposes they are unsurpassed. Splendid perennials.



STOCK—VICTORIA, GIANT WHITE.

white blooms, strongly scented. Splendid for cutting, in fact a very valuable variety for all purposes. 1/- packet.

WINTER OR BROMPTON VARIETIES (Hardy Biennials).

211. **Early Large-Flowering**—Finest mixed. 2 ft. 6d. pkt.
 212. **Giant White**—Massive spikes of pure white flowers. very fine. 2 feet. 6d. packet.
 213. **Empress Elizabeth**—Large flowers. This splendid Stock grows about eighteen inches high. Both main and side stems are covered with large rose-shaped flowers of the brightest imaginable tint of carmine-rose. It comes in early, and stands unfavourable weather well. 1/- packet.
 214. **Beauty of Nice**—Flesh Pink. A remarkable variety, of a delicate shade of fleshy pink; comes into bloom rapidly, as early as the ten-week varieties; send out numerous side-shoots covered with large and fragrant flowers of nearly 2 inches across. 9d. packet.
 215. **Peach Blossom**—This charming variety is a delicate pink, and of a very free-flowering habit, producing long trusses of very fragrant flowers, and blooms for a very long period; specimens shown in our window last season created a big demand for this charming variety. 6d. packet.
 216. **Victoria, Giant White**—Splendid Winter-flowering varieties. The flowers are of the purest white, very large and double. The plants are almost covered with a mass of snow-white blooms; highly recommended. 2½ to 3 feet. 6d. packet.
 217. **Victoria, Dwarf White**—Similar to above in size of flower but dwarfer in habit. 1 to 1½ feet. 6d. packet.
 218. **Early-Flowering Nice Stocks** (White) } Noted for their extreme earliness. Flowers first year from sowing, and can be treated
 219. " " " " (Yellow) } as a Ten-Week Stock. 6d. packet, or the Set of Three, 1/3, posted.
 220. " " " " (Rose)

INTERMEDIATE VARIETY.

221. **East Lothian**—Finest mixed. A splendid race of Stocks. Hardy Annuals. 1½ foot. 6d. packet.

Order Flower Seeds by No. only
Giving Date of Catalogue.

ZINNIA ELEGANS, FL. PL.

HARDY ANNUALS

THERE is no class of annual flowers which has been so highly improved of late years as the double-flowered Zinnias, which now may be pronounced almost perfection. The flowers, which are large and perfectly double, range in colour from white to the most intense scarlet, orange, rose, salmon, purple, etc., and considering their easy culture, should be grown freely in every garden. Being tender plants, Zinnias must not be sown in the open ground until September, delaying the operation a few weeks later in cold districts. When the young plants are two or three inches high they may be transplanted to about eighteen inches apart, and should be stopped by pinching off the points of the main shoots when about nine inches high, to induce a compact, bushy growth. Zinnias are valuable on account of the long time they remain in bloom, no other annual being so durable.

222. **Grandiflora Robusta Plenissima**—A very fine class, of robust habit of growth and producing perfectly double flowers of an immense size, and of the most brilliant and beautiful colours. Finest mixed, 3 ft. 6d. packet.

STOCK.

For New Stocks see Coloured Pages.
For Imported Collections see Page 38.

THE seed should be sown in pots or boxes, as it is then more under control than if sown in the open ground. When the plants are large enough to transplant, care should be taken to disturb the roots as little as possible. In planting out Stocks, it is customary with many to plant only the strongest and throw away the weak as useless. This should never be done, as the weaker and smaller plants of a batch of seedlings almost invariably produce a large percentage of double flowers. Seeds of the Ten-Week section may be sown throughout the year, and the Brompton or biennial varieties in Autumn.

TEN-WEEK VARIETIES (Hardy Annuals).

200. **SOMNER'S "TIP TOP" TEN-WEEK MIXTURE**—This fragrant flower is improved year by year, many new varieties being introduced annually, too numerous to catalogue separately. We import annually from all the best growers the best pot grown seed obtainable, which comprises this mixture. For size of flowers, and brilliant colours in all shades, this mixture is *par excellence*. 1/6 and 2/6 packet.
 201. **Dwarf German**—Very finest mixed. 1½ foot. 6d. packet.
 202. " " **White**—1½ foot. 6d. packet.
 203. " " **Dark Crimson**—1½ foot. 6d. pkt.
 204. **Giant Perfection**—Mixed. A splendid race of pyramidal growth, with long spikes of beautiful large double flowers. 2½ ft. 6d. packet.
 205. **Large-Flowering**—Finest mixed. 1½ ft. 6d. packet.
 206. **Snowflake**—Very valuable and effective wallflower-leaved variety, the earliest of the whites; excellent for forcing; large spikes of snow-white flowers. 1½ foot. 1/- packet.
 207. **Wallflower-Leaved**—Mixed. Distinguishable from other kinds by their glaucous foliage. 1½ foot. 6d. packet.
 208. **Princess May** (Primrose)—Produces immense trusses of very large flowers of the finest shape and of the purest and most delicate and light primrose colour. 1/- packet.
 209. **Princess Alice**—A splendid Stock of great merit, produces large spikes of pure white flowers of strong fragrance; unsurpassed for cut-flower purposes. 6d. packet.
 210. **"Freebloomer"**—A splendid dwarf branching variety; coming in early, blooming in ten to twelve weeks from time of sowing; very fine flowering, carrying numerous spikes of large

223. **Zebra, or Striped**—Double mixed. The seed offered will produce about 50 per cent. of handsome striped double flowers. 2 ft. 6d. packet.
 224. **Queen Victoria, Double Giant White**—A pure white variety of the Zinnia Elegans Robusta Plenissima, the well-known Giant Zinnias. The very double flowers are of beautiful shape, and measure about four inches across. 6d. packet.
 225. **Curled and Crested**—Double mixed. A magnificent variety of colours. The petals are twisted, curled and crested into fantastic and graceful forms. 2 feet. 6d. packet.
 226. **Pumila, fl. pl.**—Finest mixed. A semi-dwarf strain with large handsome double flowers. 1½ foot. 3d. packet.
 227. **Darwini**—Double mixed. Small very double flowers, splendid for cutting. 2 feet. 3d. packet.
 228. **Double Mixed**—2 feet. 3d. packet.

"Tip Top" Collection SWEET PEAS

OUR GREAT SPECIALITY

12 Packets (our selection) 2/-
24 " " 3/6
48 " " 6/-
POST FREE.

3d. per Packet, except where priced.

60 Packets (our selection) 8/-
80 " 12/-
100 " entire collection 20/-
POST FREE.

New Sweet Peas (see coloured pages.)

We were awarded a 1st Class Certificate by the National Sweet Pea Society for our Collection, which comprised 100 distinct Varieties, at N.S.P. Society's Show, November, 1908.

- 229 AURORA.—Flaked and striped on white ground, with bright orange salmon.
230 APPLE BLOSSOM.—Standards bright pinkish rose, the wings a beautiful shade apple blossom.
231 AMERICA.—Heavily striped blood-red, white ground.
232 AGNES JOHNSTON.—Bright rose pink standard, shaded cream. 6d. per packet.
233 BOLTON'S PINK.—Standards self-pink, shaded delicate rose, wings pale pink. 6d. per packet.
234 BLACK MICHAEL.—Reddish maroon, almost a self. 6d. per packet.
235 BLANCHE BURPEE.—A new giant white, bearing three flowers on a stem.
236 BUTTERFLY.—White laced, with lavender notched standard. Very showy.
237 CAPRICE.—Large white flowers delicately blotched with pale pink. 6d. per packet.
238 COUNTESS OF POWIS.—Brilliant, satin polish, orange suffused with purple.
239 COUNTESS SPENCER (reselected).—Very large bluish pink, with a delicate darker picotee edge. 6d. per packet.
240 CAPTIVATION.—A glowing ruby purple or bright claret.
241 CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES.—Standards purple-mauve; wings pale blue.
242 COQUETTE.—Deep primrose colour, just shaded fawn, tint of purplish rose.
243 CROWN JEWELL.—Standards rosy violet; wings creamy white, tinted with rose.
244 COUNTESS CADOGAN.—Standards bright, shining violet colour, wings a pure sky blue.

- 245 DOROTHY TENNANT.—A splendid large flowered variety of a beautiful heliotrope colour.
246 DAVID R. WILLIAMSON.—Bright indigo blue standards, wings rather lighter shade of blue, large flower of good substance. 6d. per packet.
247 DORA BREADMORE (Direct from the raiser).—A distinct variety, pale buff yellow, erect standards, tinged with delicate pink, very large form. Awarded First Class Certificate, National Sweet Pea Society, 1905. 6d. per packet.
248 DUKE OF YORK.—Standards rose, wings primrose and white.
249 DUKE OF WESTMINSTER.—A deep rose maroon, overlaid with bright shining violet.
250 DUCHESS OF SUTHERLAND.—Pearl white, suffused pink.
251 DOLLY VARDEN.—Purple magenta, shaded white, a charming variety.
252 DOROTHY ECKFORD.—The first-class Certificate of the N.S.S. The grandest pure white yet seen. 6d. per packet.
253 DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH.—Standard light scarlet, wings light crimson. 6d. per packet.
254 DOUBLE NEW VARIETIES, MIXED.—From most carefully selected stock seed, saved only from the best plants bearing double flowers. 6d. per packet.
255 EVELYN BYATT.—The richest coloured Pea yet introduced. Rich salmon standard. It has caused quite a sensation wherever shown during the past year. 6d. per packet.

- 256 EVELYN BREADMORE.—Pearl white standard, tinged pink. Very pretty and unique. 6d. per packet.
257 E. J. CASTLES.—Colour, a rich carmine rose with salmon shading, very striking, especially in artificial light. 9d. per packet.
258 EARLIEST OF ALL.—Growing only eighteen to twenty-four inches. It flowers fully ten days in advance of Extra Early Blanche Ferry. Standard bright rosy pink, wings creamy white, suffused with pale rose.
259 EMILY HENDERSON.—Pure white.
260 FASCINATION.—Charming magenta mauve.
261 FLORENCE MOLYNEUX.—White suffused with carmine. A grand, bold Pea. Three Certificates have been awarded to this variety. 9d. per packet.
262 FLORA NORTON, New (Memento).—A very pure, bright self blue, quite distinct and a great acquisition. 6d. per packet.
263 FRANK DOLBY.—The largest and finest pale blue Sweet Pea, after the style of Lady Grisel Hamilton, but very much larger. 9d. per packet.
264 GLADYS UNWIN.—Has a very large and bold flower, with a very striking upright crinkled or wavy standard and broad wings. Colour a pale rosy pink. 6d. per packet.
265 GLADYS DEAL.—The most beautiful shade of colour. A clear light blue, paler than Lady Grisel Hamilton and quite free from the tendency to a rose tint so noticeable in this and similar varieties. Awarded two Certificates of Merit. 6d. per packet.
266 GEORGE GORDON.—Of large size and hooded form. It is claret red, self-coloured.
267 GOLDEN ROSE.—Received Award of Merit from the National Sweet Pea Society of England. The flowers are extra large in size. The ground colour is a clear primrose-yellow, beautifully flushed with rosy pink. 6d. per packet.
268 GRACIE GREENWOOD.—Creamy white and pink, pink edge, large bold flower. 6d. per packet.
269 GRAY FRIAR.—Watered purple on white ground.
270 GOLDEN GATE.—Pinkish mauve, wings mauve and lavender.
271 GORGEOUS.—Beautiful salmon-orange
272 HELEN LEWIS (Orange Countess).—Fine orange pink, large flower and showy, wavy standard. 6d. per packet.
273 HER MAJESTY.—Rosy scarlet, very fine.
274 HETTY GREEN.—Splendid variety. Bright scarlet overlaid with a beautiful shade of orange, the wings being rosy crimson. 6d. per packet.
275 HON. F. BOUVERIE.—Standards a most beautiful coral pink, wings slightly lighter of same colour.
276 HON. MRS. KENYON.—A beautiful primrose colour. One of the best.
277 JOHN INGMAN.—Large rich salmon rose, with the wavy appearance of the true Countess Spencer. 6d. per packet.
278 JANET SCOTT.—Deep pink, slightly hooded.
279 JESSIE CUTHBERTSON.—Pale buff striped with rosy magenta, three and often four flowers on a stem. 6d. per packet.
280 JUANITA.—Striped delicate light lavender on a creamy white ground.
281 KING EDWARD VII.—This is a very lovely intense bright crimson self. A true giant-flowered variety, with no inclination to burn in the sun. 6d. per packet.
282 LADY SKELMERSDALE.—Pale rose pink standards; wings white suffused lavender. 6d. per packet.
283 LADY NINA BALFOUR.—Mauve and grey.
284 LADY COOPER.—First Class Certificate Southampton R.H.S., 1905. A magnificent new lavender variety of remarkable substance and vigour. It produces many spikes with four flowers. 9d. per packet.
285 LOTTIE ECKFORD.—Rose and white edged blue. One of the best.



BUSH SWEET PEA.

SWEET PEAS—Continued.

- 286 **LOVELY.**—Large flowered delicate rose flesh.
- 287 **LADY M. ORMSBY-GORE.**—Standard primrose, delicately shaded with buff and fawn, wings clear primrose.
- 288 **LORD ROSEBERRY.**—A self-coloured rosy magenta of fine form and substance.
- 289 **LADY BEACONSFIELD.**—Salmon standards, tinted with rose, the wings a pale yellow.
- 290 **LADY GRISEL HAMILTON.**—Light lavender shading; standard light lavender with azure-blue wings.
- 291 **LADY MARY CURRIE.**—Heavily veined with salmon-pink, and shaded with carmine, and of a soft rose-pink, heavily veined.
- 292 **MRS. SANKEY.**—Very fine white.
- 293 **MRS. ALFRED WATKINS.**—A superb pale blue, with very wavy standards; 9d. per packet.
- 294 **MRS. WALTER WRIGHT.**—This is one of the largest and finest of the lavender coloured varieties. The flowers are self-coloured, of a pinkish cream tint when first opening, changing to mauve and then to a reddish violet when fully opened. 6d. packet.
- 295 **MRS. R. F. FELTON.**—First Class Certificate, Wolverhampton, 1906. This variety is a splendid addition to the primrose or yellow section. 9d. per packet.
- 296 **MRS. GEO. HIGGINSON, JUNR.**—A very distinct and pure coloured self mauve, the purest pale blue Sweet Pea. 6d. per packet.
- 297 **MISS H. C. PHILBRICK.**—Fine bright blue self. 6d. per packet.
- 298 **MAJESTIC.**—Standard deep rose pink, wings also deep rose, softer in tone.
- 299 **MISS WILMOTT.**—Is of the richest orange-pink. Enormous flowers.
- 300 **MRS. DUGDALE.**—Light carmine rose, with faint markings of primrose.
- 301 **MRS. JOS. CHAMBERLAIN.**—Clear silvery white, brightly striped soft rose pink.
- 302 **MARS.**—Bright fiery crimson.
- 303 **MAID OF HONOUR.**—Shaded light blue on a white ground and edged violet.
- 304 **MONARCH.**—Deep bronzy-maroon, dark blue.
- 305 **MONT BLANC.**—Purest white, large, early.
- 306 **NORA UNWIN.**—A charming pure white. Flowers large, with wavy standards. 9d. pkt.
- 307 **NAVY BLUE.**—Dark blue; standards brilliant roval-purple; wings pure violet.
- 308 **ORIENTAL.**—Large in size; rich in colour; finest orange-salmon yet introduced.
- 309 **OTHELLO.**—A beautiful dark brown chocolate-red self-coloured flower.
- 310 **PRINCESS OF WALES.**—Mauve, white striped.
- 311 **PINK PEARL.**—A beautiful rich pink, bearing three to four blooms on strong stems. Invaluable both for market work and table decoration. 6d. per packet.
- 312 **PHYLLIS UNWIN.**—Deep rosy carmine self, prettily waved. 6d. per packet.
- 313 **PRIMROSE.**—The standard and wings pale primrose-yellow.
- 314 **PRINCESS MAY.**—Delicate pale heliotrope
- 315 **PRIMA DONNA.**—A most lovely shade of soft pink.
- 316 **QUEEN ALEXANDRA.**—An intense scarlet self of grand texture and giant size. Does not burn in the sun. 6d. per packet.
- 317 **QUEEN VICTORIA.**—Soft yellow, shaded purple.
- 318 **ROYAL ROBE.**—Delicate pink.
- 319 **SCARLET GEM.**—A dazzling scarlet.
- 320 **SYBIL ECKFORD.**—The colour gives a rich apricot and lemon effect, the standards being a bluish pink shade on lemon ground. Quite distinct and charming. 6d. per packet.
- 321 **STELLA MORSE.**—Deep cream, which becomes a little lighter as the flowers grow older.
- 322 **SHAHZADA.**—Rich dark maroon.
- 323 **SADIE BURPEE.**—Finest white. The First Class Award of the R.H.S.
- 324 **SALOPIAN.**—Deep crimson, suffused with orange scarlet, flowers large and of fine form.
- 325 **TRIUMPH.**—Standards orange-pink, wings rosy purple, large flower.
- 326 **UNIQUE.**—A quite distinct variety in the striped or flaked section. Delicately marked with pale blue on a white ground. Highly commended by the National Sweet Pea Society. 6d. per packet.
- 327 **SOMNER'S TIP-TOP MIXTURE.**—A mixture of all the best colours and largest flowers, which have been tested in our trial grounds and found suited for this country. The combination of colours is unsurpassed. 1/- per packet, 2/- per oz.
- 328 **ECKFORD'S LARGE-FLOWERED VARIETIES.**—In splendid mixture. 6d. per packet. 1/- per oz.
- 329 **FINE MIXED.**—Good sorts.



CUPID SWEET PEA.

DWARF CUPID SWEET PEAS

Delicious Perfume. Easy to Grow.
Splendidly adapted for Beds, Borders, and Window Boxes.

3d. per Packet.

Six Packets (our selection) 1/3.

The Set of Thirteen 2/-, Post Free.

- 330 **WHITE CUPID.**—Blossoms pure waxy white.
- 331 **PINK CUPID.**—The standards bright rose-pink, wings pure white or light pink.
- 332 **PRIMROSE CUPID.**—Rich creamy tint.
- 333 **BEAUTY CUPID.**—The standards rose, slightly striped carmine.
- 334 **ALICE ECKFORD CUPID.**—Standards creamy white, suffused pink.
- 335 **COUNTESS OF RADNOR CUPID.**—Standards lavender, suffused soft rose.
- 336 **FIREFLY CUPID.**—Deep glowing scarlet.
- 337 **BOREATTON CUPID.**—Rich wine-brown, with heavy veining.
- 338 **APPLE BLOSSOM CUPID.**—Charming combination of pink and white shading.
- 339 **CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES CUPID.**—Standard reddish purple tint, suffused violet.
- 340 **ROYALTY CUPID.**—Self-coloured pink.
- 341 **STELLA MORSE CUPID.**—Rich creamy buff, with apricot.
- 342 **CUPIDS, FINE MIXED.**—6d. per packet,



BUSH SWEET PEAS

For Colour and Description see Tall Sweet Peas.

Grows in perfect bush form, requires no trellis, and the proper way to treat this new type is to plant the seed in a row, so as to make a neat even edge, when no supports whatever will be required. 6d. per packet, 1/6 per oz.

6d. per Packet.

The Set of Nine Posted 3/6.

- 343 **BLANCHE FERRY.**—Pink and white.
- 344 **DOROTHY TENNENT.**
- 345 **FIREFLY.**—Scarlet.
- 346 **HER MAJESTY.**
- 347 **LADY MARIE CURRIE.**
- 348 **LOTTIE ECKFORD.**
- 349 **MONARCH.**
- 350 **ROYAL ROBE.**
- 351 **GRAY FRIAR.**
- 352 **FINEST MIXED BUSH SWEET PEA.**—

COLLECTIONS—

D.—12 Varieties, 2/- Posted.

- APPLE BLOSSOM.**—Pinkish rose.
- BLANCHE BURPEE.**—White, fine
- BLACK MICHAEL.**—Maroon.
- BUTTERFLY.**—White and lavender.
- CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES.**
- COUNTESS OF POWIS.**—Orange purple.
- COUNTESS CADOGAN.**—Violet.
- DOLLY VARDEN.**—Magenta and white.
- DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH.**—Scarlet and crimson.
- GEO. GORDON.**—Claret red.
- MARS.**—Glowing scarlet.
- QUEEN VICTORIA.**—Soft yellow and purple.

E.—12 Varieties, 2/6 Posted.

- AURORA.**—Salmon on white.
- CROWN JEWELL.**—Violet, white and rose.
- DUKE OF WESTMINSTER.**—Rosy maroon.
- DUKE OF YORK.**—Rose, primrose and white.
- DOLLY VARDEN.**—Purple, magenta and white.
- HON. F. BOUVERIE.**—Pink.
- DOROTHY ECKFORD.**—Best white.
- HON. MRS. KENYON.**—Primrose.
- SALOPIAN.**—Crimson.
- SHAHZADA.**—Maroon.
- MRS. PHILBRICK.**—Blue.
- PRINCESS MAY.**—Heliotrope.

F.—12 Varieties, 3/- Posted.

- AGNES JOHNSTON.**—Bright rose pink and cream.
- D. R. WILLIAMSON.**—Indigo blue.
- COQUETTE.**—Primrose, tinted fawn.
- COUNTESS CADOGAN.**—Violet and blue.
- HELEN LEWIS.**—Orange pink.
- JANET SCOTT.**—Pink.
- KING EDWARD VII.**—Scarlet.
- LADY BEACONSFIELD.**—Salmon, rose and yellow.
- MAJESTIC.**—Deep rose pink.
- MONT BLANC.**—White.
- NAVY BLUE.**
- OTHELLO.**—Dark brown chocolate.

G.—12 Varieties, 2/- Posted.

- JUANITA.**—Lavender and white.
- LORD ROSEBERRY.**—Rosy magenta.
- SCARLET GEM.**
- GREY FRIAR.**—Purple on white ground.
- GORGEOUS.**—Orange salmon.
- ROYAL ROBE.**—Delicate pink.
- MRS. SANKY.**—White.
- SHAHZADA.**—Dark maroon.
- PRIMROSE.**—Pale primrose.
- MRS. DUGDALE.**—Carmine, rose and primrose.
- MRS. JOS. CHAMBERLAIN.**—Silvery white, with rosy pink.
- LADY GRISEL HAMILTON.**—Lavender and blue.

THE FOUR COLLECTIONS AS ABOVE,
8/- POSTED.

The Coming Favorite Flower

NASTURTIUMS.

When Ordering Quote
No. in Catalogue.

A MOST brilliant and invaluable class of annual now being largely sought after on account of the many shades of colour and its continuous blooming qualities, producing for table decoration when all flowers are scarce a full supply of rich coloured blooms, which make a fine display in vases, etc., mixed with Maiden-hair and other ferns. The tall variety is exceedingly useful for growing on fences, stumps of trees, etc.; the dwarf kind are now used largely for beds and borders, giving a grand display of blooms for a long period. Sow from August to April.

TALL VARIETIES.

- 353. **Atropurpureum**—Dazzling crimson.
- 354. **Coccineum**—Bright scarlet.
- 355. **Dunnett's Orange** (Sunlight).
- 356. **Hemisphaericum**—Deep orange. Handsome.
- 357. **King Theodore**—Darkest, dark leaves.
- 358. **Luteum**—Yellow.
- 359. **Pearl** (Moonlight)—Whitish.
- 360. **Prince Henry**—Yellow, marbled scarlet.
- 361. **Regelianum**—Purplish violet.
- 362. **Scheuerianum**—Straw-colour, spotted.
- 363. **Schulzi**—Scarlet, darkest leaves.
- 364. **Von Moltke**—Bluish rose.

3d Packet, except where priced.
2/6 doz., or 3/- the Collection of 14.

- 365. **Ivy-Leaved**, Finest Mixed—They prove especially desirable as pot bloomers or for planting as trailing plants in window boxes, vases, hanging-baskets, as well as in the flower-bed, or as a border row along the garden walks and on the lawn. Not only is the foliage distinct like that of the hardy English Ivy, but the flowers are a marked departure from the form of those of the common Nasturtium, the petals being quite narrow and set on a very slender foot-stalk, giving the flowers an open star-like effect which is both striking and effective. 6d. packet.
- 366. **Crimson Beauty**—A splendid well-known climber, and producing flowers of a very fiery crimson, while its leaves are very dark. It gives a splendid effect when the full blaze of the sun is on it. For covering old stumps and trellis work it is the best variety we know of for effect, etc. 6d. packet.
- 367. **Tall Climbing**—Fine mixed. 3d. packet.

DWARF or TOM THUMB VARIETIES.

- 368. **Beauty**—Scarlet and yellow.
- 369. **King Theodore**—Black, dark leaves
- 370. **Pearl**—White.
- 371. **Golden King**—Golden.
- 372. **Ruby King**—Crimson.
- 373. **Empress of India**—Scarlet crimson
- 374. **Aurora**—Terra-cotta, very fine.

- 375. **Bronze**—Brownish, distinct.
- 376. **Cloth of Gold**—Yellow.
- 377. **Lady Bird** (Spotted King)—Spotted, very fine.
- 378. **Prince Henry**—Marbled scarlet.
- 379. **Regelianum**—Purplish-violet.
- 380. **Tom Thumb**—Fine mixed.

3d. Packet.
2/6 for entire Collection.

A brilliant and valuable class of annuals very easy of cultivation. King Theodore, Golden King and Ruby King are particularly fine. N. Empress of India is the most perfect, the flowers are of the richest scarlet-crimson, whilst the foliage is of a very dark bluish-green. Will thrive in almost any soil, but should have a sunny situation.

The Wonderful New Discovery

JADOO FIBRE

The material in which every
Plant thrives without Earth.

Price, 3d. to 1/-; per bushel (20 lbs.), 5/-; per bale (6 bushels), 25/-

1. Don't Overwater your Plants. The surface of the fibre often looks dry when it is quite damp underneath; when you do water, water **well**, and then leave the plant till it really wants water.

2. Press the Jadoo **tight** into the pot, if you use it without mixing earth with it; and if it rises in the pot, be sure to press it back again.

3. You can mix Jadoo if you like with an equal quantity of earth and sand. The earth used for mixing need not be very good, as the mixture with Jadoo will enable plants to grow in the poorest soil, provided there is some sand with it.

4. For sowing seed, fill a small box with Jadoo, keeping the finer

particles of the Jadoo on the surface. Sow on that, covering with a little more Jadoo or fine earth or sand.

5. For putting in cuttings, mix one-third Jadoo, one-third earth, and one-third sand. Be sure that it is pressed tightly round the cuttings.

6. For Hyacinths and Narcissus, pot them in Jadoo mixed with earth and sand, as described in paragraph 3. Cover the pots with about four inches of sand or sifted ashes, and leave for about eight weeks.

7. For Window Boxes, whether the plants to be used have been grown in Jadoo or in soil, simply turn them out of their pots, put them into the window box and fill up the interstices with half Jadoo, half earth.

Choice Flower Seedlings.

These we grow from the Choice Seeds as Catalogued, and can be thoroughly relied upon. Postage or Carriage Extra. We can supply well-grown Plants, when in Season (12 in a bundle), of the following, at 4d. dozen, except where priced.

*Amaranthus	*Cockscomb	Dahlias, Extra, 1/-	Linaria	Pansy, Choice, 1/-	Salpiglossis, Emperor, 1/-
Anemone	Centaurea	Dianthus	Lobelia	Pansy, Ex. strong, 2/6	Stocks
" St. Brigid, 1s.	Chrysanthemum (Tri-	Delphiniums, 2/- doz.	" Crystal Palace, 1/-	Petunia	" Giant White, 1/-
Antirrhinum	colour)	Digitalis (Foxglove)	*Lupins	Pentstemon	" Peach Blossom, 1/-
*Asters	Columbines	Eschscholtzia	Leptosyne	Phlox Drummondii	Sweet Pea
" Best, 1/-	Collinsia	Forget-me-Not	Marigold	" Grandiflora, 1/-	" Best, 6d.
*Balsam	*Cosmos	Gaillardia	Marvel of Peru	Poppy	Sweet Sultan
Calliopsis	" Klondyke, 1/-	Godetia	Mignonette	" Oriental, 1/-	Sweet William
Candytuft	" Giant Fancy, 1/-	Helichrysum	" Machet, 6d.	*Portulaca	Verbena
Carnation, Margaret	Cornflower	Hollyhock	*Monkey Musk, 6d. pot	Pyrethrum	" Best, 1/-
" Best, 1/6	Daisy	Larkspur	Nemophila	Rhodanthe	Wallflower
Canterbury Bells	Dahlias	Lavender, 4d. each	Pansy	Salpiglossis	*Zinnia

*Those marked thus ready in Spring and Summer Only.

WE STOCK ALL THE BEST
AND NEWEST KINDS.

FRUIT TREES.

WELL-ROOTED, CLEAN AND
HEALTHY, AND TRUE TO NAME.

All Fruit Growers should know that our stock this season is exceptionally vigorous, clean and healthy, having all been grown under Government inspection. Included is a fine stock of all the leading kinds for exporting, canning and marketing, in Apples, Pears, Plums, Peaches, etc. Our young Apples are all worked on blight-proof stocks, either "Majetin" or "Spy." Orange, Lemon and other Citrus Trees in great quantity.

Write for our Catalogue of Fruit Trees, &c., Posted Gratis, and ORDER EARLY to prevent disappointment.



When ordering, give
only the Number in
the Margin and
date of Catalogue,
1909-10.

ANNUALS grow, bloom, and die the first year they Seed.

BIENNIALS bloom the second year from Seed, and then die; though many, if sown early in the Spring, will flower the first year.

PERENNIALS usually bloom the second year from Seed, and continue to grow and bloom for many years. Some will also bloom the first year if sown early.

ABBREVIATIONS—H., Hardy; H.H., Half-Hardy; T., Tender; A., Annual; B., Biennial; P., Perennial; Cl., Climber; Trl., Trailer. Thus—H.H.A., Half-Hardy Annual; T.P., Tender Perennial, etc.

NO HALF PACKETS WILL BE SUPPLIED.

No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	COLOUR OF FLOWER.	Hardiness and Duration.	Height in feet.	REMARKS.
381	<i>Abroonia arenaria</i>	0 3	yellow	H.A.	1	Pretty verbena-like annuals, excellent for rock-work, hanging baskets, etc. Sweet scented.
382	" <i>umbellata</i>	0 3	rosy lilac	"	1	
383	<i>Acroclinium</i> , double mixed	0 3	various	"	1	Beautiful everlastings, valuable for winter bouquets. Should be cut when half expanded.
384	" single mixed	0 3	"	"	1	
385	<i>Adlumia cirrhosa</i>	0 3	flesh	H.P.	cl.	Splendid free flowering climber, with feathery foliage.
386	<i>Adonis aestivalis</i> (Flos Adonis)	0 3	scarlet	H.A.	1	Showy annual, remaining a long time in flower. Valuable bedding plants of dwarf habit, exceedingly floriferous. The white variety, A. Conspicuum, is excellent for bouquets.
387	<i>Ageratum conspicuum</i>	0 3	white	"	1	
388	" <i>Mexicanum</i> (Swanley Blue)	0 3	blue	"	1	
389	<i>Alonsoa</i> , fine mixed	0 3	various	H.H.A.	1½	Flowering all summer; very pretty bedding plants.
390	<i>Alyssum maritimum</i> (Sweet Alyssum)	0 3	white	H.A.	1	Very useful for edgings, borders, etc. Sweet scented.
391	" <i>saxatile compactum</i>	0 3	yellow	H.P.	1	
392	<i>Amaranthus bicolor ruber</i> , splendid	0 3	c'mine scar. fol.	H.H.A.	1	A handsome class of ornamental foliaged plants; very effective if planted either singly or in masses. A salicifolius makes a splendid plant for conservatory decoration.
393	" <i>salicifolius</i> , decorative	0 3	red & yel. fol.	"	2½	
394	" <i>tricolor</i> (Joseph's Coat)	0 3	variegated fol.	"	2	
395	" <i>caudatus</i> (Love-lies-bleeding)	0 3	red	"	2	
396	" <i>cruentus</i> (Prince's Feather)	0 3	brilliant scarlet	"	2	Beautiful white everlasting.
397	<i>Ammobium alatum grandiflorum</i>	0 3	white	H.A.	2	
398	<i>Ampelopsis Veitchi</i> (Virginia Creeper)	0 6	ornamental fol.	H.P.	cl.	Japanese Ivy. Small leaved, which turns to bright scarlet-crimson and orange in the Autumn.
399	<i>Anagallis grandiflora</i> , fine mixed	0 3	various	H.A.	1	Very handsome, spreading, free-flowering annuals; splendid for borders, rock-work.
400	<i>Anchusa capensis</i> (Cape Forget-me-not)	0 3	blue	"	1	Long bloomer. Splendid for bouquets.

WE ARE THE LEADING HOUSE FOR FLOWER SEEDS.

Law, Sonner & Co. "Tip Top" Seeds

No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	COLOUR OF FLOWER.	Hardiness and Duration.	Height in feet.	REMARKS.
401	Anemone, finest mixed (Windflower)	s. d. 0 3	various	H.P.	1	Roots of Anemones can be supplied during Autumn.
402	" St. Brigid	0 6	"	"	1	Charming Spring flowers, producing blooms from seed in 6 to 8 months. St. Brigid strain highly recommended; they run from all shades, producing both double and semi-double flowers.
	" Brundrett's Strain, charming and beautiful varieties, all shades, large flowers (see Bulbs, page 32)					
403	Angelonia grandiflora	1 0	blue	H.H.P.	1	Fine spikes of sweet-scented blue flowers; excellent for pot culture.
404	Antirrhinum (Snapdragon), tall mixed ..	0 3	various	H.P.	2½	The new variety, Golden Queen, is an undoubted acquisition; the blooms are large and beautiful in form, and closely set on the stem.
405	" Golden Queen, tall	0 6	yellow	"	1½	
406	" Queen Victoria, tall	0 6	white	"	1½	
407	" Tom Thumb, dwarf mixed	0 3	various	"	1	
408	" Tom Thumb, white	0 3	white	"	1	
	" Daphne (see Novelties).					Queen Victoria, recently introduced, is a splendid large flowering variety.
409	Aquilegia Skinneri (Columbine)	0 6	scarlet & yel'w	"	2	Columbines. This class of hardy perennials will thrive in almost any soil or situation, and are admirably adapted for border or permanent beds, where they form beautiful objects.
410	" Californica hybrida	0 6	yel. & orange	"	2	
411	" Caryophylloides, fl. pl.	0 6	white & red	"	2	
412	" Stuarti	1 6	blue & white	"	2	
413	" Formosa, fl. pl., double blue	0 3	blue	"	2	
414	" vulgaris, fl. pl., double white	0 3	white	"	2	A. Stuarti is a splendid novelty, producing immense flowers, with blue corolla and white sepals.
415	" double mixed	0 3	various	"	2	
	" New Long Spurred varieties (see Novelties).					Caryophylloides is a splendid showy variety; double white flowers, heavily striped with dark red.
	The above 7 packets, posted, 3/-					
416	Arabis alpina	0 3	white	"	½	Splendid for rock-work; one of the best for broad edgings; always green during the Summer months.
417	Arbutus unedo (Strawberry Tree)	0 6	white	"	10	Handsome shrub, with laurel-like foliage. The fruits, which are edible, are much used by florists in the making up of bouquets, sprays.
418	Arnebia cornuta	0 6	yellow & brown	H.H.A.	1½	Curious and exceedingly handsome flowers of a rich yellow, and marked with five large brown spots.
419	Arctotis Grandis (Blue-eyed Daisy)	0 6	white & blue	H.A.	2½	Blue-eyed South African Daisy; remarkably handsome new annual; grows luxuriantly in our climate.
420	Asparagus plumosus nanus (Asparagus Fern)	1 0	ornamental fol.	H.P.	2	Decorative foliage, splendid for cutting. Sprengeri splendid for hanging baskets, pots.
421	" Sprengeri	0 6	" "	"	Tra.	
	Asters (see page 39).					
422	Athanasia annua	0 3	yellow	H.A.	1	Pretty everlasting, splendid for cutting.
423	Auricula. From finest named varieties	1 0	various	H.P.	4-6	Saved exclusively from prize flowers.
424	" Finest double mixed	2 0	"	"	4-6	Double variety, produces large clusters, richly coloured and marked blooms.
425	Azalea indica. From finest named varieties	1 0	"	"	2	Well-known magnificent flowering plants.
426	Balloon Vine (Cardiospermum halicacabum)	0 3	white	H.A.	cl.	Handsome and curious climber.
	Balsam (see page 40).					
427	Bartonia aurea	0 3	golden	"	1½	Showy annual.
	Begonia (see page 40).					
	" Gloire de Lorraine (see Novelties).					
	" Rex Rubens (see Novelties).					
428	Bellis Perennis (Daisy) finest dbl. white ..	0 6	white	H.P.	½	Old favourites, and one of the most charming spring flowers. Snowball and Longfellow are of recent introduction.
429	" " finest double mixed	0 6	various	"	½	
430	" " Snowball	0 9	white	"	½	
431	" " Longfellow	0 6	dark rose	"	½	
432	" " Ranunculus Flowered Dble.	0 6	dark red	"	½	
	" " The Bride and Bridegroom (see Novelties).					Double Ranunculus flower. A new and remarkable Daisy, blooming very early and abundantly. The colour is a brilliant dark red on a snow-white ground.
433	Beta cicla Brasiliensis (Ornamental Beet)	0 3	variegated fol.	H.A.	1½	Handsome foliaged plants.
	Bird of Paradise (see Poinciana Gilliesi).					
	Bleeding Heart (see Dielytra Spectabilis).					
	Blue Bottle (see Centaurea).					
434	Boronia megastigma (Sweet Boronia)	0 6	brown & lemon	H.P.	2	Deliciously scented flowers. A good way to treat the seed is either to soak it in hot water, or rake lightly in the ground, and throw grass over it, and then set alight to it. The seed in its native state germinates more freely when a bush fire has passed over it.
	" " Plants, supplied from June to October, 1/-, 1/6, 2/-, 2/6, 3/6, according to size.					
435	Brachycome mixed	0 3	various	H.A.	½	Swan River Daisy; very pretty.
436	Browallia fine mixed	0 3	"	"	1½	Most desirable elegant flowering annuals.
437	Bryonopsis laciniosa erythrocarpa	0 3	ornam'tl. fruits	H.H.A.	cl.	A climbing annual of great beauty, bearing green fruits (not edible), which change in colour, as the season advances, to bright scarlet, striped with white.

SLUGS, SNAILS, and GRUBS.—We have a specially prepared mixture for the destruction of these

No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	COLOUR OF FLOWER.	Hardiness and Duration.	Height in feet.	REMARKS.
438	Cacalia (Tassel flower), mixed	s. d. 0 3	various	H.A.	1½	Showy annuals, excellent in beds and borders. One of the finest climbers.
439	Calampelis scabra (Eccremocarpus)	0 3	orange	H.P.	cl.	
	Calceolaria (see page 40).					
440	Calendula officinalis , fl. pl., Meteor	0 3	orange striped	H.A.	1	{ Distinct variety of great beauty; the flowers are large and of splendid metallic golden colour.
	Californian Tree Poppy (see Romneya)					
441	Calliopsis Drummondi	0 3	yel. & crimson	"	2	{ Well-known and brilliant annuals, remaining a long time in bloom. Very fine for bouquets. Golden Ray twisted petals, golden yellow colour, purple base. Grows 6 to 8 inches high; long bloomer of easy culture. A. Lanceolata is a beautiful perennial, good for cutting.
442	" atrosanguinea	0 3	dark red	"	2	
443	" coronata	0 3	yellow	"	1½	
444	" tinctoria	0 3	yel. & brown	"	2	
445	" Bicolor , Golden Ray	0 6	golden yellow	"	½	
446	" lanceolata (grandiflora)	0 6	yellow	H.P.	2½-3	
447	" Finest mixed	0 3	various	H.A.	2	{ Canterbury Bells. These are a highly interesting and desirable class of handsome flowering plants for the decoration of the garden. The large bells of the pure white variety are especially handsome, and should be freely grown for the contrast they afford with most other flowers. C. Mirabilis is a beautiful new variety, with pale blue or lilac flowers. C. Pyramidalis, very handsome and valuable variety for cut flower purposes. A very useful class of hardy border plants, which have attained a well-deserved popularity. C. Empress and Carmine are the finest of all the annual varieties, bearing magnificent heads of bloom. C. Little Prince, handsome new dwarf variety, producing massive spikes of large pure white flowers. Giant Hyacinth flowered; produces immense white flowers, somewhat resembling a pure white hyacinth; a very valuable addition to this lovely class of flowers, and all should grow it; splendid for cutting or bedding. 6d. per packet. The perennial varieties, C. Gibraltarica and Pruiti, are charming plants, the latter being very useful for pot cultivation. Saved from the handsomest of Mr. Crozy's new introductions. Most of them are dwarf in habit, early bloomers, and very remarkable both for beauty and size of flowers and foliage. Soak the seeds in moderately warm water for about twelve hours before planting.
	" Tiger Star (see Novelties).					
448	Campanula carpatia	0 3	blue	H.P.	1	
449	" calycanthema (Cup and Saucer)	0 3	various	H.B.	1½	
450	" Pyramidalis , tall mixed	0 6	"	H.P.	1½-2	
451	" Pyramidalis , compacta	0 6	blue	"	1-1½	
452	" Medium , single mixed	0 3	various	H.B.	2	
453	" Medium , double mixed	0 3	"	"	2	
454	" Medium , double white	0 3	white	"	2	
455	" mirabilis	1 0	pale blue	H.P.	2	
	Canary Creeper (see Tropæolum).					
456	Candytuft , finest mixed	0 3	various	H.A.	1	{
457	" purple	0 3	purple	"	1	
458	" white	0 3	white	"	1	
459	" white rocket	0 3	"	"	1	
460	" Empress	0 6	"	"	1	
461	" dark crimson	0 3	crimson	"	1	
462	" carmine	0 3	carmine	"	1	
463	" Little Prince (new)	0 6	white	"	½	
464	" Giant Hyacinth , flowered white	0 6	"	"	1½	
465	" Gibraltarica	0 6	lilac	H.P.	1	
466	" Pruiti	0 6	white	"	½	
	Calla (Richardia), see Novelties.					
467	Canna , Crozy's new hybrids	0 6	various	"	3-4	{
	" " " plants, 1/- and 1/6 each					
	Canterbury Bell (see Campanula).					
	Carnation (see page 41).					
	Castor Oil Plant (see Ricinus).					
	Celosia (see Cockscomb, page 41).					
468	Catananche , coerulea	0 3	blue	"	3	{ Pretty everlastings.
469	" coerulea alba	0 3	blue & white	"	3	
470	Centaurea , Emperor William	0 3	blue	H.A.	1½	{ Commonly known as Cornflowers.
471	" Cyanus minor , mixed	0 3	various	"	1½	
472	" Cyanus minor , double mixed	0 6	"	"	1½	{ Showy hardy annuals. The new double variety may, to a certain extent, be compared to Gaillardia Lorenziana.
473	" Cyanus minor , alba	0 3	white	"	1½	
474	" Imperialis , mixed	0 6	various	"	1½	{ Very large and sweet-scented flowers, excellent for cutting.
475	" Chameleon	0 6	yellow & rose	"	1½	
476	" Margarita odorata alba	0 6	white	"	1½	{ Sweet Sultan. Fine, sweet-scented annuals.
477	" suaveolens	0 3	yellow	"	1½	
478	" moschata , alba	0 6	white	"	1½	{ Similar to Cornflower, splendid for cutting.
479	" moschata , mixed	0 3	various	"	1½	
480	" depressa (Blue Bottle)	0 3	blue	"	1½	{ A beautiful, hardy climber, bears in the greatest profusion inverted pea-shaped flowers of great beauty. Occasionally plants bear pure white flowers. Blooming stems, placed in water, remain fresh for several days.
	10 packets, posted, for 2/6.					
481	Centrosema grandiflora (Butterfly Pea)	0 6	reddish violet	H.P.	cl.	{
482	Cephalaria tartarica	0 3	yellow	"	1½	{ Splendid plant for bees.
483	Cerastium Biebersteini	0 3	white	"	½	
484	Cerinthe , mixed (Honeywort)	0 3	various	H.A.	1	{ Mouse ear, very pretty.
	Chinese Primroses (see page 47).					

pests, and the protection of seed beds generally. 6d. per pkt.; 1/- per lb.; Postage or Carriage extra.

Law, Zomner & Co. "Tip Top" Bulbs

No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	COLOUR OF FLOWER.	Hardiness and Duration.	Height in feet.	REMARKS.	
485	Chrysanthemum tricolor, Burridgeanum ..	s. d. 0 3	white and rose	H.A.	2	Showy annuals for mixed beds or borders. C. Burridgeanum and atrococcineum are exceedingly handsome. The new double hybrids are a charming class. It is impossible to describe the beautiful forms which have been produced. All the varieties are easy of cultivation, exceedingly floriferous, and very useful for cutting.	
486	" tricolor, atrococcineum ..	0 3	scarlet	"	2		
487	" tricolor, fine mixed, single	0 3	various	"	2		
488	" tricolor, Dunnetti, double white ..	0 3	white	"	2		
489	" tricolor, Dunnetti, double yellow ..	0 3	yellow	"	2		
490	" tricolor, double hybrids ..	0 6	various	"	1½		
491	" carinatum radiatum album, Silver Wheel ..	0 6	white	"	2		
492	" carinatum radiatum aureum, Golden Wheel ..	0 6	yellow	"	2		
12 packets, best Chrysanthemums, our selection, posted, 2/6.							In this new and pretty group of annual Chrysanthemums the flowers assume a peculiar form, the quill-shaped ray florets standing out all round the disc, like the spokes of a wheel. The flowers of these two novelties are splendid for cutting, and last a long time.
493	" carinatum, Northern Star	0 9	white & yellow	"	2		
494	" inodorum, Bridal Robe ..	0 6	white	"	1	The flowers of this giant variety measure on the average 3½ inches across; robust plants. The radiant white petals, passing towards the centre into a soft yellow, show up strikingly against the bold black disc. Undoubtedly one of our most useful annuals, distinct and beautiful, of very compact and upright habit, double flowers.	
495	" coronarium sulphureum, ..	0 3	golden	"	1½		
496	" inodorum, double white ..	0 3	white	H.B.	1	Splendid double-flowering varieties, excellent for bouquets.	
497	" frutescens, Comtesse de Chambord ..	0 6	"	H.P.	3		
498	" Segetum, Morning Star ..	0 6	pale yellow	"	3	Marguerites, or Parisian daisies. This lovely type is remarkable, not only for the beautiful colour, but for its size, often measuring 3 to 4 inches across, and last, not least, for their extraordinary durability. Bad weather has very little effect on them, the petals remaining extended both in rain or sunshine, making a splendid show, and furnishing a large quantity of flowers for the table, etc.	
499	" Helios, Evening Star ..	0 6	golden	"	1		
500	Cineraria maritima candidissima (for choice strains of Cineraria, see page 42). New Cineraria (see Novelties).	0 3	silvery foliage	"	1	Useful for carpet bedding.	
501	Clarkia elegans rosea ..	0 3	rose	H.A.	1½	An exceedingly useful class of hardy annuals, admirably suited for sowing in patches or mixed borders, and are very easy of cultivation.	
502	" elegans rosea, fl. pl., double ..	0 3	"	"	1½		
503	" elegans alba, fl. pl., double ..	0 3	white	"	1½		
504	" elegans, fine mixed ..	0 3	various	"	1½		
505	" pulchella ..	0 3	crimson	"	1½		
506	Clematis flammula (Virgin's Bower) ..	0 3	white	H.P.	cl.	Pretty, sweet-scented climber.	
507	" Superb mixture of Jackman's large flowering hybrids ..	1 0	various	"	cl.	These magnificent hardy climbers are highly popular, and, considering their great beauty, freedom of blooming, and the facility with which they may be trained on any kind of wall, trellis, or verandah, and in almost any aspect, it is surprising that Clematises are not found in abundance in every garden.	
	" Plants, named varieties in pots, 2/- and 2/6 each.						
508	" Coccinea (Charming) ..	0 9	scarlet	"	cl.	C. Coccinea is a very pretty herbaceous climber, with globular scarlet flower, quick growing, coming into bloom during the Summer months, dies back late in the Autumn, but breaks out again in the early Spring, flowering continuously all through the Summer.	
509	Cleome pungens (Giant Spider Plant) .. " gigantea (see Novelties).	0 6	bright rose	H.A.	4	Curious; with large, spider-like flowers.	
510	Clanthus dampieri (Sturt's Desert Pea) ..	0 6	scarlet & black	H.B.	trl.	Probably the finest of our native flowers. No description can do justice to it. It is comparatively easy of cultivation, requiring a light sandy soil and plenty of heat to bring out its flowers to their highest beauty.	
511	" puniceus (Glory Pea) ..	0 6	scarlet & white	H.P.	6	Splendid flowering shrubs.	
512	" alba ..	0 6	white	"	6		
Climbers (see page 70).						Handsome Lobelia-like plants, very useful for pots, edgings, etc.	
513	Clintonia elegans ..	0 3	blue	H.A.	½		
514	" pulchella alba ..	0 3	white	"	½		
515	Cobaea scandens ..	0 6	purple	H.P.	cl.	Quick-growing climbers, with large bell-shaped flowers; very showy. C. macrostemma is a beautiful variety, the foliage being of bright vivid green, and the flowers strikingly effective with long stamens.	
516	" scandens alba ..	0 6	white	"	cl.		
517	" macrostemma ..	0 6	green & violet	"	cl.		
Cockscomb (see page 41).							
Coleus (see page 42).							

WRITE FOR OUR FRUIT TREE CATALOGUE AND ORDER EARLY.



CANDYTUFT, LITTLE PRINCE.
No. 463.



CHRYSANTHEMUM—BRIDLE ROBE.
No. 494.

FOR PERFECTION IN FLOWERS, USE OUR "TIP TOP"
PLANT FOOD, 6d., 1/-, 1/6 per Tin.



CELOSIA,
TRIUMPH DE EXPOSITION.
No. 56.



IMPERIAL SHASTA DAISY.
No. 543.

Law, Somner & Co. "Tip Top" Seeds

No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	COLOUR OF FLOWER.	Hardiness and Duration.	Height in feet.	REMARKS.
518	Collinsia bicolor	s. d. 0 3	lilac and white	H.A.	1	Early spring-flowering annual.
519	Columbine (see Aquilegia).	0 3	blue	H.H.P.	1	Showy, favourite plants for pots and gardens. Well-known, sweet-scented flowers. Fine annual climbers, splendid for trellises. The Giant Imperials have given the greatest satisfaction and surprise to all. Their exquisite beauty and enormous size (from four to six inches across), with their innumerable markings and shadings, command the admiration of all flower lovers. The vines are strong and robust, attaining a height of thirty to fifty feet, while the foliage is quite distinct and luxuriant.
520	Commelina coelestis	0 3	white	"	1	
521	" alba	0 3	"	H.P.	1	
522	Convallaria majalis (Lily-of-the-Valley) ..	0 6	"	H.A.	cl.	
522	Convolvulus major (Morning Glory) ..	0 3	various	"	cl.	Flowers double, white, with blue and red spots, a charming and pretty climber. Excellent border plant. Useful for suspended baskets; very pretty.
523	" (Giant Imperial Morning Glories)	0 6	"	"	cl.	
524	" double climbing	0 6	white with blue and red spots	H.A.	trl.	
525	" minor, mixed	0 3	various	"	1	
526	" mauritanicus	0 6	blue	H.P.	trl.	Showy annual, blooming profusely during the summer and autumn months. An exceedingly beautiful autumn flowering plant. The flowers are borne profusely in loose clusters, and present a charming appearance, embracing all shades of red, white, purple and lavender, and are indeed beautiful. If sown early in the spring, they will commence blooming in autumn, and continue to bloom into the winter. For bouquets and vases they are unsurpassed, lasting a long time in water. The large white variety is most valuable for florists. The flowers of this lovely Cosmos are deep blackish purple; in fact, almost black. A beautiful variety, compact and bushy, a very early white, flushed with rose. Very early and distinct. Large dahlia-like flowers of a beautiful, brilliant orange colour. Large white, useful for florists. Petals deeply and irregularly fringed in various bright colours. Exquisitely pretty, resembling a Marguerite somewhat. Flowers from 2½ to 3½ inches across.
	" New (see Novelties).					
	For other varieties see Ipomoea.					
	Coreopsis (see Calliopsis).					
527	Cornflower (see Centaurea).					A charming hardy perennial, splendid for beds or borders, producing rich colours in great variety. Well-known English plants. A charming dwarf annual, producing flowers of the sweet pea form in clusters, of pretty golden colour, with a dark blotch; free and early. Dwarf, free-flowering bedding plants, and are deserving of more extensive cultivation. Perennial greenhouse or window plant of elegant habit.
527	Cosmidium Burridgeanum	0 3	velvety brown	"	2	
528	Cosmos (Cosmea) bipinnata alba	0 3	white	"	4-6	
529	" " bipinnata purpurea.	0 3	purple	"	4-6	
530	" " bipinnata rosea	0 3	rose	"	4-6	This new type has a remarkable resistant vigour, and ability to overcome ill-treatment and unfavourable conditions not possessed by the original Shasta Daisy. Sweet-scented, trumpet-shaped flowers. Golden Queen is a splendid new double, bright yellow, and very showy variety. Cornucopia bears immense flowers of a fine purple and white colour. Splendid variety.
531	" " fine mixed	0 3	various	"	4-6	
532	" " New Giant, early flowering fancy	0 6	"	"	4-6	
	10 Varieties Cosmos, posted, 2/6.					
533	" diversifolia, black	0 6	blackish purple	H.P.	3	Perennial greenhouse or window plant of elegant habit.
534	" Dawn	0 6	white and rose	H.A.	2½-3	
535	" Klondyke (new), yellow	0 6	yellow	"	3	
536	" Giant White Pearl	0 3	white	"	3	
537	" Marguerite, mixed	0 6	various	"	3	This new type has a remarkable resistant vigour, and ability to overcome ill-treatment and unfavourable conditions not possessed by the original Shasta Daisy. Sweet-scented, trumpet-shaped flowers. Golden Queen is a splendid new double, bright yellow, and very showy variety. Cornucopia bears immense flowers of a fine purple and white colour. Splendid variety.
	" Red Star, new (see Novelties).					
	" Lady Lennox (see Novelties).					
	" Praecox (see Novelties).					
538	Cowslip, mixed	0 6	"	H.P.	4-6	Perennial greenhouse or window plant of elegant habit.
539	" yellow (Primula veris)	0 3	yellow	"	4-6	
540	Crotolaria retusa (Rattle box)	0 6	yellow	H.A.	1½	
541	Cuphea, fine mixed	0 6	various	H.H.A.	1	
542	Cyclamen (see page 40).					Perennial greenhouse or window plant of elegant habit.
542	Cyperus alternifolius (Umbrella Plant) ..	0 6	apricot	H.P.	2	
	Cypress Vine (see Ipomoea).					
	Dahlia (see page 43).					
543	Daisy (see Bellis perennis).					Perennial greenhouse or window plant of elegant habit.
	" Shasta, improved white	0 6	white	H.P.	2	
544	Datura fastuosa Huberiana, double mixed	0 3	various	H.A.	3	
545	" cornucopia (Horn of plenty)	0 6	purple & white	"	3	
546	" Golden Queen	0 6	yellow	"	3	Perennial greenhouse or window plant of elegant habit.
	Delphinium (see page 42).					
	Desert Pea (see Clanthus).					

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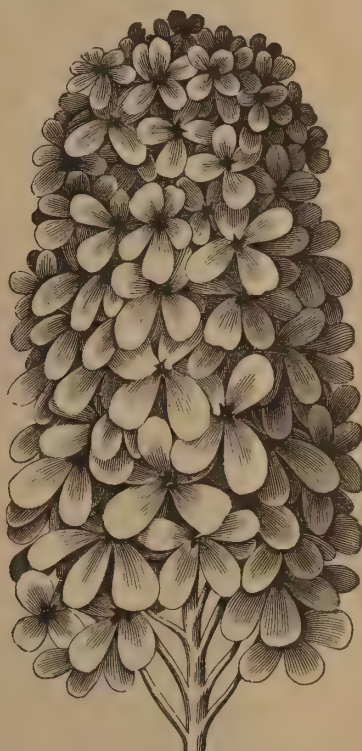
STOKESIA CYANEA—CORNFLOWER ASTER (No. 786).



CHRYSANTHEMUM—SILVER WHEEL (No. 491).



SCHIZANTHUS—WISTONENSIS (No. 773).



CANDYTUFT—GIANT HYACINTH FL.
(No. 464)



LINARIA—EXCELSIOR (No. 650).

Law, Sonner & Co. "Tip Top" Seeds

No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	COLOUR OF FLOWER.	Hardiness and Duration.	Height in feet.	REMARKS.
	Devil-in-a-bush (see Nigella).	s. d.				
547	Diascia barberae	1 0	rose	H.A.	trl.	A charming Australian Annual of vivid rose colour, and a profuse bloomer. Splendid for cutting. Makes a splendid hanging basket. Old garden favourites. The new variety, Holborn Glory, is, without exception, the best and largest Sweet William ever introduced. The raiser of this novelty says: "He has measured many individual flowers, each of which more than covered a penny piece."
548	Dianthus barbatus, single mixed	0 3	various	H.P.	1½	
549	" " double mixed	0 3	"	"	1½	
550	" " Holborn Glory	0 6	"	"	1½	
	Other varieties see page 43.					A popular and lovely plant, for growing either in pots or in the open ground, bearing flowers of rose and white, suspended on stalks in a drooping habit in the shape of a heart. The plants, after being pricked out of the seed bed, form themselves into bulbs, from which they flower in the spring, afterwards dying back, and making fresh foliage again the following year from stronger and more numerous tubers.
	" New (see Novelties).					
551	Dielytra spectabilis (Bleeding Heart)	1 6	rose and white	H.P.	¾	
	" " plants in pots, 1/6 each.					
552	Digitalis (Foxglove), finest mixed	0 3	various	H.P.	3	For herbaceous and mixed borders these will be found most useful. Valuable hardy perennial. These two new dolichos of rapid growth, make a dense and attractive screen of rich green foliage, growing to a height of eight to ten feet, producing large spikes of blooms profusely from base to summit. Quick-growing climbers, suitable for covering fences and unsightly walls. Distinct bush habit of growth; extremely attractive appearance; compact bushes surmounted by the enormous spikes of pure white flowers which are succeeded by large creamy-white pods.
553	" Ivery's splendid spotted	0 6	"	"	3	
554	Dodecantheon Meadia (American Cowslip)	0 6	purple	"	1	
555	Dolichos Daylight, new	0 6	white	"	cl.	Quick-growing climbers, suitable for covering fences and unsightly walls. Distinct bush habit of growth; extremely attractive appearance; compact bushes surmounted by the enormous spikes of pure white flowers which are succeeded by large creamy-white pods.
556	" Darkness, new	0 6	purple	"	cl.	
557	" lignosus	0 3	purple	"	cl.	
558	" lablab (Hyacinth Bean)	0 3	purple	"	cl.	
559	" lablab albus	0 3	white	"	cl.	
560	" Bush	0 9	white	"	2-3	
	Six packets as above, posted, 2/-.					
	Eccremocarpus (see Calampelis).					
561	Erinus alpinus, fine mixed	1 0	various	H.P.	½	Beautiful little Alpine plants for dry, sunny rock-work, etc.
562	Erythrina crista-galli (Coral-tree)	0 6	scarlet	"	15	Beautiful shrub, with intense scarlet flowers.
563	Eschscholtzia, Californica	0 3	yellow	H.A.	1½	Very profuse blooming plants, of extremely rich, beautiful colours. E. crocea alba is a large double white variety. Carmine King is a beautiful new variety of a carmine rose colour, the shade being in many cases as intense on the inside as on the outside of the petals. Golden West, a superb variety, with deep golden flowers.
564	" Mandarin	0 3	orange	"	1	
565	" crocea alba, double white	0 3	white	"	1	
566	" Carmine King	0 6	carmine	"	1	
567	" Golden West	0 6	golden	"	1½	
568	" finest mixed	0 3	various	"	1	
	" Burbank's Crimson (see Novelties).					
	" Dainty Queen (see Novelties).					
569	Eucalyptus ficifolia (Scarlet-flowering Gum)	1 0	scarlet	H.P.	20	Hardly anything more gorgeous can be imagined than the flowers of these beautiful varieties; commences to flower about January. They produce brilliant trusses of pink and scarlet flowers, which are most showy, and they bloom when quite young. Free-blooming pretty annual, somewhat resembling the Clarkias.
570	" Leucoxyllon rosea	1 0	pink	"	10	
571	" Calophylla rosea	1 0	pink	"	20-30	
	" other varieties (see Tree seeds).					
572	Eucharidium grandiflorum	0 3	red	H.A.	1	
	Evening Primrose (see Oenothera).					
	Evening-scented Stock (see Mathiola).					
573	Exacum affine	1 0	lilac	H.P.	½	Handsome Winter-flowering plant, sweet-scented.
	Flos Adonis (see Adonis aestivalis).					
	Forget-me-not (see Myosotis).					
	Foxglove (see Digitalis).					
574	Fragaria indica (Indian Strawberry)	0 6	white	"	trl.	Pretty little pot plants, bearing bright scarlet berries.
575	Freesia refracta alba	0 6	"	"	¾	Handsome sweet-scented bulbous plants, splendid cutting, easily grown from seed.
	" New pink (see Bulbs).					
576	Fuchsia hybrida, single mixed	1 6	various	"	var.	Saved from a very choice selection.
577	" double mixed	2 0	"	"	"	
	Gaillardia (see page 44).					
578	Gentiana acaulis	0 3	dark blue	"	½	Beautiful early-flowering border plant.
	Gerbera Jamesoni (see Novelties).					
579	Geum atrosanguineum, double	0 3	scarlet	"	1½	Double scarlet flowers, beautiful for bouquets. Pretty dwarf annual.
580	Gilia, finest mixed	0 3	spotted	H.A.	¾	

SEE COLOURED PAGES FOR NEW SWEET PEAS.



GLAUCIUM TRICOLOR (No. 582).



HELLEBORUS NIGER (No. 609).

Order Flower Seeds by Number only,
giving Date of Catalogue, 1909-10.



CHRYSANTHEMUM NORTHERN STAR (No. 493).



KOCHIA TRICOPHYLLA (No. 636).

Law, Sonner & Co. "Tip Top" Seeds

No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	COLOUR OF FLOWER.	Hardiness and Duration.	Height in feet.	REMARKS.
581	Gladiolus, splendid mixed	s. d. 0 6	various	H.P.	2½	Showy Summer and Autumn blooming plants.
	" Praecox (see Novelties).					
	" Robinson's Prize strains (see bulbs).					
582	Glaucium Flavum, tricolor (Horn Poppy) . . .	0 6	orange red	H.A.	2	Remarkably hardy Horn Poppy, from Asia Minor, about 2 to 2½ feet in height. Its large, fine-shaped flowers, 3 to 4 inches in diameter, are of the most brilliant orange red, with black or yellow spots on deep orange ground at the base of each petal; the latter measuring from 1½ to 2½ inches across.
583	Globe amaranth, finest mixed	0 3	various	"	1½	Handsome everlastings. The flowers may be cut in Summer and preserved for Winter bouquets.
	Gloxinia (see page 44).					
584	Gnaphalium Leontopodium (Edelweiss) . .	0 6	white	H.P.	½	The pretty Alpine plant so eagerly sought for by tourists.
	New Siberian (see Novelties).					
585	Godetia, Lady Albemarle	0 3	dark crimson	H.A.	1½	Magnificent class of free-flowering hardy annuals, deserving of the most extensive culture. Lady Albemarle, Duchess of Albany, and Lady Satin Rose are especially worthy of notice, the flowers being of immense size and charming appearance.
586	" Duchess of Albany	0 3	white	"	1½	
587	" Lady Satin Rose	0 3	carmine	"	1	
588	" The Bride	0 3	crims'n & white	"	1½	
589	" Whitneyi	0 3	crimson	"	1½	
590	" Bijou	0 3	white	"	1½	
591	" finest mixed	0 3	various	"	1	
	Crimson Glow (see Novelties).					
	Golden Feather (see Pyrethrum).					
592	Gypsophila, fine mixed	0 3	"	"	1	Elegant flowers, suitable for bouquets, etc.
593	" paniculata	0 3	white	H.P.	2	
	New (see Novelties).					
594	Heartsease (see Pansy, page 46).					
	Helianthus (Sunflower) miniature	0 3	orange	H.A.	3	Habit very branching, flowers only 2 in. in diameter.
595	" globosus fistulosus, double	0 3	"	"	6	Superb double Sunflower.
596	" Henry Wilde	0 3	golden	"	6	Small, with jet black centre.
597	" Russian Giant	0 3	yellow	"	8	Enormous single flowers.
598	" argyrophyllus, Silver Queen	0 3	"	"	4	Beautiful silvery foliage; very ornamental.
599	" Stella, new	0 6	"	"	4	Splendid flowers, 2½ to 3 inches across, excellent for cutting.
600	" Golden Bouquet	0 6	"	H.P.	3	Handsome perennial.
601	" double miniature	0 6	various	H.A.	3	Saved from the finest double flowers; very free.
602	" Orion	0 6	golden	"	4	A splendid new variety with crisp petals, excellent for cutting.
603	" Nana Compacta Perkeo	0 6	"	"	1	Growing into compact bushes, flowers on long stems; very pretty and showy.
	New Sunflowers (see Novelties)					
604	Helichrysum monstrosum, double mixed . .	0 3	"	"	3	A brilliant and splendid class of showy Everlastings that remain in bloom for a long time. Exceedingly useful for Winter decorations.
605	" minimum, double mixed	0 3	"	"	1	
606	Heliotrope finest mixed (Cherry Pie) . . .	0 6	various	H.P.	2	Sweet-scented dwarf shrub.
607	" Queen Marguerite	0 9	dark blue	"	1½	A charming dark blue variety, very sweet-scented; dwarf; very floriferous; splendid.
608	Helipterum corymbiflorum	0 3	white	H.A.	1½	Fine everlasting.
609	Helleborus Niger (Christmas Rose)	0 6	"	H.P.	1½	A well-known old English plant, producing numerous Anemone-like flowers of a pure white, with long stalks; splendid for cutting, and coming into bloom when other flowers are scarce.
610	" New Hybrids	0 9	various	"	1½	These will, we think, find a place in every garden; they produce various colours, and, like the Helleborus Niger, as above, are splendid for cutting, being on long stalks, and flowering when others are scarce.
611	Heuchera sanguinea	0 6	brilliant crims.	"	¾	An extremely attractive hardy perennial, producing a profusion of elegant spikes of rich bright crimson campanulate flowers, particularly adapted for cutting and other decorative purposes. Also admirably adapted for pot culture.
612	Hibiscus Africanus	0 3	white	H.A.	1½	Brilliant and attractive.
613	" Crimson Eye	0 6	white spotted crimson	H.P.	4	Crimson Eye is without doubt one of best perennials, producing very large flowers of the purest white, with a large crimson spot in the centre.
614	Hollyhock, finest double mixed, from Chatter's prize strain	1 0	various	"	6	Old garden favourites. The seed here offered will produce a large percentage of fine large double flowers.
615	" double mixed	0 6	"	"	6	
	Honesty (see Lunaria).					

For the Best Pansy, try our superb Mixture—it is unsurpassable.



CALLIOPSIS LANCEOLATA (No. 446).



SALPIGLOSSIS EMPEROR (No. 761).



TREE LUPIN SNOW QUEEN (No. 659).



CELOSIA SPICATA (No. 58).



Law, Somner & Co. "Tip Top" Bulbs



No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	COLOUR OF FLOWER.	Hardiness and Duration.	Height in feet.	REMARKS.
616	Honeysuckle, French mixed	s. d. 0 3	"	"	3	Showy perennials. Excellent for growing under trees, borders, etc.
	Honeywort (see Cerinthe).					
617	Humea elegans	1 0	red	H.H.B.	6	Very elegant plant, sweet scented.
618	Humulus Japonicus (Climbing Hop)	0 3	green	H.A.	cl.	Very rapid growth; splendid for trellises, etc.
619	Hunneimannia fumariaefolia	0 6	yellow	H.P.	2½	{ A lovely perennial, with beautiful foliage. The flowers are of a brilliant yellow, somewhat resembling tulips.
620	Hyacinthus candicans	0 6	white	"	2	
621	Hypericum elegans	0 6	yellow	"	1½	Free-flowering, bulbous plant.
	Ice Plant (see Mesembryanthemum).					Splendid hardy perennial for borders, etc.
622	Impatiens Sultani (Sultan's Balsam)	1 6	bright rose	H.H.P.	1½	{ As a decorative plant for the stove, greenhouse, or dinner table, it will be found invaluable.
	Indian Pink (see Dianthus, page 43).					
	Indian Shot (see Canna).					
623	Ipomoea Mexicana grandiflora alba (Moon flower)	0 6	white	H.A.	cl.	{ Beautiful convolvulus-like climbers, remarkable for their clear, rich colours.
624	" Quamoclit (Cyprus Vine)	0 3	scarlet	"	cl.	
625	" Leari, splendid	0 6	dark blue	H.P.	cl.	
626	" hederacea, fine mixed	0 3	various	H.A.	cl.	
	(See also Convolvulus page.)					I. Leari is a splendid dark-blue variety.
	New (see Novelties).					
627	Ipomopsis, fine mixed	0 3	"	H.B.	2	Fine plants, with long racemes of bright flowers.
628	Iris Kaempferi (The Japanese Flag Iris), double mixed	0 9	"	H.H.P.	2	{ These are undoubtedly the most gorgeous of this fine family of plants. Being natives of Japan, they thrive well in suitable situations in this climate; easily raised from seed with a little care, by sowing in pots or pans under cover.
629	Isotoma, finest mixed	0 6	"	H.A.	1	
630	Jacobaea, finest double mixed	0 3	"	"	1	Remarkably handsome plants, blooming throughout the summer.
	Joseph's Coat (see Amaranthus).					Compact, free-flowering annual, splendid for cutting.
631	Kaulfussia amelloides, mixed	0 3	"	"	½	{ Remarkably pretty; should be better known; fine range of colour, combined with dwarf compact growth.
632	Kennedya rubicunda	0 6	brown	H.P.	cl.	
633	" ovata alba	0 6	white	"	cl.	{ Handsome twining plants; excellent for verandah or trellis work.
634	" macrophylla	0 6	purple	"	cl.	
635	" nigricans	0 6	black & yellow	"	cl.	{ Pyramidal habit; small, feathery, light green foliage, deepening as season advances until it becomes a lovely crimson in the Summer.
636	Kochia Trichophylla (Scarlet Cypress)	0 6	scarlet	H.H.A.	2-3	
637	Lantana, finest mixed	0 3	"	H.P.	3	Handsome dwarf-growing shrub.
638	Larkspur, dwarf double rocket	0 3	"	H.A.	1½	{ Beautiful showy plants, giving a wide range of distinct and striking colours; very free blooming.
639	" giant hyacinth-flowered	0 3	"	"	2	
640	" tall stock-flowered double	0 3	"	"	2½	
641	" Emperor, splendid, double	0 3	"	"	2	
	Lathyrus (see Pea, Everlasting).					
	" Pubescens, blue (see Novelties).					
	" New Hybrids (see Novelties).					
642	Lavandula vera (Lavender)	0 6	lilac	H.P.	3	The perfume, Lavender Water, is produced from this variety.
643	Layia elegans	0 3	yellow & white	H.A.	1	Pretty yellow flowers, edged with white.
644	Leptosyne, maritima	0 3	yellow	"	2½	{ Grand winter-flowering annuals, producing large golden yellow flowers, similar to a Marguerite daisy.
645	" Stillmani	0 6	yellow	"	1	
646	Leucanthemum maximum	0 6	white	H.P.	2½	{ A beautiful free-flowering plant, covered with a profusion of very large pure white Marguerite-like flowers; splendid for cutting.
647	Lilium auratum	1 6	white, yel. & red	"	3	
648	Linaria bipartita, finest mixed	0 3	various	H.A.	1	{ Golden Rayed Lily of Japan.
649	" reticulata aurea purpurea	0 3	yellow & purple	"	1	
						A very handsome and hardy class, flowers somewhat like Antirrhinum; useful for mixed borders.
650	" Maroccana, Excelsior, finest mixed	0 6	various	"	1½	{ It is impossible to describe the lovely lines of this beautiful mixture of new colours. It can be sown in the open ground or raised in frames and transplanted. It succeeds well in pots also.
651	Linum grandiflorum rubrum	0 3	scarlet	"	1	
	Lobelia (see page 45).					Well-known showy plant.
652	Lophospermum coccineum	0 6	"	"	cl.	Very ornamental climber, with showy Fox-glove-like flowers.
	Love-in-a-mist (see Nigella).					

We are the LEADING HOUSE for Agricultural Seeds.

No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	COLOUR OF FLOWER.	Hardiness and Duration.	Height in feet.	REMARKS.
	Love-lies-bleeding (see Amaranthus).	s. d.				
653	Lunaria biennis (Honesty)	0 3	purple	H.B.	2	Old-fashioned English flower.
654	Lupins, large blue	0 3	blue	H.A.	3	
655	" large white	0 3	white	"	3	Useful for mixed borders, and for planting in shrubberies, etc.
656	" large rose	0 3	rose	"	3	
657	" large yellow	0 3	yellow	"	3	
658	" large mixed	0 3	various	"	3	
659	Lupinus, Snow Queen (Tree Lupins) .. .	0 9	white	H.P.	3	A pure white perennial Tree Lupin. It forms dense bushes about four feet in height; snowy white flowers, which are borne in such profusion that baskets-full may be cut without lessening the effect.
660	" Arboreus	0 6	yellow	"	3	
661	Lychnis Chalcedonica	0 3	scarlet	"	1½	Bright yellow flowers, sweet scented. Very desirable hardy perennials, with brilliant flowers; should be better known.
662	" Haageana hybrida, mixed	0 3	various	"	1	
663	Malope grandiflora purpurea	0 3	crimson	H.A.	2	Handsome free-flowering annuals.
664	" grandiflora alba	0 3	white	"	2	
665	Malva miniata (Sunset Plant)	0 3	scarlet	"	4	Beautiful flowers, has been advertised as Sunset Plant.
666	Mandevilla suaveolens	0 6	white	H.P.	cl.	Beautiful trumpet-shaped flowers; very fragrant.
667	Marguerite Daisy (see Chrysanthemum).					
668	Marigold, French, dwarf, double striped ..	0 3	mar. & brown	H.A.	1½	Hardy handsome flowers, suitable for borders, and useful for bouquets. In great favour as show annuals and florists' flowers. The Scotch Prize has been saved from an extra fine strain of double striped flowers.
669	" French, dwarf, double orange ..	0 3	orange	"	1½	
670	" French, dwarf, double mixed ..	0 3	various	"	1½	
671	" African, dwarf, double orange ..	0 3	orange	"	1½	
672	" African, dwarf, double lemon ..	0 3	lemon	"	1½	
673	" African, dwarf, double mixed ..	0 3	various	"	1½	
674	" Scotch Prize, double mixed ..	0 6	"	"	2½	
675	" New, Gold Ring (see Novelties).					
676	Martynia fragrans	0 3	crimson	"	1½	Sweet scented showy annual.
677	Marvel of Peru (Four o'clocks)	0 3	"	H.P.	2	Graceful plants, with very showy flowers.
678	Mathiola bicornis (Night-scented Stock) ..	0 3	lilac	H.A.	1	Very fragrant.
679	Maurandia, finest mixed	0 3	various	H.P.	cl.	Pretty strong-growing climbers. M. albiflora is one of the very best white-flowered climbers for trellises, etc.
680	" albiflora	0 6	white	"	cl.	
681	Meconopsis Integrifolia, Yellow Poppy (see Novelties).					
682	Mesembryanthemum crystallinum (Ice Plant) ..	0 3	"	"	½	Ice plants, very pretty. Well suited for rock-work, producing their star-like flowers throughout the whole Summer.
683	" tricolor	0 3	crim. & white	"	½	
684	" pomeridianum	0 3	yellow	"	½	Splendid large bell-shaped flowers, pure white.
685	Michauxia campanulata	0 6	white	H.P.	2½	
686	Mignonette (see page 45).					
687	Mimosa pudica (Sensitive plant)	0 3	pink	H.H.P.	1½	Very curious, its leaves closing if touched.
688	Mimulus (see page 44).					
689	Mina lobata (gorgeous)	0 6	orange & scar.	H.H.A.	cl.	Splendid showy climber. The buds are at first of a vivid red, but turn to orange yellow immediately before they open, and when fully expanded they are of a creamy-white shade. The plants attain a height of 20 feet.
690	Morning Glory (see Convolvulus).					
691	Mourning Bride (see Scabiosa).					
692	Musk (see Mimulus, page 44).					
693	Myosotis alpestris (Forget-me-not)	0 3	blue	H.P.	1	Very pretty free-flowering plants. M. azorica is a charming little Forget-me-not for pot culture.
694	" alpestris alba	0 3	white	"	1	
695	" azorica	1 0	dark blue	"	1	
696	" dissitiflora, very large	1 0	blue	"	1½	
697	" New (see Novelties).					
698	Myosotidium Nobile (see Novelties).					
699	Nasturtium (see page 52).					
700	" New (see Novelties).					
701	Nemesia Strumosa Suttoni	1 0	various	H.A.	1	The flowers of this charming plant are exceedingly pretty, varying in colour in all shades, white, yellow, magenta, orange, etc., the throat being dotted black on a yellow ground. No. 690 is a splendid plant for rock-work.
702	" fine mixed	0 3	"	"	1	
703	Nemophila insignis	0 3	blue	"	½	Favourite bedding annuals. When sown pretty thickly, the beds present a fine appearance, being one mass of bright colour.
704	" insignis alba	0 3	white	"	½	
705	" maculata	0 3	violet & white	"	½	
706	" mixed	0 3	various	"	½	
707	Nicotiana affinis (Sweet-scented Tobacco) ..	0 3	white	H.P.	3	Very valuable for bouquets, producing deliciously-scented, large, white, tubulous flowers.
708	" Sanderae, new hybrids, finest mixed	0 3	various	"	3	
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We carefully test all Seeds, and only those of strong growth are sent out.

Law, Zomner & Co. "Tip Top" Seeds

No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	COLOUR OF FLOWER.	Hardiness and Duration.	Height in feet.	REMARKS.
697	<i>Nigella</i> Damascena, fl. pl. (Devil-in-a-Bush)	0 3	various	H.P.	1½	Very curious and graceful; should be better known.
698	" Damascena, alba, fl. pl.	0 3	white	"	1½	
699	" Hispanica (Love-in-a-Mist) ..	0 3	blue	"	1½	
700	" Hispanica, alba ..	0 3	white	"	1½	
701	<i>Nolana</i> , fine mixed ..	0 3	various	"	1½	Pretty trailers, similar to <i>Convolvulus minor</i> . Dwarf-growing, large-flowering plants, well worthy of cultivation.
702	<i>Oenothera</i> , fine mixed, Evening Primrose ..	0 3	"	"	var.	
703	<i>Oxalis</i> rosea, fine mixed ..	0 3	"	"	½	Excellent for hanging baskets, edgings, etc.
704	<i>Oxyura chrysanthemoides</i> ..	0 3	lemon	H.P.	1	Very profuse flowering annual.
	<i>Paeony</i> , Herbaceous Tree (see Novelties).					
	<i>Pansy</i> (see page 46).					
705	<i>Passiflora edulis</i> (Passion Fruit plant) ..	0 3	white	H.P.	cl.	Passion flower. A very handsome climber.
706	" <i>coerulea grandiflora</i> ..	0 6	blue	"	cl.	<i>P. coerulea</i> is a magnificent large-flowered blue variety of these most charming climbers. They are worthy of a place in any garden.
707	<i>Pea</i> , everlasting, white ..	0 6	white	"	cl.	Handsome hardy perennials, very useful for cut flowers, also for covering unsightly walls, trellises, etc.
708	" everlasting, choicest mixed ..	0 6	various	"	cl.	
	" everlasting, new (see Novelties).					
	" Sweet (see novelty pages, also page 50)					
709	<i>Pelargonium</i> , Large-flowered, or show ..	2 0	"	"	1½	The seed here offered will produce excellent results, having been saved from finest named varieties only.
710	<i>Pentstemon</i> , <i>Murrayanus</i> ..	0 6	scarlet	"	2	This beautiful class is in continuous bloom all through the Summer and Autumn months. In shape the flowers somewhat resemble the <i>Gloxinia</i> , and are shaded in white, blue, crimson and pink. <i>P. Irvine's New Hybrid</i> , flowers of which are extra large and of most beautiful colours.
711	" <i>Coboea</i> ..	0 6	white and blue	"	2½	
712	" fine mixed ..	0 6	various	"	2½	
713	" <i>Irvine's New Hybrids</i> ..	1 0	"	"	2½	
	<i>Petunia</i> (see page 47).					
714	<i>Phacelia campanularia</i> ..	0 3	blue	H.A.	½	Beautiful plant, with rich deep blue flowers.
715	<i>Phaseolus caracalla</i> (Snail flower) ..	0 6	lilac	H.P.	cl.	Pretty and curious climber.
	" <i>Papilio</i> (see Novelties).					
	<i>Phlox</i> (see page 48, also Novelties).					
716	<i>Phygellus capensis</i> ..	0 6	scarlet	"	1½	Splendid tube-shaped flowers.
717	<i>Physalis Francheti</i> (new) ..	0 6	orange-red fruit	H.H.B.	2	Produces fruits of a brilliant orange-red colour; these are edible and specially recommended as a preserve. Highly ornamental.
	<i>Picotee</i> (see page 41).					
718	<i>Pink</i> , Turner's Show or Florists' ..	2 6	various	H.P.	1½	The seed here offered will produce a large proportion of double flowers, excellent in form and in great abundance, splendid for cutting. (A splendid border plant, excellent for cutting, perpetual bloomer, very sweet-scented carnation-like flowers.
719	" New perpetual ..	0 6	"	"	1½	
720	" Mrs. Sinkins, pure white ..	1 0	white	"	1½	
	" New (see Novelties).					
721	<i>Platystemon Californicum</i> ..	0 3	spotted	H.A.	½	Pretty little annual.
722	<i>Platycodon Mariesi</i> (<i>Wahlenbergia</i>) ..	0 6	blue	H.P.	1	Chinese Bell Flower. Very fine flowering plants.
723	" <i>Mariesi</i> , alba ..	0 6	white	"	1	
724	<i>Poinciana Gilliesi</i> (Bird of Paradise) ..	0 6	yellow	"	var.	The flowers of this rare plant are of a rich golden yellow, measure 2½ inches across, and are produced in very large trusses. The most attractive part of the flower is the large pistils, which are spread out in fan-like form, and are of a beautiful bright crimson colour. The foliage is highly decorative, similar to a very delicate <i>Acacia</i> . If the seed is started early, it will produce a profusion of blooms the first year.
725	<i>Polyanthus</i> , finest mixed ..	0 6	various	"	¾	Splendid for borders and pot culture.
726	" splendid gold-laced ..	1 0	"	"	¾	New blue-flowered varieties of <i>Polyanthus</i> , produce flowers of lovely blue tints, varying from lavender to the deeper blue or violet.
727	" blue-flowered (new) ..	2 6	blue	"	¾	
728	<i>Polycolymna Stuarti</i> ..	0 3	white	H.A.	1½	Beautiful everlasting.
729	<i>Portulaca</i> , finest single, mixed ..	0 3	various	H.H.A.	½	Splendid dwarf-growing bedding plants, remarkable for their compact habit and brilliant flowers. Should be planted in sunny situation.
730	" finest double, mixed ..	0 6	"	"	½	
731	<i>Potentilla</i> , finest single, mixed ..	0 6	"	H.P.	1	Handsome flowering herbaceous plants, remaining a long time in bloom.
732	" finest double, mixed ..	1 0	"	"	1	

Order Flower Seeds by Number only, giving date of Catalogue.

We give Extra Value where Cash is transmitted with Order.

Order Flower Seeds by Number only, giving date of Catalogue

No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	COLOUR OF FLOWER.	Hardiness and Duration.	Height in feet.	REMARKS.
733	Primrose, English (<i>Primula vulgaris</i>)	0 6	yellow	H.P.	1 1/2	Well-known English flowers.
734	" Fine mixed Hybrids	1 0	various	"	1 1/2	The mixed hybrids are large and handsome, with very brilliant colours.
735	" blue-flowered (new)	1 6	blue	"	1 1/2	The new blue is a remarkable colour, developing into many shades of blue, from pale lavender to deep violet.
736	" Abyssinian	1 6	bright yellow	"	1 1/2	P. Abyssinian is a very handsome variety, with leaves coloured with white dust like the Auricula, and flowers in large bunches of bright yellow, sweet-scented, with robust habit, hardy; can be grown in the open.
737	" Japanese (<i>Primula Japonica</i>) ..	0 6	various	"	1 1/2	The Japanese variety, which is the Queen of the Primroses, is also hardy.
738	<i>Primula obconica</i>	1 0	whitish	"	1 1/2	With whitish flowers, very floriferous and excellent for pots and bouquets.
	" <i>sinensis</i> (see page 47).					
	Prince's Feather (see <i>Amaranthus</i>).					
739	<i>Pyrethrum aureum</i> (Golden Feather)	0 3	white	"	1 1/2	Handsome border plants.
740	" <i>cinerariaefolium</i>	0 3	"	"	2	Valuable bedding plants. P. Hybridum, fl. pl., produces a large percentage of large double flowers, excellent for cutting.
741	" hybridum, fl. pl., mixed	1 0	various	"	2	
742	" single mixed, extra fine	0 3	"	"	2	
743	<i>Ranunculus Asiaticus superbissimus</i>	0 3	"	"	1	Very showy; splendid for cutting.
	<i>Rehmannia hybrida</i> (see <i>Novelties</i>).					
744	<i>Rhodanthe Manglesi</i>	0 3	pink	H.A.	1	A charming group. Rhodanthes are highly prized in the making up of bouquets, and, when dried, are splendid for Winter decoration.
745	" <i>maculata</i>	0 3	rosy purple	"	1	
746	" <i>maculata, alba</i>	0 3	white	"	1	
747	" <i>atrosanguinea</i>	0 6	crimson	"	1	
748	" fine mixed	0 3	various	"	1	
749	<i>Rhodochiton volubile</i>	1 0	purplish red	H.P.	cl.	One of the most handsome climbers
750	<i>Rhynchospermum jasmuinoides</i>	1 6	white	H.P.	cl.	Beautiful sweet-scented climber.
751	<i>Ricinus sanguineus</i> (Castor Oil)	0 3	orn. foliage	"	10	Noble sub-tropical plants, suitable for planting in shrubberies or as single specimens. R. Zanzibariensis is a new variety, with gigantic leaves, which surpass all others in beauty.
752	" <i>Zanzibariensis</i> , mixed	0 6	"	"	10	
	" New (see <i>Novelties</i>).					
	<i>Richardia</i> (see <i>Novelties</i>).					
753	<i>Rivina humilis</i>	0 6	scarlet berries	"	1	Handsome pot plant with scarlet berries.
754	Rocket, Sweet, mixed	0 3	various	"	1 1/2	Pretty class of sweet-scented, early flowering herbaceous plants; very free in growth.
755	<i>Romneya Coulteri</i> (Californian Tree Poppy) ..	0 6	white	"	3	Handsome tissue-like flowers. The seed of this beautiful plant takes a long time to germinate.
756	<i>Rosa polyantha multiflora</i> , Dwarf miniature roses	0 6	various	"	1 1/2	A new race of Dwarf Fairy or Miniature Roses, flowering in the most profuse manner the same year as sown. The blossoms are of all the colours existing amongst ordinary roses, some being single, others semi-double, and many completely double, of rosette formation. The cultivation and raising of these new dwarf roses will be found interesting, some of the plants flowering 6 or 8 weeks after sowing.
757	<i>Rudbeckia</i> , Finest Mixed	0 6	"	H.A.	"	Handsome dwarf annuals, lasting a long time.
758	<i>Saintpaulia ionantha</i>	1 6	violet	T.P.	1/2	This has proved one of the best novelties of recent years, everyone who has grown it being full of admiration for the charming little plant. Its long blooming character makes it a most valuable introduction for the decoration of the greenhouse.
759	<i>Salpiglossis</i> , dwarf mixed	0 3	various	H.A.	1	Splendid large flowering plants, varying in tint from creamy white to black, blue and purple; has a splendid effect.
760	" <i>grandiflora</i> , finest mixed	0 3	"	"	2	
761	" Emperor	0 6	"	"	2	S. Emperor is, without doubt, one of our finest annuals, producing flowers of the largest size, richly veined with gold.
762	<i>Salvia Bonfire</i> (Glory of Stuttgart)	0 6	glowing scar	H.P.	3	S. Bonfire is a glowing scarlet, standing the hottest sun; this flame-coloured beauty is the most gorgeous of all plants; will flower for months, giving a blaze of glowing scarlet.
763	" Little Lord Fauntleroy	1 0	scarlet	"	1	L. L. Fauntleroy. A splendid dwarf-growing variety, with dark green leaves, very bushy, flowers rising well above the foliage, being of a brilliant scarlet; said to be the best of all the Salvias.
764	" <i>patens</i>	1 0	sky blue	H.P.	2	Magnificent class of hardy flowers, producing splendid spikes of bloom of the most brilliant colours. All the varieties are deserving of more extensive cultivation.
765	" <i>coccinea alba</i>	1 0	white	"	2	
766	" <i>argentea</i>	0 3	silvery foliage	"	2	
767	" <i>aucubifolia</i> (Silver Spot)	0 6	silvery foliage	"	2	

WE ARE THE LEADING HOUSE FOR AGRICULTURAL SEEDS.

Law, Zomner & Co. "Tip Top" Seeds

No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	COLOUR OF FLOWER.	Hardiness and Duration.	Height in feet.	REMARKS.
768	<i>Sanvitalia procumbens</i> , double	0 3	golden	H.A.	$\frac{1}{2}$	Exceedingly pretty dwarf annual.
769	<i>Saponaria Callabrica</i>	0 3	red	"	"	Pretty dwarf annual for bedding and massing.
770	<i>Scabiosa grandiflora</i> (Sweet Scabious)	0 3	various	"	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Very pretty, excellent for bouquets, etc., commonly called "Mourning Bride."
	" New (see Novelties).					
771	<i>Schizanthus</i> , fine mixed	0 3	"	"	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Elegant hardy annuals, combining elegance of growth with a rich profusion of beautiful flowers. Very useful for mixed beds or borders. Grown in pots they make beautiful objects for table decoration.
772	" <i>Hybridus Grandiflorus</i> Hybrids	0 6	"	"	1	S. <i>Hybridus Grandiflorus</i> . Very few annuals can compare with charming novelty; grows quite compact and pyramidal, covered with large flowers.
773	" <i>Wisetonensis</i>	0 6	"	"	1	S. <i>Wisetonensis</i> is worthy of cultivation. It attains a height of about one and a half to two feet, and makes an excellent pot and market plant, and cannot be surpassed for table decoration and cool greenhouses. They are covered with small flowers, varying from delicate pink and white to rose and crimson. Can be sown in the open in Spring and Autumn.
	" New (see Novelties).					
774	<i>Scyphanthus elegans</i>	1 0	yellow	H.P.	cl.	Pretty hardy climber.
775	<i>Sedum coeruleum</i> (Stonecrop)	0 6	blue	H.A.	$\frac{1}{2}$	Useful for rock-work, etc.
	<i>Sensitive Plant</i> (see <i>Mimosa Pudica</i>).					
776	<i>Silene Armeria</i> (Catchfly)	0 3	red	"	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Bright profuse flowering annuals, admirably suited for Spring gardening, and form a charming contrast with blue <i>Nemophila</i> , etc.
777	" <i>compacta</i> (Snow King)	0 3	white	"	$1\frac{1}{2}$	
778	" finest double mixed	0 3	various	"	$1\frac{1}{2}$	
779	<i>Smilax</i> (<i>Medeola asparagoides</i>)	0 6	white	H.P.	cl.	Unsurpassed in the graceful beauty of its foliage.
	<i>Snapdragon</i> (see <i>Antirrhinum</i>).					
780	<i>Solanum</i> , fine mixed	0 6	various	H.H.B.	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Very effective ornamental plants, with variously-coloured berries.
781	" <i>Seafortheanum</i>	0 6	blue	"	cl.	S. <i>Seafortheanum</i> make a beautiful climber, with clusters of beautiful blue flowers.
782	<i>Statice</i> , fine mixed	0 6	various	H.A.	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Handsome class of plants, blooming for a long period. Very useful for bouquets. Flowers, when cut, make a pretty everlasting.
783	<i>Stellaria graminea aurea</i>	0 3	"	H.P.	$\frac{1}{2}$	Golden Stitchwort. Bright golden foliage, splendid for edgings and carpet beddings.
784	<i>Stephanophysum longifolium</i>	2 0	scarlet	H.H.P.	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Magnificent plant for pot culture, giving a long succession of brilliant scarlet flowers.
785	<i>Stevia serrata</i>	0 3	white	H.A.	$1\frac{1}{2}$	Excellent for cutting, sweet-scented.
	<i>Stocks</i> (see page 49).					
786	<i>Stokesia Cyanea</i> (Cornflower Aster)	0 6	lavender & blue	H.P.	2	Although this magnificent perennial has been known for some time, yet it has only lately been introduced to the trade; flowers lavender-blue, measuring about 4 to 5 inches across; it produces its flowers on long stems which are exquisite for bloom, for vases, etc. We recommend this really fine plant most warmly; it stands the winter in the open ground, if it is not kept too moist.
787	<i>Streptocarpus</i> new hybrids	1 6	various	T.P.	$\frac{3}{4}$	These new hybrids are remarkable for their abundance of bloom, and the continuous succession in which the flowers are produced for about four months in the Summer and early Autumn. The flowers range in colour from pure white, through pale lavender, blue, mauve, purple, bright rose, and red, with all the intermediate tints, whilst the foliage is of a velvety bright green colour.
788	<i>Sunflower</i> (see <i>Helianthus</i>).					
789	<i>Swainsonia alba</i> (Darling Pea)	0 6	white	H.P.	2	Handsome clusters of pea-shaped flowers.
	" mixed (Darling Pea)	0 6	various	"	2	
	<i>Swan River Daisy</i> (see <i>Brachycome</i>).					
	<i>Sweet Alyssum</i> (see <i>Alyssum</i>).					
	<i>Sweet Peas</i> (see pages 50-51).					
	<i>Sweet Sultan</i> (see <i>Centaurea</i>).					
	<i>Sweet Rocket</i> (see <i>Rocket</i>).					
	<i>Sweet William</i> (see <i>Dianthus</i>).					
790	<i>Tacsonia Van Volxemi</i>	1 0	scarlet	"	cl.	Well-known, quick-growing climber, with bright scarlet flowers.
	<i>Tassel Flower</i> (see <i>Cacalia</i>).					
791	<i>Thunbergia</i> , fine mixed	0 3	various	H.A.	cl.	Useful class of dwarf-growing climbers, suitable for low trellis or rock-work. Flowers very pretty.

WE ARE THE LEADING HOUSE FOR AGRICULTURAL SEEDS.

No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	COLOUR OF FLOWER.	Hardiness and Duration.	Height in feet.	REMARKS.
792	<i>Torenia Fournieri</i>	0 6	velvety blue	T.P.	1	Charming plants for pot culture. Succeed well in the open ground. Brilliant climbers for trellis, rockeries, etc. Should be sown in rather poor soil to induce the fullest development of bloom.
793	" <i>Bailloni</i>	1 0	yellow & brown	"	1	
794	<i>Tropaeolum Canariense</i> (Canary Creeper)	0 3	golden	"	cl.	
795	" <i>Lobbianum</i> , finest mixed .. . (See also <i>Nasturtium</i> .)	0 3	various	"	cl.	
796	<i>Trumpet Flower</i> (see <i>Datura</i>). <i>Tunica saxifraga</i>	0 3	white	H.P.	1	Very handsome for edgings and rock-work.
797	<i>Umbrella Plant</i> (see <i>Cyperus alternifolius</i>). <i>Valeriana</i> , fine mixed	0 3	various	"	2	Well-known floriferous plants; splendid for bouquets.
798	<i>Venus' Looking Glass</i> , mixed	0 3	"	H.A.	1	Very useful and showy plant.
799	<i>Verbena hybrida</i> , fine mixed	0 3	"	H.P.	1	These beautiful free-flowering plants are easily raised from seed, and will produce fine plants for bedding out, which will furnish a rich display throughout the Summer and Autumn. The New Mammoth varieties will produce immense trusses of flowers of all the colours known in this useful class.
800	" " choicest mixed	0 6	"	"	1	
801	" " Italian striped	0 6	"	"	1	
802	" " Mammoth new	0 9	"	"	1	
802	" " New (see <i>Novelties</i>).					
803	<i>Vinca</i> , fine mixed	0 3	"	"	2	Very pretty, splendid for bouquets.
804	<i>Viola odorata</i> (Sweet Violet)	0 3	blue	"	1	Exceedingly pretty sweet-scented flowers. Useful for early bedding. The Czar are very large varieties. Empress Augusta is exceedingly charming.
805	" " alba	0 3	white	"	1	
806	" " The Czar, blue	0 6	blue	"	1	
807	" " The Czar, white	0 6	white	"	1	
808	" " Empress Augusta	0 6	dark blue	"	1	
809	" " Princess of Wales	0 6	blue sky	"	1	Princess of Wales is one of our largest violets, being a very bright blue, borne on long stems.
810	" <i>cornuta</i> Purple Queen	0 3	purple	"	1	Invaluable class of bedding plants, continuing in bloom from early Spring till late in the Autumn. The seed we offer includes the finest varieties in cultivation.
811	" " Mauve	0 3	mauve	"	1	
812	" " Admiration	0 6	dark blue	"	1	
813	" " White Perfection	0 6	white	"	1	
814	<i>Virginian Creeper</i> (see <i>Ampelopsis</i>). " <i>Stock</i> , red	0 3	red	H.A.	1	Handsome free-flowering annuals for borders, etc. Grows in any soil.
815	" " white	0 3	white	"	1	
816	" " fine mixed	0 3	various	"	1	
817	<i>Viscaria</i> , mixed	0 3	"	"	1	Very handsome and useful for bouquets, etc. Colours brilliant.
818	<i>Wahlenbergia</i> (see <i>Platycodon</i>). <i>Waitzia aurea</i>	0 3	golden	"	1	Fine everlasting.
819	<i>Wallflower</i> , dwarf, double mixed	0 6	various	H.P.	1	
820	" " single mixed	0 3	"	"	2	Well-known and much-admired hardy flowers, beautifully sweet-scented. Ruby Gem is a new variety, with extra large flowers of rich ruby violet colour. Early Paris Market, if sown in spring, will flower same year. Winter flowering variety grand perpetual bloomer.
821	" " Early Harbinger	0 3	dark brown	"	1	
822	" " Ruby Gem	0 6	rubby violet	"	1	
823	" " Covent Garden (extra)	0 3	dark blood	"	1	
824	" " Cranford Beauty (true)	0 6	golden	"	1	
825	" " blood red	0 3	red	"	1	
826	" " Early Paris Market, single	0 6	red & yellow	H.A.	1	
826	" " New (see <i>Novelties</i>).					
827	<i>Whitlavia grandiflora</i>	0 3	blue	"	1	Charming plants, with beautiful bell-shaped flowers, growing freely in any soil.
828	" " alba	0 3	white	"	1	
829	<i>Xeranthemum</i> , double white	0 3	"	"	2	Very pretty everlastings.
830	" " purple	0 3	purple	"	2	
831	" " mixed	0 3	various	"	2	
832	<i>Zea Japonica</i> variegata	0 3	orna. foliage	"	5	Striped Japanese Maize, very pretty.
832	<i>Zinnia</i> (see page 49).					

Choice Flower Seeds in Mixture.

Splendid for Shrubberies, Rockeries and Banks, also Children's Gardens.

A beautiful variety of pleasing colours for sowing freely in waste places in shrubberies, rockeries, covering large banks, etc., where they give a gay and cheerful appearance for a long period. As most of the varieties are quite hardy, they may be sown either Autumn or Spring, giving the seeds a slight covering after sowing by drawing a rake over the ground. We offer two separate mixtures as under:—

Dwarf Varieties - - - 1-lb., 2/6; per oz., 1/-

Tall Varieties - - - 1-lb., 2/6; per oz., 1/-

Not less than 1/2-oz. supplied.

SLUGS, SNAILS, and GRUBS.—We have a specially prepared mixture for the destruction of these pests, and the protection of seed-beds generally. 6d. and 1/- packets; Postage or Carriage Extra.

Remember Clean Seed is always the Cheapest to sow, although a little higher in price.

WRITE FOR OUR FRUIT TREE CATALOGUE AND ORDER EARLY.

Law, Sonner & Co. "Tip Top" Seeds

Ornamental Grasses. 12 packets for 2/- post free.

The Ornamental Grasses form a very attractive and interesting class, their graceful and elegant forms and refreshing green colours giving relief to the brilliancy of

the more showy occupants of the flower garden. They can be gathered and dried in the same manner as Everlasting Flowers, and with the aid of dyes, be made to assume many charming colours that will add greatly to their usefulness and attractiveness throughout the Winter season, and in combination with Everlasting Flowers, may be made up into Winter Bouquets.

No.	NAME.	Price per Packet.	Hardiness and Duration	Height in feet.	REMARKS.
833	<i>Agilops cylindrica</i> ...	0 3	H.A.	1 1/2	Pretty grass, good for bouquets.
834	<i>Agrostis nebulosa</i> ...	0 3	"	1 1/2	Graceful and extremely pretty varieties, excellent for bouquets and vases. The plumes of A. Nebulosa are very delicate.
835	" <i>pulchella</i> ...	0 3	"	1 1/2	
836	" <i>minutiflora</i> ...	0 3	"	1 1/2	
837	<i>Andropogon argenteus</i> ...	0 3	H.P.	3	Flowers very dense, with bright silky white hairs.
838	<i>Avena sterilis</i> (Animated Oats)	0 3	"	3	Very curious.
839	<i>Briza maxima</i> (Quaking Grass)	0 3	"	1	The Maidenhair Grasses. A charming group. Splendid for bouquets and vases.
840	" <i>gracilis</i> ...	0 3	H.A.	1	
841	<i>Bromus brizæformis</i> ...	0 3	H.P.	2	Fine ornamental grass.
842	<i>Coix lachryma</i> (Job's Tears)	0 3	H.A.	1	Job's tears; so called from the resemblance of the seed to a tear drop.
843	<i>Eragrostis elegans</i> (Love Grass)	0 3	"	1	Pretty grasses, growing about a foot high, and characterised by their beautiful dancing spikelets; admirable for bouquets, etc.
844	" <i>namaquensis</i> ...	0 3	"	1	
845	<i>Eulalia Japonica</i> ...	0 3	H.P.	5	Among the most beautiful of the tall-growing grasses.
846	<i>Festuca glauca</i> ...	0 6	"	1 1/2	
847	" <i>rigida</i> ...	0 3	"	1	Pretty dwarf grasses, suitable for edgings and bouquets.
848	<i>Gynerium argenteum</i> (Pampas grass)	0 3	"	8-10	
849	<i>Hordeum jubatum</i> ...	0 3	H.A.	1	This is the noblest of the tall-growing grasses, and bears magnificent plumes, much used in floral decorations.
850	<i>Isolepis tenella</i> (gracilis)	0 6	H.P.	1/2	Handsomeness purple plumes, one of the best grasses for bouquets.
851	<i>Lagurus ovatus</i> ...	0 3	H.A.	1	Splendid for pot culture.
852	<i>Leptochloa arabica</i> ...	0 3	"	1 1/2	Hare's Tail Grass; fine.
853	<i>Panicum sulcatum</i> ...	0 6	H.P.	4	Beautiful grass for bouquets.
854	<i>Pennisetum villosum</i> ...	0 3	H.A.	1 1/2	Elegant palm-formed grass, valuable for table decoration.
855	" <i>ruppelianum</i> ...	0 3	"	1 1/2	Good for bouquets, vases, etc.
856	<i>Setaria macrochaeta</i> ...	0 3	"	1 1/2	Very pretty and graceful, for bouquets, vases, etc.
857	<i>Stipa pennata</i> (Feather Grass)...	0 3	H.P.	2	Handsomeness drooping plumes; ornamental.
858	" <i>elegantissima</i> ...	0 3	"	2	Popular and graceful varieties for bouquets.
859	<i>Tricholena rosea</i> ...	0 3	"	1	
					Very pretty rose-cloured grass.

EVERLASTING FLOWERS.

For descriptions and prices see General List as per numbers.

No.	Name.	No.	Name.	No.	Name.
383	<i>Acroclinium</i>	584	<i>Gnaphalium</i> Leontopodium (Edelweiss)	744	<i>Rhodanthe</i>
397	<i>Ammobium</i> alatum grandiflorum	604	<i>Helichrysum</i> monstrosum, double mixed	782	<i>Statice</i>
422	<i>Athanasia</i> annua	608	<i>Helipterum</i> corymbiflorum	818	<i>Waltzia</i> aurea
468	<i>Catananche</i>	728	<i>Polycolymna</i> Stuarti	829	<i>Xeranthemum</i>
583	<i>Globe</i> amaranth, mixed				

COLLECTION—
6 varieties, 1/3
12 " 2/-

LIST OF CLIMBERS.

For descriptions and prices see General List as per numbers.

No.	Name.	No.	Name.	No.	Name.
385	<i>Adlumia</i> cirrhosa	557	<i>Dolichos</i> , lignosus (sorts)	707	<i>Pea</i> , everlasting
398	<i>Ampelopsis</i> Veitchi (Virginian Creeper)	558	" lablab albus		New Everlasting Pea, see coloured pages
426	<i>Balloon Vine</i> <i>Cardiospermum halicababum</i>	618	<i>Humulus</i> japonicus (Climbing Hop)		Peas, Sweet. (Pages 50-51.)
437	<i>Bryonopsis</i> laciniosa erythrocarpa	623	<i>Ipomoea</i> (Moon flower)	715	<i>Phaseolus</i> caracalla (Snail Flower)
439	<i>Calampelis</i> scabra (Eccremocarpos)		New Ipomoea, see coloured pages	749	<i>Rhodochiton</i> volubile
481	<i>Centrosema</i> grandiflora (Butterfly Pea)	632	<i>Kennedya</i>	750	<i>Rhynchospermum</i> jasminoides
506	<i>Clematis</i>	652	<i>Lophospermum</i> coccineum	774	<i>Scyphanthus</i> elegans
509	<i>Cleome</i> pungens (Giant Spider Plant)	666	<i>Mandevilla</i> suaveolens	779	<i>Smilax</i> (Medeola asparagoides)
515	<i>Cobaea</i>	677	<i>Maurandia</i> , finest mixed	781	<i>Solanum</i> seaforteanum
522	<i>Convolvulus</i> , major, fine mixed	684	<i>Mina</i> lobata	790	<i>Tacsonia</i> Van Volxemi
523	" (Giant Imperial Morning Glories)	705	<i>Nasturtium</i> , tall mixed. (See page 52.)	791	<i>Thunbergia</i> , fine mixed
			<i>Passiflora</i>	794	<i>Tropaeolum</i>

COLLECTION—
6 varieties, 1/3
12 " 2/-

SEEDS OF PLANTS FOR BEES.

Apiarians having garden space or suitable ground will do well to avail themselves of the List of Seeds of choice "Bee Plants" offered below, as we feel sure that by a free growth in the vicinity of their hives of some few of the varieties mentioned, the "take" of honey will be much improved both in quantity and quality. There are many other varieties beyond those we mention, which are recommended as suitable for Bees, but, from long and careful observations, we consider the few we offer as amongst the best for the purpose, and, we may add, the most easily cultivated.

The Apiarian's Packet (contains 12 Packets selected from the following, post free, 2/6) — *Asperula*, *Cephalaria*, *Cyanus*, *Mignonette*, *Nemophila*, *Phlox*, *Balm*, *Cerinth*, *Gilia*, *Echinops* rito, *Oenothera*, *Sunflower*, *Borage*, *Cleome*, *Lobelia*, *Echium* creticum, *Phacelia*, *Eschscholtzia*.

139-141 Zwanston Street, Melbourne

LAW, SOMNER & CO.'S Superfine Lawn Grass Seeds

For Garden Lawns, Cricket Grounds, Tennis Lawns, Bowling Greens, etc.

Specially Cleaned and Prepared (with or without Clover).

First Quality, 1/3 per lb.; 22/6 per bushel (20 lbs.); Second Quality, 1/- per lb.; 17/6 per bushel (20 lbs.).

These Mixtures have been sent out by us for many years with general satisfaction.

RYE GRASS, machine dressed, for Cricket Grounds, Lawns, etc., 6d. per lb.; 7/6 per bushel (20 lbs.)

CAUTION.—We advise buyers of Lawn Seeds to avoid the cheap Mixtures offered, as they generally comprise the commonest Field Grasses, with plenty of Weeds, and will utterly ruin a good Lawn.



The following Cricket Clubs, Bowling Greens, etc., use our Superfine Mixtures:—South Melbourne C.C.; South Melbourne B.C.; North Fitzroy, B.C.; Richmond Union B.C.; Hawthorn Bowling Club; Hawthorn City Council; Essendon Bowling Club.

The following Bowling Greens, etc., use our Superfine Mixtures:—Moonee Ponds, Ballarat, and Port Melbourne Bowling Clubs; Daylesford Gardens; Murchison B.C.; Camperdown Turf Club; Melbourne Exhibition Gardens; and many others.

Formation of Lawns from Seed.

A LAWN may be made on almost any class of soil, but a stiff black loam or light friable clay is best, as giving a solid surface of which the future turf is to be formed. If possible, let the soil be of the same nature and density throughout, otherwise the Lawn will have a piebald appearance in hot weather.

The ground to be laid down must be first thoroughly *drained and levelled*—these are points of great importance, as it will be impossible to have alterations made afterwards without spoiling the appearance of the Lawn. In levelling ground, occasion should be taken to have the soil distributed so as to give a depth of about six inches at least of equal quality over all. The richest portions of mould may be used in making slopes or banks which are exposed to the north, as the grasses on such places suffer more from the heat and drying winds than what are grown on the level. The soil must next be thoroughly *cleared of weeds* and coarse-growing grasses; neglect of this precaution will cause much trouble afterwards, as the finer grasses will be smothered and the Lawn become unsightly. The best method of clearing the ground is by *digging* it over to a depth of a foot, and *hand-picking* as dug. This, although rather an expensive course, will be found to repay the owner by rendering constant weeding and re-sowing unnecessary.

Being thus prepared, our special Lawn Manure should be sown at the rate of 10 or 12 cwt. per acre, and harrowed in; this will assist the grasses, and give body to the soil for their future maintenance.

The *Seed* may now be sown, and we would advise thick sowing as

being most likely to produce a close *springy turf*. No less quantity than *three bushels per acre* should ever be sown, and if the quantity be increased to *six bushels* so much the better. We would call special attention to our *Lawn Mixture*, which is composed of those varieties of Grasses best adapted to the climate of Victoria. The mixture we have finally adopted, after many years' patient research and experiment, as that which is calculated to give the best results. It is composed entirely of dwarf-growing, hardy Grasses, and will be found of excellent quality, pure, and free from noxious weed seeds.

After sowing, the ground should be lightly *harrowed or raked*, and *heavily rolled*; this will give the necessary firmness to the soil, and prevent the young plants being scorched up before they have got firmly rooted. In dry weather it will be necessary to water the Lawn frequently, both before and after the young grasses have vegetated.

When the plants are sufficiently high to catch the scythe the Lawn must be *mown*. This must on *no account* be neglected, as a close bottom is obtained solely by attention to this and frequent rolling. All Lawns should be mown and heavily rolled at least once a week. If a mowing machine be used, it is advisable to leave the cut grass where it falls, to protect the tender roots.

The foregoing directions, if carefully attended to, will ensure the formation and success of a Lawn under almost any circumstances; but if the soil be poor, it will be necessary to water occasionally with liquid manure, as well as to top-dress with Bone-dust, wood ashes, or other fertilisers.

The following Grasses are also used in the making of Lawns (for description, see heading Permanent Pasture and other Grass Seeds):—**Buffalo (roots only), Creeping Bent, Couch or Doob, Crested Dogstail, Kentucky Blue, Sweet-Scented Vernal, Hard Fescue, Wood Meadow, Rough Stalk Meadow.**

Buffalo Grass (*Stenotaphrum Americanum*) is valuable for covering sandy plains, railway and dam embankments. Roots can (Only Obtainable in Roots.) be supplied in any quantity. They will grow freely after long carriage. They will grow on the most barren soils. It is a valuable drought-enduring grass. It is much esteemed for lawns, edgings, and grass plots generally. Roots should be planted 6 to 12 inches apart in Autumn or Spring. Price, 7/6 per sack; sets ready for planting, 5/- per 1000.

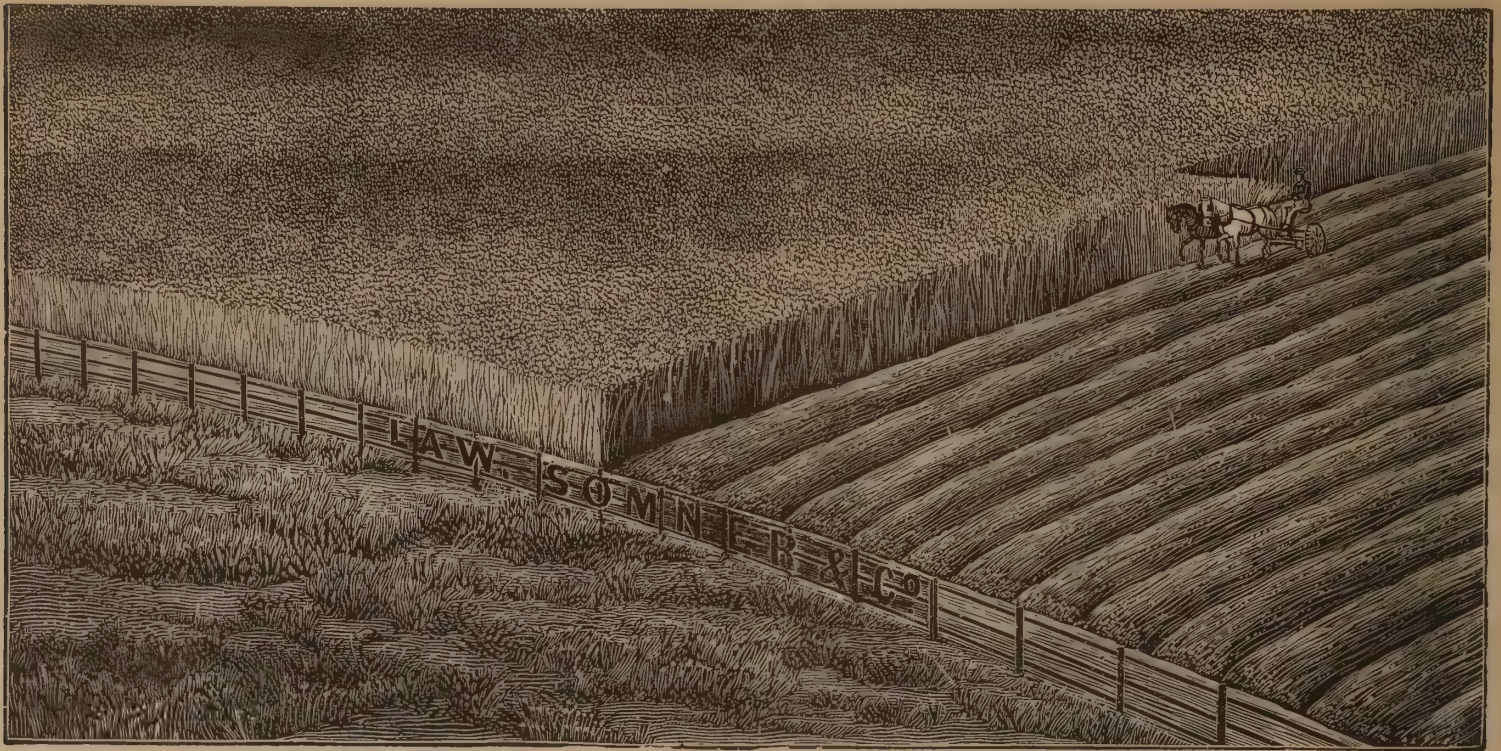
NEW LAWN PLANT, Lippia Repens.

Valuable Plant for Lawns, Covering Banks, Rockwork, etc. A Boon to Hot Districts. Very little water and cutting required.

This is the one thing required where water is scarce, as it will keep green all the Summer. It is a very dwarf plant, and does not require much cutting. It is of free and easy growth and a great spreader, producing a quick, thick green turf. To ensure success the young plants should be planted in September or October. Plant 6 inches apart each way with a dibble, and tread the soil firmly round each plant; water for a couple of weeks, or until the plants begin to run. Seed, 1/- packet.

Use our **SPECIAL LAWN MANURE.**—A Complete Manure. A Splendid Manure for Lawns, Bowling Greens, Cricket Grounds, in fact, an All Manure for all grass lands, 7/6 cwt.

Permanent Pasture & Other Grass Seeds.



Instructions for Laying Down Pasture Lands.

THE land should be well ploughed during the summer, if possible, and allowed to lie a short time exposed to the action of the atmosphere before being harrowed down. All weeds and rubbish gathered by the harrows should be burnt on the land and the ashes spread about. The harrows should be well worked, and the soil reduced to a fine tilth, so as to be suitable for the reception of so small a seed as that of grass. A second or cross ploughing and harrowing will be amply repaid in the increased luxuriance and durability of the pasture, as the more the land is worked and enriched, the more food there is available for the plant. On the appearance of rain, the seed should be sown as evenly as possible, and covered with light seed harrows, or a bush harrow. It is false economy to merely throw the seed on the land and leave it; for years afterwards, the difference may be seen between that which was harrowed in and that which was merely beaten in by the rain.

Autumn is the best time for sowing, as there is then all the Winter for the young plants to make roots and stool out before the spring comes, when its tendency will be to shoot for seed; but it may, indeed, be sown in safety as late as August, or even September, if the season be a damp one.

If the land is naturally dry, or in a dry district, it is better rolled immediately after the sowing; but if there is plenty of moisture, it may be left till the plants put forth the third blade, or later.

In some parts it is the common method of laying down pasture to sow the grass seed with a grain crop, so that when the crop is cut the grasses have possession of the ground, and a pasture is formed without the trouble of again working the land. But we object to this system, as being against both the theory and practice of good farming, and especially unsuited to this country.

The Grasses, being cereals, require to extract from the soil similar food to the grain crop. Each impoverishes the other, and both are injured in their growth, but the latter outstrips and overshadows its plebeian competitor, so that when the grain is cut, the grass plants, instead of being bold and vigorous, are weakly and diminutive, and unable to bear the full force of the Summer sun to which they are then exposed. Thus the pasture is *never* so good when sown *with* or *after* a grain crop as when following a root crop, or on clean new land.

The new pasture should on no account be allowed to seed the first year, as the young plants are thereby severely taxed, and their future capabilities frequently materially injured; besides which this maiden seed, when sown, has a great tendency to lose its perennial character.

When it is convenient, the grass should be mown as soon as there is sufficient cut for the scythe. Where this cannot be done, a lot of young stock may be turned in as soon as there is a good bite. We prefer first grazing off with *young* cattle, because their weight is lighter, and they are not so apt to pull up the young plants as are full-grown cattle. Sheep are inclined to nip too close. The pasture is ready for work, and the usual stock may be turned in as soon as the plants are sufficiently strong to withstand being pulled at.

We have now supplied all needful instructions for giving the pasture a fair start. There is some art in the after management of permanent pastures, so as to make them yield the maximum amount of food, but we need not here discuss the relative advantages of *constant* or *occasional* grazing. Suffice it to say to either dairyman, farmer, or squatter, that by eating close the bite is always *fresher, sweeter and more nutritious* than if allowed to grow long, yet it must always be kept of sufficient length to **cover the ground well from the sun and catch the dew.**

Special Permanent Pasture Grass Seed Mixture.

Suitable for Warm Districts.

COCKSFOOT GRASS	20 lbs.
PERENNIAL RYE GRASS	10 "
PRAIRIE GRASS	5 "
RIB GRASS	2 "
ALSKYE	1 "
WHITE CLOVER	1 "
TIMOTHY	2 "
PASPALUM DIL	1 "
	—42 lbs.

Sufficient for 1 acre, price 24/-

Suitable for Hot Districts.

PRAIRIE GRASS	15 lbs.
COCKSFOOT	15 "
RIB GRASS	4 "
ALSKYE	2 "
WHITE CLOVER	1 "
PERENNIAL RYE GRASS	3 "
HARD FESCUE	1 "
PASPALUM DIL	1 "
	—44 lbs.

Sufficient for 1 acre, price 25/6

Suitable for Cool Districts.

PERENNIAL RYE GRASS	20 lbs.
COCKSFOOT	10 "
PRAIRIE GRASS	4 "
TIMOTHY	4 "
CRESTED DOGSTAIL	1 "
WHITE CLOVER	1 "
RED CLOVER	1 "
PASPALUM DIL	2 "
	—43 lbs.

Sufficient for 1 acre, price 25/-

Suitable for Cold Districts.

PERENNIAL RYE GRASS	20 lbs.
COCKSFOOT	10 "
TIMOTHY	4 "
WHITE DUTCH CLOVER	2 "
RED CLOVER	2 "
CRESTED DOGSTAIL	2 "
MEADOW FOXTAIL	1 "
PASPALUM DIL	1 "
	—42 lbs.

Sufficient for 1 acre, price 26/-

We will be pleased to give Special Quotations for any of the above Mixtures if taken in Quantity.

ALL GRASSES HERE PRICED ARE SUBJECT TO MARKET AND QUALITY.



ITALIAN RYE GRASS.
(*Lolium Italicum*.)

All the Grasses and Clovers have been priced as a guide to general values, and the quotations will be adhered to as far as possible, but they are liable to fluctuation.

Special Quotations submitted to buyers of large quantities on application.



TIMOTHY.
(*Phleum Pratense*.)



PRAIRIE.
(*Bromus Unioloides*.)

Perennial English Rye Grass.

(*Lolium Perenne*.)

ALTHOUGH this is one of the oldest grasses in cultivation, many disappointments are experienced by parties too anxious to realise a rapid profit on their outlay, and a few hints on its management will, we hope, be useful to intending purchasers of seeds. In selecting Rye Grass seed, it is at all times advisable to obtain the heaviest samples, for, as a rule, they are the produce of old pastures and more durable than seed saved from young crops.—The land should be clean, and brought to a fine state for the reception of the seed. When sowing is finished, let a brush harrow be passed over the paddock, and then a roller of medium weight, and when the young grass is well established, either pass the scythe over it, or let it be eaten off with sheep when the land is not too moist. Continue to put the stock on it during the whole of the first season, but do not by any means attempt to let it stand either for hay or seed till it has been well grazed. We also beg to draw attention to our Prime Imported Irish-grown Rye grass, off very old pastures, which is more lasting and superior in fattening qualities than New Zealand seed, and goes much further. Our New Zealand samples are also extra prime, clean and heavy. Quantity required to sow an acre is 2 bushels (40 lbs).

Ryegrass, Prime Heavy New Zealand, 5/6 to 6/- bushel.
" extra Heavy Imported Irish Grown, 7/- to 7/6 "
" Prime " " " " 6/6 to 7/- "

Cocksfoot Grass.

(*Dactylis glomerata*.)

THIS perennial grass, with its deep fibrous roots, is one of our most valuable cultivated grasses. Its growth, after the first season, is strong and quick, and the stems are from 1½ to 4 feet high. Its habits are tufty, and the plants are not at all handsome; it is more fitted for woodlands and pastures than for parks and lawns. Sheep are remarkably fond of it, but all live stock eat and fatten upon it freely. It is well adapted for growing in shady, moist places, under trees, etc.; at the same time it will live and thrive under almost any heat. A porous subsoil, perhaps, suits this grass best, as such favours its fibrous roots; and, if such land be in good condition, it will thrive most luxuriantly and permanently. Another point in its favour is that it shoots very early in the Spring, and grows rapidly. It will stand severe droughts, for its roots run deep, and are so dense that the sun has no killing influence upon them. If sown alone, 30 lbs. per acre will be sufficient, for the seed is not so heavy as that of Perennial Rye Grass. Best heavy machine dressed, per lb. 9d. and 10d., according to sample and market.

Italian Rye Grass.

(*Lolium Italicum*.)

THIS grass is more adapted for cutting than grazing, as it will produce a heavier crop than the Common Rye Grass, is more erect in its habit, and comes earlier to maturity. It should be sown in rich, moist soil, and, for hay, should be cut when in bloom. It frequently forms part of mixtures for pasture, but it is not so durable as the Perennial Rye Grass; the fact of its being earlier in the Spring entitles it to a place in the mixture. Quantity of seed per acre, about 50 lbs. Per bushel 5/6 to 6/-.

TIMOTHY.

(*Phleum pratense*.)

THIS well-known variety is now extensively grown. It adapts itself to nearly any soil, is a capital grazing grass, and produces excellent hay. Another good quality which it possesses is that you can grow a full crop of seed, well ripen and thresh it, when the hay will be found to be more nutritious than if it had been cut green. Its favourite locality is a moist soil, but will succeed well on high and dry places, where its roots will become bulbous. It is of strong growth and yields abundant feed. Quantity required to sow an acre, 30 lbs. Per lb. 6d. to 8d.

PRAIRIE GRASS.

(*Bromus unioloides*.)

THIS most valuable grass has now become so well and favourably known that we do not consider ourselves called upon to say much in its favour. We may state, however, that it is a very hardy variety, stands drought as well if not better than other grasses, can be kept constantly under the scythe, and is well relished by all kinds of stock. The quantity required per acre is at least 3 bushels. Per bushel 6/6 to 7/6.

CRESTED DOGSTAIL.

(*Cynosurus cristatus*.)

THIS is one of the most useful grasses; it is not particular as to soil, is rather dwarf in its habit, with short and narrow leaves, giving it rather a stunted appearance; however, as a sheep grass it is to be recommended, as they keep it closely eaten down, which is always a criterion of the quality of a grass. Its seed stems are rather hard and coarse, and are not generally eaten by sheep, so that it will rapidly spread when once introduced; it makes a thick turf, and is, therefore, strongly recommended for lawns. Quantity required per acre, 40 lbs. Per lb. 1/6 to 2/-.

MEADOW FOXTAIL.

(*Alopecurus pratensis*.)

ONE of the most desirable of all grasses for permanent pasture, being early and rapid in growth; it thrives best on rich, moist soils, and should therefore prove valuable on the rich flats of our rivers. It produces long, broad, soft foliage, and bears a stout stem. Once established in a rich soil it will, doubtless, propagate itself abundantly. This is one of our choicest grasses, is splendid feed, and should be included in every mixture. The seed is particularly light, and requires careful sowing. 15 lbs. will sow an acre. Per lb. 1/6.

Hungarian Forage Grass.

(*Bromus inermis*.)

THIS Forage Plant is recommended on account of the manner in which it stood on the Hungary Plains, where the dry sterile nature of the country, and the long continued droughts, make so many plants succumb. This grass, however, stands well, and has been known for thirty years to stand when such robust crops as Lucerne have been destroyed. It gives a luxuriant crop, particularly on fresh sandy loam soil, and when the climate is warm. It is found that animals eat it greedily, whether in the green or dry state, so that it can be used as mown or saved for Winter use. The seed is sown in the early Autumn or Spring. It is also useful for filling up gaps where Lucerne or Clover crops have failed. It will stand, under favourable conditions, for 12 years; gives as much food in 1 month as Lucerne does in 3 months. Per lb. 1/- to 1/3.

YARROW.

(*Archillea millefolium*.)

It is a very suitable variety, when mixed with other grasses, for sheep feed; and is specially adapted for growing on light dry soils. If mixed with other grasses, 2 lbs. will be sufficient to sow an acre. Per lb. 5/-.

Marram or Beach Grass.

VALUABLE on the sandy seashore, canal and railroad banks, etc. It serves, with its tough, wide spreading, and thickly-matting roots, to form natural and permanent embankments, preventing the drifting of the sand, and protecting from wind and wave. It is of no agricultural value. Per lb. 2/6.

Remember Clean Seed is always the cheapest to sow although a little higher in price.



SMOOTH STALK MEADOW OR KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS.



ROUGH-STALK MEADOW GRASS.

Kentucky Blue Grass, Smooth-Stalked Meadow Grass

(*Poa Pratensis.*)

established, and is to be found generally growing in large patches to the exclusion of all other grasses. It makes fine early feed, and yields a large quantity of herbage. It is also a valuable variety for lawns. Quantity required per acre, 40 lbs. 1/- to 1/3 lb.

Rough-stalked Meadow Grass.

(*Poa trivialis.*)

Produces a constant supply of highly nutritious herbage, particularly on damp soils, and the marked preference which cattle, horses, and sheep have for it, distinguish it as one of the most valuable for laying down pastures on soils either moist or moderately dry. Quantity required to sow an acre, 40 lbs. 1/6 to 2/- lb.

Wood Meadow Grass.

(*Poa nemoralis.*)

There is no grass better adapted for pleasure grounds, particularly under trees, as it will not only grow in such places, but forms a fine sward where few others exist. 40 lbs. of seed required for an acre. 2/- to 2/6 per lb.

Rib Grass.

(*Plantago lanceolata.*)

This is a highly valuable forage plant, and should form a part of every pasture mixture for sheep. It is particularly adapted for dry pastures, and poor land; its young growth is much relished by sheep, and is highly nutritious. 2 lbs. of seed per acre will be enough with other grasses, or 20 lbs. if sown alone, 6d. lb.

Creeping Bent Grass.

(*Agrostis Stolonifera.*)

A valuable variety for lawns, also highly suitable for permanent pasture on account of its growing earlier and later than most others, especially in moist situations. 30 lbs. will sow an acre. 1/3 per lb.

Sheep's Fescue.

(*Festuca ovina.*)

This grass is extensively used in England for sheep pastures; in quality it is not equal to other cultivated Fescues, but it should always enter into the composition of pastures in which sheep are to be pastured, as they are extremely fond of it, and the mutton produced is of the finest flavour. 40 lbs. will sow an acre. 1/- per lb.

Meadow Fescue.

(*Festuca pratensis.*)

This thrives on all soils, excellent for permanent pasture, and is well liked by all kinds of stock. It makes excellent hay, the foliage being tender, succulent, and highly nutritious. Quantity required per acre, 40 lbs. 1/3 per lb.

Hard Fescue.

(*Festuca duriuscula.*)

Will thrive in a great variety of soils, and resist the effects of drought in a remarkable degree. From the fineness of its foliage it is well adapted for lawns and sheep pastures, and its habit of reproduction after sowing is very great. It attains great perfection when combined with *Poa trivialis* and *Festuca pratensis*. 40 lbs. will sow an acre. 9d. to 1/- per lb.

Slender Fescue.

(*Festuca tenuifolia.*)

A valuable variety for lawns, also highly suitable for permanent pastures. 40 lbs will sow an acre. 1/6 per lb.

Chewing's Fescue.

Festuca duriuscula, var. *Chewing's.*

A variety of Hard Fescue that has claimed considerable attention in New Zealand. This grass will grow on almost any land, and it is a valuable fodder for sheep or cattle, growing late in Autumn and early in Spring, and keeping stock well and healthy. 1/- per lb.

Tall Fescue.

(*Festuca elatior.*)

On account of its luxuriant habit we do not recommend the use of *Festuca elatior* where a fine turf is required; yet as a productive grass, and one which is greatly eaten by stock, it may form a part of permanent mixtures for moist and strong soils where the crop is intended for grazing, and also for irrigation purposes. It is admirably adapted for covers, in which its large seeds are useful as food. Quantity required to sow an acre, 40 lbs, 1/- per lb.

Tall Oat Grass.

(*Avena Elatior.*)

A warmish climate is necessary to develop its full growth, on which it produces an immense amount of herbage, fully equal in bulk to Ryegrass the first year, comes away early in Spring, and will grow on almost any class of land. The roots are fibrous, and penetrate to a considerable depth, thus enabling the plant to withstand cold and drought. This plant must not be confounded with the Wild Oat, which it in no way resembles. Sow 40 lbs. to the acre if alone. 1/6 per lb.

Couch Grass.

(The Bermuda Grass of America.)
(The Doob Grass of India.)

(*Cynodon dactylon.*)

This is, without doubt, a most valuable pasture grass, as many pastures where it abounds would be comparatively useless without it. As a Summer Grass it has no equal, as during the hottest weather it has always a green appearance; however, its fattening qualities are not equal to many others. Where it does not grow naturally it would be a valuable plant to introduce for binding sandhills or dams, or for sowing round sheep and cattle yards, as its long creeping shoots root at every joint, and thus form a complete carpet or network of roots. During Winter it is very brown, but its wiry stem will always give a nutritious bite. The collection of seed is a matter of great difficulty. This seed, being very light, must be carefully sown, and should always be mixed with sand, as getting the seed to germinate is also a matter of great difficulty. 14 lbs. will sow an acre. 2/- per lb.

Yorkshire Fog or Soft Grass.

(*Holcus lanatus.*)

This grass grows in England on poor land and particularly on that of a swampy or moist character. It produces a large bulk of forage in early Spring, but is not considered the best of feed, as stock will often neglect it for other grasses; it is said to be deficient in the sub-acid so much relished by stock; however, on such soils as we have described, it will be found to flourish where other grasses would not succeed. This grass is known as "Yorkshire Fog" and "Woolly Soft Grass." Quantity required per acre, 30 lbs. 4d. to 6d. per lb.

Sweet-scented Vernal Grass.

(*Anthoxanthum odoratum.*)

This is an old friend from English meadows. Its pleasant perfume gives to hay, cut from the pastures where it abounds, the delightful fragrance so well known in the old country. It grows to the height of 15 to 18 inches, it is fibrous-rooted and grows naturally in dry pastures, so that we are induced to think it will prove itself suitable to our climate. It is highly esteemed in England for a sheep pasture grass. It forms a close sward, has broad foliage, and its flower stem is erect and easily recognised. This grass should always be included in a lawn mixture. Annual variety, 1/- lb.; perennial variety, 2/6 lb.

Write for our Samples and Prices for

(74)

Large Quantities before buying elsewhere.

Paspalum Dilatatum, or Golden Crown.



PASPALUM DILATATUM.

A Valuable Forage Grass for all kinds of Stock.
Withstands Drought, and Frosts will not kill it.

We wish to caution buyers against the cheap grades offered at ridiculously low prices; these are only the THRASHED, or seconds, and contain a lot of unripe seeds, etc., going only from 65 to 70 lbs. to the Cornsack. To get the best results and save disappointment we strongly recommend that only the BEST heavy hand-shaken seed be sown. Our SEED is the HEAVIEST obtainable, going 140 lbs to the Cornsack.

THERE can be no question as to Paspalum Dilatatum being an invaluable grass, and it is now being eagerly sought for since it has passed the stage of experiment. It resists both heat and cold, yields enormous quantities of fodder, is much liked by stock, and is shown by analysis to be of excellent quality.

This grass is particularly suitable for pasturing dairy cattle, and is the very best for the farmer to rely upon for a permanent pasture. It stands any amount of grazing, and the trampling of stock does not injure it. It has extraordinary drought-resisting qualities, a fire has been run over it, and after this severe treatment it grew as vigorously as ever.

It is a good Winter grass, and at the same time seems to luxuriate in a sub-tropical climate.

A good many people have found a difficulty in getting the seed to germinate. In our opinion this has been due to their sowing at the wrong time of the year, and in some cases where very unfavourable seasons, droughts, etc., have occurred after sowing. It has been proved the best time to sow is in the early Spring and Summer, just before the ordinary season's rains may be expected.

The quantity of seed to sow per acre varies with the requirements; 5 to 8 lbs. per acre on well prepared ground will soon result in a good paddock. If $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 lbs. per acre are sown, after grazing it should be held up about September, and allowed to grow on and shed all its seed naturally. It will soon spring up, and the young grass, if anything like a favourable season takes place, will be fit to graze in May.

Hand-Shaken Seed, First Quality, 1/6 lb.

Weighing 140 lbs. TO THE CORNSACK.

ROOTS.—These can really be planted nearly all the year round, but the very best time is early in Spring, and right through the Summer until April. Planted at this season they take root at once and make vigorous growth. Autumn planted roots do not make a start until the warm weather sets in.

Price, 6/- 1,000; 5/6 5,000; 5/-, 10,000 lots.

The Great Grass for
Poor, Dry Lands.

PASPALUM VIRGATUM.

Great Drought Resister.
Withstands Frost Well.

PASPALUM Virgatum is a more erect and coarse growing grass than Paspalum Dilatatum. It is a splendid grass for hay. It stands frosts remarkably well, and is relished by stock. One great point in its favour is that it is suitable for growing on poor dry land, and is a drought resister. The seed, of which we have only a very limited supply, germinates freely, and the plant is easily propagated from off-shoots in the same manner as Paspalum Dilatatum. 1/- oz.; $1/6\frac{1}{4}$ -lb.; 5/- lb.; postage extra.

The New Pasture Grass—Rhodes Grass.

(CHLORIS VIRGATA, or C. ABYSSINICA).

Makes Splendid Hay.

A Great Drought Resister.

Rapid Grower.

Withstands Frost.

THE new grass introduced from South Africa is destined to be the best grass yet introduced into Australia. Its growth and drought-resisting qualities are marvellous. From reports of trial packets of seeds sent out, Rhodes Grass has left a very favourable impression and an increasing demand for seed. It is a very quick grower, with creeping roots like Couch, and the growth is most luxuriant, growing about four feet high, and producing a very heavy crop of hay to the acre. Stock of all kinds eat it readily either green, chaffed, or as hay, and thrive well on it. It will soon take complete possession of the land, and will grow on any soil, producing seed the Summer through. Sow thinly and lightly and plant roots about five feet apart, after all danger of frost is over. When once established will resist the severest drought or frost. For irrigation purposes it is invaluable.

1/- oz.; $3/4$ -lb.; 10/- lb.; post free. 3-year old roots, 2/6 100; 20/- 1000, carriage or postage extra. The seed we offer is of strong growth, and from 3-year old plants.

A GROWER WRITES—

"About the end of November, 1905, I planted a paddock with roots of Rhodes Grass, the land was partly infested with that pest of grasses, the Nut Grass, at present no trace of it nor any other weeds are to be found. I claim Rhodes Grass to be a perfect sure remedy for the eradication of Nut Grass."



A Splendid New Winter Perennial Grass.

PHALARIS COMMUTATA

The King of All Winter Grasses.

Stands Feeding or Cutting.

Excellent for Spring and Summer in
all Climates.

Grows between 6 and 7 feet high. Resists
Frosts and Droughts.

Makes wonderful growth all through the Winter.

PHALARIS COMMUTATA was first introduced into Australasia by Mr. R. Harding, Curator of the Botanic Gardens, Toowoomba, Queensland. He speaks in the very highest terms concerning it, and it is to Mr. Harding's credit that he explained to the public and press representatives the great merits of this wonderful grass, and its possibilities when once its frost resisting qualities became known. In the *Western Mail* an exhaustive description was given, and later on embodied in an article which appeared in *The Australasian*, 18th May, 1907; and a few weeks later *The Leader* had a very pertinent article, written by Mr. J. L. Dow, recording growths of **7 ft. 6 in.** for its cutting for seed, and a subsequent **growth of 46 days** which measured **41 inches**. That record is again beaten by **48 inches** for **40 days'** growth, from 8th January, 1908, to 19th February, 1908. This wonderful growth is from three-year-old plants, and yearlings also show a sturdy growth. The grass carries a great amount of leafage, and under favourable conditions would produce large quantities of food for stock or hay.

Reports state it is doing well in the Valley of the Nile and Abyssinia. Mr. Chas. Ross, manager of the State Farm, Westbrook, Queensland, states:—

"The above grass has proved itself to be one of the best introductions of recent years for green cutting, hay, or feeding off. It is particularly luxuriant in winter, and behaves remarkably well during the hot dry months." The manager believes it will flourish in any part of the Commonwealth.

Read what the **Hon. Frank Madden**, Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, says about this wonderful grass:—

To the Editor of the *Australasian*.

SIR,—The thanks of the farmers and graziers of Australasia are due to Mr. Harding for bringing under notice this most promising grass.

In October, 1905, Mr. Alexander Robertson, of Struan, near Narracoorte, who is very keen in seeking out and developing exotic grasses, sent me a small parcel of Phalaris Commutata.

I planted it out in my garden at Kew, and in February of last year gathered a nice lot of seed from it. I then cut it down, and it grew luxuriantly until the 1st of July, when I again cut it. Between the 1st of July and 1st of August it grew, in spite of severe frosts, **half-an-inch a day, or fifteen inches for the month, in the dead of Winter**, when even the cabbages were at a standstill.

I have, therefore, no hesitation in recommending it as the best winter grass we have seen. It is no doubt an excellent Spring and Summer grass, but in June and July it will be found of most value. The frosts we had last winter made no impression at all upon it, although they turned prairie grass yellow. I therefore consider its chief value will be found as a Winter grass, and that it will fill one of the greatest wants of the grazier by its sturdy and vigorous growth in cold and frosty weather.

Every seed seems to germinate, so that a very small weight of seed should be used when sowing, as the plant grows to a large plant in its first season. I have the grass in various stages of growth, and will be pleased to show it to any person interested.—Yours, etc.,

(Signed) FRANK MADDEN.

Mr. Harding says:—"Various Grass seeds were sown in drills, and all germinated and made good growth until the first frosts, which killed all except one, Phalaris Commutata. Requiring the ground space for other purposes, I removed the grass, and simply dumped it into a corner of the nursery, taking no particular care of it. Although the ground was very hard, it made tremendous growth in one year, germinated where it had fallen, and in twelve months grew into clumps 2ft. across and 5ft. in height, with nice, soft, succulent blades, and flowering stems. This has been cut two or three times in the year. The roots are fibrous, and the foliage very dense and a bright green in color, especially during the winter.

Visitors from all parts of the Commonwealth, who were shown the grass, were surprised how it stood the drought. **To graziers and dairymen I particularly recommend it**, being particularly productive throughout the year. It is easily propagated, and when once started, it will soon produce seed which, if allowed to shed, will germinate freely. During the '93 drought some roots were in a bag for six weeks, and the only difference it made was that the foliage was slightly yellow, though the plants kept growing all the time. **It seems to like all kinds of weather**, and from the rapidity of its growth it excels all other grasses I have had anything to do with. What it would be if properly cultivated it is hard to say, but it is a very desirable grass to introduce and distribute. By its own self-sowing, it has covered a large amount of space in the nursery.

How to plant it.—The raiser, whose experience of the grass corresponds with that given by the Queensland botanist, states that trials have been made on poor, light soil, and he estimates that if properly attended to and given a light dressing of superphosphate, it would yield eight tons of dried hay to the acre per annum. These are very big figures, and the grower who got half that return should be well satisfied that he has found a valuable new fodder plant. "I obtained," he said, "a few plants, and transplanted at the end of April, and whilst putting them out in drills 3ft. apart and 2ft. in the drills, by the end of June they had made a growth of 2ft. sending out shoots, until by the end of the season as many as 167 seed-stems had been produced by one plant, the height being about an average of 7ft. It was a severe winter, but not a yellow leaf could be seen." He suggests that the seed should be sown in a bed like-cabbage seeds, and when the plants are sufficiently strong, should be transplanted 3ft. apart each way. There can be no question that for hay it is admirably suited.

Plant roots two feet apart,
from early Autumn to the
end of Spring.

Seeds can be sown broadcast
or in drills throughout
the year.

PRICE OF SEED: 1/- trial packet;
2/6 oz.; 30/- lb., post free;
STRONG PLANTS, 2/6 100; 20/- 1000.

Clovers & Lucerne

Specially Machine-Dressed and Hand-Sieved, Dodder free.

We have the finest Stock of
Seeds ever imported.
Pure and of strong growth.

LUCERNE—Prime Hunter River, Hungarian, American, and French Provence.

10d. to 1/- per lb. Much cheaper in quantity.

THIS is no doubt the king of all fodder plants; it is perennial and very deep-rooted; the roots have been frequently traced down to a depth of from 15 to 17 feet. The most favourable soils for Lucerne are those of a deep alluvial character; soils resting on limestone; deep soils of a black and rich chocolate character; soils rather light than heavy, and with a good proportion of vegetable earth, are suitable for this plant. In its full vigour, and under favourable conditions, the weight of fodder from an acre is most extraordinary. It has been cut for hay or fodder every six weeks for many months; and, when well established, no drought yet experienced has apparently affected it. Subsoiling ought always to be adopted in preparing for it, unless a deep alluvial flat is available. Sow the seed shallow. If drilled, 18 inches apart in rows. 10 lbs. of seed is sufficient per acre; but if sown broadcast, not less than 16 lbs. should be sown. The young crop ought to be kept very clean and free from weeds. Best time for sowing is Autumn or Spring.

TURKESTAN LUCERNE (True, very hardy)—Valuable fodder plant for dry, arid soils. Perfectly hardy—withstands drought, heat and cold—yields the heaviest and richest crops of fodder. The best Clover for permanent pastures and hay.

At the Experimental Station, Brooklyn, United States, America, with a minimum temperature of 40 degrees below zero, with the ground bare, common Lucerne was killed, while Turkestan came through unharmed. At the Wyoming Experimental Station, United States, the Turkestan Lucerne was exposed to a minimum temperature of 45 degs. below zero without harm. 1/- lb.

Our Samples of Lucerne are all dodder-free. We hold copies of the Government Certificate issued to the Shippers, stating that the shipment has been tested and found free from dodder.

BOYD'S CLOVER (*Lotus Hispidus*)—The coming Clover for forest country, great drought resister, rapid grower, gives big returns in milk; very sweet. Relished by all stock.—This is the coming Clover for our forest countries. Very suitable for Gippsland. Its great qualities are drought-resisting when once established. It is finer, sweeter and more certain and a much quicker grower than the other Bird's-Foot Clovers. A great milk producer and fatterer, and liked by sheep, cattle and horses.

A GROWER writes:—"I have tried many varieties of Bird's-Foot Clover and find only two possess special virtues, viz., Boyd's Clover (*Lotus Hispidus*), and L. Major, and I am convinced from experiment that it will beat Lotus Major as a drought resister, it is much finer in quality, and produces an over-abundance of rich feed, much relished by all stock."

1/- oz.; ½-lb. 2/6; ¼-lb. 4/-, or 7/6 lb. posted

Alsike, or Hybrid Clover (*Trifolium Hybridum*)—A giant variety of White Clover, slightly tinged with pink. It will be found valuable for permanent pastures; very hardy, and will thrive on any soil. Quantity required per acre, 14 lbs., 10d. to 1/- per lb.

Bird's-Foot Trefoil (*Lotus Corniculatus*)—We cannot give a better description of this than the one found in Baron von Mueller's excellent book, *Select Extra-Tropical Plants*.—"A deep-rooting perennial herb, readily growing on pasture lands, sandy links, and heathy places. This plant is well deserving cultivation on light inferior soil, on which it will yield a greater bulk of herbage than any of the other cultivated Clovers; it is highly nutritious, and is eaten with avidity by cattle and sheep. From the great depth to which its roots penetrate, it is not liable to be injured by drought. It well fills out vacant places between high fodder-herbs on meadows." 10 to 12 lbs. of seed will sow an acre. 3/- per lb.

Greater Bird's-Foot Trefoil (*Lotus Major*)—This is the Clover that there was been great enquiry for last year; it is similar to the common variety in its keen rooting habit, is enormously productive, very nutritious, and eaten with great relish by all stock. It is not easily injured by drought; does well on any soil, especially in moist localities; we strongly recommend this as one of the most valuable Clovers. 3/- lb.

Bokhara Clover—This variety is excellent feed for bees: also very productive; grows six feet; useful for ensilage, valuable for pastures. Quantity required per acre, 10 lbs. 1/- lb.

Cow Grass, or Perennial Red Clover (*Trifolium pratense perenne*).—This variety yields very heavy crops, and is most suitable for cutting. It is found to succeed best in the colder parts of the colony; deep cultivation is wanted for this crop, and it will give large returns. 14 lbs. required to sow an acre. 10d. to 1/- lb.

Red Clover (*Trifolium pratense*)—It succeeds on any moderately good soil, yielding very heavy crops, and extensively used for mixing with other grasses. Quantity required per acre, 14 lbs. 10d. to 1/- lb.

Egyptian Clover—We cannot do better than give an extract from the *Age*, 15th December, 1903:—"Reports have been received by the Director of Agriculture from various parts of the State as to the suitability of Egyptian Clover as a Winter forage crop in Victoria. In the northern areas and at high altitudes, the crop was so checked by cold and frosts that no crop of any value was obtained. At Omeo the Clover grew well all through the Winter, and Mr. Cameron, M.L.A., considers it will do well on good land in the coastal districts, where frosts are never severe. At Bacchus Marsh two cuttings were obtained, the first eighteen inches the second over two feet. The best time to sow is in the beginning of March, so that the plant may make a good start with the first Autumn rains. The first cut is then secure before Winter, and the second growth is better fitted to withstand the cold. 1/6 per lb.

Melilotus Officinalis—King Island Clover. The great fodder. Growing on dry and barren places, is highly nutritious, a rapid grower, and eagerly sought after by stock, a great enricher of soil with nitrogen, makes a splendid hay, kills scrub and bracken fern where sown, and enriches the soil. Splendid for green manuring, which should be done before the early seeds ripen. Experiments carried out by the Agricultural Department in the Mallee district, proved a great success. Mixed with oats it makes a splendid ensilage. Some growers advise pouring boiling water over the seed, and allowing to stand overnight before sowing. Melilotus being a strong grower should only be sown on poor land where other crops will not thrive. Sow 12 to 15 lbs. per acre. 6d. lb.; 42/- cwt.

ONE GROWER writes:—"This is truly a great fodder plant, either to sow with oats and wheat for hay, or by itself for feed. Once sown it will seed the land itself. Grows two to three feet high, according to circumstances. All stock very fond of it, our sheep and lambs fattened well and topped the market, the milk cows also, and are eating the hay now (April 15th, 1907); butter bringing the highest price."

Japan Clover (*Lespedeza Striata*)—A valuable perennial Clover, growing about eighteen inches high. It will grow and do well in all kinds of soil, and will withstand the severest drought; never runs out, and can be fed down without injury. Seed should be sown in the Spring, covering lightly with soil. Quantity required to sow an acre, 10 lbs. 2/- per lb.

Scarlet Clover (*Trifolium incarnatum*)—Yields an excellent and abundant crop of fodder for stock, and makes superior hay, which horses are particularly fond of. Quantity required to sow an acre, 14 lbs.; 9d. lb.

Strawberry Clover—The Great Tarwin Meadow Clover. A very valuable variety for damp lands, producing immense quantities of fattening herbage. Greatly relished by stock. It is quite distinct in appearance to all other varieties, being of a trailing habit. Very rapid grower. Seed in husk, 6/- lb.

Trefoil Yellow or Hop Clover (*Medicago lupulina*)—This variety yields a heavy crop, but should only be mixed with other grasses in small quantities, about 3 lbs.; or 14 lbs. is sufficient for an acre if sown alone. 6d. per lb.

White Dutch Clover (*Trifolium repens*)—Is found to succeed admirably all over the colony; and in some parts it seems to be almost indigenous: it suffers during dry seasons, but springs quickly after the first rains. It is an excellent pasturage grass, forming, in conjunction with Cocksfoot and Rye Grass, the finest and most nutritious food for stock. It succeeds well on all rich, clayey lands, if not too wet, and should be introduced into every pasture. Quantity required to sow an acre, 14 lbs. 9d. to 1/- per lb.

Yellow Sand Clover or Kidney Vetch (*Anthyllis vulneraria*)—A valuable forage plant for sowing on sandy land, too poor for red or white Clover. It is very much liked by sheep, and also succeeds well on thin, limestone soils; it grows naturally on thin, stony land, and will produce a good crop on such classes of soil. 1/6 per lb.

Yellow Suckling Clover, or Sheep's Trefoil (*Trifolium Minus*)—A small yellow-flowering annual plant, forms a close herbage on strong land, seeding itself down every year. A splendid variety to sow in fern country before a burn; very quick grower, and is now sown largely giving a good bite to sheep. Very nutritious. It is also used largely for Golf Links, on account of its dwarf growing habit. It makes a very fine, close turf. 9d. lb.; cheaper in quantity.

ROOT CROPS.

SUGAR BEET. 1/- per lb.; postage extra.

For Postal Rates, see page 2.

CULTIVATION—To grow this crop successfully the land must be thoroughly and deeply worked; if this be not done, the roots will grow very forked and badly shaped. The seed should be sown in drills 18 inches apart, and the plants thinned to 9 inches apart. On new land ploughed deeply for the first time, manure is not necessary, but on land which has been continually cropped a liberal supply of farm-yard manure is recommended. High lands, light and inclined to be sandy, suit this crop well. September and October are good months to sow the seed at the rate of 4 to 6 lbs. per acre. We have imported direct from France a stock of the best sugar-producing varieties, viz.:—**White Silesian, Vilmorin's Improved, Wanzleben.** Special Quotations for large quantities.



SUGAR BEET.

MANGEL. For Postal Rates, See Page 2.

CULTIVATION—This is one of the most valuable of our root crops, and should be sown more largely, as scarcely an Autumn is passed without the majority of stock-owners running short of feed. The first operation, in order to prepare the land for this root, is to break it up and thoroughly pulverise it; if a foot deep, so much the better. This can be done easily with the subsoil plough followed by the scarifier. Thirty loads of good rotten stable manure per acre is the application, but, as this is scarce in rural districts, the following will form a good compost:—5 cwt. animal guano, 3 cwt. superphosphate, and 2 cwt. salt per acre. It is the worst of policy to deny good tilth and good feeding to this crop. The yield varies from 20 tons to 70 tons, and it must be evident to any practical man that it will be cheaper to grow 2 acres well than double the area slovenly, or only half-fed.

Mangels may be sown between July and December, or even later if a good heavy rain falls. 4 lbs. is sufficient for an acre.

SOMNER'S GIANT INTERMEDIATE—Heavy cropper, very nutritious. One of the finest Mangels ever introduced. Grows to a very large size; very uniform; producing an immense crop with a fine top, and comes up with a clean, single tap-root; very handsome and of the finest feeding quality; very valuable for shallow and light soils. 2/- per lb.

Selected Golden Tankard—The best quality of all Mangels, having a deep yellow flesh. It is exceedingly rich in saccharine matter and feeding properties, and being of excellent shape and neat habit can be grown closer together, and thus a greater weight per acre may be obtained than from the larger growing sorts. 1/- per lb.

Monarch Yellow Globe—It is the heaviest cropping Globe Mangel yet placed before the public. The root is perfect in symmetry, and of the largest size. It is remarkably rich in saccharine matter, solid, and heavy, and we can offer it with the greatest confidence to our friends and customers. 1/6 per lb.

Mammoth Long Yellow—Very popular sort. Grows to an immense size, and has produced 65 tons to the acre. Similar shape to Mammoth Long Red. 1/- per lb.

Long Red Mammoth—This variety is perhaps superior to all others in cultivation, being remarkable for its gigantic appearance, and the enormous weight it produces per acre. It possesses extraordinary feeding qualities, and is easily cleaned for storing. This variety has been known to



GOLDEN TANKARD MANGEL.

produce Mangels over 60 lbs. in weight. 1/- per lb.

Champion Yellow Globe—One of the best Globe Mangels. Handsome in appearance, and possessed of excellent feeding qualities. 1/- lb.

GIANT HALF SUGAR—White.

GIANT HALF SUGAR—Rose.

The roots, which are always regular and uniform, measure about eight inches in diameter at the broadest part, and average about 12 inches in length. This new Mangel, which originated in France, is undoubtedly the most nutritious of all Mangels for feeding stock. It combines the large size of the Mangel with the greater feeding value of the Sugar Beet. In an experimental test with various Sugar Beets, it out-yielded them by two to one. 1/3 per lb.

CHOU MOELLIER, the Wonderful Fodder Plant. 1/- pkt., 2/6 oz., 10/- lb.

CHICORY. (Large-Rooted.)

Try our New Swede, A1, It is the best of all.

CULTIVATION—This is a most useful plant, and should be grown largely in this State. It is relished by all kinds of stock; its roots are very tenacious of life, consequently it will be found useful in dry situations, and during long droughts. It will last many years in the ground, if cut regularly before arriving at its full flower. On suitable soils could be grown profitably as a root crop, as it is largely imported every year as a mixture for Coffee. The quantity of seed required per acre is from 4 to 5 lbs. if sown in drills, and from 10 to 12 lbs. if sown broad-cast. This root should never be given to milch cows, on account of the disagreeable flavour it imparts to butter. Sow seed August and September. 1/6 lb.

FIELD CARROT. For Postal Rates, See Page 2.

CULTIVATION—If this root were better known, it would be more cultivated. It is invaluable both for horses and dairy cows. The former are always healthy while feeding on them, and the milk from the latter is largely increased. Carrots grow well in well-manured sandy soil, but they yield well in any rich friable loam, if the latter be deeply tilled and well drained. Drill the seed in rows from 18 to 20 inches from each other. The space will allow the horse-hoe to work without danger; nothing benefits the crop so much as frequent stirrings in the early stages of its growth. The seed may be sown from May to the end of September. Thin out the plants to within 9 to 12 inches of each other in the rows according to the sorts. 4 lbs. of seed required to sow an acre.

Sinclair's Champion, or Yellow Intermediate—A new yellow flesh variety. Grows to a very large size. This variety is a great yielder, producing as much as 60 tons to the acre, whilst the individual roots often weigh 16 lbs. each, and are of a rich golden yellow colour. It is claimed that it taints neither milk nor butter. 3/- per lb.

Large Altringham—This is a large and somewhat coarse variety, a good proportion of the root being above the ground; 18 to 24 inches in length, and 2 to 3 inches in diameter at the top; skin, orange red. Very suitable for cattle feeding. 2/6 lb.; postage extra.

Yellow Belgian—A splendid and useful variety, heavy cropper, and much preferred by some to White Belgian. 2/6 per lb.

White Belgian—A very productive kind, grown almost exclusively for stock; grows one-third out of the ground. Lower portion of the root white, above ground green. 2/6 per lb.

TURNIP—SWEDE.

¼-lb., 8d.
½-lb., 1s.
1-lb., 2/-

For Postal Rates see Page 2.

1/6 lb. in quantity

CULTIVATION—The Turnip crop is a valuable one, and moist climates are particularly favourable to this crop, producing heavy yields, and it is now extensively grown in the Australian Colonies for stock. A good fertile soil is the most suitable, but, as a rule, any good light soil which has been thoroughly worked will produce an abundance of fodder. Sow in drills two feet apart at the rate of 2lb. per acre; broadcast sowing can be adopted on virgin soils, but drilling in most cases is preferable. When the plants show above the ground the scarifier should be set to work to stir the surface of the soil and keep down the weeds, and when the plants are further advanced they should be thinned to about six inches between each plant. With this treatment and favourable weather a very heavy crop will result.

TURNIP.

We Lead in
Agricultural Seeds.

Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen—A very hardy variety, and although generally grown for farm purposes, is really superior to many sorts cultivated exclusively for the table.

Green Top Yellow Aberdeen—A first class variety for feeding purposes, being more hardy, solid and nutritious than any other kind.

White Globe—Grows to a large size, and is better adapted for field culture than the garden, being too coarse for table use.

Mammoth Purple Top White—A valuable quick growing variety, grows to a very large size, thriving on poor soil, well shaped, very solid, and a heavy cropper.

Fosterton Hybrid—One of the most useful and profitable varieties in cultivation. It is easily grown, of fine shape, with well-rounded shoulder, which prevents the lodging of water. Attains a great size, and yields a heavy crop; it is hard and firm, and keeps perfectly well; but like all turnips growing much out of the ground, should be lifted and stored. It is a decided acquisition in localities where Swedes or Yellows have a tendency to mildew, and it may be sown early or late.

SWEDE, Somner's A1 Purple Top. The Best of All

We have great pleasure in recommending this new stock of Purple Top Swede to our friends as a general purpose Swede. It is perfectly globular in shape, free-growing, a heavy cropper, and a good keeper. The top of the bulb is a beautiful deep purple, the flesh yellow, and of fine feeding quality. It is very neat in the top and leaf, and even in the most unfavourable seasons has produced little or no neck. Price per lb., 2/6.

NE PLUS ULTRA—We consider this new Swede one of our best introductions. It is globular in shape, symmetrical in form, bronze-purple in colour, of splendid quality, a quick grower, and exceptionally heavy cropper. In appearance it is quite distinct from any other variety in cultivation, not only as regards roots, but its short neck, small top, and light-coloured foliage distinguish it from other varieties, and help to make a field of Ne Plus Ultra the most attractive crop of Swedes on the Farm. Price per lb., 2/-

KANGAROO—Is extremely hardy, very even in character, and will produce a great weight per acre. Its feeding properties are very high, equal to the "Elephant." Will produce enormous crops of roots on all soils, and is specially suited to our climate; hardy constitution and long-keeping, rich colour, juicy, sweet, and crisp.

ELEPHANT—The flesh is a rich creamy yellow. It stands well out of the ground—a giant compared with all others; it is uniform in size. It has produced **ten tons per acre** more than other well-known purple-top sorts that were grown by side with it.

SHEPHERD'S GOLDEN GLOBE—Fine variety for main crop; the hardiest of the Globe varieties, and is excellent for either stock or table use.

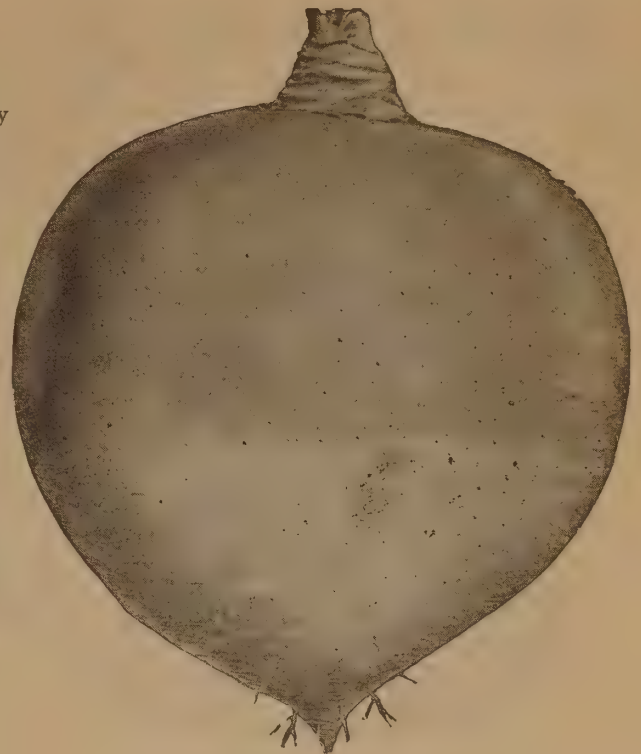
SKIRVING'S PURPLE TOP—An Improved Purple Top variety of very strong growth, large size.

CHAMPION PURPLE TOP—Hardy heavy cropper, one of the most nutritious varieties grown.

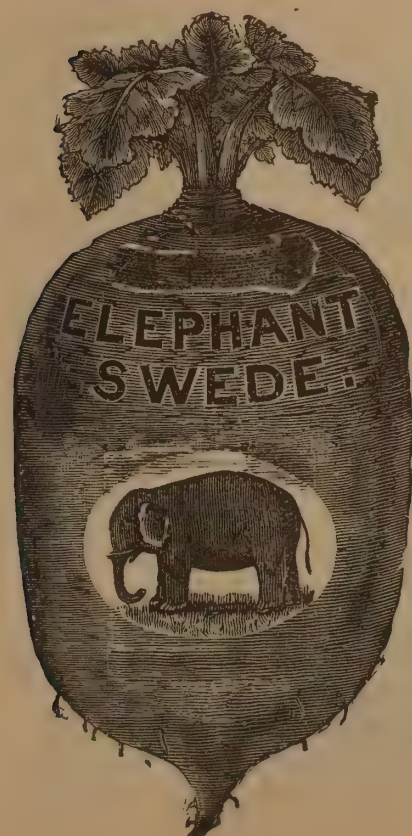
EAST LOTHIAN PURPLE TOP—A splendid variety; remarkably heavy cropper; is exceedingly hardy, and good keeper.

The Somner's A1 Purple Top Swede I got from you last year turned out very satisfactory.
Barnawartha, 24/2/09.

JOHN E. GRANT.



SWEDE—SOMNER'S A1 PURPLE TOP.



KANGAROO.

We give very particular attention to the selection of our stock of Root Crops and Customers entrusting their orders to us may rely upon getting good seed.

Try the
Wonderful
Fodder Plant,
Chou Moellier
1/- packet;
2/6 oz.; 10/- lb.

CATTLE PUMPKIN. 9d. per oz.

CULTURE.—The best month to sow in is October. There is no advantage in sowing before about the middle of October as a field crop, and, if the land or weather be unfavourable, sowing may with advantage be delayed until the end of November. To get heavy crops, the richer the land the better, and it should be subsoiled as well as ploughed; and if manure is applied, it should be distributed near the surface and over the whole area devoted to the crop, not merely in the holes in which the seeds



PUMPKIN—MAMMOTH YELLOW.

are sown; these should be well prepared and manured, and only three or four plants be allowed to remain in each of the hills, which should be from three to six yards apart. One pound of seed will sow an acre, but abundance should be put in to provide against loss by insects

Ironbark—5/- per lb.

Mammoth Tours—5/- per lb.

Mammoth Yellow—10/- per lb.

Gramma—8/- per lb.

AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH. 9d. per oz; per post, 10d.

This is an excellent plant which renders many of our dry and sterile tracts valuable for sheep pastures. Cattle, and especially sheep, are so fond of it that they browse it to the roots. It is most wholesome and fattening, and stock pastured on Salt Bush are said to remain not only free from fluke, but to recover from Distoma disease and other allied ailments. It will bear a great amount of drought, and if not too closely fed down will produce seed in abundance. Usually when grasses are dried up Salt Bush will be found green, and afford a splendid fodder for stock during the hot summer. As the seeds of all the varieties are very light, it is a most difficult matter to sow them without being blown away; therefore the best method to adopt is to place, say, about six seeds in a patch at a distance of about ten yards apart, and cover with half-inch of soil. The seed should be sown, if possible, before rain, and the soil be well pulverised. 2 lbs. will be sufficient for an acre.



We always charge
REDUCED RATES
for Large Quantities.

SALT BUSH.

Halimoides.—One of the best dwarf species for salt bush pastures. Stands the most extreme drought. 3/6 per lb.

Nummularium.—One of the tallest, most fattening and wholesome of Australian salt bushes, but not so much relished by grazing animals as some of the smaller species. 3/6 per lb.

Leptocarpa.—Very largely grown; is one of the best perennial varieties. Stands the drought well. 3/6 per lb.

Semibaccatum.—A perennial very much liked by sheep, considered among the best saline herbage of the salt bush country. This variety is pronounced as wonderful for its productiveness and drought-resisting power. 3/6 per lb.

Campanulata.—A splendid variety of a creeping nature; does well on sandy hills or roomy ridges, horses being very fond of it. 4/- per lb.

Augulata.—An annual variety, exceedingly hardy, and thrives well on almost any soil; is greatly used reclaiming patches of country which have become windblown and useless; greatly relished by all stock. 3/6 per lb.

Vesicarium.—One of the most fattening and most relished of all the dwarf pastoral Salt Bushes of Australia, holding out in the utmost extremes of drought, and not scorched even by sirocco-like blasts. Its vast abundance over extensive Salt Bush plains of the Australian interior, to the exclusion of almost every other bush except *A. halimoides*, indicates the facility with which this species disseminates itself. Splendid wool is produced in regions where *A. vesicarium* and *A. halimoides* almost monopolise the ground for enormous stretches. With other woody species easily multiplied from cuttings also; but, as remarked by Naudin, producing thousands of seeds in less than three months after sowing, and as stated by Millardet, has become the marvel of the Delta of the Rhone. 4/- per lb.

SOJA BEAN.

This plant, which makes fine fodder for stock cut when in flower, should be more largely cultivated; or, if cut when the pods are ripe, it makes excellent hay, of which stock are very fond; when grown for this purpose the seed should be sown broadcast, at the rate of about 7 lbs. per acre, the seed being heavy; when grown for a Bean crop, the seed should be drilled in about 18 inches apart, and 18 inches between the rows; to ensure a good return the land requires to be kept perfectly clean, and as this plant is rather an exhausting crop and a rank feeder, the land in which they are sown should be liberally manured. The Beans can be used green, cooked like Peas or Broad Beans, and have a fine flavour, or, when dried, cooked as a Haricot Bean, being soaked before boiling. 1/- lb.

COW PEAS. 6d. per lb.; 17/6 to 20/- bushel.

The Cow Pea is a truly wonderful and most valuable variety. It is wonderful in its enormous productiveness, both of vine and peas, and exceptionally valuable for the varied uses to which it is adapted. To grow for feeding hogs and other cattle we can hardly overestimate their value. Here is a crop that can be grown with such ease in about four months' time that will yield one hundred-fold or more of feeding and fattening food superior to corn. To grow for hay they are almost invaluable, as they yield an immense quantity of feed of the best quality, and produce the crop in so short a time. For ensilage they are unsurpassed, being much more nutritious than green corn and other crops used for this purpose. To obtain the best results these Peas should be sown the middle of October, although they can be sown as late as November or the beginning of December; but sown as late as this, while they will make an enormous growth of vine, it is doubtful whether they will mature the crop of peas. They should be sown at the rate of about one bushel to the acre.

FLORIDA VELVET BEAN.

The Wonderful New-Fodder Plant. Relished by all kinds of Stock. Valuable as a Fertilizer.

The ONE PLANT WANTED for HOT and DRY DISTRICTS.

A most valuable plant for sandy soils and dry climates. It has proved invaluable as Forage, Shade, Mulch, and Fertilizer, anywhere that Maize can be grown. All farm stock eat it, greedily and thrive on it, both as green fodder cut early and as dried beans. Dry pods and beans, if ground up make, valuable fertilizer for fruit, etc. The yield is enormous—5 to 7 tons per acre (in leaf vine and pods), 30 to 40 bushels of beans shelled. Sow in Spring in hills 4 feet apart each way, 3 to 5 beans to a hill, (about 20 lbs. to the acre), or, better still, drill it in, using about 30 lbs. to the acre, in rows 3 feet wide, and the beans one foot apart. 1/- lb.

LOOK! FRUIT TREES. OUR SPECIAL LINE.

Well-Rooted, Clean and Healthy, and True to Name. Grown under Government Inspection. We Stock all the Best and Newest kinds in Almonds, Apples, Apricots, Cherries, Nectarines, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Plums (Japanese), and Quinces, 1/3 each; 12/- doz.; 75/- 100.

THE FOOD FOR SHEEP. One of our Leading Specialities.

RAPE, DWARF ESSEX.

SPECIAL PRICES for
Half-Ton and Ton Lots.

Imported English (true), 5d. lb., 37/4 cwt. Continental Grown, 4½d. lb., 32/8 cwt.

CULTIVATION—This seed may be sown from the first Autumn rains to the end of September, and the plant thrives well in all the States. The land ought to be prepared as if for Mangel. The soil requires good tilth, and the seed ought to be drilled 18 to 24 inches apart. Four to six pounds per acre of good sound seed is sufficient, but if sown broadcast (a bad plan) half as much again ought to be used. Any peaty soil abounding in vegetable matter is suitable for this crop. Should the paddock be in a weak condition, give it fully 5 cwt. animal guano per acre. Treat the young plants well, for every acre of well-grown Rape ought to produce from 20 to 25 tons of good food in leaves and roots. Rape grows very rapidly if kept clean, and an early hoeing, either by hand or horse-hoe, benefits it wonderfully. It not only grows fast, but continues to grow late into the Autumn, and in some districts all the Winter, until the seed stems are fully formed. It will prove an unprofitable crop if sown upon poor land, but it is a most remunerative one if generously treated. Green Rape is rich in flesh-forming constituents as well as fatty matter, but the sheep must be turned in carefully at first, for if the hungry animals are allowed to fill themselves upon young Rape plants, and these alone, inflammation is apt to ensue. When about ten weeks old the plants will be a fair size, and at first the sheep should be allowed to feed only for an hour or so in the afternoon, and when the plants are free from dew or rain. This is an excellent crop for green manuring, and for preserving



RAPE—DWARF ESSEX.

in the silo. Sheep farmers are now sowing 1 lb. of Mustard to the acre with Rape, as this prevents blowing in the sheep. After the Rape has been eaten off by stock, not too bare, it should be rested, it will quickly yield successive crops.

RAPE, NEW GIANT KANGAROO.

FOR CATTLE, SHEEP, HORSES,
PIGS, FOWLS, ETC.

Grows to height of 11 feet; will fatten 3 Sheep more to the acre than other kinds. Grew 2 feet in 5 weeks, 7½ feet in under 12 weeks.

The raiser (Mr. Campbell) states:—"A truly wonderful variety of Rape, with exceedingly quick growth, and must be of interest to all dairy farmers and cattle owners. I have been cultivating Kangaroo Rape and achieved wonderful results with it; within a short period of five weeks it attained the growth of 2 feet, and within twelve weeks 7½ feet, without rain."

It has a long strong tap-root enabling it to stand long periods of drought, the stalks are unlike ordinary Rape as they break easy and are very succulent right through; will not taint the milk, but should not be given to milch cows when in flower. It is great fattening food for cows, horses, sheep, pigs, etc. Those who have grown it say they can fatten **three more sheep** to the acre on it than other varieties. The raiser says he is inundated with enquiries for it, and has asked us to handle it for him. Sow 4 to 6 lbs. per acre in drills, or 8 to 12 lbs. broadcast. Price, 8d. per lb., 60/- per cwt.

MUSTARD, WHITE. Valuable for mixing with Rape.

This crop ought to be encouraged more than it is, as the commercial value of it is very uniform, and the demand not only large but yearly increasing. The imported manufactured article is still commanding the higher price, but as with many other products, must eventually give way to the colonial grown and prepared. The seed may be sown in the Spring and Autumn, and in ten or twelve weeks the crops will be fit for harvest. Six pounds of seed are sufficient per acre, and the yield is from 25 to 35 bushels per acre. Mustard is a valuable green manure, and if grown for this purpose, 26 lbs. of seed per acre should be sown. It is also highly prized and is now in great demand for sowing with rape at the rate of 1 lb. per acre, as this prevents blowing in sheep and lambs, as they do when fed on rape alone. 8d. to 1/- per lb.

PARSLEY (Sheep's).

Splendid for sowing with Rape or Clovers, prevents blowing. This is a really valuable plant in pastures, and should be more used; sheep and cattle are fond of it, and in Spring, when the latter are liable to get blown on young clover, the Parsley acts as an antidote. It is of biennial duration, but will ripen and scatter seeds enough to keep its place for many years. 1/- per lb.

TREE LUCERNE TAGOSASTE (White Flowered).

CULTIVATION—This fine fodder plant is, we believe, an introduction of great merit, and should prove very valuable in the hot, dry and sandy districts. It grows well on poor soil, but growers must see that the land is thoroughly drained, as too much moisture soon kills the plant. Seed should be sown at the rate of 4 lbs. to the acre, early in Autumn or Spring, and, as the young trees do not stand transplanting well the seed should be sown thinly; where trees come thick take out, and then transplanting may be tried without spoiling the original planting; makes rapid growth again when cut.

It is a most valuable fodder, wholesome and nourishing, and the stock eat it greedily; it makes excellent hay and ensilage, and is a fine tree for bees, being in flower during the winter months. 6d. per oz., per post 7d.; 3/- per lb.

MEDICAGO ARBOREA.

Yellow Flowered. The True Tree Lucerne.

An excellent plant for warm districts, as it resists even the greatest drought, sea air, etc., and must not be confounded with the Tagosaste, so-called Tree Lucerne, as this variety is in every respect superior as a fodder plant, thrives well in any soil, grows to a height of 6 to 8 feet. The plant is covered with Lucerne-like leaves, with yellow flowers, and equal to Lucerne Clover in feeding properties. 3/6 per lb.



MEDICAGO ARBOREA.

SHEEP'S BURNET.

THIS is a most valuable fodder plant, and should be more largely cultivated. It will thrive on the poorest chalk soils. It is a superior fodder, very suitable for dry country where Lucerne or Clover will not succeed. Thrives well on rich or poor land; either on flats or hills. It is one of the best drought-resisting plants we know of, and when once established will repay any farmer. Is greatly liked by cattle if sown with other grasses and clovers, and is now in great demand. 1/- to 1/6 per lb. according to market.

SAINFOIN.

(*Onobrichis Sativa*)—This is an excellent plant, particularly suited to our dry climate; it is especially adapted for poor, dry, thin limestone or chalky soils, and with an occasional dressing will retain its vigour eight or ten years. It may be sown broadcast or in drills, but the former is generally preferred; the seed being very large, requires deeper sowing than Clover. Quantity required to sow an acre, 20 lbs. 1/- lb.

SULLA.

(*Hedysarum Coronarium*) The Wonderful Forage, Sulla, is decidedly the very best forage plant for this country, surpassing on account of its nutritious qualities any other, Lucerne not excepted—a fact which has been proved beyond any doubt by many careful trials, made by practical men and learned societies. It is preferred to any other forage plant, producing a most excellent and digestible fodder, both in green and in a dry state, which is always much liked by the cattle. The quantity of fodder yielded per acre is enormous. The plant requires a calcareous, heavy, and good deep soil, with sufficient, but never stagnant, moisture, and a good deal of warmth. These conditions are essential in order to obtain a good result. In warm countries, such as the south of Italy, the seeds are to be sown in Autumn, while in a less favoured climate sowing has to be made in Spring. Under the conditions stated above, the plant grows very bushy, and attains a height of about three feet. Shelled seed, 2/6 lb.; cheaper in Quantity.

SERADELLA.

(*Ornithopus Sativus*)—A valuable forage plant, admitting of one, and sometimes two, cuttings in one season. It succeeds well in a dry, sandy soil, and furnishes good pasture for sheep. 1/- per lb.

BUCKWHEAT.

This is an excellent green crop, and is useful for pig and poultry feed. There is nothing better for cleaning foul land; it grows thick and very rapidly, and renders the land friable and ready for the reception of a permanent crop. In America, wheat cakes are very much esteemed. Quantity required for an acre, 1 bushel. (50 lbs. to bushel). Sow when danger from frost is over.

SILVER HULLED—A well-known variety. 4d. lb.; 10/6 to 12/6 bushel, according to market.

NEW JAPANESE—A new variety. Its yielding qualities are enormous, and is a week earlier than Silver Hulled; kernels distinct in colour, dark-brown. Imported, true, 4d. lb.; 10/6 to 12/6 bushel.

VICIA VILLOSA

(*Villous Vetch*) thrives on poor arid, sandy soils. Sown either in Autumn or Spring, generally mixed with Rye, which serves as a support to the plants. It grows to a height of from three to four feet, and can be cut twice for fodder, first as the bloom appears and then it can be cut again for seed. The plant is perfectly hardy, and the produce is recommended as most nutritious. The seed is black and perfectly round, and should be sown at the rate of 40 lbs. to the acre. 1/- per lb.

SUNFLOWER.

This crop prefers a calcareous soil, but any ordinary land will produce a large yield. As much as 50 bushels of seed have been obtained from an acre, yielding as many gallons of oil, little inferior to Olive Oil. The latter can be used not only for machinery, but even as one of the best for table use. The seeds also afford an excellent food for poultry. The seed should be sown in September, in drills which should be three feet apart, and the plants left two feet apart. 6 to 7 lbs. of seed will sow an acre. **Large Russian**—6d. lb.; **Black-Seeded**—best for oil purposes—6d. lb.

FIELD PEAS.

The custom of allowing the straw crops to succeed each other from year to year cannot be stopped too soon, and Peas are as good an alternative crop as we know. Wheat will do better after Peas in nine cases out of ten, than if it were sown on a bare fallow. Peas always have a fair market value in Melbourne, and the demand is yearly increasing. 2½ bushels per acre may be drilled or sown broadcast from May to July. Not less than Half-Bushel will be charged at Bushel rate. Price on application.

LINSEED or FLAX.

The culture of Flax is very remunerative, as two crops are obtained from the plant, namely, the fibre and the oil producing seed; the demand for both fibre and oil is enormous, the former being worth about £40 per ton. For the successful cultivation of the Flax Plant, good and deep soil is necessary. The seed should be sown broadcast and lightly harrowed in, at the rate of 2 to 2½ bushels to the acre, as thick sowing extends the length and flexibility of the fibre. To obtain the best fibre the plant must be pulled when the seed commences to ripen, as then both fibre and seed may be turned to account. The seed yields by pressure about twenty-two per cent. of oil, and the refuse forms a cake valuable for fattening cattle. (56 lbs to the bushel). 4d. lb.; 12/6 to 15/- bushel.

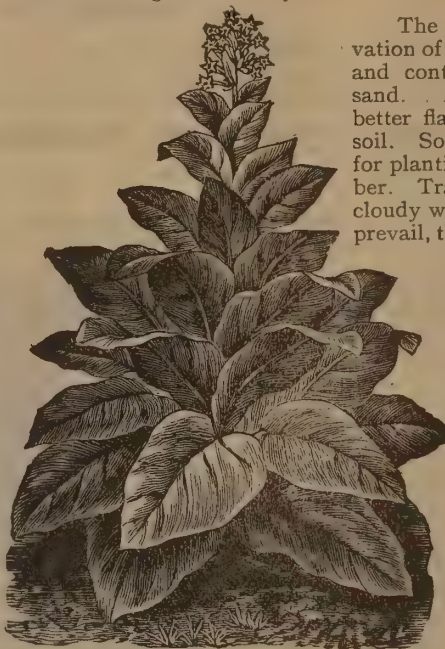
Two Valuable Shelter Trees.

SUGAR GUM (*Eucalyptus Corynocalyx*)—Extract from *Argus*, 31st June, 1897:—"The value of Sugar Gums for shelter purposes in the arid, treeless districts of the colony has long been recognised. They are of rapid growth, and make good breakwinds, but their leaves have now been proved to be very useful as a fodder in a season of drought. The Principal of Longernong Agricultural College has written to the Council of Agricultural Education stating that ten merino sheep had during the past fortnight been fed exclusively on the foliage of this tree. **Animals ate it readily, and maintained their strength**, although exposed to the cold on frosty nights. Cattle will, he says, eat the leaves of the Sugar Gum. Hence in times of drought, farmers and graziers might sacrifice shelter belts of these trees to feed their stock. The Sugar Gum sends forth strong quick-growing suckers if cut down short. In this way a fresh supply of foliage would not be long in coming into existence." 2/6 per oz.; 30/- lb.

EUCALYPTUS BOTYROIDES (*Bastard Mahogany*)—This variety is one of the best shelter trees, and undoubtedly one of the best breakwinds; is a most rapid grower, and is being largely grown in place of Sugar Gum, on account of its earliness. Not affected with the insect borer. Squatters are now planting this largely in preference to others. 2/6 oz.; 20/- lb.

TOBACCO.

This has already become an established field crop in the colony, and, from the increasing breadth sown every season, seems to yield a good return. There is no reason why the production of Tobacco should not become a great industry.



The soil most suitable for the cultivation of Tobacco is a free friable loam, and containing a good proportion of sand. A red or chocolate soil gives better flavoured Tobacco than a black soil. Sow the seed in July or August for planting out in September or October. Transplanting should be done in cloudy weather, but, should dry weather prevail, the plants should be kept shaded from the sun until they have a good hold of the soil. The plants should stand three feet apart each way. An average yield of an acre of Tobacco is about 1,200 lbs., but as much as 1,700 lbs. have been produced in this country. A Virginian planter has lately told us that by careful cultivation he succeeded in getting a pound of Tobacco from each plant, planted a yard apart each way. Two ounces of seed will plant an acre.

Pennsylvania Seed-Leaf—Newest and best strains of this standard variety, of which more is sown and planted than all others of the cigar kind combined. 1/- packet; 4/- oz.

Maryland, Havanna, Virginian, Kentucky, Florida, Connecticut Seed-Leaf—6d. packet; 2/6 per oz.

WE ARE THE LEADING HOUSE FOR AGRICULTURAL SEEDS.

CHOU MOELLIER

A WONDERFUL
NEW FODDER PLANT.

The Illustration is from a Photograph.

This plant has had three cuttings of leaves gathered off it. The seed was sown early in September, 1907, the young plants were transplanted 3 x 2 feet in rows, in poor soil, and received a very scanty supply of water during the hot weather. **It is a really wonderful fodder plant.**

A large variety of Cattle-feeding Kale, with a very stout thick stem, which is swollen in the upper two-thirds of its length and filled with a sort of marrow or tender flesh, which forms excellent food for cattle; the leaves are very large and broad and constitute a considerable part of the crop. The stem grows 5ft. or more high with a diameter of 3 or 4 inches in the thickest part; stands well all the Winter, being perfectly hardy. The plant forms, as it were, the connecting link between the common cattle-feeding cabbages and Kohl-rabi, and, in a more general way, between the cabbages which are grown for their leaves and those which are grown for their swollen stems. As a milk producer is unequalled, and does not taint the butter or milk. Seed can be sown in Autumn and Spring. Sow very thinly in drills 2ft. apart, thin out, and transplant if too numerous, allowing 12 to 15 inches between each plant. At the end of Summer the leaves are cut and given to cattle. At the commencement of the cold weather the stems are taken up and stored in a shed or out-house, in districts where frosts are severe; in this way they will keep all through the winter. The stems of the Marrow Kale, if cut when young, when the swollen part does not measure more than 1½ to 2ft. in height and 1 to 2 inches in diameter, would in our opinion form a very palatable vegetable. Two special qualities which make the new Fodder more valuable is its great weight and its feeding qualities during drought, when other food is scarce. There is no hardwood or fibrous bark, such as the ordinary cabbage possesses, but is sweet and juicy, and when chopped cattle consume it with great relish. As a milk and butter producer it is unequalled.

Seed, 1/- packet; 1/6 oz.; 10/- lb. Postage extra.



THOUSAND-HEADED KALE. Splendid for SHEEP ...

¼ lb., 1/-, per post, 1/3; 2/- to 2/6 per lb., by post, 3/3.

Thousand-headed Kale is quite distinct from and altogether superior to any other variety. The plant grows to a height of 3 or 4 feet, branching from close to the ground, and producing a dense mass of sprouting heads. It is exceedingly hardy, but its chief merit is it yields an enormous quantity of wholesome food. It is a plant that produces more feed per acre than any other, does not disagree with any stock, and does not impoverish the land. Eighteen perches per day, with a little oat straw, have kept 270 sheep for three months without the loss of one.

JERSEY TREE, or COW KALE.

6d. per oz.; ¼ lb., 1/6, per post, 1/9; 5/- per lb., by post, 5/9.

A valuable fodder for sheep and cattle, producing an enormous weight per acre of very nutritious feed. Should be given a trial by all graziers and dairymen.

CABBAGE For **CATTLE** This might be advantageously cultivated if planted early in the Autumn, after the disappearance of the aphids. It is highly nutritious, and would be found of great service to dairy farmers, as the cows eat it greedily, and milk well on it. About 5000 plants are required to plant an acre. We believe that this crop can be grown to pay well with field cultivation for feeding stock. A highly nutritious and healthful food, and can be stored like Mangel Wurzel or Swede Turnips; if only for a change of feed, it is highly recommended to the dairy farmer. Quantity of seed required per acre, 1 lb. 9d. per oz.; 1/9 ¼ lb.; 3/- ½ lb.; 6/- lb. For Postal Rates, see page 2.

SCHWEINFURT—An early large white variety; also an excellent table Cabbage.

LARGE DRUMHEAD (selected stock)—Grows to an immense size; should be planted 2½ feet apart.

ROBINSON'S CHAMPION PRIZE OX—A splendid variety; grows to a large size.

LUPINS Blue, White, Yellow. 6d. lb.; 4d. to 5d. lb. in quantity. One of the best plants known for soiling. Succeeds well in poor, sandy soils, and enriches the soil by being ploughed in as manure. The seed, when burned, is said to be an excellent manure for oranges and olives. They may be sown in Autumn or Spring. 150 lbs. required to sow an acre.

CAROB BEANS or LOCUST TREE 1/- per oz.

The pods produced by this valuable tree are of great value as a food for all kinds of live stock. The flesh of sheep and pigs is greatly improved in flavour by this food, while its fattening qualities are twice those of Oil Cake. The pods contain about 66 per cent of sugar and gum. To horses and cattle 6 lbs. a day are given of the crushed pods, raw or boiled, with or without chaff. The tree attains a height of 50 feet, and in the very arid regions of Riverina it produced abundantly, even in seasons of severe drought.

SEED GRAIN.

Sold for Nett Cash only. Samples and Prices post free on application.

RYE (60 lbs. bushel).

BARLEY (50 lbs. bushel)—Cape, English.

WHEAT (60 lbs. bushel)—White Tuscan, Purple Straw, Red Tuscan, and other varieties.

OATS (40 lbs. bushel)—Calcutta, Algerian, Black Tartarian, White Tartarian.

MAIZE. 56 lbs. to the bushel.
Price on application.

Cultivation—No farmer ought to be without a paddock of Maize for Summer or Autumn feed—it is really indispensable. Even if more be grown than is required in a green stage it can always be utilised as a Winter food if the surplus be cut and stacked at once with straw, layer and layer; it will neither heat nor mould treated in this manner. Sowings should be made from September, and up till December, if a favourable rain falls. It is best sown thickly when sown late, as, if the land be in good heart, the young plants will soon shoot up and be very self-protective through shading each other. Quantity required per acre, two bushels.

RYE. 60 lbs. to the bushel. Price on application. Is very useful to sow on poor dry soils for a green fodder. It may also be advantageously used to mix with Tares to support the plant. Two bushels of seed will sow an acre; or, if sown with Tares, one and a half bushels. Sow first rains after Summer.

TARES or VETCHES. 60 lbs. to the bushel.
Price on application.

Cultivation—Tares is a most profitable crop to grow. The golden variety is preferable to any other, and the weight of fodder per acre may be increased by sowing either Rye or Cape Barley with the Tares, say, two bushels of Tares and half a bushel of Rye or Barley per acre. When this fodder is required to extend over two months or so, to assist a limited grass supply, it is better to sow only an acre at a time—say, once a week or ten days; this will allow the owner to plough up the first portions cleared off, and sow Maize or Mangels. It is to the management of the farm "commissariat," from which a great portion of the success in dairying is derivable, that we must look in order to obviate difficulties of frequent occurrence.

We have the Largest Collection of Seeds and of the Best Variety. They give best results.

TEOSINTE (*Reana luxurians*). 6d. per oz., 3/6 per lb.

As a forage plant this is the greatest thing of the age, and for the warmer parts of the State is without an equal. In appearance it somewhat resembles Corn, but the leaves are much longer, broader and sweeter. It grows 12 feet high, producing a large number of shoots, which are thickly covered with heavy foliage. Eighty-five stalks have grown from one seed, and it produces 40 tons to the acre. Plant as you would Indian Corn. It never suffers in drought or rain. Three pounds of seed will plant an acre. See Illustration.



JOHNSON GRASS.

JOHNSON GRASS (*Sorghum Halepense*). Very scarce, 1/- to 1/6 lb.

This has now become a thoroughly popular variety. It is especially adapted for all tropical climates, as the roots penetrate the soil to a great depth. It is perennial, a rapid grower, very nutritious, being eagerly devoured by all kinds of stock. Comes early in the Summer, and grows until the frost cuts it down; stands the drought better than any grass, having long cane-like roots, which penetrate the soil for moisture; superior both as a grazing and hay grass, enriches the ground rather than exhausting it, as Timothy does; belonging to the Sorghum family, it contains much saccharine matter, which is an important factor in the food of stock. It will produce 4 to 6 tons of hay to the acre per annum, cutting 3 or 4 times; heavy fertilizing would produce greater results. Sow broadcast, with clean seed, at the rate of 20 lbs. to the acre, or seed in the chaff at the rate of 40 lbs. to the acre, and cover with a light brush, or sow just before a heavy rain, three good crops in the following season will be the result if the season is favourable.



FOUR GRAND MILLETS.

EGYPTIAN OR PEARL MILLET, 1/- per lb. This is one of the most wonderful forage plants that has ever been introduced. When the plant first comes up, the stems are prostrate, but assume an upright position when 2 feet long. Stock eat it with great avidity. It can be cut three or four times, sprouting readily and growing rapidly after each cutting. It is probably fully equal to Sweet Corn for fodder, and will yield five times the quantity on the same ground. We hope all our farmers will give it a trial. It should be sown in drills, dropping about two or three seeds 2 feet apart in the drill; the drills should be 3 feet apart, as plenty of room is required for its growth. 4 lbs. of seed are sufficient for an acre.

PENCELLARIA (African Millet)—A very valuable fodder plant, coming in early, growing to a height of 6 to 8 feet, much relished by all kinds of stock. Three or four cuttings may be made in the season in warm districts. Sow 6 to 8 lbs. to the acre, in the Spring, when all danger of frost is over. Makes excellent Hay. 1/- per lb.

HUNGARIAN MILLET, Colonial, 4d. per lb.; Imported, 6d. per lb. The plant grows to a height of from 2 to 3 feet, and stock eat it greedily,

they seem to prefer it to almost any grass. Sow 10 lbs. of seed per acre in drills, and from 20 to 25 lbs. broadcast. The larger seeding gives a finer stalk, and there is less loss in the crop. This plant also makes good green stuff for young stock, and no farm should be without a few acres of it. The abundance of green herbage it yields is remarkable, and we would strongly advise a trial of it. In Queensland, Hungarian Millet is grown as a hay crop.

JAPANESE MILLET, Japan Barn-Yard (*Panicum Crus-galli*).—Excellent for fodder; very productive. Exceedingly rapid growth, standing 6 to 8 feet high. When cut before flowering it starts again rapidly, and yields a second crop. Its drought-resisting qualities will also render it a valuable green food when pastures are short. This Millet will prove most desirable, being rich in milk-producing properties, and yields a much heavier crop than the grasses and clovers generally used. In the Government trials conducted last season by Dr. Howell, this variety proved a great success, and will this coming season be planted largely. Sow broadcast, 15 lbs. per acre; in drills (three feet apart), 8 to 10 lbs. per acre. Colonial seed, 6d. lb.; Imported American, 9d. lb. Cheaper in quantity.

BROWN DHOORA, or EGYPTIAN CORN—This is one of the grandest of all forage plants, and its nutritious properties should in no wise be under-estimated. It is a most natural food for cows and sheep, its stalks being eaten by them in a greedy manner, and the grain is a superior food for fowls; as good as wheat or barley for horses. It is of easy and simple culture, and when grown for grain should be planted in hills as Indian Corn. It has yielded 200 bushels of cleaned grain per acre. When grown for fodder, sow in drills from 2 to 3 feet apart; and bear in mind that it is one of the utmost value because of its certainty to produce heavy crops on poor dry soil. Sow 7 lbs. to the acre in drills. 9d. per lb.

DHOORA, or GUINEA CORN, 9d. per lb. Of South American origin, where it is very popular. Valuable as a forage plant and for grain, possessing great drought-resisting properties. It can be cut and fed at any stage, or cured, when heading out, for fodder. It bears grain in erect, full heads, and is equal to corn for feeding all sorts of stock; can be cut for green feed several times in a season. One acre will yield about 40 bushels of seed. Quantity required to sow an acre, 14 lbs.

BROOM CORN—Imported American Seed for Brooms. This plant has been largely cultivated in California and other parts of America for very many years, and is of great commercial value. Every housekeeper in the State wants a broom, and why should we not have them from our own soil. It, like all other millets (to which family it belongs), likes a good soil. It should be sown and managed like the common Sorghum Saccharatum, only having more space between the rows and the plants in the row, the object being to produce length of well-grown heads available for broom-making purposes. 14 lbs. of seed required to plant an acre.

Colonial Broom Corn, largely used for fodder, 3d. to 4d. per lb. Cheaper in quantity.

Imported American Seed for Brooms, 1s. per lb.

IMPEHE, PLANTER'S FRIEND, 4d. per lb. This is a variety of Sorghum, and requires the same treatment in cultivation. It does not produce so heavy a crop as the Sorghum Saccharatum, but it is much richer in saccharine matter, and consequently superior for feeding purposes. Sow in drills from September to December, about 3 feet apart, at the rate of 12 lbs. per acre; if broadcast on clean land, 18 lbs. will be required.

JERUSALEM CORN, 9d. per lb. This corn belongs to the non-saccharine Sorghums, and is one of the best and surest for dry countries and seasons. Grows about 3 feet high, with one large head on main stalk and several smaller heads on side shoots. The grains are white and nearly flat. 3 lbs. of seed will sow an acre.

UNDENDIBULE CORN, 6d. per lb. A very valuable fodder plant, giving an abundance of green feed per acre, greatly relished by horses and cattle. Quantity required to sow an acre, 10 to 14 lbs.

EARLY AMBER SUGAR CANE, 6d. lb. Its distinctive features are earliness, enormous yield of fodder, sugar, and syrup; it will thrive in and resist the severest drought, providing a never-failing supply of nutritious food for all kinds of stock, whilst its milk-producing and fattening qualities are positively unequalled. It attains a height of about 7 feet, and can be cut three or four times, growing very rapidly. If sown in drills, 7 lbs. per acre will be sufficient; if broadcast, 10 to 14 lbs.

EARLY ORANGE SUGAR CANE, 1s. lb. We have imported a stock of this variety, introduced by our American friends some years ago, and spoken of in the most glowing terms. It is similar in habit of growth to the Early Amber Sugar Cane, but said to produce a much heavier yield of fodder, and comes to maturity about ten days later. Sow in drills at the rate of 7 lbs. per acre, or 10 lbs. to 12 lbs. broadcast.

KAFFIR BRANCHING CORN, or SORGHUM, 9d. lb. A non-saccharine Sorghum, distinctly differing in habit of growth from all others of that class. The plant is low, perfectly erect, and does not stool from the root, but branches from the top joint, producing from two to four long heads of grain upon each stalk. The whole plant cures into excellent fodder, and in all stages of its growth is available for green feed, cattle and horses being equally fond of it. It has the quality common to all Sorghums of resisting drought. If checked by want of moisture, the plant waits for rain, and then at once resumes its growth. 10 lbs. sow an acre in drills.

SORGHUM SACCHARATUM, 6d. lb. Is an exceedingly useful forage plant, yielding a large amount of green feed during the Summer season when grass is very short and green feed is generally scarce; it is especially of service to dairy farmers, and its highly nutritious and saccharine qualities should recommend its culture to a much larger extent. Quantity required to sow an acre, 7 lbs. in drills, or 14 lbs. broadcast.

Hardwood Timber Trees of Australia.

PRICE: 6d. per packet,
or 5/- per dozen.

Seed of the Hardwood Timber Trees of Australia is now very largely exported to nearly every portion of the globe, and we are pleased to note a yearly increase in our foreign orders under this heading. The Eucalyptus family are acknowledged to be possessed of very useful qualities, and the timber produced from any of the varieties is of exceptional value for building, medicinal, and other purposes; and indeed is almost exclusively used in the States in connection with wooden structures where strength and durability are required. In America and India, varieties of Eucalyptus have been planted extensively for years past, and it is therefore not unreasonable to predict that in a few years large forests of Australian timber will be found in different parts of the world. Our supplies are annually collected by experienced Collectors, and may therefore be relied upon as perfectly fresh, and correctly named. We note a few of the most important species, but we can supply almost all varieties when required.

Acacia Baileyana (Cootamundra Wattle)—For description see page 86.

Acacia Decurrens (Black Wattle)—A medium-sized tree; its wood is used for staves, turner's wood handle, fuel, and many other purposes; bark very valuable for tanning. 6d. oz.; 4/- lb.

Acacia Dealbata (Silver Wattle)—This is distinguished from the Black Wattle by the silvery or rather ashy hue of its young foliage. The timber is very tough, much used by coopers, etc., and the bark is valuable for tanning. 6d. oz.; 6/- lb.

Acacia Pycnantha (Golden Wattle)—Attains a maximum height of about 30 ft., grows rapidly, and thrives in almost any soil; the wood, though not large, is used in the manufacture of handles, staves, and the bark is of equal value for tanning. 2/6 lb.

Acacia Melanoxylon (Blackwood)—The well-known Blackwood of Australia. In irrigated valleys of deep soil this tree will grow to a height of 80 feet. The wood is very valuable for furniture, boat building, casks, and other purposes. 6d. oz.; 5/- lb.

Casuarina Quadrivalvis (She Oak)—A valuable timber, very tough, and largely used in the manufacture of furniture. Cattle are fond of the foliage; indeed it is a "stand-by" to all kinds of stock in drought, branches being then lopped off for feed; also a good avenue tree. 2/- oz.; 15/- lb.

Casuarina Torulosa—Attains a height of 70 feet. The tough wood of this handsome tree is in demand for furniture work, as well as for staves and veneers, it is also one of the best for fuel. 2/- oz.; 17/6 lb.

Casuarina Glauca (Swamp Oak)—A tree of moderate height, usually straight and of rapid growth. Timber red, beautifully marked, hard and tough, used for cabinet work and staves; foliage used for feeding cattle. 2/- oz.; 17/6 lb.

Casuarina Suberosa (Black Oak)—A tree about 40 to 45 feet in height, valuable as a shade tree. Timber red, similar to C. Glauca, used for cabinet work and fuel. Grows on valley lands or on mountains. 2/- oz.; 17/6 lb.

Eucalyptus Amygdalina (Peppermint Gum)—This species yields more oil than any other hitherto tested, and therefore is largely chosen for distillation. It is also one of the best for subduing malaria in fever regions, although it does not grow with the same ease and rapidity as E. Globulus. The wood is well adapted for shingles, rails, planking, etc. 1/6 oz.; 15/- lb.

Eucalyptus Bicolor (Black Box)—A highly valued timber tree; it is equal to the best Ironbark for all purposes for which that wood is used, and is more easily wrought. 1/6 oz.; 17/6 lb.

Eucalyptus Botryoides (Bastard Mahogany)—Attains a height of 80 feet without a branch, and a diameter of 8 feet. The timber is usually sound to the centre, and is adapted for felloes, knees of boats, etc. It is being largely planted instead of Sugar Gum, on account of its earliness, and will stand the insect borer; makes a splendid shelter tree, and cannot be surpassed as a break-wind. 2/6 oz.; 20/- lb.

Eucalyptus Calophylla rosea—See page 86.

Eucalyptus Calophylla—Timber much used for rafters, spokes, and fence rails; also for handles and agricultural implements. The bark is valuable for tanning, as an admixture with Acacia bark. 2/6 oz.; 20/- lb.

Eucalyptus Corynocalyx (Sugar Gum)—The wood is remarkably heavy, very dense, hard and strong; in great request as fence-posts, railway sleepers, staves, and felloes. Its durability is attested by the fact that posts set in the ground for fifteen years showed no signs of decay. Sheep and cattle are attracted by its pleasant odorous foliage, and browse on the lower branches, as well as on saplings and seedlings. It should, therefore, be planted on cattle and sheep runs in arid districts, to furnish additional provender. 2/6 oz.; 30/- lb.

Eucalyptus Citriodora (Lemon-scented Gum)—A handsome slender tree with smooth white bark, supplying a useful timber. Its leaves yield a large supply of volatile oil, of excellent lemon-like fragrance. 2/6 oz.; 30/- lb.

Eucalyptus Cornuta (The Yate Tree)—A large tree of very rapid growth, attaining a height of 8 to 10 feet in the first year of its growth. The wood is used for various purposes, such as shafts, frames of carts, and other works requiring hardness, toughness and elasticity. Considered equal to ordinary Ash wood. 2/6 oz.; 30/- lb.

Eucalyptus Corymbosa (Bloodwood)—A very large tree; timber first-class for posts, piles and such like. It is extremely durable in the ground. 2/- per oz.; 20/- per lb.

Eucalyptus Crebra (Narrow-leaved Ironbark)—The wood is reddish, hard, heavy, elastic, and very durable; much used for railway sleepers, piles, fence-posts, etc. 2/6 per oz.; 20/- per lb.

Eucalyptus Diversicolor (Karri-Gum)—A colossal tree, exceptionally reaching the height of 400 feet, with a proportionate girth of the stem. Furnishes good timber for building, masts, shafts, spokes, felloes, fence-rails, etc. Widths of timber as much as 12 feet can be obtained. 2/6 per oz.; 30/- per lb.

Eucalyptus Eugenoides—Timber useful for fencing and building purposes. Rails in use for 40 years can be re-used for new posts. 1/6 per oz.; 15/- per lb.

Eucalyptus Ficifolia (Crimson flowered Gum)—For description see page 86. 1/- per packet; 25/- to 30/- oz.

Eucalyptus Globulus (Blue Gum)—A very rapid-growing tree, making valuable timber; extensively used in the construction of wooden buildings, fencing, telegraph poles, railway sleepers, and a variety of other purposes. 1/6 per oz.; 15/- to 17/6 per lb.

Eucalyptus Gomphocephala (The Tooart of South-western Australia)—One of the strongest woods known, and is particularly valuable in ship building, supports for bridges, dock gates, and wheelwrights' work. 2/6 per oz.; 30/- to 35/- per lb.

Eucalyptus Leucoxylon Rosea—For description see page 86. 1/- pkt.; 3/6 oz.; 30/- lb.



Eucalyptus Goniocalyx (New South Wales Blue Gum)—A fine timber, largely used for fencing and building. 1/6 per oz.; 15/- lb.

Eucalyptus Gunnii (Tasmanian Cedar Gum)—One of the hardest gums in cultivation. It is a bushy tree, only attaining a height of about 30 feet. 2/- oz.; 20/- per lb.

Eucalyptus Hæmastoma (White Gum of New South Wales)—Yields gum resin largely, also one of the best for fuel. 1/6 per oz.; 17/6 per lb.

Eucalyptus Hemiphloia (Common Box)—A timber tree of great excellence, famous for the hardness and toughness of its timber, which is largely used for telegraph poles, shafts, spokes, plough beams, etc. 2/- per oz.; 17/6 per lb.

Eucalyptus Leucoxylon (Ironbark Gum)—The timber is much prized for its durability; possessing great strength and hardness; much recommended for railway sleepers and underground work. 2/6 per oz.; 25/- per lb.

Eucalyptus Longifolia (Woollybutt)—Under favourable circumstances will grow to a height of 200 feet, the stem attaining a great girth. There is not a tree known that possesses more useful timber. 2/- per oz.; 16/- per lb.

Eucalyptus Lehmanni—Most useful for shelter purposes, growing about 15 feet high, with fine spreading branches; hardy, very beautiful sight when in flower, giant green flowers being from 5 to 6 inches across. 2/6 oz.; 30/- lb.

Eucalyptus Macrorrhyncha—The common Stringy-bark tree of Victoria. This tree attains a height of 120 feet, and its timber is chiefly used for joists, knees of boats, fence-rails, and rough building purposes, also extensively for fuel. 1/6 per oz.; 15/- per lb.

HARDWOOD TIMBER TREES—(continued).

Eucalyptus Marginata (Jarrah Gum)—Famed for its indestructible wood, and known as the Mahogany Tree. It is invaluable for heavy structures, such as piles for jetties, bridges, railway sleepers, etc. Samples of this timber have been known to be used in the construction of the jetty at Freemantle over 50 years ago without showing the slightest sign of decay. 2/6 per oz.; 30/- per lb.

Eucalyptus Meliodora (Yellow Box Tree)—Grows to a height of 120 feet, spreading habit of growth and stout stem. Its wood is much esteemed for wheelwrights' and artisans' work, in shipbuilding, and supplies excellent fuel. The young trees are used for telegraph poles. 2/- oz.; 17/6 lb.

Eucalyptus Regnans (Mountain Ash of Victoria)—This gum is only a form of *E. Amygdalina*. The timber is well adapted for shingles, staves, rails, etc. 2/- oz.; 25/- lb.

Eucalyptus Muelleriana (Yellow Stringy Bark of Gippsland)—The wood is very clear in the grain, very durable, and largely used for splitting and sawing. It is said that fencing posts of this variety have lasted for upwards of 20 years. 2/- oz.; 25/- lb.

Eucalyptus Obliqua (Messmate or Stringybark)—Extensively used for fencing, palings, shingles, and other rough woodwork. 1/6 oz.; 15/- lb.

Eucalyptus Obtusifolia (Yellow Blackbutt)—Remarkably quick grower, attaining a height of 150 feet; timber soft and easily worked, and of a yellow tint. 2/- oz.; 15/- lb.

Eucalyptus Pauciflora (White, Drooping or Swamp Gumtree)—A tree of handsome appearance, growing to large size. Horses, cattle and sheep browse readily on the foliage. The timber is used for ordinary building and fencing purposes. 2/- oz.; 15/- lb.

Eucalyptus Paniculata (Red Ironbark of New South Wales)—This variety furnishes a very durable and lasting wood, excellent for railway sleepers, building and fencing. It thrives well in the coastal districts of Natal. 2/6 oz.; 20/- lb.

Eucalyptus Piperita (White Stringybark)—Grows to a considerable height; largely used for rough bushwork, palings, shingles, etc. The foliage is rich in volatile oil. 1/6 oz.; 15/- lb.

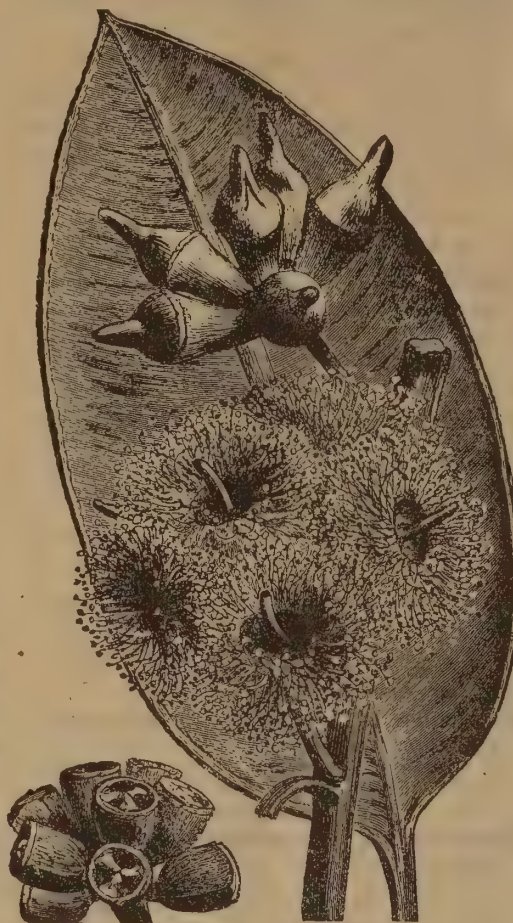
Eucalyptus Punctata (Leather Jacket or Hickory Gum of New South Wales)—A beautiful tree, attaining a height of 100 feet or more, of quick growth, thriving even in poor soil. The wood is hard, tough, and very durable, useful for wheelwrights' work, railway sleepers, shipbuilding, etc. 2/- oz.; 15/- lb.

Eucalyptus Polyanthema (Australian Beech)—Extremely hard and lasting timber; in great demand for mining purposes. 2/- oz.; 20/- lb.

Eucalyptus Pilularis (Blackbutt)—Wood like Stringybark, and used for similar purposes. Small spars of this species are used for shipping; it is almost the only Eucalyptus that is used for this purpose. 1/6 oz.; 15/- lb.

Eucalyptus Robusta (Swamp Mahogany)—The wood is remarkably durable, reckoned a fairly good timber for joists, also used for shipbuilding, wheelwrights' work, and many implements—for instance, such as mallets. 2/- oz.; 15/- lb.

Eucalyptus Saligna (Weeping Gum)—The wood, employed for rails, will last a lifetime, largely used for building purposes. The tree grows to a height of 150 feet, with a basal girth of 26 feet. 2/- oz.; 17/6 lb.



EUCALYPTUS ROBUSTA.

Eucalyptus Rostrata (Red Gum)—This timber is one of the most highly esteemed in all Australia, being heavy, hard, strong and durable—either above, underground, or in water; used in the construction of bridges, it has been found in a good state of preservation after 20 years. Our city and suburban streets, comparing with any country in the world, are laid down in wooden blocks of this variety. 1/6 oz.; 15/- lb.

Eucalyptus Resinifera (Red Mahogany of New South Wales)—A superior timber tree of large size. Wood much prized for its strength and durability, and has proved one of the best adapted for a tropical climate; it grew 43 feet in 10 years at Lucknow, India. 2/- oz.; 17/6 lb.

Eucalyptus Siberiana (Tasmanian Ironbark or Gumtop)—A straight-stemmed, quick-growing tree. The wood is of excellent quality, splits freely, and is easy to work. 2/- oz.; 20/- lb.

Eucalyptus Stuartiana (Applescented Gum)—A medium sized tree with fibrous bark and drooping branches; foliage copious. The timber is mostly used for fencing and for fuel. 1/6 oz.; 15/- lb.

Eucalyptus Siderophloia (Dark or Broad-leaved Ironbark)—The most valuable wood for piles, girders, railway sleepers, and for every purpose in which strength and durability are required: even shingles of 3/4-inch thickness have been known to last sound on roofs for 40 years, and is used for a great number of purposes—spokes shafts, poles, frames—by wheelwrights, the best telegraph posts, fencing of all kinds, and none are equal to it for cogs in mill work. It is superior to most as fuel for steam engines, as it throws off more heat, etc., etc. 2/- oz.; 20/- lb.

Eucalyptus Viminalis (Manna Gum Tree)—In rich soil this tree will attain gigantic dimensions, rising to a height of rather more than 300 feet, with a stem occasionally to 15 feet in diameter. The wood is light coloured, clear, and though not so strong as many other varieties of Eucalyptus, is frequently employed for shingles, fence rails, and ordinary building purposes. 1/6 oz.; 15/- lb.

Grevillea Robusta (Silky Oak)—Indigenous to the sub-tropical part of Australia, of rapid growth, and resisting drought in a remarkable degree, hence one of the most eligible trees for desert culture. The wood is elastic and durable, valued particularly for staves and casks. It flowers profusely and is much admired. 2/6 oz.; 25/- to 30/- lb.

Australian Flowering Shrubs and Tree Seeds.

Acacia Baileyana (Cootamundra Wattle)—One of the handsomest of all Wattles, pretty yellow flowers, silver-leaved. Excellent for cutting; worthy a place in every garden. 1/- oz.; 8/- lb.

Acacia Sorts—(See Tree Seeds).

Boronia megastigma (Sweet-scented Boronia)—A beautiful little plant; flowers a coppery colour, with a most powerful lemon and violet scent.

Brachychiton acerifolium (Flame Tree)—A very ornamental tree.

Clianthus Dampieri (Sturt's Desert Pea)—Probably the finest of our native flowers. No description can do justice to it. It is comparatively easy of cultivation, requiring a light sandy soil and plenty of heat to bring out its flowers in their highest beauty.

Clianthus puniceus (Glory Pea) } Splendid flowering shrubs.
 „ „ (Alba) }

Cordyline Australis—Greatly used for decoration purposes.

Doryanthes Palmeri (Queensland Spear Lily)—Producing large spikes of red flowers; spikes often three feet long.

Elæocarpus cyaneus (Victorian Olive Tree)—Producing berries of bright blue colour.

Eriostemon nerifolium—Starry white flowers, sweet-scented; pretty free-flowering shrub.

Eucalyptus calophylla rosea—A beautiful scarce variety; flowers pink. 1/- packet.

Eucalyptus citriodora (The Lemon-scented Gum)—A fine ornamental tree, with lemon-scented leaves.

Eucalyptus ficifolia (Crimson-flowered Gum)—A handsome variety, attaining a height of from 20 to 30 feet. It produces magnificent trusses of bright crimson flowers, which are thrown well above the foliage. Splendid for the shrubbery. 1/- packet.

Eucalyptus leucoxylon rosea—This very handsome gum grows only about 10 feet, bears a great quantity of splendid pink flowers; the bark, is white, and quite smooth, 1/- pkt.

6d. per packet; 5/- per dozen.
 Except where otherwise priced.

Ficus Australis (Native Banyan Tree).

„ **macrophylla (Moreton Bay Fig).**

Grevillea Robusta (Silky Oak)—A lovely shrub for parks and avenues.

Grevillea Hilli—A beautiful shrub, with spikes of long white flowers. 1/- packet.

Hakea Eucalyptoides (Cushion Flower).

Humea Elegans—Very elegant plant; sweet-scented. 1/- packet.

Kennedya nigricans

„ **(The Black Flower)** } Handsome
 „ **rubicunda** } climbers. For
 „ **(Bean Climber)** } description see
 „ **macrophylla** } General List of
 „ **ovata alba** } Flower Seeds.

Swansonia Alba } Handsome clusters
 „ **(Darling Pea)** } of

Swansonia mixed } pea-shaped flowers

Pittosporum undulatum (Victorian Laurel)

Sweet-scented shrub.

Pittosporum Tobira—Very pretty shrub.

Telopea speciosissima (N.S.W. Waratah).

Tecoma Smithi—Handsome flowers, orange.

Law, Somner & Co. "Tip Top" Seeds

CONIFEROUS AND OTHER TREE SEEDS.

We take every precaution, in the selection of Tree Seeds, to procure only such as are likely to give satisfactory results; and of the current year's saving; but we wish to caution buyers that there is always a certain proportion of the seed dead from a variety of causes—principally from being gathered in an immature state—so that we cannot ensure success. Customers, may, however, rely on our endeavouring to secure in the future the same success as has followed our efforts in this department in former years.

To those who have little or no experience in raising Tree Seeds the following suggestions are given:—Most failures from Tree Seeds arise from not sowing in partial shade. If hot bursts of sun come on the seed beds while the seeds are swelling, and cold follows, many of them are liable to decay before they appear above the surface. For raising trees on an extensive scale, many use artificial arbours, tall enough to work under. For smaller lots, brushwood or a thin shade of canvas on a skeleton frame is necessary. Where birds are destructive, lattice frames are used to cover the bed. There are many kinds of seeds which, in the hands of experienced cultivators, need no shade; but to all persons of limited knowledge we would advise the shading of every variety.

6d. per packet. Price per lb. on application.

Plants also supplied.

	per oz.	s.	d.
Abies alba (White Spruce) ..	3	6	
„ Douglassi (Silver Fir) ..	2	6	
„ excelsa (Norway Spruce) ..	2	6	
„ Menziesii (Menzies' Spruce) ..	3	6	
„ nigra (Black Spruce) ..	4	0	
„ canadensis (Hemlock Spruce) ..	3	6	
Arbutus Menziesii ..	4	0	
„ unedo (Irish Strawberry Tree) ..	1	6	
Acer campestre (English Maple) ..	1	6	
Ailanthus glandulosa ..	1	0	
Cedrus Atlantica (argentea), (Silver Cedar) ..	2	0	
Cedrus deodora (Indian Cedar) ..	2	0	
„ Lebani (Cedar of Lebanon) ..	2	0	
Ceratonia siliqua (Carob Bean) ..	1	0	
Cryptomeria Japonica (Japan Cedar) ..	1	6	
„ Lobbi ..	2	0	
Cupressus funebris (Funeral Cypress) ..	2	0	
„ Goveniana ..	2	0	
„ Lawsoniana ..	2	0	
„ macrocarpa ..	1	6	
„ torulosa ..	2	0	
„ glauca pendula ..	2	0	
Fraxinus excelsior (English Ash) ..	1	6	
Jacaranda mimosæfolia in pods ..	0	6	

	per oz.	s.	d.
Juniperus Sabina ..	2	0	
„ Virginian (Red Cedar of America) ..	2	6	
Juniperus oxycedrus ..	3	0	
„ Bermudiana (Pencil Cedar) ..	2	6	
„ excelsa ..	2	0	
Larix Europæa (Larch) ..	0	9	
Libocedrus decurrens ..	4	0	
Melia azedarach ..	1	0	
Picea balsamea (Abies), (Balm of Gilead Fir) ..	2	0	
Picea Nordmanniana (Abies) ..	2	6	
„ orientalis ..	2	6	
Pinus Austriaca (Black Austrian Pine) ..	1	0	
„ amabilis ..	5	0	
„ Benthamiana ..	3	0	
„ canariensis (Canary Island Pine) ..	2	0	
„ concolor (The Great White Silver Fir) ..	4	0	
Pinus contorta ..	7	6	
„ Coulteri ..	4	0	
„ excelsa (Bhotan Pine of India) ..	2	6	
„ grandis (Yellow Fir) ..	4	0	
„ Halapensis (Aleppo Pine) ..	1	0	
„ insignis (Californian Pine) ..	1	6	

	per oz.	s.	d.
Pinus Jeffreyi ..	4	0	
„ Lambertiana (Sugar Pine) ..	3	0	
„ laricio (Corsican Pine) ..	1	6	
„ maritima (Pinaster), (Maritime Pine) ..	1	0	
Pinus muricata ..	4	0	
„ monticola ..	6	0	
„ pinea (Stone Pine) ..	1	0	
„ ponderosa (Yellow Pitch Pine) ..	2	0	
„ rigida (Pitch Pine) ..	3	0	
„ Sabiniana (Nut or White Pine) ..	2	0	
„ strobus (Weymouth Pine) ..	1	6	
„ sylvestris (Scotch Fir) ..	1	0	
„ Torreyana ..	3	6	
„ tuberculata (The Knob-coned Pine) ..	3	6	
Quercus robur (English Oak) ..	2	6	
Sequoia sempervirens ..	2	0	
Schinus Molle (Pepper Tree) ..	1	6	
Syncarpia laurifolia ..	2	6	
Thuja aurea (Biota) ..	2	0	
„ orientalis (Biota) ..	2	0	
Ulmus campestris (English Elm) ..	1	6	
Wellingtonia gigantea (The Mammoth Tree of California) ..	7	6	

Any variety not mentioned here will be supplied at current rates, if obtainable.

POULTRY, CATTLE AND DOG SUNDRIES.

"TIP TOP" (registered) CHICKEN MEAL.

Once used—
always used.

The preparation contains fifteen separate ingredients, all suitable for Chickens, etc., free from all must, keeping the birds in perfect health, and assisting the growth wonderfully. All ready for use. The preparation is from a recipe of an old breeder, who tried many brands, but could find none to equal this Mixture for strengthening the chicks, assisting growth, and keeping them healthy. 2 lb. bag, 6d.; 4 lb. Bag, 1/-; carriage extra.

BRINSMEAD'S HANDY TONIC FOR FOWLS.

Will keep your fowls from disease and increase the flow of Eggs. Use daily when moulting and in hot weather; in cold weather, twice a week. Sold in bottles, 1/-; ½-gallon tins, 3/-; gallon tins, 5/-

MERVAL. The Great Health Restorer for Fowls, Pigeons, Ducks, Geese, Turkeys, etc. Gives great lustre to the plumage. Keeps all stock in perfect health and condition. Directions on each tin. 1/6 per tin.

WATER-GLASS SOLUTION.

For Preserving Eggs. Preserve your eggs when plentiful. In bottles, price 1/-, preserves 15 dozen eggs, or a kerosene tinful. (Too heavy for post, can only be sent per rail or coach, packing 4d. extra). Half-gallon tins, 2/-, preserves 50 dozen eggs; gallon tins, price 3/-, preserves 100 dozen eggs; 5-gallon drums, price 12/6, preserves 500 dozen.

ARMSTRONG'S POULTRY SPICE.

Prevents and Cures Diseases in Poultry. Improves the Birds, and increases the Egg Supply. Recommended for Pigeons, Canaries, and Domestic Birds. Full particulars on each tin. Price, 1/- and 2/- each.

SIMPSON'S PREPARATIONS

For the Prevention and Cure of the Ailments of Live Stock.

Horse Compound—A high-class Tonic and invigorating, unequalled for conditioning horses. In tins, 1½ lbs., 1/- each; 4 lbs., 2/6 each.

Cattle Compound—Improves quality and quantity of milk. In tins, 1½ lbs., 1/- each; 4 lbs., 2/6 each.

Poultry Compound—A valuable preparation for keeping Poultry in health and profit. In tins, 1½ lbs., 1/- each; 4 lbs., 2/6 each.

"SALVITIS PROPRIETARIES."

Cattle Salvitis—Absolutely unequalled for keeping Dairy Cattle in health and profit. In tins, 1 lb., 1/-; 2½ lbs., 2/-; 8 lbs., 5/-; 20 lbs., 10/-; 50 lb. cases, 20/-

Horse Compound Salvitis—Matchless for maintaining Horses in health, strength, and vigor. In tins, 1 lb., 1/-; 2½ lbs., 2/-; 8 lbs., 5/-; 20 lbs., 10/-; 50 lb. cases, 20/-

Poultry Salvitis—Keeps Poultry healthy and profitable. In tins, 1 lb., 1/-; 8 lbs., 5/-; 20 lbs., 10/-

SINGER'S EGG-PRODUCER

A SPLENDID POULTRY TONIC

Scientifically prepared and guaranteed to produce eggs when everything else fails. A trial will convince you that it pays to use this preparation.

Sold in packets, 1/- and 1/6; tins, 5/- and 8/-

LAW, SOMNER & CO., Seed & Plant Merchants, 139-143 Swanston St.



Law, Somner & Co. "Tip Top" Seeds

BUDDING, PRUNING AND GRAFTING KNIVES.

PRUNING—Per Post, 3d. extra.

BUDDING—Post Free.

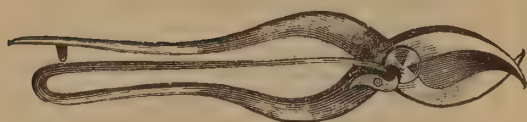
PRUNING—Per Post, 3d. extra.



938	186	197	195½	186½	187	195	312SB	324	325	314	BL	325½	204	207	194	312	196	166	192	188	191
4/-	4/-	4/-	4/-	3/6	3/6	4/-	3/6	3/6	3/9	3/6	3/9	5/-	3/9	4/-	4/-	3/6	4/6	2/6	3/6	3/9	4/-
			43½	812½	543					3NB	204B	207B					812C		812P	303	
			2/6	3/-	3/-					3/6	5/-	5/-					3/-		3/-	3/6	

B means Brass Capped near Blade, and are unequalled for strength.

SECCATEURS FOR PRUNING.



French, guaranteed made by Aubert's successors in France, double cut, improved springs.
8½-inch, 6/6; 9½-inch, 7/6 each.

Aubert's—232, 9½ inch, 6/6 pair.

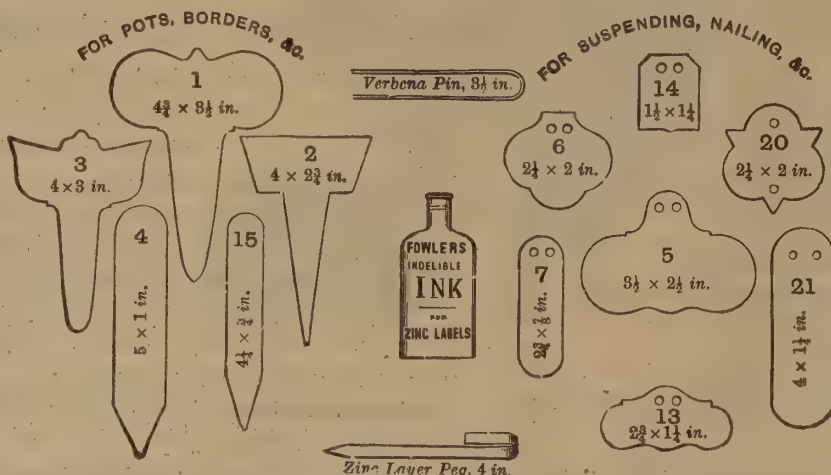
Ladies' size—6½ inch, 4/- pair; 7½ inch, 4/6 pair.

MAG, French Patent—7½ inch, 3/6; 8½ inch, 4/-; 9½ inch, 5/-

PRICE PER
100.

ZINC PLANT AND TREE LABELS, &c.

No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	13	14	15	20	21
S.	5	4	4	4	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
D.	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	6	0	0	6	0



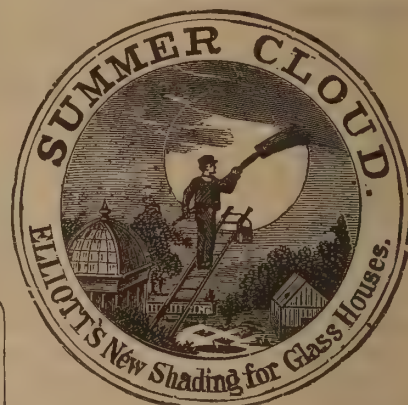
INK FOR WRITING ON ZINC LABELS, per bottle, 9d. and 1/3 each.

Chandler's Patent Indestructible Copper Metal Plant and Tree Labels.



For Plants, Trees and Pots. Wired Ready for Use.

These Labels are made of prepared copper, extremely thin and pliable, and are easily written with a lead pencil or pointed stick, pressing rather heavily. The inscription thus made is ineffaceable and imperishable, that after the Label has been in use for a length of time it can be thoroughly cleaned and brightened by simply putting into a hot fire. A little white lead rubbed over after the name is written, and wiped off the same with a piece of rag, will make the name show out very plain. Long, with copper wire fasteners, 2/- per box of 30 Labels; posted, 2/3. No. 4 Round, 1/6 per dozen; posted, 1/8. No. 3 Long, 1/3 per dozen; posted, 1/8.



A first-class preparation for shading Green-houses, Conservatories, and all glass surfaces.

Sold in packets, with full directions, 1/6 each; posted, 1/11.



WOODEN GARDEN LABELS.

(In Bundles of 100 each.)

4-inch	1/-	8-inch	2/6
5 "	1/3	10 "	3/-
6 "	1/6	12 "	3/6
7 "	2/-	15 "	6/-

Indelible Pencils, for writing on same, 4d. and 6d. each.

IMPORTED FRUIT TREE LABELS.

Waterproof, No. 3, best quality, 1/- 100, 7/6 per 1000.

" " square cut, 1/- 100, 6/6 per 1000.

Manilla, " 1/- 100, 6/- per 1000.

Indelible Pencils, for writing on same, 4d. and 6d. each.



139-141 Swanston Street, Melbourne



GENERAL NURSERY DEPARTMENT

ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS, CONIFERS, AZALEAS, ROSES,
PALMS, PELARGONIUMS, GREENHOUSE PLANTS, ETC.

We have much pleasure in offering the following List of Plants which have been carefully selected from a great number which have been tested by us, and we have no hesitation in stating that they will, one and all, be found of sterling merit.

AQUATIC PLANTS.

1/- to 15/- each, according to variety.

AZALEAS.

The Azalea is one of the most handsome Spring-flowering shrubs; it is easy of cultivation, either in pots or in the open ground. The flowers are large, and vary in colour from pure white to dark rosy purple, producing a gorgeous display of bloom during the Spring months. 1/6 to 2/6 each, according to size; 15/- to 24/- per doz.

BOUVARDIAS.

These are profuse blooming, dwarf-growing plants, producing their flowers during Summer and Autumn. For cutting purposes their value cannot be overestimated. Some of the varieties are highly perfumed, which adds an additional charm to their character. They are of easy culture, and succeed in any good garden soil. A good supply of water in dry weather will be of much benefit to them, and tend to prolong their blooming till late Autumn.

Price, 1/- to 1/6 each; or 12/- to 15/- per doz.

ALFRED NEUNER.—Double, white, occasionally shaded with light rose.
BEAUTY OF BRISBANE.—This magnificent variety is a snow-white sport from the well-known Bouvardia, Priory Beauty.
BEAUTY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—Creamy white, base of petals flesh coloured.
BOCKII.—Deep coral pink, white throat.
CANDIDISSIMA.—Pure white; habit dwarf.
CONSPICUA.—Mauve pink, pure white throat.
DAZZLER.—Rich scarlet; fine showy variety.
ELEGANS.—Vermilion scarlet, rich and bright.
ETNA.—A variety producing large double flowers of a reddish vermilion colour.
FLAVESCENS.—Pale yellow.
FLAVESCENS FLORA PLENA.—Pale yellow.
HOGARTHI FL. PL.—Of a bright red colour, very double, and prettily imbricated.
HOGARTHI.—Robust, producing large clusters of scarlet flowers.
HUMBOLDTII.—Pure white, large, fragrant.
HUMBOLDTII CORYMBIFLORA.—Flowers large, pure white; very fragrant; charming.
HUMBOLDTII MAGNIFICA.—Large, pure white, sweetly-scented, very fine.
JACQUINÆFLORA.—Bright scarlet.
LUTEOLA PLENA.—Double, pale yellow.
LEINANTHA SPLENDENS.—Bright scarlet.
MAIDEN'S BLUSH.—Bright pink; free grower.
PRESIDENT CLEVELAND.—Bright crimson scarlet; habit compact; free bloomer.
PRESIDENT GARFIELD.—Fine large trusses of charming double flowers of a pretty pink.
PRIORY BEAUTY.—Of a beautiful shade of pale satin rose.
THE BRIDE.—Pure white, often shaded pink.
TRIPHYLLA.—Scarlet, hardy.
UNIQUE.—Rosy pink, with white throat.
V. LEMOINE.—Fine imbricated double flowers, of a fiery scarlet colour.
WHITE BOUQUET.—White, of compact habit.

BORONIAS.

MEGASTIGMA.—The well-known brown-flowered variety. 1/- to 3/6, according to size.
ELATIOR.—The pink-flowering variety. 1/6.
PINNATA.—A splendid red-flowered, sweet-scented variety. 1/- to 2/6, according to size.

CAMELLIAS.

In great variety, 2/6, 3/6, 5/- each.

CANNAS.

1/- to 1/6 each; 6/-, 9/-, 12/-, to 15/- per doz.
Our own selection.

CARNATIONS, PICOTEEES, and PINKS.

For New Varieties, see coloured pages.

Our Tip-Top Collection of Twelve distinct Carnations packed for 12/-

1/- to 1/6 each; 10/- to 15/- per doz.

ADA CROSSLEY.—Heliotrope pink, shaded; flowers very large and distinct.
ADAMANT.—Bright apricot ground, marked rich orange; good form and large flower.
ALMA.—Cerise pink, American type, large flower, non-burster; good Winter bloomer.
ALOHA.—Yellow, richly marked with pink; good.
APRICOT GIANT.—Immense flower, with apricot shades.
AVALANCHE.—Pure white, of largest size, and of free flowering habit.
CORANGAMITE.—Rich crimson, good form, perpetual.
CYMBELINE.—White ground, striped crimson purple; very large, free flowering.
ECILA.—White ground, pencilled with heliotrope, smooth edge, extra large, non-splitting blooms; new.
ENCHANTRESS.—Considered to be the best American variety; delicate flesh pink, long stiff stems; blooms extra large, do not split.
ETHEL CROCKER (American).—Clear bright pink, free bloomer.
EVANGELINE.—Apricot, barred with rose; a good variety; free, non-burster.
FAIR MAID.—Flesh pink; new American variety; large blooms, deeply serrated, never burst; very free.
F. S. BRYANT.—White, pencilled and flaked with bright scarlet; a most distinct and charming flower.
FLORA HILL (American).—White, very free; good Winter variety.
FORTUNATUS.—Orange buff ground, flaked and edged scarlet, very large; a great favourite.
GEORGE FITZSIMMONS.—Very dark crimson, large flower, of good form.
GLADYS COTTELL.—Deep buff and orange, edged and striped with purple and carmine.
HARLOWARDEN (American).—Deep crimson; large flowers, which do not burst, on long stems.
HENRY PLUMRIDGE.—Very dark crimson; free flowering and good.
HIGHLANDER.—Bright rose, flaked with dark maroon.
INCOMPARABLE.—Buff ground, edged scarlet; very pretty.
INO.—Pink, richly marked with scarlet; fringed, large.
JEAN.—Cerise red; a sport from Jessie Moody; splendid shape.
JUANITA (American).—Cerise pink, large bloom, very free.

KATHLEEN SHELTON.—The best all-round scarlet perpetual.

LADY BRASSEY.—Pale yellow, faintly marked with pink; a beautiful flower, very large.

LEURA.—Deep yellow, marked crimson; good form.

LOLA.—Fawn ground, spotted and edged with bright red; taken many prizes.

MARQUIS OF LORNE.—Deep crimson; flowers very large.

MENINGIE.—White ground, closely marked terra cotta, smooth edge; new.

MISS A. BOWLEY.—Delicate pink, shading to white; very distinct; good variety for cutting.

MISS MAIDIE BURY.—Rosy pink, smooth edge, extra large; one of the best.

MISS JESSIE MOODY.—White ground, heavy carmine markings; full sized flowers, smooth edge, non-burster, and thoroughly perpetual; extra good.

MRS. HOLTON.—White, smooth edge; good shape.

MRS. SHAW.—One of the best yellow ground Carnations; yellow, pencilled and edged with scarlet.

MRS. THOS. W. LAWSON (American).—The famous 30,000 dollar Carnation; deep rose pink, very robust in growth, blooms extra large and good shape.

MRS. WALKER.—Bright pink, clouded with slate; non-burster.

MONTANA.—Bright pink, large, non-burster; champion decorative Carnation, 1908 show.

NEPEAN.—Rich yellow, closely marked with coppery red.

PASADENA (American).—Pure white, densely marked scarlet; very free.

PEACH BLOSSOM.—Deep pink, edged with white; a favourite.

PERU (American).—Pure white self, good form, and thoroughly perpetual; a good variety for cut flowers.

PRIDE OF PENSURST.—Still the best yellow perpetual.

PRINCESS ALICE.—White, marked bright red; very free.

PRINCESS.—Salmon, edged with white; distinct, perpetual.

PROSPERITY (American).—White, sometimes shaded with pink; immense flower; non-burster.

PURPLE BEAUTY.—Bright purple, good form, and very free.

PSYCHE.—Flesh pink; large, good.

RAVENSWOOD.—Yellow ground, marked purple; distinct; one of the best.

SOUVENIR DE SIR HENRY AYRES.—Crimson, marked purple, smooth edge; English perpetual.

TARTAN (Smith).—Scarlet, marked purple and maroon; good.

TANNER'S SCARLET.—Good scarlet, perpetual, large, fine shape.

TOMMY ATKINS.—Red, flaked with chocolate; good form, very large; a favourite.

TROJAN.—White, smooth edge, good, large flower.

WHITE CLIPPER.—Pure white perpetual; an old favourite.

ZOUAVE.—Red, mottled with white, large, good shape.

ZELAH.—Crimson, heavily marked chocolate, smooth edge, large, good calyx.

PINKS.—Several Choice Varieties.
Price, 9d. each; 6/- per doz.

PICOTEEES.—All the best in cultivation.
Price, 1/- each; 10/- per doz.



Law, Somner & Co. "Tip Top" Plants



CLIMBING & TWINING PLANTS.

HARDY, EVERGREEN, AND DECIDUOUS.
e, Evergreen. d, Deciduous.

12/- and 15/- per doz. Our own selection.

AKEBIA, E. QUINTATA.—Lilac and pink. 1/6.
AMPELOPSIS, D. HEDERACEA.—Virginian Creeper. 1/- each.

D. Hederacea Tricuspidata. 1/- each.

D. Hederacea Veitchii. 1/- each.

D. Veitchii Purpurea. 1/- each.

E. Sempervirens.—A very pretty distinct evergreen species; dark green digitate leaves. 1/- each.

Beautiful fast growing climbers; leaves become as a bright red in Autumn.

ASPARAGUS, PLUMOSA.—A fine hardy climber for fences, verandahs, etc. Well known as the Asparagus Fern. 1/6 to 3/6.

Tenuissimus.—Foliage fine and feathery. 1/- to 2/- each.

Sprengeri.—This variety makes a splendid plant on rock work, etc.; a drooping, graceful habit. 1/- to 2/6.

BIGNONIA, E. CHIRIRE.—Crimson. 2/- each.

E. Lindleyana.—Lilac. 1/6 each.

E. Tweediana.—Yellow. 1/6 each.

Beautiful Climbers, with trumpet-shaped flowers. (See also Tecoma).

BOUGAINVILLEA, E. BRAZILIENSIS. 1/6.

E. Glabra.—Dark magenta. 1/6 each.

E. Magnifica, variety Traili.—Bright purple, flowers produced in great profusion. 2/-.

E. Refulgens.—Most brilliant purple mauve imaginable, produced in long and pendulous racemes. 2/- each.

E. Spectabilis.—Magenta. 1/6 each.

CAMPESIDIUM, E. FILICIFOLIUM.—Handsome, resembling Tecoma Australis. 1/6 each.

CLEMATIS.—Of sorts. 2/- to 2/6 each.

COBEEA, E. SCANDENS.—Purple. 1/- each.

E. Scandens Alba.—White. 1/6 each.

DOLICHOS, E. LIGNOSUS. 1/- each.

E. Lignosus Alba.—White. 1/- each.

ECCREMOCARPUS Calampelis (Scaber).

Orange, very handsome. 1/6 each.

FICUS, E. STIPULATA (Repens). 1/- each.

GELSIMUM, E. SEMPERVIRENS.—Yellow. 1/- each.

HARDENBERGIA, E. LINDLEYANA.—Dark blue, very fine. 1/6.

(See also Evergreen Shrubs.)

Free flowering, showy, and hardy climbers for exposed positions.

HEDERA (The Ivy).—Many varieties. 1/- to 1/6.

HOYA, E. CARNOSA.—Flesh coloured (Wax Plant). 1/6 each.

E. Carnosa Variegata.—Beautiful silver variegated foliage. 2/- each.

IPOMEEA, E. LEARI.—Blue. 1/- each.

A fine hardy climber, producing large, deep blue flowers, like Convolvulus.

JASMINUM, E.—In varieties. 1/- and 1/6.

KENNEDYA, E. Bexiana.—Scarlet, with green throat. 2/- each.

E. Nigricans.—Black and yellow. 1/- each.

E. Rubicunda.—Red. 1/- each.

LAPAGERIA, E. ALBA. 21/- each.

E. Rosea.—7/6 to 10/6 each.

A most beautiful flowering climber, having large bell-shaped flowers; requiring a cool, shady situation.

LATHYRUS, Latifolius.—Everlasting Pea; pink, 1/-; Alba, white, 1/- each.

Pink Beauty.—A lovely pink-flowered variety of the well-known perennial Sweet Pea, which must become popular. 1/6 each.

Pubescens, New.—A delightful azure blue; one of the best. 1/-.

LONICERA.—E. Caprifolium (English Honeysuckle). 1/- each.

E. Confusa.—Creamy white. 1/- each.

E. Japonica.—White. 1/- each.

E. Pulcherrima. 1/6 each.

E. Sinensi (Chinese Honeysuckle).—White. 1/- each.

The Loniceras (or Honeysuckle).—Noted for their deliciously perfumed flowers and fast growing habit

LOPHOSPERMUM, E. SCANDENS.—Pink. 1/6

MANDEVILLEA, D. SAUVEOLENS.—White, fragrant. 1/- each.

MANETTIA BICOLOR, E.—Scarlet, tipped with yellow; tube-shaped flowers; very handsome. 1/6 each.

MAURANDYA, E. ALBA.—White. 1/- each.

Purpurea Grandiflora.—Light purple. 1/-.

E. Rosea.—Rose. 1/- each.

NASTURTIIUM, STETTIANUM.—Double flowering Nasturtium; a pretty form of this well-known family, with very double, reddish-coloured flowers. 1/- each.

PASSIFLORA, E. COERULEA.—White and blue. 1/-.

E. Constance Elliott.—White. 1/- each.

E. Edulis.—White; the edible passion fruit. 6d. to 1/- each.

E. Kermesina.—Rosy pink. 1/- each.

E. Pale Red. 1/- each.

PHASEOLUS, E. CARACALLA (Snail Flower).

Lilac and white, curiously twisted and delightfully fragrant. 1/6 each.

RHYNCHOSPERMUM, E. JASMINOIDES.—

White. 1/6 each.

ROSES, CLIMBING.—(See List). 1/- to 2/-.

SMILAX, E. LAURIFOLIA.—Green. 1/6.

SOLANDRA, D. GRANDIFLORA.—Pale yellow. 1/6 each.

S. Grandiflora produces blooms upwards of a foot in length, trumpet-shaped, and novel in appearance.

SOLANUM, E. JASMINOIDES.—White. 1/-.

E. Jasminoides Argentea. 1/6 each.

E. Jasminoides Aurea Variegata. 1/6.

SOLLYA HETEROPHYLLA.—Blue, very pretty. 1/- each.

STEPHANOTIS FLORABUNDA.—White, waxy blooms, produced in clusters, and delightfully scented. To succeed out of doors it must be planted in a very warm, sunny situation. 2/6.

STIGMAPHYLLUM, E. CILIATUM.—Yellow. 1/6.

TACSONIAS, E. ERIANTHA.—Red. 1/6.

E. Exoniensis. Bright rose. 1/6 each.

E. Jamiesonii. Rose colour. 1/6 each.

E. Manicata (Scarlet Passion Flower). 1/6.

E. Molissima.—Pink. 1/- each.

E. Mortii.—Magenta. 1/6 each.

E. Taylorii.—Rosy pink, very handsome. 1/6.

E. Tomentosa Speciosa. 1/6 each.

E. Van Volxemi.—Crimson. 1/6.

TECOMA, E. AUSTRALIS.—Cream and brown coloured. 1/- each.

E. Capensis.—Orange scarlet. 1/- each.

D. Grandiflora.—Orange. 1/6 each.

D. Guilfoylei.—Deep crimson; fine, showy variety. 1/6 each.

E. Jasminoides, Alba.—White and rose. 1/6.

D. Mackenni.—An extremely handsome climber; large, trumpet-shaped flowers; rosy-lilac, streaked with purple. 1/- each.

D. Radicans Grandiflora.—Deep crimson, fine. 1/- each.

D. Rosea.—Somewhat similar to T. Mackenni; flowers light rose. 1/- each.

(See also Bignonia.)

Amongst the Tecomas are some of the most gorgeous climbers in cultivation.—T. Grandiflora, T. Guilfoylei, T. Mackenni and T. capensis may be grown either as shrubs or climbers.

TROPÆOLUM, D. PENTAPHYLLUM.—Red and green. 1/6 each.

WISTARIA (Glycine).—

D. Frutescens.—Light purple. 1/6 each.

Frutescens, Alba.—A white form of the old and well-known W. Frutescens, of hardy constitution and free, rapid growth. 1/6.

D. Multijuga.—Long, pale, lilac-coloured racemes of flowers; very graceful in appearance. 1/6 each.

D. Multijuga Alba.—White variety of the above. 2/- each.

D. Sinensis.—Lavender. 1/- to 1/6 each.

D. Sinensis Alba.—White. 2/-.

D. Sinensis Flora Plena. 2/- each.

1/- to 1/6 each; 7/6, 9/-, 12/-, 15/- doz.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

NOTE.—To give the names of all Chrysanthemums sent out from time to time would be too numerous to catalogue. The following complete list will be found best for all purposes. 1/- and 1/6 each; 12/-, 15/- doz., according to sorts. We can supply most varieties not mentioned here at 1/- each; 7/6 and 9/- doz.

Hybrid Japanese Chrysanthemums.

ALFRISTON, ref.—Deep, rich maroon, red; reverse of petals gold.

BEATRICE MAY.—White, slightly flushed rose; a splendid bloom, incurving petal; dwarf habit.

CHARLES DAVIS.—Deep bronze, suffused with yellow; long broad florets.

CHATSWORTH.—Bright rosy pink.

CHRYSANTHEMISTE MONTIGNY.—Pale lemon yellow, broad twisting florets; a fine flower.

COLONEL W. B. SMITH.—Light orange and terra cotta colour, blooms large.

DANIEL LAMBERT.—Creamy white, slightly flushed lilac; an immense bloom.

DUCHESS OF SUTHERLAND.—Intense orange yellow, with long curling florets; one of the very best.

E. J. BROOKS, inc.—Purple crimson, with plum and white reverse; good exhibition variety; fine, sturdy grower.

ESAU.—Delicate salmon blush, suffused with yellow; a globular bloom of the hairy section.

ETHEL FITZROY.—Rich, deep amber colour; very fine.

F. S. VALLIS.—Canary yellow; an imported variety of the very finest form.

G. H. KERSLAKE, JUN.—Pure white, very long petals, and deep solid bloom; one of the best whites.

GODFREY'S PRIDE.—Rich carmine crimson, broad florets; fine exhibition bloom.

LADY CLARKE.—Rich purple, with silver reverse; florets of great substance, slightly incurving at the tips; flower of immense size and very full. A magnificent bloom.

LADY HOPETOUN.—Heliotrope pink, reverse silvery; flowers large and most refined.

LADY NORTHCOTE.—Beautiful creamy white; a grand, massive bloom and an easy doer.

LADY ROBERTS.—Rich crimson, golden reverse on tips of petals, central petals showing gold as they incurve; a striking variety.

LADY TALBOT.—A large flower of a pale, creamy yellow shade; long, drooping petals.

MABEL MORGAN.—Buttery yellow; one of the handsomest in cultivation.

MADAME CARNOT.—White, shading to delicate primrose in centre when first open; flower, of enormous size.

MARY ANN POCKETT.—Indian red, reverse golden buff; broad petals, forming a massive incurved flower.

MISS AMY CASTLES.—Deep golden yellow; petals wide; large, full, fine bloom.

MISS ANNETTE KELLERMANN.—Beautiful rosy pink, shading to a lighter shade.

MISS NELLIE POCKETT.—Creamy white, with long, curly, slightly drooping florets; flower of the largest size, very handsome and refined; a free grower.

MISS MAUD JEFFRIES.—Pure white; absolutely the best incurved white in cultivation; dwarf habit.

MISS MIRIAM HANKEY.—Mauve pink; an extra large exhibition bloom.

MRS. CUMMING.—Claret amaranth; a good full flower.

MRS. E. THIRKELL.—Deep yellow, of the largest size; late blooms have a bronze shade.

MRS. F. F. THOMPSON.—White, late buds, shaded blush, incurved, broad petals.

MRS. J. E. DUNNE.—Salmon terra-cotta, distinct, large blooms. 1/6 each.

MRS. T. CARRINGTON.—Rich carmine rose, outer petals slightly whorled and incurved.

MRS. H. HUGHES.—Rich cerise, reverse side silver; a very fine exhibition variety.

MRS. T. W. POCKETT.—Deep canary yellow; very large and refined; one of the very best.

MRS. WHITE POPHAM.—White, lined and frosted with carmine; very large; incurved.

MRS. W. KNOX.—Yellow, becoming bronzy yellow on late buds; fine exhibition variety.

MRS. WM. BURN.—Straw colour, shading off at ends of petals; petals curled and twisted.

MRS. W. R. CHURCH.—White, flushed lilac rose, deeper at ends of petals.

MRS. W. MEASE.—A pure sulphur-yellow sport from Madame Carnot; equal to the parent in every way.

OLD GOLD.—Golden yellow; fine dwarf, sturdy habit.

ROSY MORN.—Wine red, straw coloured reverse, fine incurved bloom; dwarf and early.

RICHARD SEDDON.—Terra cotta, with buff reverse.

S. T. WRIGHT.—Rich deep crimson, with golden bronze reverse; one of the best in this colour.

THE PRINCESS.—Large, creamy white; dwarf habit.

THE CONVENTION.—Salmon red, with light buff reverse; petals very broad and of good substance, incurving slightly at the tips; blooms of large size and great depth. Awarded First-Class Certificate, Victorian Chrysanthemum Society.

THE WONDERFUL.—Old gold colour; inside of petals soft maroon; petals broad.

WALLAROO.—Deep rosy pink, with silvery pink reverse; an immense deep bloom.

WHITE LOUIS BOEHMER.—Colour delicate primrose on opening, passing to pure white.

W. R. CHURCH.—Deep rosy crimson, bronze reverse; large and massive.

YELLOW MADAME CARNOT.—Beautiful yellow sport from the well-known white variety.

CHINESE or LARGE FLOWERED.

A Great Variety. 1/-; or 7/6 and 9/- doz.

ANEMONE FLOWERED.

Splendid Single-Quilled Varieties. 1/- each; 9/- doz.

CACTUS DAHLIAS.

Revised List of Up-to-date Varieties.

All the Best and Up-to-date Varieties,
10/- packed.

12 Newest and Best Varieties, 18/- packed.

NOTE.—These are all first-class, up-to-date flowers, and are the selections out of hundreds of varieties, after repeated tests, others of which have been discarded. Purchasers will do well to secure these tested varieties, especially where exhibition flowers are needed.

Price, 1/- each, except where priced; 9/- doz., our selection.

For New Varieties, see coloured pages.

Any variety not mentioned here can be supplied at current rates.

ALIGHT.—Rich fiery orange, centre deep orange; fine petalled variety of excellent form.

AUSTRAL.—Orange-shaded red, centre light yellow; large.

BRITANNIA.—Soft salmon pink; base of petals large and fine.

CAMDOC.—One of the finest yellows yet raised.

CLINCHER.—A truly gigantic cactus, heliotrope, which lightens to white in centre.

C. N. RICHARDSON.—Very large, primrose yellow; good form.

DAISY.—A difficult flower to describe; rosy violet, and flowers that will not fail to please the most fastidious; incurved type, and quite uniform; "a daisy."

DEMON.—Crimson centre, with outer petals very dark maroon; a good, full flower.

DIVOLIO.—Very clear and without shading; quite unique and peculiar rose, thickly splashed and speckled with chocolate, giving a very weird appearance. 1/6.

DREADNOUGHT.—Flowing crimson, deepening to maroon; a flower of great size. 1/6.

EARL LIKELY.—Cherry red; an enormous flower of exceedingly fine habit; petals very long. 1/6.

EDWARD DRURY.—A lovely thing; pale yellow and brown in centre, with half the petals pure white; excellent shape and greatly admired. 1/6.

EMMIE BEYFUS.—Rich bronzy orange, shaded with amber; wonderfully free and distinct. 1/6.

FAIRY.—Exceedingly narrow petals of purest white.

F. A. WELLESLEY.—Large, very narrow petals, bright deep scarlet; this variety is always singled out.

FLAG OF TRUCE.—Pure white, of the finest form; spear-like petals, and bloom deep and good.

F. M. STREDWICK.—Pure white; great number of very fine petals.

GABRIEL.—Soft crimson, half petal tipped with white; a remarkable variety.

GAZELLE.—Centre white, deepening to rose at edges of the petals, similar to a Picotee.

G. H. KERSLAKE.—A fascinating flower of a beautiful tint of crimson rose, rich and lustrous, large fine form; received Champion Honours at Vic. D. Society Show.

GLADIATOR.—Deep apricot at base of petal, passing to salmon pink at tips.

GOOD HOPE.—A remarkable and beautiful flower; crimson, with white tips, the colour running into the crimson, which gives such a charming effect.

HARBOUR LIGHT.—Deep orange red; a remarkably fine flower, most unique type; extra large exhibition bloom.

MRS. CUMMING.—Claret amaranth; a good, full flower.

HYACINTH.—Yellow at the base, but gradually changing to delicate mauve pink at tips.

H. F. ROBERTSON.—Bright, clear canary yellow, fine form; fine for exhibition.

HILDA SHOORIDGE.—A very profuse blooming variety, colour a lovely salmon terra cotta; an excellent thing. 1/6.

H. J. JONES.—Delicate soft primrose, shaded with old gold.

IMPERATOR.—Ruby crimson, shaded chestnut red; large and free flowering.

IMPERIAL.—A monster cactus; yellow near centre, which quickly changes to reddish carmine.

INNOVATION.—Crimson, tipped and edged with white; very distinct and handsome.

IRIS.—An exquisite thing; a beautiful rose pink, very fine form; needle-like petals, making a very choice, refined flower.

IVANHOE.—Long, narrow petals, fine form and large sized flowers; plants dwarf and wiry wooded; the latest flowers are as good as the first.

J. H. JACKSON.—Blackish crimson; an enormous flower; one of the finest dark varieties.

JOYCE.—A soft, strawberry-reddish colour, peculiar to itself; petals perfect; size medium.

J. R. YORKE.—Deep claret crimson; extremely long fine petals; very bold flowers.

J. B. RIDING.—Reddish orange, passing to yellow in centre; grand type, very large.

J. WEIR FIFE.—Bright purple, sometimes shaded with black, which makes an exquisite blending.

KATHLEEN BRYANT.—A flower much needed; very dark crimson, and rich appearance.

KING EDWARD VII.—Crimson maroon; very fine type; a fine bold flower.

LYRIC.—Large and well formed; yellowish centre, tips of petals bright red.

LADY TENNYSON.—Large claw-like petals, rich purple.

MABEL KERSLAKE.—A good useful white of a good form.

MABEL NEEDS.—Orange scarlet, shaded with crimson.

MASTERPIECE.—An enormous clear, bright yellow, of splendid build.

METEOR.—Wonderfully pretty; colour pure white, splashed and spotted with purple violet.

MISS MINNIE WALKER.—Bloom large, beautiful shade of bright scarlet.

MINNIE WEST.—Pale lemon yellow, heavily tipped with white; a peculiar combination.

MRS. ADRIAN KNOX.—A soft, satiny, rosy pink, of superb form; very pretty things.

MRS. A. JEFFRIES.—Deep crimson, almost black; very narrow petal; excellent form.

MRS. C. COWPER.—Intense bright scarlet, deeper in centre; a very nice, firm stem.

MRS. C. WOOD.—Rich purple crimson, of very fine form.

MRS. EDWARD MAWLEY.—Beautiful clear yellow; of perfect form, free flowering; extra.

MRS. F. H. PAYNE.—Deep crimson red, shaded with rich purple; the tone is very rich.

MRS. G. STEVENSON.—Long, narrow petals; pure bright yellow.

MRS. GRINSTEAD.—A rich, deep, crimson-purple; a fine colour; greatly needed; very large bloom and most excellently formed; fit for any exhibition. 1/6.

MRS. G. STEVENSON.—Bloom very large; long, narrow petals freely produced on wiry stems; a bright, sparkling yellow; perhaps the best yellow to date—that is our experience. 1/6.

MRS. G. HITCHCOCK.—A rich salmon rose, shaded lighter; a very large flower of typical cactus form, similar to Mrs. Rooney, but larger.

MRS. H. L. BROUSSON.—Bright yellowish cinnamon; large and fine bloom.

MRS. H. SHOESMITH.—A fine pure white of fine shape.

MRS. D. BEDGGOOD.—Large and very fine, of a beautiful shade of soft yellow.

MRS. J. CRONIN.—Deep scarlet, unusually long, thin petals; very fine.

MRS. J. W. WILKINSON.—An exceedingly fine flower, deep rosy pink; exceedingly fine.

MRS. KERSLAKE.—A fawn yellow, beautifully tipped with rose pink; very tiny, narrow petals.

MRS. M'MILLAN.—One of the loveliest yet raised; white in centre, gradually deepening to a beautiful pink at top of petals; incurved form of great depth; champion bloom at R.H.S., Melbourne. 1/6.

MRS. M'QUADE.—Purest white, best possible form; a champion bloom wherever shown.

MRS. T. ROONEY.—Soft cinnamon red, petals very long and fine shape; its size commands attention.

MRS. WINSTANLEY.—Soft scarlet, shading to yellow at base; a fine, bold type of flower.

MRS. S. GASKILL.—A delicate and beautiful shade of pink blooms; very large and good form, on stiff stems. 1/6.

MRS. T. H. PAYNE.—Purplish crimson, shaded vermillion and edged maroon; very fine.

MRS. W. H. RABY.—Very refined flower.

MRS. W. N. WORTLEY.—Beautiful large arching petals of finest type; soft yellow and old gold.

MONT BLANC.—A large, bold flower; pure white.

NELSON.—One of the most distinct varieties yet raised; flower very large, petals incurved; colour, deep purplish crimson. 1/6.

OLIVER TWIST.—Bright crimson scarlet; irregular, narrow, intermingling florets.

PERRY PONG.—Best described as a belladonna pink, which varies according to the weather in shading. 1/6.

PEACH BLOSSOM.—A lovely shade of peach pink; large blooms, with a cone centre.

PHINEAS.—Rich scarlet; very large, fine flower; a flower much admired.

PREMIER.—Bright crimson scarlet; very full, bold flowers of the finest type and form.

PRIMROSE.—A pleasing light sulphur-yellow, well formed; a fine flower, on erect stem; free flowering. 1/6.

RADIANCE.—Vivid orange scarlet, yellow at base of petals, which are long and pointed.

RAINBOW.—Soft pink, with lighter centre; beautiful.

RAYMOND PARKS.—Very showy garden Dahlia—a beautiful crimson scarlet self.

REV. A. HULL.—The English champion of last year; ruby crimson, relieved at points with lighter tinge.

REV. D. C. RUDD.—Rich yellow, shaded with amber.

R. HENDERSON.—Very large bloom of the brightest yellow.

RUFUS.—Vermilion scarlet; immense bloom.

RECAM.—Dark crimson, shaded in centre with a yellow tinge; an exquisitely formed flower.

RUBY GRINSTEAD.—Soft tinted yellow, gradually suffused until it becomes a rich shade of rosy fawn.

STAR.—A Dahlia of best possible habit, every bloom perfect and star-like; slightly incurved; bright bronze and yellow. 1/6.

SIMPLICITY.—Canary-yellow, shading to delicate primrose at tips of florets; long and narrow, and beautifully incurved; blooms carried on long wiry stems. 1/6.

SUNSHINE.—A delightful flower; deep rosy carmine, lighter towards centre.

T. G. BAKER.—A very clear, canary-yellow bloom of excellent shape; petals incurve and build up well.

T. A. HAVEMEZER.—Clear yellow at base, deepening to bronze, giving the bloom a weird appearance.

THOS. PARKIN.—Terra cotta; long, narrow, incurving florets.

VICTOR SCHOFIELD.—Soft clear pink, with a decided carmine edged petal; very striking.

WM. MARSHALL.—Rich orange, with a bright yellow centre.

VICTORIAN.—Ground colour; pinkish white, frequently striped with crimson and purple; very narrow petal.

VIOLETTA.—Deep violet rose, flushed with crimson; a very fine exhibiting flower.

WHITE LADY.—Plants laden with large handsome blooms in great profusion, pure white; shape similar to Mrs. Mawley. 1/6.

ZEPHYR.—Rosy pink, tinted heliotrope.

DECORATIVE DAHLIAS.

These are very suitable for planting in flower borders, being of very showy and free flowering habit. They differ from the Cactus Dahlias in having broader petals and more solid, thick-set blooms, being intermediate between the Show Dahlias and that family. They are very hardy and robust, and most suitable for exposed situations. Of sorts.

Price, 1/- each; 9/- per doz.

SHOW AND FANCY VARIETIES.

Price, 1/- each; 9/- per doz.

POMPONE DAHLIAS.

Price, 9d. each; 6/- per doz.

SINGLE DAHLIAS.

Price, 9d. each; 6/- per doz.

The Single Dahlias are cultivated particularly for the decoration of the flower garden, as they flower most profusely for a long time; they are also useful for cut flowers.

DAHLIA IMPERIALIS EXCELSA.

ANEMONE FLOWERED TREE DAHLIA.—Flowers lilac colour; a very fine majestic variety, growing from 7 to 10 ft. high. 1/6.

EDGING PLANTS.

ALTERNATHERA AUREA NANA.—Foliage yellow and green; very dwarf and pretty. Per doz., 2/-; per 100, 7/6.

ARTEMESIA STELLARIANA.—A free growing plant, attaining a height of from 6 to 9 inches, having silvery foliage of an elegant shape; very hardy and fine. Plants, 1/- each; rooted cuttings, 10/- per 100.

BOX.—Common dwarf. It takes 100 plants to lay 20 ft. Per 100, 2/6.

DACTYLUS GLOMERATA LONGISSIMA AUREA.—Per 100, 3/6.

ECHEVERIA SECUNDA GLAUCA.—Very pretty dwarf succulent plant, suitable for dry situations. Per 100, 2/6.

Secunda glauca major.—An improved variety of the above, with a neater habit, more glaucous foliage. Per 100, 3/6.

IRISENE LINDENI.—Foliage deep blood red. Per doz., 2/-; per 100, 7/6.

Law, Somner & Co. "Tip Top" Plants

Edging Plants (Continued)—

- PINK MRS. SIMPKINS PURE WHITE.**—A splendid border plant, very useful for cutting; perpetual bloomer; very sweet-scented Carnation-like flower. 6/- per doz.
- PYRETHRUM AUREUM.**—Golden Feather—A very pretty edging, with bright golden foliage. Per 100, 3/6.
- SPERGULA PILFERA.**—Makes a very neat dwarf edging if kept well supplied with water during hot weather. Sufficient for 50 ft., 1/-.
- THRIFT DWARF.**—White; a very neat edging. Sufficient for 50 ft., 2/-.
- TROPÆOLUM LOBBIANUM SPITFIRE.**—A fine deep crimson coloured variety, of free growth and flowering properties, well suited for bedding purposes, etc. Strong plants, 1/- each; or rooting cuttings for bedding, 6/- doz.
- THYME.**—Lemon; makes a beautiful edging, and stands the heat well. Enough for 100 ft., 2/6. Variegated Lemon.—This also makes a good edging; grows stronger than the above. Sufficient for 100 ft., 2/6.

ERICAS.

ERICAS—Free Flowering, Best Hardy Varieties, 6 for 7/- or 12 for 12/- packed.

- ANDROMÆDIFLORA.**—Pale pink. 1/6 each.
- ARBOREA.**—White. 1/- each.
- AUTUMNALIS.**—Red. 1/6 each.
- BACCANS.**—Rose. 1/6 each.
- BEACONSFIELDIANA.**—Pale yellow. 1/6.
- BOWIEANA.**—Pure white. 1/6 each.
- BURNETTI.**—Crimson, tipped white. 1/6 each.
- CANDIDISSIMA.**—White. 1/6 each.
- CAVENDISHII.**—Yellow. 2/- each.
- CERINTHOIDES CORONATA.**—Scarlet. 2/-.
- CHARSLEYANA.**—Rose pink. 1/6 each.
- CRUENTA.**—Dark red. 1/6 each.
- EWERIANA SUPERBA.**—Scarlet, tipped green. 1/6 each.
- HENTYANA.**—Light rose. 1/6 each.
- HYBRIDA.**—Red; one of the best. 1/6 each.
- HYEMALIS.**—Pink and white. 1/6 each.
- INTERMEDIA.**—Pure white; very fine, long spikes. 1/6 each.
- JUBILEE.**—Deep rose, large spikes. 1/6 each.
- LINNÆOIDES.**—Rose. 1/6 each.
- MACKINNONIANA.**—Pink. 1/6 each.
- MAMOSA.**—Purple. 1/6 each.
- MELANTHERA.**—Purple. 1/6 each.
- PERSOLUTA ALBA.**—White. 1/6 each.
- PYRAMIDALIS GRACILIS.**—White. 1/- each.
- RÆGERMINANS.**—Small, pink, sweet-scented. 1/6 each.
- RUBENS.**—Dark rose. 1/6 each.
- TETRALIX.**—Purple. 1/- each.
- Alba.**—White. 1/- each.
- VENTRICOSA GLOBOSA.**—Grandiflora, Impressa, Magnifica, Minor, Rosea. 1/6 each.
- VESTITA COCCINEA.**—Scarlet. 1/6 each.
- VULGARIS.**—Purple Heather of Scotland. 1/-.
- Alba.**—White. 1/- each.
- WEBLEYANA.**—Light, waxy rose; pretty. 1/6.
- WILMOREANA.**—Pink and white. 1/6 each.

FERNS.

We have a number of large, healthy specimens in pots and tubs, which we can supply at a reasonable rate. Prices on application. Many varieties. 1/- to 5/- each; 12/- per doz. Our own selection.

TREE FERNS.

We have good plants in many varieties of Tree Ferns—sizes and prices on application. We can also supply stems of Colonial Tree Ferns in quantities, direct from the Fern Tree Gullies, at a cheap rate.

FUCHSIAS.

All the best and leading Varieties.

Price, 1/- to 1/6 each; 9/- to 12/- per doz.

GREENHOUSE & STOVE PLANTS in Great Variety.

Asparagus, Aspidistra, Begonias, Cinerarias, Gloxinias, Primulas, etc., etc., 1/-, 1/6, 2/6.

HEDGE PLANTS,

- AFRICAN BOX THORN** (*Lycium Horridum*).—Makes a good evergreen hedge. Plant 6 to 9 inches apart. 10/- to 12/6 per 1000.
- CAMPHOR LAUREL.**—We have a fine stock of this useful plant, which, when well kept, makes a really handsome hedge. It is very hardy in the neighbourhood of Melbourne, standing heat and cold equally well. It also stands clipping and trimming, and, when better known, should become a favourite. 9/- per doz.
- COPROSMA LUCIDA.**—Shining foliage; a very ornamental hedge. 7/6 to 9/- per doz.
- CUPRESSUS LAMBERTIANA HORIZONTALIS**.—This is one of the most ornamental hedges grown, and, being very hardy, will succeed in almost any situation. 30/- to 42/- per doz.; 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- Torulosa.**—Makes a fine shelter hedge or breakwind. 15/- per doz.
- HAWTHORN.**—Our stock this season is large, and of a very fine sample. 15/- to 20/- per 1000.
- LIGUSTRUM JAPONICUM VARIEGATUM** (Variegated Japanese Privet).—This makes one of the handsomest hedges known. It should be planted 2 ft. apart and kept well trimmed for the first two or three years. 12/- per doz.
- PITTIOSPORUM EUGENOIDES.**—This is without doubt the most useful of all the Pittosporums for hedge purposes. By constant and careful clipping it can be kept to any required size and shape. 6/- to 9/- per doz.; 35/- to 55/- per 100.
- Nigrescens.**—This also makes a fine hedge, being small in foliage and lighter in colour than *P. eugenoides*. 6/- to 9/- doz.
- Undulatum.**—This is a stronger grower than the others. Where a large growing hedge is required, this is the best variety. 6/- to 9/- per doz.; 35/- to 60/- per 100.
- PRIVET** (Evergreen).—Fine for garden hedges. 6/- to 7/6 per 100.
- Ross's Golden City.**—Gold-leaved variety of the above. 7/6 per 100.
- TREE LUCERNE** (*Cytisus proliferous*).—A good quick growing hedge for hot districts; must be kept well cut when young to ensure density at base. 6/- to 9/- per doz.

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES, BAMBOOS, Etc.

We have a large variety of Useful and Ornamental Plants, 1/- to 1/6 each.

IRIS.

- AUREA.**—Yellow. 1/6 each.
- FETIDISSIMA VARIEGATA.**—Leaves beautifully striped green and white. 1/- to 1/6.
- FIMBRIATA.**—Pale blue and white, beautifully fringed, marked brown centre. 1/- each.
- GRACILIPES.**—Blush white and purple. 1/-.
- MUSTAPHA.**—A lovely deep purple Iris in the "Germanica" section, producing tall stems of large, showy flowers from April to August or September. Flowering, as it does, when other flowers are scarce, it is a most valuable acquisition. 1/6 each.
- OCHROLEUCA.**—White and yellow. 1/- each.
- PSEUDO-ACORUS.**—Yellow. 1/- each.
- Variegata.** 1/- each.
- RETICULATA.**—Deep purplish blue; very free flowering; early. 1/- each.
- ROBINSONIANA.**—Bedding flower; pure. 1/6.

Other Varieties, see BULBS, page 33.

Iris, Kämpferri.

A Choice Collection. Price, 1/6 each; 15/- per doz.

ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS, and HERBACEOUS PLANTS.

E., Evergreen. D., Deciduous. H., Herbaceous.

- ABUTILON** (E.).—In varieties. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- ACACIA BAILEYANA**, Cootamundra Wattle (E.).—Height, 15 ft. 1/- each.
- Cultriformis.**—Yellow; foliage glaucous; one of the best. Height, 10 ft. 1/- each.
- Dealbata** (Silver Wattle).—Yellow. Height, 20 ft. 1/- each.
- Decurrens** (Black Wattle).—Yellow. 20 ft. 1/-.
- Elata.**—Yellow; foliage very handsome. Height, 25 ft. 1/6 each.
- Longifolia** (Sophora).—Yellow. 8 ft. 1/-.
- Lunata.**—Yellow. Height, 8 ft. 1/- each.
- Maiden.**—Yellow. Height, 8 ft. 1/- each.
- Prominens.**—Yellow. Height, 12 ft. 1/-.
- Pycnantha.**—Yellow. Height, 20 ft. 1/-.
- ACANTHUS MOLLIS** (H.).—White. 1/- each.
- ACMENIA FLORIBUNDA.**—White; purple berries. Height, 10 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- Kingiana.**—White, white berries. Height, 10 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- Pendula.**—White. Height, 12 ft. 1/6.
- ÆSCULUS HIPPOCASTANUM** (D.).—Horse Chestnut—Handsome foliage; flowers white. Height, 40 ft. 2/- each.
- AGATHÆA CÆLESTIS.**—Blue Marguerite. Height, 2 ft. 1/- each.
- Variegata.**—Height, 2 ft. 1/- each.
- AGERATUM MEXICANUM** (H.).—Pale blue; very hardy. 1/- each.
- AILANTHUS GLANDULOSA** (D.).—Tree of Heaven. Height, 20 ft. 1/6 each.
- ALOYSIA CITRIODORA** (D.).—Lemon-scented Verbena. Height, 6 ft. 1/- each.
- Bergamot-scented Verbena.**—Height, 6 ft. 1/-.
- AMYGDALUS PERSICA PENDULA** (D.).—The Weeping Peach—Crimson. Height, 10 ft. 2/- each.
- Rose.**—Height, 10 ft. 2/- each.
- White.**—Height, 10 ft. 2/- each.
- ANEMONE JAPONICA** (H.).—Rose. 1/- each.
- Japonica** Horoline Joubert. White. 1/-.
- Japonica—Whirlwind.**—A distinct variety of the well-known *A. Japonica*, with white flowers, the centre petals being whorled or twisted. 1/- each.
- AQUILEGIA** (H.).—Of sorts. 1/- each.
- ARABIS ALPINA** (H.).—White. 1/- each.
- Argentina variegata.** 1/- each.
- ARALIA JAPONICA** (D.).—White. 6 ft. 1/6.
- ARALIA PAPHYRIFERA.**—White; large palmate leaves. Height, 10 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- Sieboldii.**—Height, 4 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- ARBUTUS CANARIENSIS.**—White. 8 ft. 2/-.
- Unedo.**—White (Strawberry Tree), handsome fruit. Height, 10 ft. 1/6 each.
- ASTER** (H.).—Michaelmas Daisy. Sorts. 1/6.
- ASTILBE JAPONICA** (H.).—Sorts. 1/6.
- AUBRETIA BOUGAINVILLEÆ** (H.).—1/- each.
- AURICULA** (H.).—Of sorts. 1/- each.
- BECKIA LINIFOLIA** (E.).—White. 4 ft. 1/6.
- Plicata.**—Rose and white. Height, 1 ft. 1/6.
- White.**—Height, 4 ft. 1/6.
- BENTHAMIA FRAGIFERA** (E.).—Yellowish red, with fruit like strawberries. Height, 10 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- BERBERIS COMMUNIS** (D.).—Barbery—Yellow. Height, 4 ft. 1/- each.
- Cratægina.**—Yellow. Height, 4 ft. 1/6.
- Sinensis.**—Yellow. Height, 6 ft. 1/-.
- BETULA ALBA** (D.).—European birch. 30 ft. 2/-.
- BLETIA HYACINTHINA** (H.).—Hardy Orchid—Purple. 1/6 each.
- BRACHYCHITON ACERIFOLIUM** (E.).—Flame Tree. Scarlet. Height, 30 ft. 1/6.
- Populneum.**—Height, 30 ft. 1/- to 1/6.
- BRUGMANSIA KNIGHTI** (E.).—White, large double blooms. Height, 6 ft. 1/- each.
- Lutea.**—Yellow. Height, 5 ft. 1/6 each.
- Sanguinea.**—Scarlet. Height, 3 ft. 1/-.
- Fine flowering shrubs, producing large trumpet-shaped flowers.** *B. Knighti* is sweetly scented.
- BUDDLEA** (E.).—Globosa—Orange. 12 ft. 1/-.
- Paniculata.**—Pale yellow. Height, 10 ft. 1/-.
- CALCEOLARIA rugosa** (H.).—1/- each.
- Rugosa, Golden Empress.**—Yellow, very dwarf and free flowering. 1/- each.
- Speciosa.**—Pale yellow. 1/- each.
- CALLA, Richardia** (H.).—1/- and 1/6 each.
- CALLISTEMON** (E.).—Coccinea—Scarlet. Height, 8 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.
- Rigidus.**—Scarlet. Height, 8 ft. 1/- each.
- Very hardy, showy shrubs.**
- CALYCANTHUS** (D.).—Floridus.—Allspice—Brown. 5 ft. 1/- each.

PRÆCOX.—Yellow and red. Height, 4 ft. 1/6 each.

CAMPANULA, *Carpatica* (H.).—Blue. 2 ft. 1/6.

Persicifolia.—Blue. 1/- each.

Pyramidalis.—1/- each.

CAMPHORA OFFICINALIS (E.).—Camphor Tree. Height, 20 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.

Carolinensis.—A variety of the preceding, of robust habit. Height, 20 ft. 1/6 each.

CANTUA DEPENDENS (E.).—Rose. 4 ft. 1/6.

Alba.—White; very handsome. 4 ft. 2/-.

Pyrifolia.—Cream colour. Height, 2 ft. 1/6.

CASSIA (E.).—Floribunda—Yellow; handsome shrub. Height, 8 ft. 1/- each.

CASTANEA VESCA (D.).—Spanish Chestnut. Height, 50 ft. 2/- to 2/6 each.

CATALPA SYRINGÆFOLIA (E.).—White. Height, 20 ft. 1/6 each.

CEANOTHUS DIVARICATUS (E.).—Blue, splendid shrub. Height, 12 ft. 1/6.

CELTIS AUSTRALIS (D.).—Green. A handsome tree for street planting, etc. 40 ft. 1/6.

CERASUS JAPONICA ALBA PLENA.—Double white. Height, 12 ft. 1/6 each.

Double French Cherry.—Height, 15 ft. 1/6.

CERASUS LAURO-CERASUS (E.).—Common Laurel—White. Height, 15 ft. 1/- to 1/6.

Lusitanica.—Portugal Laurel. 15 ft. 1/6.

CERATONIA SILIQUA, The Locust Tree of Scripture (E.).—St. John's Bread—Yellow. Height, 16 ft. 1/6 each.

CERCIS SILIQUASTRUM (D.).—Judas Tree—Pink. Height, 8 ft. 1/6 each.

CESTRUM AURANTIACUM (E.).—Orange; very showy. Height, 6 ft. 1/6 each.

Diurnum.—Whitish. Height, 6 ft. 1/- each.

Nocturnum.—White. Height, 8 ft. 1/6.

Free flowering shrubs, thriving in almost any situation.

CHILIANTHUS DISOPHYLLUS (E.).—White. Height, 8 ft. 1/- each.

CHOISYA TERNATA (E.).—White, sweetly scented. Height, 6 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.

CHOROZEMA CORDATA (E.).—Yellow and red. Height, 2 ft. 1/- each.

Diversifolia.—Yellow and red. 1 ft. 1/-.

CHRYSANTHEMUM FRUTESCENS, *Marguerite* (E.).—In variety. 1/- each.

CHRYSANTHEMUM (H.).—Hybridum, white (*Shasta Daisy*).—Fine for cutting purposes. 1/- each.

Leucanthemum, perfection. — Large, white; very fine. 1/- each.

Nipponicum.—A fine pure white variety of free growth and blooming qualities; first-class for floral work. 1/- each.

CINERARIA hybrida (H.).—Choice varieties for pot culture. 1/- to 1/6 each.

CISTUS ALBIDUS (E.).—Purple. Height, 2 ft. 1/-.

CLERODENDRON FRAGRANS (E.).—White and red, very sweet-scented. Height, 10 ft. 1/6.

CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA (D.).—White. 4 ft. 1/6.

CLETHRA ARBOREA, *Lily of the Valley Tree* (E.).—Height, 8 ft. 1/6 each.

A fine, large growing shrub, with white flowers similar to the *Lily of the Valley*.

CLIANTHUS PUNICEUS, *Glory Pea* (E.).—Scarlet. Height, 6 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.

Alba (The White *Gibby Pea*).—6 ft. 1/6.

CONVOLVULUS Mauritanicus (H.).—Pale blue or lavender. 1/- each.

CORYNOCARPUS LÆVIGATA (E.). (New Zealand Laurel).—Height, 12 ft. 1/- to 1/6.

Variegatus.—Height, 12 ft. 2/- each.

CRATÆGUS CRENULATA (E.).—Handsome shrub, bearing red berries in Winter. Height, 10 ft. 1/6 each.

Pyracantha.—Height, 10 ft. 1/6 each.

CRATÆGUS HAWTHORN (D.).—1/6 each.

CYDONIA (D.).—(See *Pyrus*.)

CYTISUS LABURNUM (D.).—Common Laburnum—Yellow. Height, 20 ft. 1/6 each.

CYTISUS PROLIFERUS (E.). (Tree *Lucerne*).—White, handsome Winter flowering small tree. Height, 18 ft. 6d. to 1/- each.

DAPHNE INDICA RUBRA (E.).—Red and white. Height, 3 ft. 1/6 to 3/6 each.

Variegata.—Pink. Height, 3 ft. 2/- to 3/6.

DELPHINIUM formosum (H.).—Blue. 1/6.

Varieties from seed. 1/- each.

DEUTZIA CANDIDISSIMA FLORA PLENA (D.).—White. Height, 4 ft. 1/6 each.

Cremata Flora Plena.—White, tinted rose. Height, 5 ft. 1/- each.

Gracilis.—White. Height, 2 ft. 1/- each.

Pride of Rochester.—White (double). 4 ft. 1/-.

Scabra.—Pure white (single). Height 4 ft. 1/-.

DIELYTRA spectabilis (H.).—Bleeding Heart. —Bright rose and white. 1/6 each.

DIERVILLIA (D.).—(See *Wiegelia*.)

DIETES bicolor (H.).—Yellow and brown. 1/-.

Quadriflorous.—White, yellow, blue and brown. 1/- each.

DIGITALIS grandiflora (H.).—1/- each.

DIOSMA ALBA (*Ericoides*) (E.).—White; a neat little plant, leaves sweet scented. Height, 2 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.

DOMBEYA MASTERSI (E.).—White, large handsome shrub. Height, 6 ft. 1/6.

Natalensis.—White. Height, 8 ft. 1/6.

DORYANTHES PALMERI (E.).—Red and white. 1/6 to 2/- each.

Elcelsa.—Scarlet. The gigantic Queensland lilies; very handsome when in flower. 1/6 to 2/- each.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS (*Stricta*) (E.).—Height, 10 ft. 1/- to 3/6 each.

Nutans.—Height, 8 ft. 1/- to 2/- each.

Terminalis.—Height, 10 ft. 1/6 each.

DURANTA PLUMIERI (E.).—Blue. 8 ft. 1/-.

Alba.—White. Height, 8 ft. 1/6 each.

ECHIU CANDICANS (E.).—Blue. 3 ft. 1/-.

ELEGNUS SIEBOLDTI AUREA VARIEGATA (E.).—Height, 10 ft. 1/6 each.

Japonicus Argentea Marginata. 6 ft. 1/6.

ERICA (E.).—(See *Special List*.)

ERIOBOTRYA JAPONICA (E.).—Loquat. Height, 15 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.

ERIOSTEMON NERIFOLIUM (E.).—White, free flowering. Height, 4 ft. 1/6 to 2/- each.

ERYTHRINA (D.).—Compacta. Height, 4 ft. 2/-.

Crista-galli. Height, 12 ft. 1/6.

Speciosa. Height, 12 ft. 1/6 each.

Suspensa.—Yellow. Height, 4 ft. 1/- each.

ESCALLONIA EXONIENSIS (E.).—Pinkish white. Height, 3 ft. 1/6 each.

Floribunda Montividensis.—White. 10 ft. 1/6.

Machanta.—Bright red. Height, 3 ft. 1/6.

ESCALLONIA ORGANENSIS (E.).—Pink. Height, 3 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.

Rubra.—Red. Height, 4 ft. 1/6 each.

Sanguinea.—Red. Height, 5 ft. 1/- to 1/6.

EUCALYPTUS CALOPHYLLA (E.).—Red Gum of West Australia. Height, 30 ft. 1/- each.

Citriodora.—Lemon-scented Gum. 40 ft. 1/-.

Coriacea. Height, 30 ft. 1/- each.

Corynocalyx.—Sugar Gum. 40 ft. 1/-.

Ficifolia (The *Crimson flowered Gum* of West Australia), one of the most handsome flowering trees in cultivation. 15 ft. 1/-.

Globulus (Blue Gum of Tasmania). Height, 200 ft. 6/- per dozen; 9d. each.

Leechmanni.—Green, very curious. 12 ft. 1/6.

Leucocylon Rosea.—Rose colour, very handsome. 1/6 each.

Rostrata (Red Gum). 100 ft. 6/- doz.; 9d.

Stuartiana (Apple Gum). Height, 30 ft. 1/-.

Many other species, 1/- to 1/6 each.

EUGENIA EUCALYPTOIDES (E.).—White. Height, 12 ft. 1/6 each.

Myrtifolia.—White. Height, 15 ft. 1/6.

Ugni.—White, small sweet flavoured fruit. Height, 3 ft. 1/6 each.

Ventnati.—White. Height, 12 ft. 1/6 each.

EUONYMUS JAPONICUS (E.).—Japan Laurel. 8 ft. 1/- each.

Japonicus Argentea Variegata.—Height, 4 ft. 1/- each.

Latifolius Albo Elegans.—Handsome variegated foliage. Height, 6 ft. 1/6 each.

Latifolius Argentea Variegata.—8 ft. 1/6.

Obovata Aurea Variegata.—Fine golden variegated variety. Height, 7 ft. 1/6.

EUPHORBIA SPLENDENS (E.).—Scarlet, very neat flower. Height, 3 ft. 1/6 to 2/- each.

FABIANA IMBRICATA (E.).—White, fine long spikes. Height, 4 ft. 1/6 each.

FARFUGIUM grande (H.).—Leaves spotted with yellow. 1/- each.

FELICIA ANGUSTIFOLIA (E.).—Purple, profuse bloomer. Height, 3 ft. 1/6 each.

FICUS AUSTRALIS VARIEGATA (E.).—A sport from *F. Australis*, having the leaves beautifully variegated with shades of creamy white, yellow and green, exceedingly striking and handsome. Height, 12 ft. 2/6.

FICUS AUSTRALIS (E.).—Height, 40 ft. 1/-, 1/6.

Macrophylla.—Moreton Bay Fig. Height, 30 ft. 1/6 to 2/- each.

FLAXINUS EXCELSIOR (D.).—European Ash. Height, 60 ft. 1/6 to 2/- each.

FLORIDA (D.).—Small, yellow flowers, perfumed; one of the best. 1/6 each.

FRAGRARIA Indica (H.).—Yellow, for hanging baskets. 1/- each.

FUSCHIA procumbens (*Kirkii*) (H.).—A beautiful plant for hanging baskets. 1/- each.

FUNKIA Sorts (H.).—1/6 each.

GAILLARDIA Drummondii (H.).—Orange and scarlet. 1/- each.

GARDENIA FLORIDA, FLORA PLENA (E.).—Height, 6 ft. 2/- each.

Globosa.—Height, 4 ft. 2/- each.

Thunbergii.—White. Height, 6 ft. 2/- each.

GAZANIA splendens (H.).—Orange. 1/- each.

GENISTA ANDREANA (E.).—Crimson and yellow, very fine. Height, 5 ft. 2/- each.

Floribunda Alba.—White. Height, 15 ft. 1/6.

GENISTA ELEGANS (D.).—Yellow, handsome. Height, 4 ft. 1/6 each.

Tinctoria.—Yellow. Height, 4 ft. 1/6.

GENTIANA acaulis (H.).—Blue. 1/6 each.

GEUM coccineum (H.).—Scarlet. 1/- each.

GLEDITSCHA PSEUDO-ACACIA (D.).—White, fine flowering tree. Height, 20 ft. 1/6.

Thunbergii.—White. Height, 6 ft. 2/- each.

GREVILLEA DALLICHIANA (E.).—Red and white, very pretty. Height, 3 ft. 1/6.

GREVILLEA ROBUSTA (*Silky Oak*).—Red; very pretty. 1/6 each.

GUNNERA scabra (H.).—Large handsome foliage. 1/6 each.

HABROTHAMNUS AUBLETII (E.).—Red. Height, 4 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.

Elegans.—Red. Height, 4 ft. 1/- to 1/6.

Fascicularis.—Crimson. 4 ft. 1/- to 1/6.

Newellii.—Height, 4 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.

Handsome shrubs, blooming in Winter and early Spring.

HAKEA EUCALYPTOIDES (E.).—Scarlet. Height, 12 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.

Suaevolens.—White. Height, 6 ft. 1/6 each.

HARDENBERGIA MONOPHYLLA ALBA (E.).—White. Height, 6 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.

Monophylla Rosea.—Rose colour. 4 ft. 1/6.

HELIANTHUS multiflorus grandipennis (H.).—Soleil d'Or.—A splendid double perennial sunflower, with fine dark yellow flowers, most useful for cutting and decorating purposes. 9d.

J. L. Child's.—Double, very handsome. 1/-.

Latiflorus.—Yellow single sunflower. 9d.

Maximilliana.—A tall-growing single sunflower, showy and elegant appearance. 1/-.

HELIOTROPUM AUREUM VARIEGATUM (E.).—Golden foliage. 1/- each.

New Giant.—Pale purple, immense trusses. 1/- each.

Priapo.—Deep purple, immense trusses of flowers. 1/- each.

HELLEBORUS atrorubens (H.).—Purple, 1/6.

Guttatus.—White, spotted purplish, crimson. 1/6.

Guttatus sub-punctatus.—White, faintly spotted at base. 1/6 each.

Olympicus.—White, slightly tinted green; dwarf. 1/6 each.

Orientalis rosea.—Beautiful rosy purple. 1/6.

HEMEROCALLIS (H.).—All varieties. 1/-, 1/6 and 2/-.

HEUCHERA Sanguinea (H.).—Coral scarlet, very pretty. 1/- each.

Splendens.—Deep scarlet, very handsome. 1/-.

HIBISCUS SYRIACUS (D.).—4 ft. 1/6 each.

Alba Plena.—White, handsome. 4 ft. 1/6.

Carnea Plena.—Flesh colour, dark centre. Height, 6 ft. 1/6 each.

Leopoldi Flora Plena.—Purple. 6 ft. 1/6.

HUNNEMANIA fumaræ-folia (H.).—A handsome flowered plant, with tulip-like flowers of bright yellow colour, produced on long stalks above the foliage; very showy and useful for cut flower purpose. 1/6 each.

IBERIS Gibraltaria (H.).—Pink. 1/- each.

Sempervirens, Evergreen Candytuft.—White. 1/- each.

ILEX AQUILIFOLIUM, English Holly (E.).—Height, 18 ft. 1/- to 2/6 each.

Golden Variegated Holly.—Height, 10 ft. 2/- to 3/6 each.

Silver Variegated Holly.—Height, 12 ft. 2/- to 2/6 each.

Ferox Variegata (Variegated Hedgehog Holly).—Height, 10 ft. 2/- to 2/6 each.

Sp. (*Milkmaid Holly*).—Height, 10 ft. 2/- each.

Japonica.—Height, 6 ft. 2/6 each.

ILICUM ANISATUM, Aniseed Tree (E.).—Red. Height, 8 ft. 1/6 each.

INDIGOFERA DECORA (D.).—Pink, very pretty. Height, 2 ft. 1/6 each.

IRELINE area reticulata (H.).—6d. each.

Linden.—6d. each.

Herbstii.—6d. each.

Pretty bedding plants, with coloured leaves.

JACARANDA MIMOSÆFOLIA (D.).—Light purple, flowers in large racemes; very handsome tree. Height, 15 ft. 1/6 to 2/- each.

JASMINUM GRANDIFLORUM (E.).—White. Height, 6 ft. 1/6 each.

Officinale.—Common White Jasmine. 10 ft. 1/- each.

Revolution.—Yellow. Height, 6 ft. 1/-.

KERRIA JAPONICA (E.).—Single variety—Yellow. Height, 4 ft. 1/- each.

Japonica.—Double variety—Yellow. 4 ft. 1/-.

LAGERSTRÆMIA INDICA (D.).—Rosy pink; fine, free flowering shrub. Height, 8 ft. 1/6.

LAGUNARIA, Fugosa (E.).—Patersoni—Pink, hardy evergreen shrub. 15 ft. 1/- to 1/6.

LANTANA (D.).—Varieties. 1/- each.

Law, Zomner & Co. "Tip Top" Plants

Ornamental Tree Shrubs (Cont.)—

LASIANDBRA (E.).—*Macrantha florabunda*—Deep violet. Height, 5 ft. 1/- to 1/6.
Macrantha grandiflora, the true variety.—Height, 6 ft. 2/- each.
 Handsome and distinct shrubs, with large showy purple or violet flowers, produced during Summer and Autumn.

LAURUS BORBONIA (E.).—2/- each.
Nobilis.—Sweet Bay. Height, 12 ft. 1/- to 1/6
Camphora.—Camphor Laurel. 20 ft. 1/- to 1/6

LAUVENDULA spica (E.).—Lavender. 2 ft. 1/-.
Strachas.—French lavender. Height, 2 ft. 1/-.
Vera.—The true lavender, for scent-making. Height, 2 ft. 1/- each.

LEONOTUS leonorus (E.).—Orange, very showy. Height, 5 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.

LEPTOSYNE maritima.—Yellow, resembling a large marguerite. 1/- each.

LIATRIS pycnostachya (H.).—A handsome, tall-growing plant, producing long, closely set spikes of light purple flowers; known in America as Kansas Gay Feather. 1/6.

LIBONIA florabunda (E.).—Orange red. 3 ft. 1/-.

LIGULARIA Kämpferi (H.).—Large leaves, variegated silver. 1/6 each.

LIGUSTRUM coriaceum (E.).—White. Height, 6 ft. 1/6.
Japonicum.—White. Height, 6 ft. 1/-.
Japonicum aurea variegata.—White. 6 ft. 1/6.
Japonicum.—Tricolour, white. 4 ft. 1/6.
Ovalifolium variegatum.—White. 6 ft. 1/6.
 The Variegated Ligustrums are most suitable for single specimens on lawns or in the borders.

LINARIA cymbalaria (H.).—Mother of Thousands. 1/-.

LINUM trigynum (H.).—Yellow. 1/- each.

LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERUM.—Tulip Tree (D.).—Greenish white, fine foliage. 50 ft. 2/-.
Standishi.—White. Height, 6 ft. 1/- each.

LOBELIA erinus speciosa (H.).—1/- each.

LOHOPSTEMON Australe (E.).—Shelter Tree—Flowering shrub; requires a cool situation. Height, 15 ft. 1/6 each.

LONICERA PYRENAICA (D.).—White, sweet scented. Height, 6 ft. 1/- each.

LOTUS Jacobæa.—Dark brown pea-shaped flowers; very peculiar. Height, 3 ft. 1/6.

LYNCHIS chalcidonica (H.).—Orange scarlet. 1/-.

LYSEMACHIA nummularia (H.).—Yellow. 1/-.

MACADAMIA ternifolia (E.).—Queensland nut. Height, 12 ft. 1/6 each.

MAGNOLIA anomæfolia (E.).—Brownish yellow. Height, 4 ft. 4/6.

CONSPICUA (D.).—White and purple; large, showy blooms, sweetly scented. 6 ft. 2/6.
Fusca (E.).—Tawny coloured. Height, 4 ft. 2/6.
Grandiflora.—White. Height, 20 ft. 2/6 to 3/6.
Purpurea (D.).—Deep purple. Height, 5 ft. 2/6.
Soulangeana.—Large white flowers, tinted on the outside with purple. 6 ft. 2/6.
Stellata.—White; a most handsome and free flowering variety from Japan; quite hardy about Melbourne. 8 ft. 2/6 to 3/6.

MAKAYA Bella (E.).—Lilac. Height, 4 ft. 1/-.

MARICA (H.).—Cœrulea. 1/6 each.
Northiana.—1/6 each.

MEDEOLA asparagoides (H.).—A pretty herbaceous climber, particularly adapted for baskets. 1/- each.

MELALEUCA Acuminata (E.).—White. Height, 4 ft. 1/- each.
Amarillis.—Green. Height, 2 ft. 1/- each.
Ericifolia.—Green. Height, 3 ft. 1/- each.
Linarifolia.—Creamy white. Height, 3 ft. 1/-.
Micromera.—Pale yellow. 6 ft. 1/- to 1/6.
Stypheloides.—White. Height, 4 ft. 1/- each.

MELIA AZADARACH, White Cedar (H.).—Lilac. Height, 30 ft. 1/- each.

MELIANTHUS major (E.).—Brown. Height, 10 ft. 1/-.

MENTHA (H.).—*Puligium variegata*—Leaves beautifully variegated with white. 1/-.

MESEMBRYANTHEMUM (H.).—In varieties. 1/- each.

MENZIESIA polifolia (E.).—Irish Heath—Purple. Height, 1 ft. 1/- each.
Alba.—White. Height, 1 ft. 1/- each.
Florabunda.—Height, 6 ft. 1/6 each.

MIMULUS moschatus (H.).—Musk. 9d. each.

MITRARIA coccinea (E.).—Scarlet. 2 ft. 1/6.

MORUS ALBA (D.).—White Mulberry. 30 ft. 1/-.
Multicaulis.—Large-leaved white mulberry. Height, 10 ft. 1/- each.

MYRTUS communis (E.).—Common Myrtle—White. Height, 6 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.
Communis.—Broad-leaved Myrtle. Height, 6 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.
Obscuratus.—White. Height, 3 ft. 1/6.
Variegata.—White; leaves silver variegated; very pretty. Height, 4 ft. 2/- each.

NERIUM (E.).—In variety. 1/-, 1/6 and 2/-.

OLEA Europæa (E.).—Olive. Height, 20 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.
Illicifolia.—Holly-leaved Olive. Height, 4 ft. 1/6 to 2/- each.
Illicifolia aurea variegata.—White. 5 ft. 2/-.

OTHONNA Athanasia (E.).—Yellow, marguerite-like flowers, free blooming; fine for cutting purposes. Height, 3 ft. 1/- each.

PÆONIA MOUTAN, Tree Pæony (D.).—Many choice varieties. 3/6 to 5/- each.

PÆONIA officinalis (H.).—Pæony Rose. 2/-.

PAULOWNIA IMPERIALIS (D.).—Light purple. Height, 20 ft. 2/- each.

PAVONIA coccinea (E.).—Bright scarlet Hibiscus-like shrub; very free flowering. 1/6.

PETUNIAS (H.).—9d., 1/- to 1/6 each.

PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS (D.).—Mock Orange—White. Height, 4 ft. 1/- each.

PHILADELPHUS Mexicana (E.).—White, very sweet. Height, 4 ft. 1/- each.

PHLOX Nelsoni (H.).—1/- each.

PHORMIUM tenax (E.).—New Zealand Flax—Orange. Height, 6 ft. 1/- each.
Tenax variegata.—Height, 6 ft. 1/6 to 2/-.

PHOTNIA arbutifolia (E.).—White. 12 ft. 1/6.
Arbutifolia variegata.—Height, 12 ft. 2/-.
Serrulata.—White. Height, 10 ft. 1/6 to 2/-.

PITTOSPORUM eugenoides (E.).—Yellow. Height, 12 ft. 9d. to 1/6 each.
Eugenoides argentea variegata.—Yellow. Height, 12 ft. 1/6 to 2/- each.
Nigrescens.—Purple. Height, 10 ft. 9d. to 1/-.
Nigrescens variegata.—Height, 10 ft. 1/6.
Tobira.—White, sweet scented. 6 ft. 1/- to 1/6.
Tobira variegata.—White. Height, 6 ft. 2/-.
Undulatum.—White. Height, 18 ft. 9d. to 1/-.
Undulatum variegatum.—White. 18 ft. 2/-.

PLATANUS ORIENTALIS (D.).—Oriental Plane—Handsome foliaged tree. 60 ft. 6d. to 2/6.

PLATYCODON grandiflorum (H.).—Purple bell-shaped flowers; very pretty. 1/- each.

PLUMBAGO Larpetæ (H.).—Blue. 1/- each.
Capensis alba.—White. Height, 6 ft. 1/-.

PLUMBAGO Larpetæ (E.).—Blue. 1/- each.

PODALYRIA scicea (E.).—Pink flowers, silvery foliage; very pretty. Height, 4 ft. 1/-.
Styracifolia.—Pink, very handsome. 8 ft. 1/6.
 Pretty shrubs, with silvery foliage and pink pea-shaped flowers.

POINCIANA GILLIESII (D.).—Yellow; very handsome. Height, 10 ft. 1/6 each.
Regia.—Crimson. Height, 15 ft. 2/- each.
P. Gilliesii is a very handsome and novel-looking shrub, having long scarlet anthers protruding from the yellow blooms, giving it the appearance of a Bird of Paradise.

POLYGALA grandis (E.).—Purple. 6 ft. 2/-.

POLYGONIUM platycladum (E.).—Foliage very peculiar. Height, 4 ft. 1/- each.

POPLARS (D.).—1/6 to 2/6 each.

POPULUS BOLLEANA (D.).—Improved variety of the above; does not throw suckers. Height, 40 ft. 1/6 each.
Dilatata.—Lombardy Poplar. 50 ft. 1/6.
Macrophylla.—Height, 40 ft. 1/6 each.
Monilifera.—Black Italian Poplar. 50 ft. 1/6.

PRIMULA Sinensis, Chinese Primrose (H.).—Choice varieties. 1/- to 2/- each.
Polyanthus.—Finest gold-laced varieties. 6d.
Verticillata.—Yellow, foliage silvery. 1/-.
Vulgaris, Common Primrose.—9d. each.
 Double crimson, very fine, scarce.—2/- each.
 Double, white.—1/- each.
 Double, lilac.—1/- each.
 Double, yellow.—1/- each.

PROSTANTHERA rotundiflora (E.).—Lavender. Height, 4 ft. 1/6 each.
Siberi.—Lilac. Height, 6 ft. 1/6 each.
Spinosa.—Light purple. Height, 4 ft. 1/6.
Nivea.—White. Height, 4 ft. 1/6 each.

PROTEA mellifera (E.).—Cape Honeysuckle—pink. Height, 8 ft. 1/6 each.

PRUNUS PISSARDI (D.).—Purple-leaved Plum—A handsome foliaged small tree. 20 ft. 1/6.
Flora Plena Alba.—Double white. 8 ft. 1/-.
Sinensis Flora Plena.—Double white. 6 ft. 1/6.
Sinensis Flora Plena Rosea.—Double rose. Height, 4 ft. 1/6 each.

PSIDIUM Cattleyanum (E.).—Guava—White. Height, 6 ft. 1/- to 1/6 each.

PYRUS (Cydonia) Japonica (D.).—Scarlet. Height, 5 ft. 1/6 each.
Japonica Nivalis.—White. 5 ft. 1/6 each.
Spectabilis.—Chinese Pyrus—Pink. 20 ft. 1/6.

QUERCUS CERRIS (E.).—Turkey Oak. 4 ft. 2/-.
Coccinea.—Scarlet Oak. Height, 30 ft. 3/6.

QUERCUS Rex (E.).—Evergreen Oak. 50 ft. 1/6 to 2/-.
Lusitanica.—Portugal Oak. Height, 40 ft. 2/-.
Pyramidalis.—Height, 20 ft. 2/- each.
Robur.—British Oak. 60 ft. 1/6 to 2/-.

RANUNCULUS acris, flora plena (H.).—Yellow; Batchelor's Buttons. 1/- each.

RAPHIOLEPIS Indica (D.).—Indian Hawthorn—White. Height, 4 ft. 1/6 each.
Intermedia.—White. Height, 4 ft. 1/6 each.
Ovata.—White. Height, 5 ft. 1/- to 1/6.

RHAMNUS alternus (D.).—White. 10 ft. 1/-.
Variegatus.—White. Height, 5 ft. 1/6.

RHUS CONTINUS (D.).—Pale purple. 6 ft. 1/6.
Osbeckii.—Fine large foliage, turning deep red in Autumn. Height, 9 ft. 2/- each.
Succedaneum.—Leaves turn yellow and red in Autumn; very showy. Height, 5 ft. 1/-.
Typhina.—Virginian Sumach—Fine cut foliage, turning deep red in Autumn. 15 ft. 1/6.

RIBES AUREUM (D.).—Yellow flowering currant. Height, 6 ft. 1/6 each.
Sanguinea.—Red flowering currant. 6 ft. 1/6.

RICINUS sanguinea (D.).—Castor Oil—Leaves deep crimson; very fine. Height, 8 ft. 1/-.

ROMNEYA Coulterii (D.).—White, with yellow anthers, very handsome. Height, 6 ft. 1/6.

RUDBECKIA Golden Glow (H.).—A fine herbaceous perennial, growing to a height of about 5 feet, and producing neat, double, pure yellow flowers on long stems, and lasting a long time in water when cut. 1/-.

SALIX (D.).—*Babylonica*—Weeping Willow. Height, 40 ft. 1/- each.
Vitellina.—Golden Willow. Height, 15 ft. 1/-.
Rubra.—Red Willow. Height, 15 ft. 1/- each.

SALVIA azurea (H.).—Blue. 1/- each.

SALVIA betheli (E.).—Pink. Height, 3 ft. 1/-.
Bonfire.—Height, 3 ft. 1/- each.
 A showy variety, producing large spikes of dazzling scarlet flowers; of dwarf habit, and prolific bloomer.

SALVIA Bruanti (E.).—Scarlet. 2 ft. 1/6.
Compacta alba.—Height, 2 ft. 1/6 each.

SALVIA (E.).—Glory of Stuttgart—Large spikes of scarlet of dazzling brilliance. 4 ft. 1/6.
Grahami purpurata.—Height, 3 ft. 1/- each.
Hovei.—Purple. Height, 4 ft. 1/- each.
Patens.—Clear blue; very handsome. 1/-.
Patens alba.—Pure white; very chaste. 1/6.
Fulgens.—Crimson, large flowers. 1/- each.
Rutilans.—Magenta, scented foliage. 1/-.
Splendens.—Scarlet. Height, 3 ft. 1/- each.

SAMBUCUS ARGENTEA VARIEGATED (D.).—Silver variegated Elder. 15 ft. 1/6.
Aurea.—Golden Elder—Handsome golden foliage, very showy. Height, 10 ft. 1/6.
Nigra.—Common Elder. Height, 15 ft. 1/-.

SAXIFRAGA (H.).—Sorts. 1/- each.

SCHINUS molle (E.).—Green (Pepper Tree). Height, 20 ft. 9d. to 1/6 each.

SOLANUM argenteum (E.).—Height, 10 ft. 1/6.
Capsicastrum.—White, with bright red berries. Height, 5 ft. 1/- each.
Violaceum.—Violet purple. Height, 6 ft. 1/-.

SOPHORA JAPONICA (D.).—White. 30 ft. 1/6.
Tetraptera.—Yellow; handsome shrub. 8 ft. 1/6.

SPARMANNIA Africana (E.).—White. 15 ft. 1/6.
Flora plena.—Height, 12 ft. 1/6 each.

SPIRÆA astilboides floribunda (E.).—All varieties. 1/- to 1/6.

SPIRÆA (D.).—Varieties from 1/- to 1/6.

STACHYS lanata (H.).—Dwarf growing plant with silvery leaves. 1/- each.

STAPHYLEA COLCHICA (D.).—White, very handsome Spring flowering shrub. 6 ft. 2/6.

STATICE aborea (E.).—Blue. Height, 3 ft. 1/6.
Dicksonii.—Pink. Height, 2 ft. 1/6 each.
Macrophylla.—Blue. 2 ft. to 3 ft. 1/6.

STENOCARPUS Cunninghami (E.).—Scarlet. Height, 20 ft. 2/- to 2/6 each.
Salignum.—Green. Height, 6 ft. 1/6 each.

STERCULIA (E.).—See *Brachychiton*.

STOKESIA cynea (H.).—Pale lilac, large showy flowers. 1/6 each.

STRELITZIA augusta (E.).—Purple and white. Height, 12 ft. 3/6.
Reginæ.—Blue and orange. 3 ft. 2/- to 3/6.

SWAINSONIA alba (E.).—White. 8 ft. 1/6.
Galegifolia.—Red. Height, 4 ft. 1/- each.
Greyana.—Pink. Height, 3 ft. 1/6 each.

SYMPHORIA RACEMOSA (D.).—Snowberry—White. Height, 4 ft. 1/- each.
Variegata.—Variegated foliage. 4 ft. 1/-.

SYNCARPIA laurifolia (E.).—White. 15 ft. 1/6.

SYRINGA PERSICA (D.).—In Varieties. 1/6.

TAMARIX GALICA (D.).—Tamarisk—Pink. Height, 30 ft. 1/- each.
JAPONICA.—Pink. Height, 20 ft. 1/- each.
TECOMA GRANDIFLORA (D.).—Orange, large showy flowers. Height, 5 ft. 1/6 each.
Guilfoylei.—Deep crimson, large handsome flowers and spikes. Height, 6 ft. 1/6 each.
Smithii.—Yellow, free flowering, very handsome shrub. Height, 8 ft. 1/6 each.
THEA Bohea, Tea (E.).—White. 6 ft. 1/6.
THUNBERGIA Hawtynii (H.).—Flowers mauve coloured; pretty. 1/- each.
TILIA EUROPEA (D.).—Lime or Linden Tree. Height, 40 ft. 2/- each.
TRITOMA Leichtlini (H.).—Varieties. 1/- to 1/6.
ULMUS CAMPESTRIS (D.).—English Elm. Height 80 ft. 1/6 to 2/- each.
Campestris suberosa.—Cork Elm. 60 ft. 1/6.
Canadian Giant.—Height, 50 ft. 1/6 to 2/-.
Montana.—Wych or Scotch Elm. 50 ft. 1/6 to 2/-.
Monumentalis.—Monumental Elm. 40 ft. 1/6 to 2/-.
Purpurea.—Purple-leaved Elm. 40 ft. 1/6 to 2/-.
Vegeta (D.).—Huntington Elm. 60 ft. 1/6 to 2/-.
VERBENA (H.).—A choice collection. 6/- doz.
VERONICA (H.).—All varieties. 1/- to 1/6.
VIBURNUM OPULUS (D.).—The Guelder Rose—White, very handsome. Height, 8 ft. 1/6.
VINCA major (H.).—Blue; trailing. 1/- each.
Minor.—Blue; trailing. 1/- each.
Variegata.—Beautiful for rock work. 1/-.
VITTADENIA glabrata (H.).—Very pretty. 1/-.
WIGANDIA caracasana (E.).—Violet, fine foliage. Height, 12 ft. 2/- each.
YUCCA (E.).—In variety. 1/6 and 2/6.

PALMS and CYCADS.

All Varieties, from 1/-, 1/6, 2/-, 2/6, 3/6, upwards, according to size.

A highly ornamental tribe of plants, well suited for decorations, and for giving a tropical effect to the flower garden and shrubbery.

PELARGONIUMS.

Choice Selected Show Varieties.

1/- to 1/6 each; 10/- to 15/- per doz.

ARTIST.—Lower petals mottled carmine, maroon spot on top petals, carmine edge, large white centre.
AZALEA.—Bright, pink; very showy.
CLARIBEL.—The purest white, with small spots of bright carmine on top petals; a lovely flower, and quite distinct.
CYNTHIA.—White, maroon spot on top petals.
DIPLOMATIST.—Rosy purple lower petals, maroon top, clear white eye; good habit, free and fine.
LA BILLIARDIERE.—Rosy purple, with large blotch on each petal, white centre; a very beautiful variety; flowers extra large; good habit; one of the best.
LADY OF THE LAKE.—Lower petals orange rose, painted with crimson; maroon top petals; narrow even crimson edge; white centre; very fine.
PERICLES.—Lower petals French white, dark top petals, wire edge of rose.
PRINCE LEOPOLD.—Lower petals bright crimson, upper dark maroon; very fine.
PURPLE GEM.—Lower petals deep purple, top petals black maroon; purple margin.

Regal and Decorative Pelargoniums.

1/- and 1/6 each; 12/- and 15/- per doz.

BEAUTY OF OXTON.—The upper petals are of a very rich maroon colour, darkly blotched; the under petals very dark crimson, shaded with maroon; light centre, tinted with rose; all the petals are margined with white and beautifully fringed.
CAPTAIN RAIKES.—Flowers are very large, full, fiery crimson, flaked with purplish black and bordered with carmine; semi-double.
CAPTAIN RAIKES IMPROVED.—Bright scarlet flowers, shaded with violet, deep blotch in upper petals; good habit.
CHAMPION.—Fine trusses of beautifully crimped flowers, flushed rose; lower petals spotted crimson lake; upper petals blotched maroon, surrounded fiery crimson.
CREMORNE.—Delicate salmon pink; upper petals blotched dark velvety crimson, nicely fringed; large showy trusses.

DOROTHY.—Fine large flower, full and round, of a soft shade of carmine rose, white centre, surrounded with a lilac shade; all the petals margined white and elegantly fringed, upper petals blotched maroon.
DUCHESS OF ALBANY.—Upper petals deep lilac, blotched and veined with maroon, edged soft lilac; lower petals rosy lilac, edged with pale rose; very distinct.
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD.—Purest white, prettily fringed, with feathered spots of delicate rose in the upper petals; habit dwarf.
DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH.—Flowers white, with purple blotch, beautifully fringed large truss, and very free; dwarf habit.
DUKE OF ALBANY.—Very distinct variety, producing in profusion fine trusses of beautifully fringed flowers of a soft purplish violet colour, slightly shaded crimson, and margined with lavender rose, the upper petals blotched and feathered maroon.
DUKE OF BEDFORD.—Ground colour is a most delicate flesh, with beautifully dark maroon blotch on upper petals; the lower petals have a fine pencilled feathering of carmine, beautifully fringed with white; habit strong and compact.
DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.—Very large full flowers, dark purplish maroon colour, with light centre; petals beautifully fringed.
DUKE OF FIFE.—Clear lake shade, pure white margins and centre; splendid habit, and producing large heads.
EDWARD PERKINS.—Very large flowers, brilliant orange carmine, with dark blotches.
MR. J. LACEY.—Upper petals rich crimson, deep crimson blotch and veins margined with white, lower petals bluish white.
PERSIMMON.—Intense orange scarlet colour, massive bold flowers and enormous trusses; plant of vigorous habit.
PRINCE HENRY.—Bright fiery carmine, with light centre; all the petals with white.
PRINCE OF TECK.—Rich deep crimson, shaded with violet; the upper petals blotched and feathered with very dark blackish maroon, shaded with violet; very free blooming variety.
PRINCESS BEATRICE.—Upper petals crimson lake, blotched with maroon and margined with white; under petals bluish white; a large and full flower, the petals being beautifully undulated and fringed.
PRINCESS VICTORIA.—Large trusses of semi-double crispy flowers, of a delicate shade of bluish pink; very floriferous.
QUEEN VICTORIA.—Flower semi-double, of a rich vermilion colour, all the petals broadly margined with pure white. A very pleasing and attractive variety.
ROYALTY.—A grand variety. The flowers are of the purest white, with crimson spot on each petal and beautifully fringed; habit good and very dwarf.

Variegated Bicolor, and Tricolor Pelargoniums.

A fine collection of all the best varieties in cultivation.

Price, 1/- and 1/6 each; 12/- to 15/- per doz.

Choice Selected Fancy Pelargoniums.

1/-, 1/6 each; 10/- to 15/- per doz.

ANIMATION.—Upper petals violet crimson, edged white; under petals violet rose, white margin, conspicuous, white, fine, large.
ALPICUS.—Beautiful; upper petals rich crimson, blotched violet and margined white; under petals white, blotched crimson.
BERTHA.—Rich maroon; upper petals edged with white; lower petals rosy purple, margined with white, white centre.
COUNTESS OF DUDLEY.—Deep rosy crimson upper petals, light throat, rose lower petals; extra fine form and substance.
ELLEN BECK.—Delicate lilac carmine, with bright throat and edges; free flowering.
ERMON.—Upper petals crimson, edged white; lower petals white, mottled with crimson.
FAIRY QUEEN.—Pure white, upper petals delicate lilac.
IONA.—Upper petals deep lilac rose, edged with white; lower petals distinct rose, blotch on each petal, edged white.
JEWEL.—Pure white, feathered and marked with soft rosy lake on upper petals, and faintly spotted rose on under petals.
MADAME SAINTON DOLBY.—Crimson lake, upper petals mottled crimson.
PELIAS.—Upper petals dark, crimson maroon, edged violet rose; under petals rich dark crimson, edged rose; large white centre.
THE SHAH.—Deep crimson purple, with narrow lilac edge; light centre.

Ivy-Leaved Pelargoniums.

DOUBLE FLOWERING VARIETIES.

A fine collection of all these varieties in cultivation.

Price, 1/- and 1/6 each; 10/- to 12/- per doz.

ZONALE PELARGONIUMS.

Single.

We can supply good plants of all varieties listed at from 1/- to 1/6 each, or 10/- to 12/- per doz., except where priced.

ADOLPHE BRISSON.—Single-flowered; improved. This is identical in colour with the well-known variety of that name, except that the scarlet is a little more intense and the individual blooms larger. 2/- each.
ADRIENNE CAMBRAY.—White, edged and mottled scarlet.
ALBION.—Pure white; extra fine.
AURORA BOREALE.—Salmon scarlet, trusses an enormous size.
BARBARA HOPE.—Pale salmon pink, with white eye, shading to almost pure white on margins; large flower, dwarf habit.
BLUSHING BRIDE.—Purple, white eye, fine.
C. C. TUDWELL.—Crimson, shaded orange and purple; excellent.
CHAUCER.—Bright cerise; large and very beautiful.
CHARLES FRENCH.—Orange red, with white eye; top petals shaded white and purple, large pips and truss. 2/- each.
CONAN DOYLE.—Clear salmon pink.
COUNTESS OF BUCKINGHAM.—Deep rose pink, flowers of extra size, trusses bold, beautiful.
CREMORNE SCARLET.—The largest and finest flowered zonale that has come under our notice. As its name indicates, the colour is a fine shade of scarlet, but its chief attraction is the enormous size of the pips and trusses; individual pips measured here were 2½ inches in diameter, and the trusses are gigantic in proportions. 2/-.
DR. MARTIGNON.—Crimson; very fine.
DRYDEN.—Fiery crimson; large white blotch, shaded with purple on upper petals; extra.
DR. NANSEN.—Pure white; large pips and truss; one of the best whites.
FIRE KING.—Bright scarlet crimson; very showy and effective.
FIERY CROSS.—Intense crimson, trusses large and showy; habit good.
FREYD.—Vermilion scarlet, upper petals rosy red, trusses of immense size.
GEORGES SAND.—Palest lilac, spotted thickly in the centre with purple; very distinct. 1/6.
HALL CAINE.—Bright cerise, with large white centre; very attractive and good. 1/6 each.
JOHN COPEMAN.—Deep vermilion scarlet, extra large round blooms; a Victorian seedling of fine quality.
KITTY.—Cherry red, white eye; distinct.
LADY TENNYSON.—Salmon, of a pleasing shade, mottled towards outside of petals, deeper in centre, fine large trusses.
LORENZO.—Crimson scarlet, large fine blooms and trusses; very showy.
LORD ROBERTS.—Purple of a pleasing shade, shaded with magenta; very large and fine. 1/6.
LILIAN.—Deep salmon; very distinct.
LORD ABERDEEN.—Intense scarlet; extra good.
LORD CURZON.—Glowing magenta crimson, shaded orange.
MADAME CHARLES.—Pure white, smooth round flowers, large trusses.
MARK TWAIN.—Scarlet, heavily marked with white in centre; very showy.
MARY PELTON.—Very pale salmon, with white eye; flowers large and fine.
MISS REID.—Soft lilac pink, white eyes, very showy and fine. 1/6 each.
MISS FENN.—Deep scarlet, with large white eye, flowers of splendid shape; large, showy.
MRS. EDWARD MANIFOLD.—Salmon, shaded magenta; large showy pips and trusses; strong, vigorous habit. 2/-.
MRS. E. G. HILL.—Salmon, very large flowers and trusses; showy and good.
MRS. POLE ROUTH.—Mottled salmon, deeper towards the centre; flowers of perfect shape; habit dwarf and good.
MRS. SIMPSON.—White, with beautiful light scarlet ring surrounding a pure white eye; very distinct. 2/- each.
PRESIDENT M'KINLEY.—Warm, rosy red; flowers of large size.
PRINCESS ALIX.—Clear pale rose; very pretty.
PRINCESS OF WALES.—Rosy cerise; large, well-formed blooms.

Law, Zomner & Co. "Tip Top" Plants

Pelargoniums Single (Contd.)—

REV. F. ATKINSON.—Deep crimson, trusses large and showy; the best of all for bedding.
SHELLY.—Deep orange crimson, large round blooms; splendid.
SIR WILFRED LAURIER.—Centre pure white, with broad band of deep rose pink.
SWALLOW.—Terra cotta red; fine large blooms.
SYLVIA.—Salmon pink, very free flowering.
THE GENERAL.—Bright scarlet, white eye.
WINTER CHEER.—Rosy magenta, free flowering.

Zonale Pelargoniums, flowering throughout the year. Six up-to-date varieties, 7/- Twelve for 12/- packed.

Double and Semi-Double.

ADMIRAL ITO.—Brilliant scarlet, fine trusses.
ALBURY.—Deep crimson, fine.
APOTHEOSE.—Vermilion, white centre.
BRUANT.—Bright vermilion scarlet; fine showy variety.
CALIFORNIA.—Bright orange; very fine and striking; distinct.
CAPTAIN FLAZELLE.—Light crimson; large, bold trusses; grand.
CARDINAL LAVIGERIE.—Rosy purple; one of the best of this colour.
CARPEAUX.—Lilac pink, spotted purple.
COLONEL BARRE.—Purplish rose, large bold trusses.
COMTE ROMPON.—Crimson scarlet, fine heavy trusses.
DR. CABENAS.—Heliotrope, large bold pipes and trusses.
DR. DESPRES.—Deep crimson, shaded purple; fine form and truss.
DUC DE MONTMARTE.—Very deep purple shade; one of the best.
EMOTION.—Light scarlet, mottled with white; very handsome.
ETERMANTHE.—Scarlet, fine bold flowers.
FRAICHEUR.—White, with pink picotee edge on each petal.
F. V. RASPAIL.—Bright scarlet, free flowering, good bedder.
GOLDEN GATE.—Bright orange scarlet; very fine.
GUSTAVE EMICH.—Rich, clear scarlet; trusses of gigantic size.
HERMINE.—Pure white, large flowers; very handsome.
HUBER CHARRON.—Pink ground, edged and mottled splashed carmine; one of the handsomest.
JOYFUL.—Deep salmon, edged with broad band of white; very elegant.
KING OF DENMARK.—Clear salmon, large fine trusses; an excellent bedder.
MADAME CHAROTTE.—Mottled salmon, fine large blooms and trusses.
MADAME LANDRY.—Deep salmon, large trusses; vigorous habit.
MADAME PERNET GERART.—Soft rose pink, enormous trusses; fine.
MADAME VAUDREY.—Soft lavender pink; very pretty and attractive.
MADELINE LEMAIRE.—Soft salmon, mottled and striped white; novel.
MAURICE MONTIGUT.—Rich crimson.
M. CANORIAS.—Deep crimson, fine bold blooms.
MRS. MEEHAN.—Rosy magenta, very large.
OLIVE SCHRIENER.—Blush white, edged bright red.
PASTEL.—Fine crimson scarlet.
RAINBOW.—Salmon, shaded orange and crimson; good.
RASPAIL IMPROVED.—Deep scarlet, large fine pips; compact habit.
ROBERT CHARTIE.—Heliotrope of a distinct shade; extra good.
VICTOR GARIEN.—Bright pink of a very pleasing shade; distinct.
VIOLET DANIELS.—Orange salmon, large fine flowers; very good.
WHITE ABBEY.—Pure white, fine compact truss and habit.
YARRNER ROBINSON.—Pure white, fine showy flowers.

PENSTEMONS.

All the Leading Varieties.
Price, 1/- each; 10/- per doz.

PHLOXES—Perennial.

Price, 1/- each; 10/- per doz.
All the newest and brightest varieties in stock, too numerous to catalogue.

PINES AND OTHER CONIFERS.

Note.—Foot measurements indicate ultimate height of mature plants.

ABIES, alba.—White Spruce. 70 to 100 ft. 1/- and 1/6 each.
Canadensis.—Hemlock Spruce. 60 ft. 1/6.
Douglas.—Douglas Silver Fir. 100 to 150 ft. 1/- and 1/6 each.
Excelsa.—Norway Spruce. 70 to 100 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Hanburyana.—1/6 each.
Menziessi.—Menziessi Spruce. 50 to 60 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
Nigra.—Black Spruce. 30 to 40 ft. 1/6.
Smithiana.—Himalayan Spruce. 80 to 110 ft. 1/6 each.
ARAUCARIA Bidwilli.—Bunya Bunya. 90 to 100 ft. 1/- and 3/6 each.
Cunninghami.—Moreton Bay Pine. 100 to 150 ft. 2/- and 3/6 each.
Excelsa.—Norfolk Island Pine. 100 to 120 ft. 1/- and 3/6 each.
Excelsa.—Specimens. 7/6 and 15/- each.
Imbricata.—Chili Pine. 50 to 70 ft. 2/- and 3/6 each.
BIOTA, orientalis.—Chinese Arbor Vitæ. 30 to 40 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Aurea.—Golden Arbor Vitæ. 6 to 8 ft. 1/6 and 3/6 each.
CEDRUS, Atlantica (argentea).—Silver Cedar. 80 to 100 ft. 1/6 and 3/6 each.
Deodora.—Indian Cedar. 100 to 150 ft. 1/6 and 3/6 each.
Libani.—Cedar of Lebanon. 80 to 100 ft. 2/- and 3/6 each.
CRYPTOMERA elegans.—60 to 100 ft. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
Japonica.—Japan Cedar. 60 ft. 1/- and 2/-.
CUPRESSUS Africana.—30 to 40 ft. 1/- and 2/-.
Armstrongii.—4 ft. 1/- and 1/6 each.
Chinensis.—20 to 30 ft. 1/6 each.
Corneyana.—40 to 50 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Funeris.—Funeral Cypress. 40 to 60 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Goveniana.—20 to 30 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
Goveniana Scottii.—A very beautiful silver variegated form of Goveniana. 2/-.
Lambertiana horizontalis, from cuttings. 60 to 80 ft. 2/- and 2/6 each.
Cuttings horizontalis aurea.—60 to 80 ft. 2/-.
Lawsoniana.—80 to 100 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Lawsoniana argentea variegata.—1/6 and 2/6.
Lawsoniana erecta varidis.—20 to 30 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
Macrocarpa.—Seedling Lambertiana. 60 to 80 ft. 1/- and 2/6 each.
Sempervirens stricta.—Common Cypress. 40 to 50 ft. 1/- and 1/6 each.
Sinensis.—30 ft. 1/- and 1/6 each.
Torulosa.—60 to 100 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
DACYDIUM Franklini.—Huon Pine. 20 to 30 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
FRENELA cupressiformis.—Murray Pine. 30 to 40 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
JUNIPERUS Bermudiana.—Pencil Cedar. 20 to 30 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
Communis.—Common Juniper. 12 to 15 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Hibernica.—Irish Juniper. 12 to 15 ft. 1/6.
Hibernica compacta.—10 ft. 1/6 and 2/-.
Japonica aurea variegata.—20 ft. 2/- and 2/6.
Oxycedrus.—10 to 15 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
Prostrata.—6 ft. 1/6 each.
Rufescens.—20 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
Sabiniana.—4 ft. 1/6 each.
Sinensis.—Chinese Juniper. 15 to 20 ft. 1/- and 1/6 each.
Sinensis aurea variegata.—15 to 20 ft. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
Sinensis variegata.—15 to 20 ft. 1/6 each.
Virginiana.—Red Cedar of America. 40 to 50 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
LARIX Europæa.—Larch. 80 to 150 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
LIBOCEDRUS decurrens.—80 to 100 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
PICEA Nordmanniana.—60 to 80 ft. 2/- and 3/6.
Pinsapo.—50 to 60 ft. 3/6 each.
Webbiana.—80 to 90 ft. 2/6 each.
PINUS Austriaca.—Black Austrian Pine. 70 to 100 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Canariensis.—60 to 70 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Excelsa.—100 to 150 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Halepensis.—Aleppo Pine. 30 to 40 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Insignis.—The Remarkable Pine. 80 to 100 ft. 9d. and 2/- each.
Laricio.—80 to 100 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Pinister.—Maritime Pine. 50 ft. 1/- and 1/6.
Pinea.—Stone Pine. 20 to 30 ft. 1/- and 1/6.
Ponderosa.—80 to 100 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
Strobus.—Weymouth Pine. 100 to 150 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
PODOCARPUS pilosus.—20 ft. 1/6 each.
Spinulosus.—Illawarra Pine. 20 to 30 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
Totarra.—60 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.

PRUMNOPITYS elegans.—40 to 50 ft. 1/6 each.
RETINOSPORA filifera.—30 to 40 ft. 1/- and 2/-.
Leptoclada.—3 to 5 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Lycopodioides.—10 ft. 2/- each.
Obtusa.—30 to 40 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Pisifera.—25 to 30 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Pisifera aurea.—15 ft. 1/- and 2/- each.
Plumosa.—30 ft. 1/- and 1/6 each.
Plumosa argentea variegata.—30 ft. 1/- and 1/6 each.
Plumosa aurea. 12 ft. 1/- and 1/6 each.
Squarrosa.—20 ft. 1/- and 1/6 each.
SALISBURIA adiantifolia.—Maiden Hair Tree. 80 to 100 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
TAXUS baccata.—English Yew. 50 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
Aurea.—Golden Yew. 20 ft. 1/6 and 2/-.
Fastigata.—Irish Yew. 30 ft. 1/6 and 2/-.
THUJA Doniana.—15 ft. 2/- each.
Gigantea.—Librocedrus Decurrens. 80 to 100 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
Lobbi.—60 to 100 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
Occidentalis.—American Arbor Vitæ. 30 ft. 1/- and 1/6 each.
Orientalis (see Biota).
THUJOPSIS borealis.—30 to 40 ft. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
Dolabrata.—60 to 80 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
Dolabrata variegata.—40 to 50 ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.
Latevirens.—4 to 5 ft. 1/6 and 2/6 each.
WELLINGTONIA gigantea.—The Mammoth Tree of California. 150 to 350 ft. 2/- and 3/6 each.

RHODODENDRONS.

Our collection includes all the best sorts in cultivation. Price, 2/6 to 10/6 each.

VERBENAS.

Price, 9d. each; 6/- to 7/6 per doz.

VIOLETS.

ADMIRAL AVELLAN.—Rich purple, free flowering; of dwarf, compact habit. 4/- per doz.; 6d. each.
CALIFORNIA.—Violet purple, single, very large and of immense fragrance; growth vigorous; an excellent variety for cutting purposes. 2/- per doz.; 3d. each.
COUNT BRAZZA.—(See Swanley White).
FEDERATION.—Single, larger than Princess of Wales; very beautiful. 4/- per doz.; 6d.
ITALIA.—Large, single, violet purple flowers; strong, robust habit; one of the finest violets. 4/- per doz.; 6d. each.
JOHN RADDENBURY.—Single, pale blue; very strong growing and very hardy; flowers produced on long footstalks. 2/6 per doz.; 4d.
KING OF VIOLETS.—Dark indigo blue; double; a very handsome flower. 4/- per doz.; 6d. each.
LADY HUME CAMPBELL.—Lavender blue, with white centre, of strong habit, resisting drought well. 6/- per doz.; 9d. each.
LA FRANCE.—A splendid flower, excelling the well-known variety, "Princess of Wales," colour metallic blue, petals round, and flowers of enormous size. 6/- per doz.; 9d. each.
MADAME MILLET.—Double, rose-coloured flowers, strong perfume; a very distinct and beautiful variety. 4/- per doz.; 6d. each.
MARIE LOUISE.—Lavender blue, with white centre; flowers very large and deliciously fragrant. 3/- per doz.; 4d. each.
MAY JACKSON.—Single, pale blue; very pretty; of free growth. 2/6 per doz.; 4d. each.
NEAPOLITAN.—Flowers double, light mauve; strongly scented; free flowering. 2/- doz.; 3d.
ODORATA RUBRA.—Red coloured, habit short, new colour. 4/- doz.; 6d. each.
PRINCESS OF WALES.—Large, sweet-scented variety; producing flowers of deep blue shade and vigorous habit. 4/- doz.; 6d. each.
RAWSON'S WHITE.—A single variety, introduced in England as the finest in cultivation. 2/- per doz.; 3d. each.
SWANLEY WHITE.—By far the best pure white double violet in cultivation; much resembles the good old Neapolitan in growth, with a large flower and long footstalks. It is for choice bouquets and cut flowers quite a gem. 2/- per doz.; 3d. each.
THE CZAR.—Large, sweet-scented. 2/- doz.; 3d.
WELLSIANA.—An improvement on Victoria Regina and Odoratissima; larger flowers, longer footstalks, and blooms much more continuously. 4/- doz.; 6d. each.
WHITE CZAR.—The best single white violet; strong grower, free bloomer. 2/- doz.; 3d.

Up-to-Date List

CHOICE ROSES

PRICE.—1/- to 1/6 each;
10/- to 15/- per dozen.

PRICES—Selection left to Ourselves.—EXTRA CHOICE VARIETIES, (not including novelties), including Hybrid Perpetual Tea Scented, Noisette, Moss, Bourbon, Climbing and Miscellaneous kinds. 12/- per dozen.

OLDER VARIETIES of great excellence, and containing many of best for Show purposes, 10/- per dozen.

OLDEST SORTS.—Containing many fine Roses. 6/- to 8/- per dozen.

We can supply any variety not mentioned here.

ABBREVIATIONS.

T., Tea-scented. H.P., Hybrid Perpetual. N., Noisette. B.P., Bourbon Perpetual. P., Polyantha. H.R., Hybrid Rugosa. S., Single. Cl., Varieties thus marked denote Climbing or Pillar Roses.

ADMIRAL DEWEY (H.T.).—A beautiful blush-pink sport from Caroline Testout, which it resembles in growth and habit.

AIMEE COCHET (H.T.).—Vigorous; magnificent pointed bud; blooms large, full and well formed; colour flesh, with rosy peach centre.

ALBERT HOFFMAN (T.).—Colour varying from pale to deep yellow; outer petals tinted with rose and white; very large, full.

ALFRED COLOMB (H.P.).—Brilliant red

ALICE GRAHAM (H.T.).—It is a strong, vigorous grower, of free and erect branching character; colour ivory white, tinted salmon, with very large and massive dark green foliage. F.C. Certificate and Award of Merit.

ALICE LINDSELL (H.T.).—The colour is creamy white, with pink centre; the blooms are very large, full, and perfectly formed.

ALISTER STELLA GRAY (N.Cl.).—Pale yellow, with orange centre, changing to white as the flowers expand; flowers small, produced in clusters; good autumn bloomer.

ALPHONSE KARR (T.).

ANGELA MULL (H.T.).—Strong growth; long pointed buds; large, full, beautiful form; colour light to sulphur yellow, centre darker shade.

ANNA OLIVER (T.).

ANNE MARIE SOUPERT (H.T.).—Bright lake red, very large, of splendid form and habit.

ANTOINE RIVOIRE (H.T.).—Clear flesh-pink.

APOTHEKER GEORGE HOFER (H.T.).—Brilliant red; buds long, large and full.

ARD'S PILLAR (H.T.Cl.).—Rich velvety crimson; large, full, cup-formed flowers, produced very freely.

ARD'S ROVER (H.P.Cl.).—Crimson.

AUGUSTE COMPTE (T.).—Said to be a red Maman Cochet.

AUGUSTINE GUINOISSEAU (H.T.).—(White La France).

AUGUSTINE HALEM (T.).—Carmine, shaded with purple; medium size, and of good shape; exceedingly free blooming.

AUSTRIAN BRIAR (S.).—Copper colour; flowers single; the upper surface of the petals intense dark scarlet; reverse chrome yellow.

BANKSIAN WHITE (Cl.).—Very sweet, blooming in clusters; a good pillar rose.

BANKSIAN YELLOW (Cl.).—Small, but very beautiful; very useful for training.

BARDOU JOB (H.T.).—Bright, glowing crimson, shaded with black; semi-double.

BARONIN ARMGARD VON BIEL (H.T.).—Satin pink, colour of La France; large and full; growth upright. 1/6.

BARON VON PALLANDT (H.T.).—Vermilion, with bright red reflex; large, very full; buds long.

BEAUTE INCONSTANTE (T.).—Coppery red, shaded with carmine and yellow; variable, of medium size and full.

BELLE LYONNAISE (T.Cl.).—Deep canary yellow, changing to white; slightly tinged with salmon; vigorous habit; fine climbing.

BELLE SIEBRECHT (H.T.).—Bright rosy pink; large, full, and beautifully formed.

BERYL (T.).—Very deep golden yellow; buds long and perfectly shaped; very highly perfumed.

BESSIE BROWN (H.T.).—Creamy white, flowers large, good substance; smooth, shell-shaped petals.

BETTY (H.T.).—Robust, and of truly unique colour—viz., ruddy gold (a coppery rose, over-spread with golden yellow). Its blooms are extremely large, fairly full, and of glorious form. 1/6.

BETTY BERKELEY (T.).—Bright red, shading to crimson scarlet; buds very long; very distinct.

BILLIARD AND BARRE (T.Cl.).—Golden yellow; large, almost full; globular.

BOADICEA (T.).—Flowers pale peach, delicately tinted pink and violet, the centre shaded rose; beautiful delicate tints.

BOB DAVIDSON (H.P.).—Dazzling scarlet, shaded crimson; blooms are large, very full, perfect form; growth vigorous.

BRIDESMAID (T.).—A clear, bright pink

CAPTAIN CHRISTY (H.P.).—Delicate flesh colour, deeper in the centre; very effective.

CAPTAIN HAYWARD (H.P.).—Bright crimson carmine; a novel shade of colour.

CARMINE PILLAR (Paul's H.P.Cl.).—The flowers three and a half to four inches across; brightest possible rosy carmine; very freely in bunches.

CAROLINE TESTOUT (H.T.).—Clear, bright rose; large and double; very sweet.

CATHERINE MERMET (T.).—Flesh rose; full, and of excellent form; a splendid rose.

CECILE BRUNNER (P.).—Rose, yellowish in centre; very sweet; very free growth.

CELIA (H.T.).—Flowers bright satin pink, centre somewhat deeper; large, full, the centres well raised and the petals reflexed; most attractive; growth is vigorous and upright. 1/6.

CHARLES J. GRAHAME (H.T.).—A rose of absolute and striking distinction, with petals of dazzling orange crimson. It is an ideal exhibition rose. 1/6.

CHARLES LEFEBVRE (H.P.).—Brilliant crimson, shaded purple in the centre.

CLARA WATSON (T.).—Pearly white

CLEOPATRA (T.).—Very pale pink, edged with rose; the buds are long.

CLIMBING ROSES—See page 100.

CLOTH OF GOLD (N.Cl.).—Pale yellow, with deep centre; large and very vigorous.

COMTESSE DE NADAILLAC (T.).—Bright rosy flesh; base of petals coppery yellow; large.

CORONA (H.T.).—The colour is very soft and delicate creamy pink; large size. 1/6.

COUNTESS ANNESLEY (H.T.).—Colour quite distinct, rosy salmon, suffused and crayoned old gold; deliciously perfumed. Certificate R.H.S. 1/6.

COUNTESS OF DERBY (H.T.).—The blooms large, perfectly symmetrical, highly-pointed centre; petals shell-shaped; colour, centre salmon, outer petals rose. 1/6.

COUNTESS OF GOSFORD (H.T.).—Salmon pink rose; base of petals suffused saffron yellow, whole bloom shaded salmon; colour never fades. Gold Medal N.R.S. 1/6.

COUNTESS OF PEMBROKE (H.T.).—Soft satin rose; full, and very fragrant.

CRIMSON RAMBLER (P.Cl.).

DAVID HARUM (H.T.).—Colour rosy peach pink; blooms very large, full, well formed.

DAVID R. WILLIAMSON (H.P.).—Soft, rich carmine rose; large, full; extraordinary fragrance; exhibition flower of first quality. 1/6.

DAWN (H.T.Cl.).—Large flowers, rosy pink, produced in clusters; very free.

DEAN HOLE (H.T.).—Perfectly formed, marvellous beauty, flowering freely and continuously throughout entire season; blooms large, great substance, high centre, elongated form; silvery carmine, shaded salmon; distinct. 1/6.

DEVONIENSIS (T.).—Pale yellow; very large and full; constant; superb scent.

DORA (H.T.).—Flowers colour peach blossom, deeper centres, changing as the blooms expand to a uniform shade of silvery blush. 1/6.

DOROTHY (H.T.).—Bright flesh, shading to a delicate blush; large, full, well formed. 1/6.

DOROTHY PERKINS.—Colour soft light pink, flowering profusely; fragrant and lasting.

DR. CAVENEUE (H.T.).—Buds almost black; open flowers deep velvety crimson; one of the finest dark coloured.

DR. GRILL (T.).—Coppery yellow,

DR. J. CAMPBELL HALL (H.T.).—Colour coral rose, suffused white; base of petals yellow; growth vigorous and erect. 1/6.

DR. RUSHLER (H.P.).—Deep blackish purple, with a very rich shading of crimson violet.

DR. WILLIAM GORDON (H.P.).—Brilliant satin pink; extra large deep-petalled, high-centred flowers, full to the centre.

DUCHESS D'AUERSTAEDT (T.Cl.).—Bright yellow, faintly shaded nankeen at centre; large.

DUCHESS OF ALBANY (H.T.).

DUCHESS OF PORTLAND (H.T.).—Pale sulphur; the blooms are very large, full.

DUKE OF EDINBURGH (H.P.).—Brilliant scarlet crimson, shaded with maroon.

EARL OF DUFFERIN (H.P.).—Rich, brilliant, velvety crimson, shaded with dark maroon.

EARL OF PEMBROKE (H.P.).—Soft velvety crimson, shaded with bright red.

EARL OF WARWICK (H.T.).—Flowers soft salmon pink, shaded in the centre with vermilion; large and full. 1/6.

ENGLAND'S GLORY (H.T.Cl.).—Growth very vigorous; blooms large; colour flesh, with satiny pink centre.

ERNEST METZ (T.).—Soft carmine rose

E. T. COOK (H.T.).—Beautiful pale primrose yellow, suffused with pink as the flowers expand. 1/6.

ETOILE DE FRANCE (H.T.).—Best of the dark Hybrid Teas; vigorous growth and robust, forming large bushes, with handsome bronzy-green foliage; very free flowering; the bud is beautifully formed. 1/6.

E. HERMANOS (T.Cl.).—Most charming deep apricot, deepening to red

E. VON KESSELSTATT (H.T.).—Carmine, changing to deep rose, on a white ground, broadly edged with deep red. 1/6.

EXQUISITE (H.T.).—Bright crimson, shaded with magenta; large, full, and globular; highly fragrant, profuse and continuous; vigorous and hardy.

FIELD MARSHAL.—Flowers are deep blood-crimson, shaded with velvety amaranth. 1/6.

FLORENCE PEMBERTON (H.T.).—Creamy-white, suffused pink, the edges of petals occasionally flushed peach. A superb variety.

FORTUNE'S YELLOW (S.Cl.).

FORTUNIANA (Cl.).—White; large and sweet

FRANCOIS CROUSSE (T.S.Cl.).

FRANCOIS DUBREUIL (T.).—Velvety purplish crimson, reflexed with cerise and amaranth.

FRANZ DEEGAN (H.T.).—Pale sulphur yellow

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI (H.P.).—Snowy white; extra fine in the bud. 1/6.

FRAU LILA RAUTENSTRAUCH (H.T.).—Colour apricot orange, suffused yellow, tinted rose; large, full, with high-pointed centre.

FRAU PETER LAMBERT (H.T.).—Colour deep rose, shaded salmon; flowers large and full, and of perfect form; bud long, free flowering; growth vigorous and branching.

GENERAL GALLIENI (T.).—Colour deep red, centre shaded yellow; distinct; very free. 1/6.

GENERAL M'ARTHUR (H.T.).—Bright scarlet; large and full. Shown in Champion 24 N.R. Show, Spring, 1906. 1/6.

GEORGE LAING PAUL (H.T.).—Reddish crimson; buds long. 1/6.

GEORGES SCHWARTZ (T.).—Bright canary yellow, very rich colour; large, full and distinct; a beautiful rose. 1/6.

GLADYS HARKNESS (H.T.).—Salmon pink

GLOIRE DE DIJON (T.Cl.).—Yellow and buff.

GLOIRE DE MARGOTTIN (H.P.).—Dazzling red; one of the most brilliant roses in existence.

G. NABONNAND (T.).—Pale rose, shaded yellow; large petals; handsome buds; excellent.

GOLDEN GATE (T.).

GRACE DARLING (H.T.).

GROSSHERZOG VON OLDENBERG (H.T.).—Dark poppy red; buds globular and pointed; large and full.

GRUSS AN SANGERHAUSEN (H.T.).—Brilliant scarlet, centre crimson; flowers large and full, of great beauty. 1/6.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ (H.T.).—Brilliant cinnabar scarlet, shaded with fiery red; a decorative rose of semi-climbing habit.

HELENE GUILLOT (H.T.).—Pinky-white, centre shaded with orange-yellow and pink; very large, camellia-shaped blooms.

HELEN KELLER (H.P.).—Brilliant rosy cerise; large, bell-shaped petals of great substance; large, full and fragrant; most perfect form.

HERZOGIN VICTORIA ADELKEID (H.T.).—Clear, bright red.

HIAWATHA.—Single, rich crimson, with white eye, produced in large and long clusters, very effective. 1/6.

HOMER (T.).—Rose, centre salmon; variable.

H. M. WALSH (H.P.).—Colour rich velvety crimson, suffused with scarlet. A superb rose.

HUGH DICKSON (H.P.).—Brilliant crimson, shaded scarlet; good size and fine form; petals smooth, slightly cupped, and reflexed; free flowering, vigorous in growth.

HUGH WATSON (H.P.).—Crimson, shaded carmine; blooms very large and full; growth vigorous, branching, and floriferous.

J. B. CLARK (H.T.).—Colour unique, being intense deep scarlet, heavily shaded blackish crimson, petals carrying a deep rich bloom like a plum, giving to the expanded flower a glistening sheen; sweet perfume. Blooms are large and beautiful. 1/6 each.



THE CHAMPION EIGHTEEN AT N.K.S. SHOW.

CHAMPION 18 ROSES,

AUTUMN 1908.

Winning Silver Cup at National Rose Society,
Exhibited by Mr. Brundrett.

THE ENTIRE COLLECTION 20/- PACKED.

MRS. J. BATEMAN.—China rose and yellow.
JOSEPH HILL.—Pink, salmon shaded, and copper.
KONIGIN COROLA.—Satin rose.
WILLIAM SHEAN.—Purest pink.
WHITE MAMAN COCHET.—White, shaded pink.
LADY ASHTOWN.—Rose du Barri, shaded yellow.
MRS. MYLES KENNEDY.—Silvery white, shaded buff.
MILDRED GRANT.—Ivory white and rose.
BESSIE BROWN.—Creamy white.
DAVID HARUM.—Rosy pink.
FLORENCE PEMBERTON.—Creamy white and pink.
HUGH WATSON.—Crimson, shaded carmine.
KAISERIN, AUGUSTE VICTORIA.—Cream, shaded lemon to centre.
FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI.—White.
SOUVR. DE PEIRRE NOTTING.—Apricot yellow, shaded orange.
FRAU LILA RAUTENSTRAUGH.—Rich salmon apricot, tinted rose.
GOLDEN GATE.—Golden yellow.
OBERHOFGARTNER TERKS.—Salmon pink.
GLOIRE DE DIJON (T.Cl.).—Yellow and buff,

J. B. M. CAMM (Bourb.).—Very pale opaque salmon pink; large, full, and high centred.
JEAN ANDRE (Cl.N.).—Deep orange yellow.
JEAN LIABAUD (H.P.).—Velvety crimson, illuminated with scarlet; beautiful.
JENNY GILLEMOT (H.T.).—Buds nankeen yellow; open flowers light saffron yellow; 1/6
JOHN HOPPER (H.P.).—Rose, carmine centre
JOHN RUSKIN (H.T.).—Is a bright rosy carmine, of an exceedingly rich tint; petals very massive, smooth and circular, lasting long in good condition; very deliciously perfumed.
JOSEPH HILL (H.T.).—Pink, salmon shaded; outside of petals pink copper; blooms large.
JUBILEE (H.P.).—Rich pure red, shading to deep crimson.
KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA (H.T.).—Vigorous grower, very free flowering, producing flowers on long stems; colour pure white, with a tinge of yellow in the centre.
KILLARNEY (H.T.).—Flesh colour, shaded
KONIGAN CAROLA (H.T.).—Satin rose; reverse of petals silvery white; buds long and pointed; flowers large, full, and of good form; growth vigorous. 1/6
LADY ASHTOWN (H.T.).—Blooms large, full, with high-pointed centres; buds long and beautifully pointed; petals very large, smooth, and of great substance; colour yellow at base, reflexes of petals silvery-pink. 1/6
LADY BATTERSEA (H.T.).—Growth vigorous and floriferous; buds long and pointed; colour cherry crimson, with orange shade.
LADY CLANMORRIS (H.T.).—Creamy white, with salmon centre; petals edged with pink.
LADY MOYRA BEAUCLERC (H.T.).—Bright madder rose, with silvery reflex; large flowers and petals; a fine show rose.
LADY ROBERTS (T.).—Buds rich salmon red; flowers orange salmon, passing to apricot.
LADY ROSSMORE (H.T.).—Valuable edition to the darker coloured Hybrid Teas; will prove one of our best decorative bedding roses; reddish crimson, with scarlet shading. 2/-
LADY ZOE BROUGHAN (T.).—Chamois leather colour, deeper at edges of the petals.
LA FRANCE (H.T.).—Pale peach, deep rose.
LA FRANCE DE '89 (H.T.).—Brilliant rosy red.
LENA (T.).—Glowing apricot, the edges of the petals assuming a primrose yellow as the flower ages; the bud long and perfectly formed. 1/6
LE PROGRES (H.T.).—Nankeen-yellow, lighter when fully expanded; flowers large; one of the best yellow roses.
LIBERTY (H.T.).—Brilliant crimson, large
L'IDEAL (N.Cl.).—Colour coppery rose, with metallic shadings; a very remarkable rose.
LORD TARQUIN (T.).—Pale flesh colour.
LOUIS RICARD (H.P.).—Deep velvety-crimson, shaded with vermillion and black.
MA CAPUCINE (T.).—Deep orange or copper colour, shaded with rose; beautiful in bud.
M. ADA CARMODY (T.).—Ivory white, tinted and edged various shades of pink, the centre tinged yellow.
MADAME A. CHATENAY (T.).—Carmine pink, shaded vermillion and salmon; perpetual.
MADAME ALFRED SABATIER (H.T.).—Brilliant satiny peach red, large and stout petals, handsome buds. 1/6
MADAME AUGUSTE CHOUTET (T.).—Deep orange yellow; large and full; beautiful and distinct; a good pillar rose. 1/6

MARIE ROBERT (N.Cl.).—Bright rose, marbled with salmon and apricot; outer petals paler.
MARIE VAN HOUTE (T.)
MARK TWAIN (H.T.).—Colour carnation rose; large and full.
MARQUIS DE SALISBURY (T.).—Very bright velvety red; medium size; semi-double.
MARQUISE LITTA (H.T.).—Carmine rose, vermillion centre; large, full, and cupped.
MEDEA (T.).—Large, globular flowers, very full; lemon yellow, with canary centre.
MERVEILLE DE LYON (H.P.).—Pure white.
MILDRED GRANT (H.T.).—The blooms large.
MISS ETHEL BROWNLOW (T.).—Bright salmon pink, shaded with yellow at base of petals.
MOHRENKONIG (T.S.).—Velvety crimson.
MONSIEUR DESIR (T.Cl.).—Velvety crimson, shaded violet; large, double.
MORGENROTH (Single).—Crimson, with large white centre.
MRS. A. BYASS (Tea).—Maddery rose, shaded crimson and beautifully mottled and blotched with pale rose and white.
MRS. CONWAY JONES (H.T.).—The blooms enormous size; full and perfect form; petals of great size and substance; the colour is creamy white flushed salmon pink.
MRS. DAVID M'KEE (H.T.).—Petals are large, smooth and circular; colour, a beautiful creamy yellow. 1/6
MRS. EDWARD MAWLEY (T.S.).—Bright carmine, shaded with salmon; very large.
MRS. G. S. CRAWFORD (H.P.).—Deep rosy pink, outer petals shaded with pale pink.
MRS. G. W. KERSHAW (H.T.).—Blooms large, full, and of perfect form, with highly-pointed centre; continuously produced in greatest profusion; colour is a glowing deep rose pink, which gives it a unique charm; absolutely distinct in every respect. 1/6
MRS. HARVEY THOMAS (H.T.).—Large, full and well formed; buds long; colour carmine, shaded coppery red; base of petals canary yellow; very beautiful. 1/6
MRS. JAMES WILSON (T.).—Deep lemon yellow, edges tipped with rose.
MRS. JOHN BATEMAN (H.T.).—Perfect form, very full, with highly-pointed centre; deep China rose colour, with yellow at base of petals.
MRS. JOHN LAING (H.P.).—Transparent pink.
MADAME CADEAU RAMEY (H.T.).—Rosy flesh, shaded with yellow at base and bordered with rosy carmine.
MADAME CHARLES (T.).—Medium size, full; colour rich apricot; beautiful in the bud.
MADAME DE WATEVILLE (T.).—Salmon white, each petal bordered with bright rose like a tulip; large and full; long buds.
MADAME DRIOUT (T.).—Sport from Reine M. Henriette; has all the good qualities of that sort; flowers are striped with pale rose on every petal; the best striped rose. 1/6
MADAME FRANCOIS JAMIN (T.).—Orange
MADAME HECTOR LEUILLOT (H.T.).—Superb golden yellow, tinted with carmine in the centre; flowers large, full.
MADAME JULES GRAVEREAUX (T.).—Deep yellow; centre rosy peach; bud long and pointed, flowering profusely. 1/6
MADAME JULES GROLEZ (H.T.).—Chinese pink, bright and satiny; large, full.

MADAME LAMBARD (T.).—This is a beautiful variety; colour salmon pink, shaded with rose
MADAME LEON PAIN (H.T.).—Silvery salmon, centre orange-yellow; back of petal salmon pink; flowers large, full, and well formed; very free flowering. 1/6
MADAME LOUIS LAURANS (T.).—Deep red, reflexed with magenta; very large, full.
MADAME MAURICE DONNAY (T.S.).—Magenta red, sometimes shaded with purple, and assuming rosy tints in opening; large and semi-double; long oval buds. 1/6
MADAME PAUL OLIVIER (H.T.).—Salmon, shaded with rosy carmine; very large, full, and globular; long oval buds.
MADAME PAUL PERNEY (T.).—A fine, free flowering variety, producing a profusion of beautiful saffron yellow buds.
MADAME PIERRE COCHET (N.Cl.).—Centre golden yellow, shading to buff or yellowish white; reverse of petals deep coppery yellow
MADAME RAPHAEL ANGULO (T.S.).—Carmine-rose, shaded with white; extra fine buds; large and full.
MADAME RAVARY (T.).—Orange yellow, shaded; large and globular, almost full; fine long buds; very hardy and vigorous.
MADAME VERMOREL (T.S.).—Rose and coppery yellow, centre shaded and lined with red; extra large buds.
MAHARAJAH.—Brilliant velvety crimson flowers; strong grower. 1/6
MAMAN COCHET (T.).—Flesh coloured rose, shaded with carmine and salmon yellow; large and full; fine long buds; a splendid rose
MAMIE (H.T.).—Rosy carmine, yellow base.
MARECHAL NIEL (T.Cl.).—Beautiful deep golden yellow; large, full.
MARIE BAUMAN (H.P.).—Brilliant vivid red; very large, full, and perfect form; free.
MRS. MYLES KENNEDY (Tea).—Colour, a delicate aqueous silvery-white, shaded buff, deeper pink in centre, with back edge of petals slightly deeper shade of pink, giving it quite a picotee edged effect. Altogether a glorious flower. 2/-
MRS. PETER BLAIR (H.T.).—A decorative rose of exceptional merit; the flowers lemon chrome, with golden centre, are freely and continuously produced. 2/-
MRS. PIERPONT MORGAN (T.).—Very bright cerise or rosy pink; large.
MRS. REYNOLDS HOLE (T.S.).—Deep purplish rose, centre tinted with crimson; very large and full; fine buds, produced singly on long stems; good foliage; growth vigorous.
MRS. ROBERT GARRETT (T.).—Soft pleasing pink; buds long and pointed; flowers large.
MURIEL GRAHAME (T.).—Pale cream, faintly flushed with rose.
NIPHETOS (T.).—Pure white; long, pointed buds; fine for cutting. One of the best whites.
NOELLA NABONNAND (T.S.).—Extra large, semi-double, velvety crimson flowers, with very large petals; very sweet; handsome in bud; a splendid climbing rose.
NYMPH (Rambler).—Beautiful and distinct; the flowers are single; colour apple blossom, the ivory-white ground colour being tipped with carmine. 1/6

Champion 18 Roses

1907.

Winning Silver Cup at National Rose Society, Exhibited by Mr. Brundrett.

Entire Collection 18/- Packed, for Cash.

SOUVENIR DE PIERRE NOTTING.—Apricot to golden yellow and orange.

BESSIE BROWN.—Creamy white.

K. A. VICTORIA.—Cream, shaded lemon to centre.

J. B. CLARKE.—Deep scarlet, shaded to crimson.

PHARISAER.—Whitest Rose, to deep salmon centre.

FRAU LILA RAUTENSTRAUGH.—Rich salmon apricot, tinted rose.

DEAN HOLE.—Silvery carmine.

MRS. E. MAWLEY.—Bright carmine pink, shaded salmon.

ALICE GRAHAM.—Ivory white.

ALICE LINDSELL.—Creamy white, pink centre.

BELLE SIEBRECHT.—Bright rosy pink.

COUNTESS OF ANNESLEY.—Rosy salmon, suffused with old gold.

FRAU K. DRUSCHKI.—Purest white.

KONIGIN CAROLA.—Satin rose.

LADY ASHTOWN.—Rose du Barri, shaded to yellow.

MADAME JULES GROLEZ.—China rose.

MADAME VERMOREL.—Coppery yellow.

MARQUISE LITTA.—Carmine rose, with vermilion centre.



THE CHAMPION EIGHTEEN AT N.R.S. SHOW, 1907.

OBERHOFGARTNER A. SINGER.—Pure carmine, darker in the centre; flowers very large and full; very free. 1/6.

OBERHOFGARTNER TERKS.—Light salmon pink; petals large; long pointed buds; growth vigorous and free flowering.

PAPA GONTIER (T.).—Rosy crimson; buds long, clean and handsome; excellent for cutting purposes; one of the best.

PARKFEUR (Austrian Briar).—Bright scarlet red; very brilliant.

PAUL NEYRON (H.P.).—Rich rose, of monstrous size and very double.

PAUL'S CARMINÉ PILLAR (H.P.).—The flowers are 3½ to 4 in. across, of the brightest possible rosy carmine; very free, showing masses of brilliant colouring; very hardy and vigorous.

PEGGY (H.T.).—The feature of this rose is its exquisitely shaped semi-double, claret-smear, saffron-yellow blooms, which are borne in large trusses in the greatest profusion. 1/6.

PERLE DES JARDINS (T.).—Straw colour, sometimes canary yellow, centre orange yellow.

PERLE D'OR (P.).—Nankeen yellow, with orange centres; small and full, very beautiful; flowers very numerous.

PERLE VON GODESBERG (H.T.).—Golden yellow sport from K. A. Victoria.

PETRIES'S DONZEL (China).—Velvety purplish crimson, tinted with fiery red.

PHARISAER (H.T.).—Rosy white, shaded salmon; buds long.

PINK ROVER (H.T.Cl.).—Pale pink, darker in centre; large, full, and long clean buds.

PRINCE CAMILLE DE ROHAN (H.P.).—Crimson maroon, shaded with blood-red; velvety.

PRINCE DE BULGARIE (H.T.).—Flesh colour, shaded salmon; long buds; flowers very large.

PRINCESS ALICE DE MONACO (T.).—Creamy yellow, edged with rose, centre peach red.

PRINCESS BONNIE (T.).—Rich crimson, vivid and striking; flowers very fragrant; buds long.

PRINCESS DE SAGAN (T.).—Velvety crimson.

QUEEN MAB (C.).—Rosy apricot, centre shaded orange, tinted rosy violet.

RAINBOW (T.).—Soft rose, striped with carmine; a sport from Papa Gontier.

REINE MARGUERITE D'ITALIE (H.T.).—Bright carmine, centre shaded vermilion; large, full, very sweet. 1/6.

REINE MARIE HENRIETTE (H.T.Cl.).—Brilliant red; large, semi-double, nicely shaped; a hardy and showy climber.

REINE OLGA DE WURTEMBERG (T.Cl.).—Brilliant red; large, semi-double, nicely shaped; a hardy and showy climber.

REV. DAVID R. WILLIAMSON (H.T.).—Most distinct, excellent variety; vigorous growth, erect branching; large, massive, dark green foliage; every shoot terminates in a bud; globular form; large, well shaped petals; colour dark velvety crimson, shaded maroon; free blooming, great fragrance.

REVE D'OR (N.Cl.).—Deep yellow, sometimes coppery; medium size and full; climbing.

REV. T. C. COLE (T.Cl.).—Bright yellow; large, full, and free; very vigorous grower.

ROBT. SCOTT (H.T.).—Rosy-pink, shading flesh.

ROGER LAMBERLIN (H.P.).—This is perhaps the most remarkable rose ever raised as regards colour; the ground colour is bright crimson, almost scarlet; petals deeply serrated, and margined pure white band; remarkable and striking

RICHMOND (H.T.).—Pure red scarlet; free growing and flowering habit; in the way of Liberty, but larger and fuller. 1/6.

ROBERT DUNCAN (H.P.).—Bright rosy lake

ROSE D'EVIAN (T.).—Buds magenta; open flowers carmine inside and rose outside; large, full, and cupped.

ROYAL SCARLET.—Vivid scarlet; one of the best single roses.

SINICA ALBA (the Camelia Rose of Japan; Cl.).—A beautiful evergreen climber, with large single flowers; pure white, with yellow stamens, and large, glossy, deep green foliage.

SINICA ANEMONE (the Cherokee Rose; Cl.).—This is a very beautiful single-flowering rose, with large flowers, 3½ in. across; colour, light silvery-pink at the edges, gradually deepening to a bright rose at the base, resembling a Japanese Anemone; bright, shiny foliage.

SOPHIA KING (T.).—Chamois leather, shaded tawny yellow and carmine; centre coppery, tinted fiery red. 1/6.

SOUV. DE MARIE DE ZAYAS (H.T.).—Blooms very large, perfectly formed; buds long pointed; colour vivid carmine, with deeper shading. 1/6.

SOUVENIR D'AUGUSTE LEGRÉS (T.).—Fiery red, mixed with deep crimson; very large.

SOUVENIR DE CATHERINE GUILLOT (T.).—Coppery carmine, centre shaded with orange.

SOUVENIR DE HERESE LEVET (T.).—Dark crimson, rose shaded, rayed with scarlet.

SOUVENIR DE J. B. BUILLOT (T.).—Colour varying from Nasturtium red, shaded with crimson, to bright coppery red.

SOUVENIR DE LA MALMAISON (B.P.).—Clear flesh, edges blush; very large, full, and fine.

SOUVENIR DE LEONIE VIENNOT (T.Cl.).—Strong climber; silvery rose, shading carmine; petals canary yellow.

SOUVENIR DE MADAME EUGENE VERDIER (H.T.).—Creamy white, shaded yellow; globular, very large, and full.

SOUVENIR DE MADAME PERNET (T.).—Salmon pink, shaded with yellow; full and globular; quite distinct in colour.

SOUVENIR DE PIERRE NOTTING (T.S.).—Fine apricot yellow, washed with golden yellow and shaded with orange; very large.

SOUVENIR DE PRESIDENT CARNOT (T.).—Rosy flesh, shaded white; fine long buds, in the way of Niphotos; long, stiff stems.

SOUVENIR DE WM. ROBINSON (T.).—Four colours are present in this variety—pæony rose, creamy white, apricot and violet; attractive.

SOUVENIR DE WOOTTON (H.T.).—Red, of cupped form; large, full; good grower.

SOUVENIR D'ELISE VARDON (T.).—Creamy white, centre yellowish; very large and full.

SOUVENIR D'UN AMI (T.).—Salmon rose.

SUNRISE (T.).—Outer petals reddish carmine, pale salmon within; open blossoms.

SUNSET (T.).—A sport from Perle des Jardins; deep apricot; large and full; free bloomer.

THE BRIDE (T.).—This beautiful rose is a white sport from Catherine Mermet; it is sometimes delicately tinged with rose, at other times pure white, producing blooms in all respects identical with those of the parent.

TENNYSON (H.T.).—Pearly white, shaded with flesh colour and pale pink; well shaped.

THE DANDY (H.T.).—Glowing maroon crimson; flowers exquisite form, miniature in size; splendid as a button-hole rose.

THE METEOR (T.).—Rich dark velvety crimson, without the least purple tint, and retaining its colour well; exceedingly free.

ULRICH BRUNNER FILS (H.P.).—Bright cerise red; very large and double; very fine.

ULSTER (H.P.).—Fine large flower, of great substance; colour, bright salmon pink.

VANITY (C. H. Halstead).—Deep nankeen yellow; outer petals splashed with carmine; very long, pointed buds, and of good form.

VENUS (Moss).—Flowers red, well mossed, large, full, opening well; upright habit. 1/6.

VISCOUNTESS FOLKESTONE (T.).—Uniform creamy pink, deepening to salmon pink in the centre; very large, full, and globular. 1/6.

WABAN (T.).—A sport from Catherine Mermet, which it follows in form and habit; colour, soft carmine pink.

WALTHAM BRIDE (Summer-flowering Hybrid).—Very beautiful, fast-growing climber, particularly valuable for its early flowering qualities and snow-white blossoms. 1/6.

WALTHAM CLIMBERS. Nos. I., II., and III. —Various shades of crimson; No. II. is the lightest; large and very fragrant; No. III. is the darkest, fine globular show flower; No. I. is the brightest.

WALTHAM RAMBLER (P.).—Deep rosy pink, with pale centre; vigorous, rambling.

WARRIOR (H.T.).—Buds blood-red, long and handsome; opening flowers vivid scarlet crimson; large, double, with broad, handsome petals.

WEDDING BELLS (P.).—Shell-pink, base of petals white; a superb climber.

WHITE MAMAN COCHET (T.).—The parent of this new rose, although comparatively new, has won universal favour, and is now considered indispensable even in a limited collection.

WHITE PERLE (T.).—A sport from the well-known Perle des Jardins; nearly white.

WILLIAM ALLEN RICHARDSON (N.Cl.).—Fine orange yellow; medium size; vigorous.

WILLIAM NOTTING (H.T.).—Colour, coral-red, centre bright salmon; flowers full, magnificent form.

WILLIAM SHEAN (H.T.).—A glorious rose of unquestionable merit, having immense size, perfect form and substance; its colour is the purest pink, with delicate ochrey veination. 1/6.

IRISH SINGLE ROSES.

1/- each; set of eight for 7/6.

IRISH BEAUTY (H.T.).—Pure white.

IRISH BRIGHTNESS (H.T.).—Vivid crimson.

IRISH ELEGANS (H.T.).—In bud state bronzy, orange scarlet whilst expanding, apricot hues.

IRISH ENGINEER (H.T.).—Dazzling scarlet.

IRISH GLORY (H.T.).—Immense size; colour, silvery-pink on the inside of petals, being flamed on back of petals with crimson; strongly perfumed.

IRISH HARMONY (T.).—Variable; buds are a saffron yellow, crayoned or smeared claret, the flowers when expanded being creamy white.

IRISH PRIDE (T.; Single).—Colour ecru, suffused with old rose and old gold.

IRISH STAR (H.T.).—Golden yellow.

CLIMBING AND PILLAR ROSES.

Our "Tip Top" Collection of
6 Best Varieties, 7/6
12 " " " 14/- packed.

Those marked with an asterisk are of strong running habit, and where a greater growth is required are the most suitable for running over verandahs, covering unsightly buildings, etc.; the others form large bushes when trained up stakes, and will produce a grand effect mixed amongst other plants in the shrubbery and flower garden. Price 1/- and 1/6 each.

For description of most varieties, see our Catalogue—General Collection of Roses.

ABBREVIATIONS.

H.P., Hybrid Perpetual. T.S., Tea Scented. N., Noisette. B., Bourbon. H.C., Hybrid Climbing. P., Polyantha. S., Single Flowered. H.T., Hybrid Tea.

Anne of Giersten.
Alistar Stella Gray (P.).
Ard's Pillar (H.T.).
Ard's Rover (H.P.).
Bardou Job (H.T.).
Banksian White.*
Banksian Yellow.*
Beaute de l'Europe (T.S.).
Belle de Bordeaux (T.S.).
Belle Lyonnaise (T.S.).*
Billiard and Barre (T.S.).
Carmine Pillar (S.).
Celine Forestier.
Cl. Captain Christy.
Climbing Cecile Brunner.
Cheshunt Hybrid (T.S.).
Climbing Belle Siebrecht (H.T.).
Climbing Caroline Testout (H.T.).
Climbing Devoniensis (T.S.).*
Cl. Frau K. Druschki.
Climbing Kaiserin Augusta Victoria (T.S.).
Climbing La France (T.S.).
Climbing Madame de Watteville (T.S.).
Climbing Madame Jules Grolez.
Climbing Meteor (T.S.).

Climbing Ulster (H.P.).
Climbing Niphetos (T.S.).*
Climbing Papa Gontier.
Climbing Perles des Jardins (T.S.).*
Climbing Souvenir de la Malmaison (B.).*
Climbing Nabonnand.
Climbing Souvenir de Wootton (T.S.).
Cloth of Gold (N.).*
Climbing Souvenir d'Elise Vardon (T.S.).
Climbing White Maman Cochet.
Crimson Rambler (P.).*
Dawn (T.S.).
Dorothy Perkins.
Dawson Rose (T.S.).
Deegan's White Marechal Niel (T.S.).*
Duchesse d'Auerstaedt (T.S.).*
England's Glory (H.T.).
E. Veyrat Hermanos (T.S.).*
Fanny Stolwerck (T.S.).
Field Marshal.
Fortune's Yellow.*
Fortuniana.*
Francois Crousse (T.S.).

Gloire de Dijon (T.S.).*
Glory of Waltham (H.P.).
Golden Queen.
Gruss an Teplitz.
Grossherzog Ernst Ludwig (T.S.).
Gustave Regis.
Hiawatha.
Jean Andre.
Kathleen.
Lady Gay.
Lady Waterlow (H.T.).
Leuchstern (S.P.).
L'Idéal (N.).
Madame Auguste Choutet.
Madame Bernard (T.S.).
Madame Dioult.
Madame Eugene Verdier (T.S.).
Madame Jules Gravereaux.
Madame Pierre Cochet (N.).*
Mai Fleuri.
Mamie (T.S.).
Marechal Niel (T.S.).*
Marie Robert.
Mdlle. Annette Murat (T.S.).
Mdlle. Marie Berton (T.S.).
Mrs. Allen Chandler.
Mr. F. W. Flight.

Miss May Paul (T.S.).
Monsieur Desir (T.S.).
Mrs. Paul.
Noella Nabonnand (T.S.).
Nymph.
Philadelphia Rambler.
Pink Rover (T.S.).
Reine Marie Henriette (T.S.).*
Reine Olga de Wurtemberg (T.S.).*
Rev. T. C. Cole (T.S.).*
Reve d'Or (N.).*
Rosette de la Legion d'Honneur (T.S.).
Sinica "Anemone."
Sinica Alba.
Souvenir Leonie Viennot (T.S.).*
Souvenir de Madame Joseph Metral (T.S.).*
Tea Rambler (T.S.).
Waltham Bride.
Waltham Climber, No. 1 (T.S.).
Waltham Climber, No. 2 (T.S.).
Waltham Climber, No. 3 (T.S.).
Wedding Bells.
William Allen Richardson (N.).*
White Marechal Niel.

LIST OF STANDARD ROSES.

Height, 3 feet. Price, 2/6 to 3/6 each; 24/- to 36/- per dozen.

Beaute Inconstante.
Belle Siebrecht.
Beryl.
Bessie Brown.
Bettie.
Caroline Testout.
Catherine Mermet.
Charles J. Graham.
Dean Hole.
Dr. Rushpler.
Duchess Portland.
Earnest Metz.
Etoile de France.

Exquisite.
Farben Konigin.
Francois Dubreuil.
Frau Karl Druschki.
Frau Lila Rautenstraugh.
General Gallieni.
General Macarthur.
Georges Schwartz.
Gruss an Teplitz.
Hugh Dickson.
Hugh Watson.
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.
Killarney.

Konigin Carola.
La France.
Lady Ashtown.
Lady Battersea.
Lady Roberts.
Liberty.
Madame Abel Chatenay.
Madame Jules Grolez.
Madame Lambard.
Maman Cochet.
Mildred Grant.
Mrs. J. Bateman.

Mrs. Edward Mawley.
Muriel Graham.
Oberhofgartner Terks.
Papa Gontier.
Richmond.
Souvenir de Catherine Guillot.
Souvenir de Pierre Notting.
Sunset.
The Bride.
Warrior.
White Maman Cochet.
William Shean.

LIST OF HALF-STANDARD ROSES.

Price, 2/- to 2/6 each; 18/- to 24/- doz., except where priced.

Height, 2ft. to 2ft. 6in.

Alfred Colomb.
A. K. Williams.
Alliance Franco-Russia.
Alice Graham.
Alice Lindsell.
Angela Mull.
Augustine Guinoisseau.
Avoca, 2/6.
Antoine Revoire.
Barbarossa, 2/6.
Beaute Inconstante.
Belle Siebrecht.
Beryl.
Bessie Brown.
Betty.
Bridesmaid.
Caroline Testout.
Catharine Mermet.
Celia, 2/6.
Charles J. Graham.
Christine de Noue.
Clara Watson.
Cleopatra.
Climbing Belle Siebrecht.
Climbing Niphetos.
Colonel R. S. Williamson, 2/6.
Comtesse Nadoullac.
Countess Annesley.
Countess Derby.
Countess Gosford, 2/6.
Countess Pembroke.
Corallina.
David Harum.
Devoniensis.
Dean Hole.
Dora, 2/6.
Dorothy Page Roberts, 2/6.
Dr. Felix Guyon.
Dr. Grill.
Dr. Rushpler.
Dr. William Gordon.
D. R. Williamson.

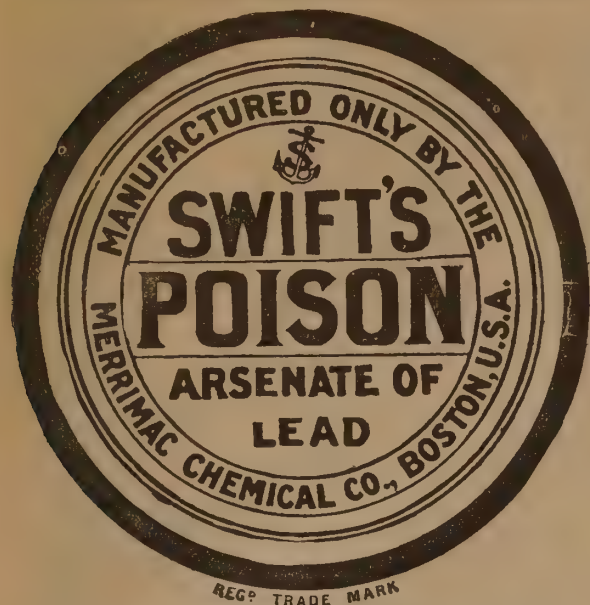
Duchess of Portland.
Duke of Edinburgh.
Earl of Warwick.
Earl of Pembroke.
Elizabeth Barnes, 2/6.
Empereur de Maroc.
Ernest Metz.
Etoile de France.
Exquisite.
E. Von Kesselstatt.
Farben Konigen.
Ferdinand Jamin.
Fisher Holmes.
Florence Pemberton.
Francois Dubreuil.
Frau Karl Druschki.
Frau Lila Rautenstraugh.
Freikerr Von Marschall.
General Gallieni.
General Jacqueminot.
General MacArthur.
Georges Schwartz.
Golden Gate.
Gladys Harkness.
Glorie de Margottin.
Graf. F. Hochberg.
Gruss an Sangerhausen, 2/6.
Gruss an Teplitz.
Gustav Grunerwald.
Gustave Piganeau.
Harry Kirk, 2/6.
Helen Keller.
Henrich Schultheis.
Hugh Dickson.
Hugh Watson.
Jakobs Berle.
J. B. Clark.
Jean Pernet.
John Ruskin.
Joseph Hill.
Jubilee.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.
Killarney.
Konigin Corola.
Lady Ashtown.
Lady Battresea.
Lady Helen Vincent, 2/6.
Lady Mary Fitzwilliam.
Lady Moyra Beauclerc.
Lady Roberts.
La France.
Le Progress.
Lena, 2/6.
Lawrent Carle, 2/6.
Liberty.
Lyon Rose, 2/6.
Ma Capucine.
Madame A. Chatenay.
Madame Constant Soupert, 2/6.
Madame de Watteville.
Madame Jean Dupuy.
Madame Jules Gravereaux, 2/6.
Madame Jules Grolez.
Madame Lambard.
Madame Leon Pain.
Madame Melani Soupert, 2/6.
Madame Vermovel.
Maman Cochet.
Mareschal Niel.
Marie Van Houtte.
Mark Twain.
Marquis de Salisbury.
Marquis Litta.
Meta.
M. H. Walsh.
Medea.
Mildred Grant.
Mrs. Aaron Ward, 2/6.
Mrs. David M'Kee.
Mrs. Dudley Cross, 2/6.
Mrs. E. G. Hill.
Mrs. G. W. Kershaw, 2/6.

Mrs. Harvey Thomas.
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Mrs. R. G. Sharnan Crawford.
Mrs. Stewart Clarke, 2/6.
Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt.
Muriel Graham.
Oberhofgartner Terks.
Papa Gontier.
Penelope, 2/6.
Perle des Jardins.
Perle Von Godesberg.
Pharisaer.
Prince Camille de Rohan.
Prince de Bulgarie.
Princess Beatrice.
Princess Marie Mertchersky.
Queen of Spain, 2/6.
Rainbow.
Richmond.
Robert Scott.
Rose de Evian.
Roselle Kberon.
Souv. Catharine Guillot.
Souv. d'Elise Varden.
Souv. de Maria de Zazas, 2/6.
Souv. de Pierre Notting.
Souv. Stella Gray, 2/6.
Sunrise.
Sunset.
The Bride.
Warrior.
White Lady.
White Maman Cochet.
Wm. Shean, 2/6.
Yvonne Vacherot.

We have a fine lot of the above, with good clean wood, that are sure to give satisfaction. Budded on Rosa Canina.

139-141 Swanston Street, Melbourne



SEE THAT YOU GET SWIFT'S

It is **THE BEST** for
Codlin Moth, Pear Slug, Apple Root Beetle,
and Cherrygreen Beetle.

For ROSES, DAHLIAS, Etc.

Keeps the garden free from
**Tomato Caterpillar, Pumpkin-Beetle,
and Potato Bug.**

IT MEANS SURE DEATH TO ALL OF THEM.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

For Codlin Moth and Apple and Pear Scab—The N.Z. Department of Agriculture recommends the use in early part of season of a first and second spray, combining an insecticide and fungicide, and consisting of:— $1\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. Swift's Arsenate of Lead, 4 lbs. sulphate of copper, 5 lbs. fresh rock lime, 50 gallons water.

The results from the use of Swift's Arsenate of Lead as a remedy for codlin moth are reported by leading N.Z. fruit growers as having exceeded their most sanguine expectations. In a very badly affected orchard in the North Island, where Swift's Arsenate of Lead was used last season, only one per cent. of apples was found to be wormy.

For Codlin Moth and Leaf-eating Insects—Dissolve the 4 lbs. sulphate of copper in 25 gallons of water in one vessel. In another vessel slake the 5 lbs. lime slowly and add water up to 25 gallons. Strain this milk of lime into the solution of sulphate of copper, stirring briskly. To this combined mixture add $1\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. Swift's Arsenate of Lead. Vessels of wood or earthenware should be used, especially for dissolving sulphate of copper. Keep mixture well-stirred during spraying.

When apple and pear scab have ceased to be troublesome, use $1\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. Swift's Arsenate of Lead to 50 gallons of water, mixing thoroughly. Spray at intervals of fifteen to seventeen days.

PRICE—

1-lb. Jars	2/- lb.	5-lb. Jars,	$1\frac{1}{6}$ lb	20-lb. Jars	$1\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	50-lb. Jars	1/- lb.
2-lb. „	$1\frac{1}{9}$ „	10-lb. „	$1\frac{1}{3}$ „	28-lb. „	$1\frac{1}{1}$ „	100-lb. „	11d „

Sold by **LAW, SOMNER & Co., 139-141 Swanston St., Melbourne.**

HENRY W. PEABODY & Co., 9 Bridge St., Sydney, General Agents for Australia.

MANURES AND FERTILIZERS.

Prices here quoted are Nett Cash, and do not include carriage or cartage, which will be charged extra.
Exchange—6d. Victorian, 1/- other States, must be added to all cheques for manure.

Agricultural Salt—2-cwt. bags, 6/-
Bone Dust—1-cwt. bags, 6/- each; price per ton, £5/12/6 nett.

Blood Manure—Price, 7/6 per cwt. bag; £7 per ton, in quantities of not less than half a ton.

Sulphate of Ammonia—An effective quick-acting fertiliser, for promoting and maintaining healthy, vigorous growth in plants. 3d. per lb.; 12 lbs. 2/9

Superphosphate of Lime—1-cwt. bags, 6/-; or £5/12/6 per ton.

Nitrate of Soda—14-lb. bags, 3/-
Guano (Peruvian)—Per bag (16lbs.) 26/- each; 3d. per lb.

Kainit, or German Potash—The most wonderful fertiliser of the age. Contains sulphates and chlorides of potash in combination with sulphate and chlorides of sodium and magnesium. 6/- cwt.

Special Orchard Manure—A splendid manure for fruit trees of every description and small fruits, promoting wonderful growth and benefiting the tree in every way. Spread 3 to 5 lbs. around each tree near the roots in Spring and Autumn and cover up, do not allow manure to touch roots. For shallow-rooting trees such as lemons, figs, etc., sprinkle lightly over surface and rake in. 8/6 cwt.

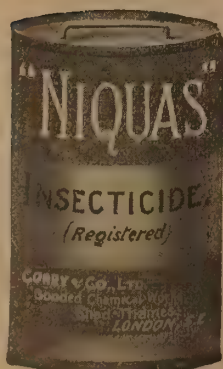
Special Vegetable Manure—A Concentrated, Complete Manure, for Potatoes, Onion, Cabbage, Cauliflower, etc. £14/15/- ton; 16/6 cwt.; 28-lb. Sample Bag, 5/6.

Somner's Special Rose, Chrysanthemum, and Dahlia Manure—Promotes wonderful growth, and produces beautiful blooms. Splendid for bringing roses etc., to perfection for exhibition. 1/6, 2/6 Bags; carriage extra.

Somners "Tip Top" Plant Food—Non-odorous. The surest and best for all pot plants. Producing wonderful results. Improving the growth. All lovers of flowers use it. Directions on Tins. 6d., 1/- and 1/6 each.

A VALUABLE INSECTICIDE.

IMPORTANT!



**For Plants and
Fruit Trees Use**

NIQUAS.

(REGISTERED.)

**The Safest, Surest, and
Cheapest INSECTICIDE
of the Day.**

$\frac{1}{2}$ -Pint Tin makes 6 Gallons for the cost of 1/-

1 Gallon Tin makes 96 Gallons for the cost of 6/-

Also Supplied in Pints, 1/6; Quarts, 2/6; Half-Gallons, 3/6; Gallon, 6/-; 5-gallon Drums, 25/-; Drums, 3/- extra. Carriage extra.

Produced from Concentrated Vegetable Extracts, forming a most effective Insecticide for syringing and dipping. It destroys all Insect Pests infecting Trees and Plants, including Bug, Codlin Moth, Black Spot, etc., while no possible injury to vegetation can result from its use. Red Spider can be thoroughly eradicated by using NIKUAS stronger than required for Aphis, etc. Directions on Tins.

It has been successfully tested by Officials in connection with the Victorian and New South Wales Governments.

SOLE AGENTS FOR VICTORIA AND WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

Law, Sonner & Co. "Tip Top" Plants

POTTERY.

SEED PANS.

Each. With all orders for Pottery, where Packing is necessary, an extra charge will be made to cover cost of packing and cases. It must, however, be distinctly understood, that, while special care will be exercised to prevent breakage, we will not be held responsible.

FLOWER POTS and SAUCERS.

Per Dozen.

3-inch .. 9d.	8-inch .. 3/6
4 " .. 1/-	9 " .. 5/6
5 " .. 1/3	10 " .. 9/-
6 " .. 1/9	12 " 1/6 each 16/-
7 " .. 2/6	

GARDEN STICKS

In bundles of 100 each.

1 foot .. 1/3
1 1/2 " .. 2/-
2 " .. 2/6
2 1/2 " .. 3/-
3 " .. 3/6
3 1/2 " .. 4/6
4 " .. 6/-
4 1/2 " .. 8/-

Propagating Glasses.

Each.

4-inch .. 1/-
5 " .. 1/3
6 " .. 1/6
7 " .. 2/-
8 " .. 2/6
9 " .. 4/-
10 " .. 4/6
11 " .. 5/6
12 " .. 7/6

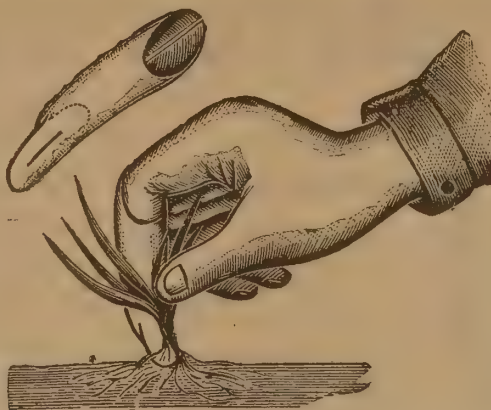
1/2 INCH SQUARE HARDWOOD STICKS.

Colonial.

4-feet, 1/6 dozen; 12/- 100
4 1/2 " 2/- " 13/- "
5 " 2/6 " 14/- "
6 " 3/- " 16/- "

DAISY GRUBBERS—Very useful for extracting weeds, docks, etc., from lawns. 1/9 ea.

HANGING WIRE BASKETS—Plain and ornamental, for ferns. 10-inch, 9d.; 12-inch, 1/-



Breen's Patent "Finger Spade."

An invaluable Weeding Implement
Once used—always used.

It is worn on the forefinger, or on two or more fingers if required; it can be worn with or without a glove. It will expand and contract to suit any sized finger.

NOTE.—When ordering, please say whether for a lady or gentleman.

Price, 6d. each; per post, 7d.

GISHUSTINE—An invaluable preparation for rendering Boots, Leggings, etc., waterproof. In tins, 1/- and 1/6 each; per post 4d. and 6d. per tin extra.

BUTTONHOLE FLOWER TUBES—Metal and glass. Splendid for keeping button-holes fresh. 3d., 4d. each; posted, 4d., 5d.

FLOWER CEMENT—A perfect preparation for fixing cut flowers. In bottles, 1/- each.

GARDEN TROWELS—9d. and 1/- each.

HARVESTING TWINE—For tying dahlias, shrubs, etc. Balls, 9d. and 1/6 each.

TANNED GARDEN NETTING—For protecting Fruit Trees from birds; 1-inch mesh, 15 yards wide, 45 to 50 yards long, 2/- per yard, or £3/5/- the whole net. Special small mesh for Silvereyes and other very small birds, 3/4-inch mesh, 2/6 per yard.

HYACINTH GLASSES—1/- each; 10/- dozen; packing extra.

GLOVES—Postage, 3d. per pair extra.

Men's Pruning or Harvesting—2/- pair. **Gauntlets**—2/6 pair.

Ladies' Gardening—2/- pair.

Gardening Gauntlets—2/6 pair.

Housemaid's Chamois—1/3 pair; extra strong, 1/9.

GRAFTING WAX—New French Cold. Indispensable for Grafting, Budding, etc. In tins, 1/-, 1/6, and 2/6 each.

DYED GREEN MOSS—Used largely for decorating flower pots, etc. 6d. per bundle; per post, 9d.

FORKS, HAND WEEDING—6d., 9d., 1/-

GARDEN LINES—1/-, 1/6, 2/- each.

RAFFIA—This material is now very largely used by Vignerons for tying vines, and also by Nurserymen. 1/- per lb. Special quotation for cwt. or ton.

SHEARS, Hedge—5/-, 6/-, 9/- pair.

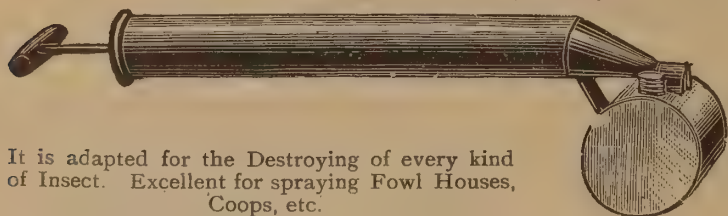
Grass Edging—1/-, 2/6 pair.

SULPHUR BELLOWS, Imported French make, 5/- Porta's latest patent, Colonial best make, 8/6.

NEW MIDGET SULPHUR BELLOWS—Can be carried in pocket. Every grower of Roses should have one. Splendid for dusting sulphur on Roses. In three sizes. 1/-, 1/3, 2/6.

WATERING CANS—6/-, 7/-, and 8/- each.

THE "FAULTLESS" SPRAYER.



It is adapted for the Destroying of every kind of Insect. Excellent for spraying Fowl Houses, Coops, etc.

Throws a spray as fine as mist. Kills, drives away, and exterminates every living thing obnoxious to yourself, your animals, or your crops. Price, Tin and Brass, 5/-; in Tin, 4/-; Brass, 6/6.

THE NIQUAS SYRINGE—A special made Syringe for spraying with Niquas and other insecticides, made with a bend for getting underneath the leaves, 25/- each. Without bend, 22/6 each.

LAWSON'S PATENT BRASS GARDEN SYRINGES.



No. 4—25/-

No. 1 1/2—15/-

SIZES—

No. 1, 12/6 No. 1 1/2, 15/- No. 2, 17/6 No. 2 1/2, 20/- No. 3, 22/6 No. 4, 25/-

DIAMOND WEEDER.

The Amateur Companion. This little handy tool is a boon to Amateurs. It cuts out all weeds and opens up the soil. 1/- each.

NEW FANCY PAPER POT COVERS.

In all colours; three sizes. Specially prepared paper, durable and lasting. May be had in various shades of colours—white, green, heliotrope, yellow, pink, crimson, etc., etc. We have had a large sale of these this past year, and all who have seen them in our window were much taken with them. 6d., 8d., 10d. each, posted.

SEA BATH SALT.

56-lb. Bags, 2/6 each. Carriage extra. Very beneficial for Rheumatism, Sciatica, etc. **HAVE YOUR HOT SEA BATHS AT HOME.**

NIKOTEEN (Extract of Tobacco).
See page 103.

Soaperine—An invaluable remedy for destroying blight on rose trees, insect pests, etc., in orchards and vineyards. Excellent also for destroying vermin in dogs, horses, and cattle. 9d. per tin.

Hellebore Powder (English)—Very useful for destroying pear and cherry slugs, worms, caterpillars, slugs, etc. 1/6 per lb. Cheaper in quantity.

Red Oil, for Scale Insect—1/2-gal., 1/6; 1 gal., 2/6, tins.

INSECTICIDES.

Gishurst Compound—One of the oldest and best insecticides yet introduced for destroying all kinds of insect life. 1-lb. boxes, 1/6; 3-lb. boxes, 4/-

Paris Green—Poisonous; insoluble powders, excellent for destroying codlin moth, caterpillars, etc. 6d. and 9d.; post, 9d. and 1/1. Paste ready for use, 1/6 lb. bottle.

Gardener's Insecticide—Invaluable to nurserymen, fruit and vine growers, and others. In jars, 1/6, 3/-, 5/6, and 10/- each.

NIQUAS—The Surest and Best.
See page 101.

Worm Destroyer—Completely eradicates every kind of worm from the roots of large specimen plants, pots, lawns, etc., without injury to the most delicate plant. In bottles, with full directions, price 1/6 and 3/- each.

Tobacco Paper—Much superior to tobacco leaf for fumigating purposes. Price, 1/6 lb.

Tobacco Stems—For fumigating or spraying, 6/- per lb. Cheaper in quantity.



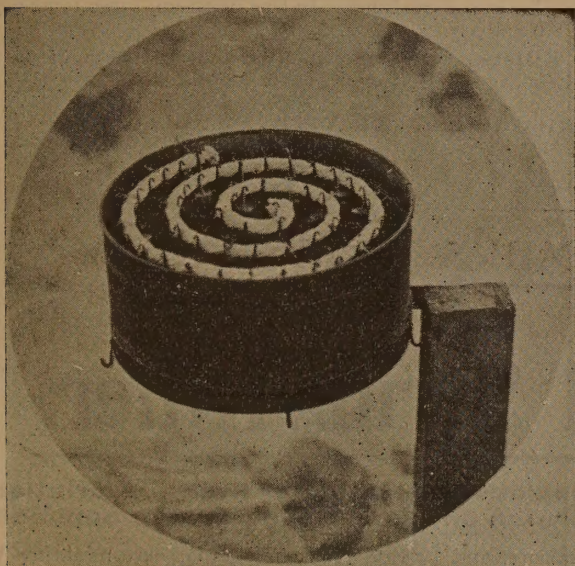
3-inch Garden Spray and Stand, 5/6.
Hose Coupling and Clip, 1/- extra.

THE "ÆRATOR." PATENTED.

A New Departure—A Distinct Mechanical Success—Economises Time and Labour—Decreases the Weeds—Increases the Crops.

The "ÆRATOR" and its Uses—It will do six times more work in a given time than the ordinary Hoe. Should be used as soon as the young plants and weeds appear above the ground, and then again after a short interval, especially if the weather has been dry and rendered the surface of the soil caked and hard. **The "ÆRATOR"** loosens the soil, admits air, prepares for the coming rain, rouses up the bacteria or insect world, stimulates root action, hastens the growth of the young plants, and at the same time destroys the weeds in their infancy, which otherwise, in time, rob plant life of available sustenance. In preparing the ground for small seeds, or the application of manure in powdered form, no tool could be better.

Price, 6 in. wide on ash handle, 4½ feet long, 8/6 each.



Daisy Garden Spray and Lawn Sprinkler.

We claim these to be the best yet invented. It throws a beautiful, even shower over a large radius, descending in similar form to light natural rain, and consequently does not injure the young and tender plants, as is frequently done by the use of other appliances. The three-inch size is the most suitable for ordinary gardens, distributing water over an area of 25 feet. The six-inch is more adapted for bowling greens and extensive lawns. When ordering, state whether your water pressure is high, low or medium, as these Sprinklers are made to suit all pressures. Three-inch with stand, 5/6; complete with hose-coupling and clip, 6/6; six-inch, 15/-; complete with hose-coupling and clip, 16/6. When ordering, please state size hose used.

The Daisy Nozzle Spray can easily be attached to any hose, and is specially recommended for the watering of tender plants or blooms. Where tried, all others have been discarded in its favour. 3/6 each.

SPRAY PUMPS.

Any make of SPRAY PUMPS
supplied at current rates.

"The Villa," price complete, £3.

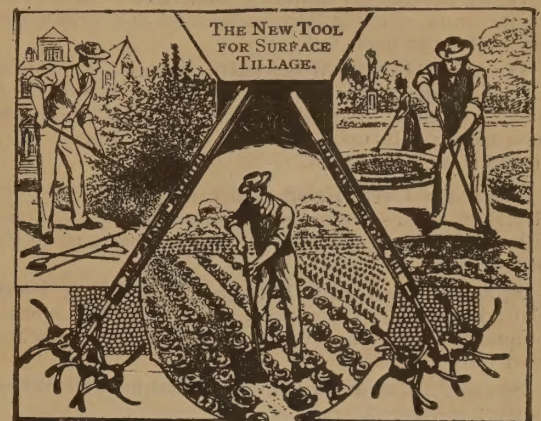
"The Lotus," price complete, 37/6; with six feet hose and 18-inch delivery pipe and stop-cock, 42/6.

"Victoria," price complete, 5-gallon drum, £4/10/-; 10-gallon, £4/15/-; if supplied with patent double Triumph Nozzles, 7/6 extra.

CALHOUN'S SEED SOWER.

A Useful
Machine.

Invaluable for sowing Grass Seed, Cereals, Clovers, Millets; a great saver of seed and time; will last a life-time, 25/- each.



The "DEMON" AUTOMATIC BIRD SCARER.

(PATENTED).

The only Practical Bird Scarer on the Market. Have one in your Garden, your Field or your Orchard.

Why spend your Time and Labour feeding the birds?

Why waste time putting up old-fashioned Scarecrows, making your place unsightly, when the birds get used to them in a day or two?

Have something they WON'T get accustomed to!

Buy a "DEMON" Automatic Bird Scarer and be up-to-date.

Simple, Cheap, Effective, Never wears out. Saves Money, Time and Temper.

What the BIRD SCARER is:—Briefly described, the machine consists of a circular metal case about 14 inches in width by 8 inches in depth, in the top end of which is fixed a spiral strip of iron, along which is arranged a series of hooks or forks, adapted to receive a length of slow-burning fuse and large cannon crackers, one or more of which can be suspended from each hook in such a way as to bring its fuse in contact with the slow fuse. The machine being charged, one end of the fuse is ignited and the cover closed. As the slow fuse gradually burns away it ignites each cracker in turn, causing a loud explosion every 15 or 20 minutes, or more or less often as desired, and will continue firing periodically for about 15 hours without further attention, and can also be set in the evening to begin firing off at any hour next morning.

PRICES: Bird Scarer, £1 5/-; Crackers, per box of 800, £1; Fuse, per Hank, 4/6.

NIKOTEEN (EXTRACT OF TOBACCO)

For Destroying Insect Pests on Flowers, Shrubs, Fruit Trees, and Vegetables.

A preparation containing about 30 per cent. of Nicotine. For all kinds of Scale, Aphis, and Codlin Moth, it is very effectual, and easy to use. In bottles—

Making from 4 to 5 gallons of spray, 1/3 each, posted 1/6

" " 8 to 10 " " 2/6 " " 2/10

" " 12 to 20 " " 3/6 " " 4/-

Bird Foods & Sundries Our Great Speciality

Our "TIP-TOP" MIXTURE for

CANARIES AND OTHER SMALL CAGE BIRDS.

The very best and cleanest Mixtures obtainable.
No Must, no Dust.

1½-lb., 6d.; 3-lbs., 1/-; 8-lbs., 2/6; 14-lbs., 4/-; 28-lbs., 7/-

OUR "TIP-TOP" MIXTURE FOR PARROTS, COCKATOOS, &c.

Comprises a mixture of seeds, etc., specially selected for the larger seed

eating birds—the Cockatoos, Parrots, etc. It is of the same high standard of excellence for which our Bird Seeds have been so long famed.

2-lbs., 6d.; 4-lbs., 1/-; 12-lbs., 2/9; 28-lbs., 5/6.

To those who prefer to make their own mixtures, we recommend the following, and would be pleased to send price on application for quantity.

Canary 4d. lb.	White Millet 4d. lb.	Linseed 4d. lb.	Teasel 6d. lb.
Hemp 4d. lb.	Red Millet 4d. lb.	Maw .. 3d. per oz., 1/- lb.	Thistle 1/- lb.
Rape 4d. lb.	Inga 4d. lb.	Lettuce .. 3d. per oz., 1/6 lb.	Chillies .. 3d. per oz., 1/6 lb.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT. TAKE NO OTHER.

Spratt's Specially Prepared Canary and Cage Bird Food—An efficient substitute for Egg Food, being far less expensive and more easily prepared, keeping birds in thorough health and producing robustness and size. Directions for use on tins. Price, 9d. per tin; per post in Victoria, 1/3; other States, 1/6.

Hyde's Special Canary Mixture—An extra special mixture for Canaries, in which is introduced fruit in a granulated form. In packets, 6d. each; per post, 11d.

Hyde's Hartz Mountain Bread—A wonderful Egg Food for Canaries and other birds. Is digestible and does not turn sour like baker's bread. Fledgelings can be most successfully reared from the nest exclusively upon the food. In packages, 4d.; per post, 7d.; and tins, 8d. each; per post, 1/-.

Spratt's Lark Food—An excellent food for Thrushes, Blackbirds, Starlings, etc. Composed of finest quality Gluten, Ants' Eggs, Dried Flies, Meat, etc. 5d. and 9d. per tin; per post in Victoria, 10d. and 1/3; other States, 1/- and 1/5.

Spratt's Red and Orange Plume Egg Paste—For bringing the Canaries through their moult and giving them a beautiful rich red orange plumage. Directions for use on tins. In separate tins, 8d. each; per post, 11d.

Spratt's Canarydyne—For Asthma and Wheezing. Price, 8d. per bottle; posted 9d.

Spratt's Quinella—For Inflammation of Stomach. Price, 8d; posted, 9d.

Spratt's Finch Mixture—4d. per packet; posted, 9d.

Spratt's Canary Mixture—4d. per packet; posted, 9d.

Hyde's Lung Drops—For all kinds of birds when suffering from asthma, cold, or loss of song. In bottles, 9d. each; posted, 10d.

Tasteless Pepper—For giving color to Canaries. In packets, 6d.; posted, 7d.; 3/6 lb. For Postal Rates, see page 2.

Hyde's Roup Pills (for Poultry)—Will promote the laying of eggs, assist process of moulting, and prevent the Roup, Gapes, and other diseases common to poultry. 6d. per dozen; posted, 7d.

Ant Eggs—For Pheasants, Goldfinches. 3d. per oz.; 3/6 per lb.

Carbonised Shell Gravel—For Cage Birds. 3d. and 6d. per bag.

Shell Grit—For Poultry. Keeps Poultry in robust health and prevents them from laying soft shell eggs. Price, 8 lbs., 6d.; 18 lbs., 1/-

Pure Bone Meal—For Birds and Young Chickens. 7 lb 1/-; 12/- per cwt.

Bird Feeders—For attaching to cages. One hole, plain, 1/-; enamelled, 1/3 each.

Bird Feeders—For aviaries. Three-hole, 1/6; seven-hole, 3/- The latter holds over 2 lbs. weight of seed.

Medicated Bird's Nests—3d. each; 2/6 per doz.

Drinking Fountains—For cages. 9d. and 1/- each.

Drinking Fountains—For aviaries. 1/6 each.

Nesting Tins—3d. and 4d. each.

Cuttle Fish—6d. per ¼ lb.; per post, 9d.

Genuine Turkish Bird Lime—For catching birds alive. Cockatoos, parrots, sparrows, and all such birds have been caught alive by thousands with Turkish Bird Lime. In tins, with full directions, 6d. and 1/-; per post, 8d. and 1/3.

Red Mite Killer—Certain preventative and eradicator of parasites in birds and their cages. Bottles, 1/- each, posted.

BOOK ON CANARY BREEDING. 82 Pages of Practical Information. 6d. each; per post, 7d.

BOOK ON PARROT BREEDING, etc. 4d. posted.

THE GARDENERS' AND FARMERS' FRIEND.

We are the Sole Agents for

The 'Globe' Weed and Scrub Killer.

**No More Weeds. Noxious Vegetation of Every Description
er man ently destroyed by one application.**

We recommend the "Globe" Weed Killer to all Municipal Councils, Farmers, Graziers, and Private Householders for exterminating White Ants, Furze, Sorrell, Weeds on Garden Paths, etc., etc. The best time to apply it is in dry weather.

The "GLOBE" WEED KILLER is a wonderful SCRUB KILLER for killing Weeds, Scrub, etc.

This is the only known specific for effectually eradicating Scrub, Sorrell, Couch Grass, Ferns, Prickly Pears, Briars, Thistles, Furze, Weeds, and Noxious Vegetable Growths of all kinds.

Sold in ½-gallon tins, 2/6; 1-gallon tins, 3/6; 2-gallon tins, 6/-; 4-gallon tins, 10/6; 5-gallon drums, 12/6; 40-gallon casks, 2/- gallon.

CATTLE WILL NOT TOUCH IT. ONE TRIAL PROVES ITS WORTH.

DIRECTIONS—Use one pint of "GLOBE" Weed Killer to a Kerosene tinful of Water (4 gallons), and sprinkle over the Paths, Drives, etc., where the slightest sign of weeds appears, once or twice during the season. IT IS A CERTAIN DESTROYER.

LAW, SOMNER & CO.'S

For Every Month in the Year

Cultivation for each variety is given in this Catalogue under their respective headings.

This Calendar applies to the Melbourne District only; allowance should therefore be made for early and late Districts.

JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER
Beans— Dwarf & Runner Borecole Brussels Broccoli Cabbage Cress " Savoy Cauliflower Celery Endive Kohl Rabi Lettuce Mustard Onion Bulbs Potatoes Radish Spinach Turnip	Borecole Beet Brussels Broccoli Cabbage Cress " Savoy Cauliflower Cress Celery Endive Kohl Rabi Lettuce Mustard Onion Bulbs Potatoes Radish Spinach Turnip	Artichoke Beet Broccoli Cabbage Cress " Savoy Cauliflower Celery Endive Kohl Rabi Lettuce Mustard Onion Bulbs Parsley Potatoes Radish Spinach Turnip	Artichoke Broad Beans Beet Broccoli Cabbage Cress Carrot Lettuce Mustard Onion " Bulbs Parsnip Peas Potatoes Radish Rhubarb Salsify Scorzonera Spinach Turnip	Broad Beans Broccoli Cabbage Cress Carrot Lettuce Mustard Onion " Bulbs Parsnip Peas Potatoes Radish Rhubarb Salsify	Asparagus Broad Beans Broccoli Cabbage Cress Carrot Lettuce Mustard Onion Parsnip Peas Potatoes Radish Rhubarb Salsify	Asparagus Broad Beans Beet Broccoli Cabbage Cress Carrot Lettuce Mustard Onion Parsnip Peas " Sugar Potatoes Radish Rhubarb Salsify Scorzonera Sea Kale Spinach Tomato Turnip	Asparagus Broad Beans Beet Broccoli Cabbage Cress Carrot Lettuce Mustard Onion Parsnip Peas " Sugar Potatoes Radish Rhubarb Salsify Scorzonera Sea Kale Spinach Squash Tomato Turnip Vegetable Marrow	Artichoke Beans— Dwarf & Runner Beet Cabbage Cape Goose- berry Caper Cress Corn, Sweet Capsicum Celery Cucumber Egg Plant Herbs Leek Lettuce Melons Mustard Onion Okra Parsley Peas " Sugar Potatoes Pumpkin Radish Spinach Squash Tomato Turnip Vegetable Marrow	Beans— Dwarf & Runner Beet Borecole Brussels Broccoli Cabbage Cress " Savoy Cauliflower Corn, Sweet Capsicum Celery Cucumber Egg Plant Herbs Leek Lettuce Melons Mustard Parsley Peas " Sugar Potatoes Pumpkin Radish Spinach Squash Tomato Turnip Vegetable Marrow	Beans— Dwarf & Runner Borecole Brussels Broccoli Cabbage Cress " Savoy Cauliflower Corn, Sweet Capsicum Celery Celery Kohl Rabi Lettuce Mustard Peas Radish Spinach	
"Niquas" (registered) destroys Red Spider, Codlin Moth, Black Spot, etc., without injury to the tree. One trial will prove its worth. We allow 1/- worth of seed in packets extra with every 5/- Cash Order, excepting Beans, Peas, and Sweet Corn. Tomato, "Carter's Sunrise," said to be the Earliest Tomato in cultivation (see novelties). The Wonderberry.—A Luscious Berry ripening three months from seed (see novelties). Cauliflower—"Melbourne Late Eclipse" (the Perfection in Cauliflowers), the best for private growers or market gardeners (see page 11). Tomato—"Somner's Australian Large Red," enormous cropper, sure bearer, fine flavour, £1200 cash grown from 5½ acres last season (see novelties). New Peas—"The Pilot," earliest and hardiest in cultivation; "The Scotsman," heavy cropper, excellent flavour, produced in pairs, 10 to 12 peas in a pod (see novelties). We stock all Horticultural Sundries, Budding & Pruning Knives, Secateurs, etc. (see end of Catalogue).											

"TIP TOP"
(TRADE MARK)

SEASONS 1909
1910

ESTABLISHED
1850

**Seed & Bulb
Law, Sommer & Co.
& Plant
Catalogue**

139 & 141 Swanston Street,
MELBOURNE.

Telephone 729.